BGP Monitoring Protocol

The BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) feature supports the following functionality to monitor Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) neighbors, also called BMP clients:

- Configure devices to function as BMP servers, and set up parameters on the servers, that are required for monitoring of the BGP neighbors.
- Establish connectivity of the BMP servers with BGP neighbors for monitoring.
- Generate statistics report from monitoring the BGP neighbors.
- Perform appropriate error handling on the BGP neighbors.
- Graceful scale up and degradation to the point of closing connectivity between the BMP servers and BGP neighbors.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.
Prerequisites for BGP Monitoring Protocol

Before you configure BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) servers, you must configure Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) neighbors, which function as BMP clients, and establish a session with its peers using either IPv4/IPv6 or VPNv4/VPNv6 address-family identifiers.

Information About BGP Monitoring Protocol

BGP Monitoring Protocol Overview

The BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) feature enables monitoring of BGP neighbors (called BMP clients). You can configure a device to function as a BMP server, which monitors either one or several BMP clients, which in turn, has several active peer sessions configured. You can also configure a BMP client to connect to one or more BMP servers. The BMP feature enables configuration of multiple BMP servers (configured as primary servers) to function actively and independent of each other, simultaneously to monitor BMP clients.

Each BMP server is specified by a number and you can use command-line interface (CLI) to configure parameters such as IP address, port number, and so on. Upon activation of a BMP server, it attempts to connect to BMP clients by sending an initiation message. The CLI enables multiple—indepedent and asynchronous—BMP server connections.

BGP neighbors, called BMP clients, are configured to send data to specific BMP servers for monitoring purposes. These clients are configured in a queue. When a request for a connection arrives from BMP clients to BMP servers, the connection is established based on the order in which the requests arrived. Once the BMP server connects with the first BMP neighbor, it sends out refresh requests to monitor the BMP clients and starts monitoring those BMP clients with whom the connection is already established.

The session connection requests from the other BMP clients in queue to the BMP servers initiates after an initial delay that you can configure using the initial-delay command. If a connection establishes but fails later, due to some reason, the connection request is retried after a delay, which you can configure using failure-retry-delay command. If there is repeated failure in connection establishment, the connection retries are delayed based on the delay configured using the flapping-delay command. Configuring the delay for such requests becomes significant because the route refresh requests that are sent to all connected BMP clients causes considerable network traffic and load on the device.

To avoid excessive load on the device, the BMP servers sends route refresh requests to individual BMP clients at a time, in the order in which connections are established in the queue. Once a BMP client that is already connected is in the "reporting" state, it sends a "peer-up" message to the BMP server. After the client receives a route-refresh request, route monitoring begins for that neighbor. Once the route refresh request ends, the next neighbor in the queue is processed. This cycle continues until all "reporting" BGP neighbors are reported and all routes sent by these "reporting" BGP neighbors are continuously monitored. If a neighbor establishes after BMP monitoring has begun, it does not require a route-refresh request. All received routes from that client is sent to BMP servers.

It is advantageous to batch up refresh requests from BMP clients, if several BMP servers are activated in quick succession. Use the bmp initial-refresh delay command to configure a delay in triggering the refresh mechanism when the first BMP server comes up. If other BMP servers come online within this time-frame,
only one set of refresh requests is sent to the BMP clients. You can also configure the `bmp initial-refresh skip` command to skip all refresh requests from BMP servers and just monitor all incoming messages from the peers.

In a client-server configuration, it is recommended that the resource load of the devices be kept minimal and adding excessive network traffic must be avoided. In the BMP configuration, you can configure various delay timers on the BMP server to avoid flapping during connection between the server and client. To avoid excessive message throughput or high usage of system resources, you can configure the maximum buffer limit for the BMP session.

### How to Configure BGP Monitoring Protocol

#### Configuring a BGP Monitoring Protocol Session

Perform this task to configure BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) session parameters for the BMP servers to establish connectivity with BMP clients.

