

# MTR in VRF

The MTR in VRF feature extends to IPv4 VRF contexts the Cisco IOS software's capability that allows users to configure one or more non-congruent multicast topologies in global IPv4 routing context. These contexts can be used to forward unicast and multicast traffic over different links in the network, or in the case of non-base topologies to provide a Live-Live multicast service using multiple non-congruent multicast topologies mapped to different (S,G) groups.

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### **Finding Feature Information**

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see Bug Search Tool and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to https://cfnng.cisco.com/. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

### Information About MTR in VRF

#### **MTR in VRF Overview**

The MTR in VRF feature extends to IPv4 VRF contexts, Cisco IOS software's capability that allows users to configure one or more non-congruent multicast topologies in global IPv4 routing context. These contexts can be used to forward unicast and multicast traffic over different links in the network, or in the case of non-base topologies to provide a Live-Live multicast service using multiple non-congruent multicast topologies mapped to different (S,G) groups.

The Cisco IOS Software allows a set of attributes, primarily used by BGP/MPLS L3VPNs, to be configured on a per-address family basis within a VRF. The MTR in VRF feature allows these attributes to be independently configured for the multicast sub-address families within a VRF address family.

## How to Configure VRF in MTR

### **Configuring MTR in VRF**

#### **SUMMARY STEPS**

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** vrf definition vrf-name
- 4. rd route-distinguisher
- 5. ipv4 multicast multitoplogy
- 6. address-family ipv4
- 7. exit-address-family
- 8. address-family ipv4 multicast
- 9. topology topology-instance-name
- **10.** all-interfaces
- **11.** exit
- 12. exit-address-family
- 13. exit
- **14.** interface *type number*
- **15.** interface type number
- **16.** vrf forwarding vrf-name
- 17. ip address ip-address mask
- 18. ip pim sparse-dense-modeip
- 19. end

#### **DETAILED STEPS**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	vrf definition vrf-name	Configures a VRF routing table and enters VRF
	Example:	configuration mode.

