



Policy-Based Routing

The Policy-Based Routing feature is a process whereby a device puts packets through a route map before routing the packets. The route map determines which packets are routed to which device next. Policy-based routing is a more flexible mechanism for routing packets than destination routing.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see [Bug Search Tool](#) and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Information About Policy-Based Routing

Policy-Based Routing

Policy-based routing is a process whereby the device puts packets through a route map before routing them. The route map determines which packets are routed to which device next. You might enable policy-based routing if you want certain packets to be routed some way other than the obvious shortest path. Possible applications for policy-based routing are to provide equal access, protocol-sensitive routing, source-sensitive

routing, routing based on interactive versus batch traffic, and routing based on dedicated links. Policy-based routing is a more flexible mechanism for routing packets than destination routing.

To enable policy-based routing, you must identify which route map to use for policy-based routing and create the route map. The route map itself specifies the match criteria and the resulting action if all of the match clauses are met.

To define the route map to be used for policy-based routing, use the **route-map** *map-tag* [**permit** | **deny**] [*sequence-number*] global configuration command.

Only **set ip next-hop** command can be used under route-map configuration mode when you configure policy-based routing.

To display the cache entries in the policy route cache, use the **show ip cache policy** command.

**Note**

Mediatrace will show statistics of incorrect interfaces with policy-based routing (PBR) if the PBR does not interact with CEF or Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP). Hence configure PBR to interact with CEF or RSVP directly so that mediatrace collects statistics only on tunnel interfaces and not physical interfaces.

How to Configure Policy-Based Routing

Configuring Policy-Based Routing

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **route-map** *map-tag* [**permit** | **deny**] [*sequence-number*]
4. **set ip next-hop** *ip-address* [...*ip-address*]
5. **end**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example: Device> enable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example: Device# configure terminal	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	<p>route-map <i>map-tag</i> [permit deny] [<i>sequence-number</i>]</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config)# route-map equal-access permit 10</pre>	<p>Defines the conditions for redistributing routes from one routing protocol into another routing protocol or enables policy-based routing and enters route-map configuration mode.</p> <p>Note Only set ip next-hop command can be used under route-map configuration mode when you configure policy-based routing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • map-tag—A meaningful name for the route map. • permit—(Optional) If the match criteria are met for this route map, and the permit keyword is specified, the route is redistributed as controlled by the set actions. In the case of policy routing, the packet is policy routed. If the match criteria are not met, and the permit keyword is specified, the next route map with the same map tag is tested. If a route passes none of the match criteria for the set of route maps sharing the same name, it is not redistributed by that set. • deny—(Optional) If the match criteria are met for the route map and the deny keyword is specified, the route is not redistributed. In the case of policy routing, the packet is not policy routed, and no further route maps sharing the same map tag name will be examined. If the packet is not policy routed, the normal forwarding algorithm is used. • sequence-number—(Optional) Number that indicates the position a new route map will have in the list of route maps already configured with the same name. If used with the no form of this command, the position of the route map configure terminal should be deleted.
Step 4	<p>set ip next-hop <i>ip-address</i> [...<i>ip-address</i>]</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-route-map)# set ip next-hop 172.16.6.6</pre>	Specifies where to output packets that pass a match clause of a route map for policy routing.
Step 5	<p>end</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>Device(config-route-map)# end</pre>	Exits route-map configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.

Configuration Examples for Policy-Based Routing

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
IP routing protocol-independent commands	Cisco IOS IP Routing: Protocol-Independent Command Reference

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

Feature Information for Policy-Based Routing

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

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Table 1: Feature Information for Policy-Based Routing

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Policy-Based Routing	Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE Cisco IOS XE Release 3.3SE	<p>The Policy-Based Routing feature is a process whereby a device puts packets through a route map before routing the packets. The route map determines which packets are routed to which device next. Policy-Based Routing introduces a more flexible mechanism for routing packets than destination routing.</p> <p>In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE, support was added for the Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switches.</p> <p>In Cisco IOS XE Release 3.3SE , support was added for the Cisco Catalyst 3650 Series Switches and Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switches.</p> <p>The following command was introduced or modified: ip policy route-map.</p>