**SUMMARY STEPS**

1. `enable`
2. `configure terminal`
3. `router bgp as-number`
4. `bmp {buffer-size buffer-bytes | initial-refresh {delay refresh-delay | skip} | server server-number-n}`
5. `end`

**DETAILED STEPS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command or Action</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 1</strong> enable</td>
<td>Enables privileged EXEC mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example:</strong> Device&gt; enable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 2</strong> configure terminal</td>
<td>Enters global configuration mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example:</strong> Device# configure terminal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 3</strong> router bgp as-number</td>
<td>Enters router configuration mode and creates a BGP routing process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example:</strong> Device(config)# router bgp 65000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Configuring BGP Monitoring Protocol on BGP Neighbors

Perform this task to activate BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) on BGP neighbors (also called BMP clients) so that the client activity is monitored by the BMP server configured on the neighbor.

**SUMMARY STEPS**

1. `enable`
2. `configure terminal`
3. `router bgp as-number`
4. `neighbor {ipv4-addr | neighbor-tag | ipv6-addr} bmp-activate {all | server server-number-1 [server server-number-2 . . . [server server-number-n]]}`
   - Repeat Steps 1 to 4 to configure other BMP clients in the session.
5. `end`

**DETAILED STEPS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command or Action</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 4</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>bmp</strong> {buffer-size buffer-bytes</td>
<td>initial-refresh {delay refresh-delay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device(config-router)# bmp initial-refresh delay 30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 5</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>end</code></td>
<td>Returns to privileged EXEC mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Example:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device(config-router)# end</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Purpose**

- Command or Action
  - `bmp` {buffer-size buffer-bytes | initial-refresh {delay refresh-delay | skip} | server server-number-n}
  - `end`

**Example:**

- Device(config-router)# bmp initial-refresh delay 30
- Device(config-router)# end

---

**IP Routing: BGP Configuration Guide, Cisco IOS XE Release 3S**

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command or Action</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 2</strong> configure terminal</td>
<td>Enters global configuration mode.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Example:**  
Device# configure terminal | |
| **Step 3** router bgp as-number | Enters router configuration mode and creates a BGP routing process. |
| **Example:**  
Device(config)# router bgp 65000 | |
| **Step 4** neighbor \{ipv4-addr | neighbor-tag | ipv6-addr\} bmp-activate \{all | server server-number-1 [server server-number-2... [server server-number-n]]\}  
  - Repeat Steps 1 to 4 to configure other BMP clients in the session. | Activates BMP monitoring on a BGP neighbor. |
| **Example:**  
Device(config-router)# neighbor 30.1.1.1 bmp-activate server 1 server 2 | |
| **Step 5** end | Returns to privileged EXEC mode. |
| **Example:**  
Device(config-router)# end | |

**Configuring BGP Monitoring Protocol Servers**

Perform this task to configure BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) servers and its parameters in BMP server configuration mode.
### SUMMARY STEPS

1. enable  
2. configure terminal  
3. router bgp as-number  
4. `bmp (buffer-size buffer-bytes | initial-refresh {delay refresh-delay | skip} | server server-number-n`  
5. activate  
6. address {ipv4-addr | ipv6-addr} port-number port-number  
7. description LINE server-description  
8. failure-retry-delay failure-retry-delay  
9. flapping-delay flap-delay  
10. initial-delay initial-delay-time  
11. set ip dscp dscp-value  
12. stats-reporting-period report-period  
13. update-source interface-type interface-number  
14. exit-bmp-server-mode  
   • Repeat Steps 1 to 14 to configure other BMP servers in the session.  
15. end

### DETAILED STEPS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command or Action</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Step 1** | enable  
   Example:  
   Device> enable  
   Enables privileged EXEC mode.  
   • Enter your password if prompted. |
| **Step 2** | configure terminal  
   Example:  
   Device# configure terminal  
   Enters global configuration mode. |
| **Step 3** | router bgp as-number  
   Example:  
   Device(config)# router bgp 65000  
   Enters router configuration mode and creates a BGP routing process. |
| **Step 4** | `bmp (buffer-size buffer-bytes | initial-refresh {delay refresh-delay | skip} | server server-number-n`  
   Example:  
   Device(config-router)# bmp server 1  
   Enters BMP server configuration mode to configure BMP servers. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Command or Action</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>activate</td>
<td>Initiates a connection between BMP server and BGP neighbors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# activate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>address {ipv4-addr</td>
<td>ipv6-addr} port-number port-number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# address 10.1.1.1 port-number 8000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>description LINE server-description</td>
<td>Configures a textual description of a BMP server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# description LINE SERVER1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>failure-retry-delay failure-retry-delay</td>
<td>Configures delay in the retry requests during failures when sending BMP server updates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# failure-retry-delay 40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>flapping-delay flap-delay</td>
<td>Configures delays in flapping when sending BMP server updates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# flapping-delay 120</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>initial-delay initial-delay-time</td>
<td>Configures delays in sending initial requests for updates from the BMP servers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# initial-delay 20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>set ip dscp dscp-value</td>
<td>Configures the IP Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) values for BMP servers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# set ip dscp 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>stats-reporting-period report-period</td>
<td>Configures the time interval in which the BMP server receives the statistics report from BGP neighbors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Example:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# stats-reporting-period 30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Verifying BGP Monitoring Protocol

Perform the following steps to verify the configuration for the BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) servers and BMP clients:

**SUMMARY STEPS**

1. enable
2. show ip bgp bmp
3. show running-config

**DETAILED STEPS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command or Action</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>enable</td>
<td>Enables privileged EXEC mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example:</td>
<td>• Enter your password if prompted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device&gt; enable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Monitoring BGP Monitoring Protocol

Perform the following steps to enable debugging and monitor the BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) servers.

#### SUMMARY STEPS

1. `enable`
2. `debug ip bgp bmp`
3. `show debugging`

#### DETAILED STEPS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command or Action</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 1</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>enable</code></td>
<td>Enables privileged EXEC mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example: <code>Device&gt; enable</code></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 2</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>debug ip bgp bmp</code></td>
<td>Enables debugging of the BMP attributes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example: <code>Device# debug ip bgp bmp server</code></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Step 3</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>show debugging</code></td>
<td>Displays information about the types of debugging that are enabled on a device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example: <code>Device# show debugging</code></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Configuration Examples for BGP Monitoring Protocol

Examples for Configuring, Verifying, and Monitoring BGP Monitoring Protocol

Examples: Configuring BGP Monitoring Protocol

There are two levels of configuration required for the BGP Monitoring Protocol (BMP) to function as designed. You must enable BMP monitoring on each BGP neighbor (also called BMP client) to which several peers are connected in a network, and establish connectivity between the BMP servers and clients. Then, configure each BMP server in BMP server configuration mode for a specific server with the parameters required for monitoring the associated BMP clients.

The following example shows how to activate BMP on a neighbor with IP address 30.1.1.1, which is monitored by BMP servers (in this case, server 1 and 2):

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# router bgp 65000
Device(config-router)# neighbor 30.1.1.1 bmp-activate server 1 server 2
Device(config-router)# end
```

The following example shows how to configure initial refresh delay of 30 seconds for BGP neighbors on which BMP is activated using the `neighbor bmp-activate` command:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# router bgp 65000
Device(config-router)# bmp initial-refresh delay 30
Device(config-router)# bmp buffer-size 2048
Device(config-router)# end
```

The following example show how to enter BMP server configuration mode and initiate connection between a specific BMP server with the BGP BMP neighbors. In this example, connection to clients is initiated from BMP servers 1 and 2 along with configuration of the monitoring parameters:

```
Device> enable
Device# configure terminal
Device(config)# router bgp 65000
Device(config-router)# bmp server 1
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# activate
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# address 10.1.1.1 port-number 8000
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# description LINE SERVER1
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# failure-retry-delay 40
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# flapping-delay 120
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# initial-delay 20
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# set ip dscp 5
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# stats-reporting-period 30
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# update-source ethernet 0/0
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# exit-bmp-server-mode
Device(config-router)# bmp server 2
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# activate
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# address 20.1.1.1 port-number 9000
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# description LINE SERVER2
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# failure-retry-delay 40
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# flapping-delay 120
Device(config-router-bmpsrvr)# initial-delay 20
```
**Examples: Verifying BGP Monitoring Protocol**

The following is sample output from the `show ip bgp bmp server` command for server number 1. The attributes displayed are configured in the BMP server configuration mode:

**Device**

```
Device# show ip bgp bmp server 1

Print detailed info for 1 server number 1.

bmp server 1
address: 10.1.1.1 port 8000
description SERVER1
up time 00:06:22
session-startup route-refresh
initial-delay 20
failure-retry-delay 40
flapping-delay 120
activated
```

The following is sample output from the `show ip bgp bmp server` command for server number 2. The attributes displayed are configured in the BMP server configuration mode:

**Device**

```
Device# show ip bgp bmp server 2

Print detailed info for 1 server number 2.

bmp server 2
address: 20.1.1.1 port 9000
description SERVER2
up time 00:06:23
session-startup route-refresh
initial-delay 20
failure-retry-delay 40
flapping-delay 120
activated
```

The following is sample output from the `show ip bgp bmp server summary` command after deactivating the BMP server 1 and 2 connections:

**Device**

```
Device# show ip bgp bmp server summary

Number of BMP servers configured: 2
Number of neighbors on TransitionQ: 0, MonitoringQ: 0, ConfigQ: 0
Number of BMP servers on StatsQ: 0
BMP Refresh not in progress, refresh not scheduled
Initial Refresh Delay configured, refresh value 30s
BMP buffer size configured, buffer size 2048 MB, buffer size bytes used 0 MB

ID Host/Net  Port TCB Status Uptime MsgSent LastStat
1 10.1.1.1 8000 0x0 Down 0
2 20.1.1.1 9000 0x0 Down 0
```

The following is sample output from the `show ip bgp bmp neighbors` command, which shows the status of the BGP BMP neighbors after reactivating the BMP server 1 and 2 connections:

**Device**

```
Device# show ip bgp bmp server neighbors

Number of BMP neighbors configured: 10
BMP Refresh not in progress, refresh not scheduled
Initial Refresh Delay configured, refresh value 30s
BMP buffer size configured, buffer size 2048 MB, buffer size bytes used 0 MB
```
The following is sample output from the `show ip bgp bmp server` command for BMP server number 1 and 2. The statistics reporting interval on BMP server 1 and 2 has been set to 30 seconds, therefore each server receives statistics messages from its connected BGP BMP neighbor in each cycle of 30 seconds:

```
Device# show ip bgp bmp server summary

Number of BMP servers configured: 2
Number of BMP neighbors configured: 10
Number of neighbors on TransitionQ: 0, MonitoringQ: 0, ConfigQ: 0
Number of BMP servers on StatsQ: 0
BMP Refresh not in progress, refresh not scheduled
Initial Refresh Delay configured, refresh value 30s
BMP buffer size configured, buffer size 2048 MB, buffer size bytes used 0 MB

ID Host/Net Port TCB Status Uptime MsgSent LastStat
1 10.1.1.1 8000 0x2A98B07138 Up 00:38:49 162 00:00:09
2 20.1.1.1 9000 0x2A98E17C88 Up 00:38:49 46 00:00:02
```

If we configure several BGP BMP neighbors to be monitored by the BMP servers, for example 10, then 10 statistics messages are received by both servers in each periodic cycle that is configured.

The following is sample output from the `show running-config` command, which shows the running configuration on the device:

```
Device# show running-config | section bmp

bmp server 1
  address 10.1.1.1 port-number 8000
description SERVER1
  initial-delay 20
  failure-retry-delay 40
  flapping-delay 120
  update-source Ethernet0/0
set ip dscp 3
activate
exit-bmp-server-mode
bmp server 2
  address 20.1.1.1 port-number 9000
```

---

**Note**

If we configure several BGP BMP neighbors to be monitored by the BMP servers, for example 10, then 10 statistics messages are received by both servers in each periodic cycle that is configured.
description SERVER2
initial-delay 20
failure-retry-delay 40
flapping-delay 120
update-source Ethernet2/0
set ip dscp 5
activate
exit-bmp-server-mode
bmp initial-refresh delay 30
bmp-activate all

Examples: Monitoring BGP Monitoring Protocol

The following example shows how to enable debugging of the various BMP attributes:

Device# debug ip bgp bmp event
BGP BMP events debugging is on
Device# debug ip bgp bmp neighbor
BGP BMP neighbor debugging is on
Device# debug ip bgp bmp server
BGP BMP server debugging is on

The following is sample output from the show debugging command after you enable the BGP BMP server debugging:

Device# show debugging
IP routing:
BGP BMP server debugging is on
Device#
*Apr 8 21:04:13.164: BGPBMP: BMP server connection attempt timer expired for server 1 - 10.1.1.1/8000
*Apr 8 21:04:13.165: BGPBMP: BMP server 1 active open process success - 10.1.1.1/8000
*Apr 8 21:04:13.165: BGPBMP: TCP KA interval is set to 15
Device#
*Apr 8 21:04:15.171: BGPBMP: Register read/write notification callbacks with BMP server 1
TCB - 10.1.1.1/8000
*Apr 8 21:04:15.171: BGPBMP: Initiation msg sent to BMP server 1 - 10.1.1.1/8000
*Apr 8 21:04:15.171: BGPBMP: BMP server 1 connection - 10.1.1.1/8000 up, invoke refresh event
Device#
*Apr 8 21:04:16.249: BGPBMP: BMP server connection attempt timer expired for server 2 - 20.1.1.1/9000
*Apr 8 21:04:16.249: BGPBMP: TCP KA interval is set to 15
*Apr 8 21:04:16.250: BGPBMP: Register read/write notification callbacks with BMP server 2
TCB - 20.1.1.1/9000
*Apr 8 21:04:16.250: BGPBMP: Initiation msg sent to BMP server 2 - 20.1.1.1/9000
*Apr 8 21:04:16.250: BGPBMP: BMP server 2 connection - 20.1.1.1/9000 up, invoke refresh event
Additional References for BGP Monitoring Protocol

Related Documents

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<th>Document Title</th>
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<td>Cisco IOS commands</td>
<td>Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BGP commands</td>
<td>Cisco IOS IP Routing: BGP Command Reference</td>
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</table>

Technical Assistance

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<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Link</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.cisco.com/support">http://www.cisco.com/support</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Feature Information for BGP Monitoring Protocol

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature. Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.
## Table 1: Feature Information for BGP Monitoring Protocol

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<tr>
<th>Feature Name</th>
<th>Releases</th>
<th>Feature Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BGP Monitoring Protocol</td>
<td>Cisco IOS XE Release 3.11S</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The BMP feature supports the following functionality to enable monitoring of the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) neighbors, which become BMP clients:

- Configure devices to function as BMP servers, and set up parameters on the servers, that are required for monitoring of the BGP neighbors.
- Establish connectivity of the BMP servers with BGP neighbors for monitoring.
- Generate statistics report from monitoring the BGP neighbors.
- Perform appropriate error handling on the BGP neighbors.
- Graceful scale up and degradation to the point of closing connectivity between the BMP servers and BGP neighbors.

The following commands were introduced or modified:

- `bmp`
- `debug ip bgp bmp`
- `neighbor bmp-activate`
- `show ip bgp bmp`
- The following commands were introduced in BMP server configuration mode, to configure specific BMP servers:
  - `activate`
  - `address`
  - `default`
  - `description`
  - `exit-bmp-server-mode`
  - `failure-retry-delay`
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<tr>
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<td>update-source</td>
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