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Device (config) # vrf definition vdl           Step 4         rd route-distinguisher         Creates routing and forwarding tables for a VRF.           Example: Device (config-vrf) # ipv4 multicast multitoplogy         Enables IPv4 multicast support for multi-topology routing (MTR) in a VRF instance.           Step 5         address-family ipv4         Specifies the IPv4 address family type and enters address family configuration mode.           Step 7         exite (config-vrf) # address-family ipv4         Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.           Step 8         address-family ipv4 multicast Example: Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family ipv4 multicast Example: Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family ipv4 multicast         Specifies the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters VRF address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family configuration mode.           Step 8         address-family ipv4 multicast Example: Device (config-vrf-af) # address-family ipv4 multicast         Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.           Step 10         all-interfaces Example: Device (config-vrf-af) # topology i # all-interfaces         Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode.           Step 11         exit Example: Device (config-vrf-af) # mit-address-family         Exits VRF address-family configuration mode.           Bevice (config-vrf-af) # mit-address-family         Exits VRF address-family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family configuration mode and		Command or Action	Purpose	
Example:       Device (config-vrf) # rd 10:1         Step 5       jpv4 multicast multitoplogy       Example:         Device (config-vrf) # ipv4 multicast multitoplogy       Example:         Device (config-vrf) # ipv4 multicast multitoplogy       Specifies the IPv4 address family type and enters address         Step 6       address-family ipv4       Specifies the IPv4 address family type and enters address         Example:       Device (config-vrf) # address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters vRF         Step 7       exit-address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters vRF         Step 8       address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters vRF         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters vRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Example:       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Exits Address-family topology configuration mode.         Step 11       exit       Exits address-family configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # exit       Exits address-family configuration mode.         Step 12		Device(config)# vrf definition vd1		
Device (config-vrf)# rd 10:1           Step 5         ipv4 multicast multitoplogy Example: Device (config-vrf)# ipv4 multicast multitoplogy         Enables IPv4 multicast support for multi-topology routing (MTR) in a VRF instance.           Step 6         address-family ipv4 Example: Device (config-vrf)# address-family ipv4         Specifies the IPv4 address family type and enters address family configuration mode.           Step 7         exit-address-family Example: Device (config-vrf)# address-family ipv4         Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family configuration mode.           Step 8         address-family ipv4 multicast Example: Device (config-vrf)# address-family ipv4 multicast         Specifies the IPv4 address family configuration mode.           Step 9         topology topology-instance-name Example: Device (config-vrf-af)# opology red         Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.           Step 10         all-interfaces Example: Device (config-vrf-af-topology)# all-interface         Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.           Step 11         exit Example: Device (config-vrf-af-topology)# all-interface         Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.           Step 11         exit Example: Device (config-vrf-af)# exit-address-family         Exits VRF configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.           Step 13         exit Example: Device (config-vrf)# exit.         Exits VRF c	Step 4	rd route-distinguisher	Creates routing and forwarding tables for a VRF.	
Step 5       ipv4 multicast multitoplogy       Enables IPv4 multicast support for multi-topology routing (MTR) in a VRF instance.         Step 6       address-family ipv4       Specifies the IPv4 address family type and enters address family configuration mode.         Step 7       exit-address-family       Specifies the IPv4 address family type and enters address family configuration mode.         Step 7       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 8       address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family configuration mode.         Step 9       exit-address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family configuration mode.         Step 9       address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family configuration mode.         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Device (config-vrf-ai-topology) # all-interfaces       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode.         Step 11       exit       exit         Example:       Device (config-vrf-ai-topology) # all-interfaces         Device (config-vrf-ai-topology) # exit       Exits VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step		Example:		
Example:       Device (config-vrf) # lpv4 multicast multicloplogy       (MTR) in a VRF instance.         Step 6       address-family ipv4       Specifies the IPv4 address family type and enters address family configuration mode.         Step 7       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # address-family ipv4       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family configuration mode.         Step 7       exit-address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters address family configuration mode.         Step 8       address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters VRF address family configuration mode.         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Device (config-vrf-af) # topology # all-interfaces       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 11       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Ex		Device(config-vrf)# rd 10:1		
Example:       Device(config-vrf)# ipv4 multicast multitoplogy         Step 6       address-family ipv4         Example:       Device(config-vrf)# address-family ipv4         Step 7       exit-address-family         Example:       Device(config-vrf)# exit-address-family         Device(config-vrf)# exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 8       address-family ipv4 multicast       Exits address family configuration mode.         Device(config-vrf)# exit-address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters VRF address family configuration mode.         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Device(config-vrf-af-topology)# all-interfaces       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode.         Device(config-vrf-af-topology)# exit       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family configuration mode.         Step 11       exit       exit address-family       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode.         Device(config-vrf-af-topology)# exit       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         texit address-family <th>Step 5</th> <th>ipv4 multicast multitoplogy</th> <th></th>	Step 5	ipv4 multicast multitoplogy		
Step 6       address-family ipv4       Specifies the IPv4 address family type and enters address family configuration mode.         Step 7       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family upv4 address family.         Step 7       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family upv4 address family.         Step 8       address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family upv4 address family upv4 address family upv4 address family upv4 address family configuration mode.         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Example:       Device (config-vrf-af) # topology red         Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Step 11       exit       Example:       Example:         Device(config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Exits address-family configuration mode and enters VRF address family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device(config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit       exit       Exam		Example:	(MIR) in a VRF instance.	
Example:       family configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # address-family ipv4       family configuration mode.         Step 7       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf) # exit-address-family       Specifies the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters VRF address family configuration mode.         Step 8       address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters VRF address family configuration mode.         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Specifies a topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Device (config-vrf-af) # topology red       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 11       exit       Exits address-family topology i exit         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device(config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 13       exit		Device(config-vrf)# ipv4 multicast multitoplogy		
Example:       Device (config-vrf) # address-family ipv4         Step 7       exit-address-family         Example:       Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family         Device (config-vrf) # address-family       Specifies the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters VRF address family configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode.         Step 11       exit       Exits vRF address-family configuration mode.       Exits VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits VRF configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits topology configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.	Step 6	address-family ipv4		
Step 7       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 8       address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family configuration mode.         Step 8       address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family configuration mode.         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode.         Step 11       exit       exit       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits VRF address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit       Exits vRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 13       exit       Exits the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.		Example:	family configuration mode.	
Example: Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       IPv4 address family.         Step 8       address-family ipv4 multicast Example: Device (config-vrf) # address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters VRF address family configuration mode.         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name Example: Device (config-vrf-af) # topology red       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces Example: Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Step 11       exit Example: Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family Example: Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits VRF configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit Example: Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode		<pre>Device(config-vrf)# address-family ipv4</pre>		
Example:       Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family         Step 8       address-family ipv4 multicast Example:       Specifies the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters VRF address family configuration mode.         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces         Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 11       exit Example: Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # exit       Exits VRF address-family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit Example: Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.	Step 7	exit-address-family		
Step 8       address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies the IPv4 address family multicast type and enters VRF address family configuration mode.         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family topology configuration mode.         Step 11       exit       Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # exit         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits VRF address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Selects the Ethermet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.		Example:	IPv4 address family.	
Example:       VRF address family configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # address-family ipv4 multicast       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 9       topology:instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Configure the topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family topology configuration mode.         Step 11       exit       Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # exit         Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # exit       Exits VRF address-family configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode.         Step 13       exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.		<pre>Device(config-vrf-af)# exit-address-family</pre>		
Example:       Device (config-vrf) # address-family ipv4 multicast         Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Device (config-vrf-af) + topology) = all-interfaces       Configure the topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family topology configuration mode.         Step 11       exit       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf-af-topology) = exit       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode.         Step 12       exit -address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf-af) = exit-address-family       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 13       exit Example:       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) = exit       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.	Step 8	address-family ipv4 multicast		
Step 9       topology topology-instance-name       Specifies a topology instance and a name to it and enters VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Example:       Device (config-vrf-af) # topology) red       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Configure the topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 11       exit       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.		Example:	VRF address family configuration mode.	
Example:       Device (config-vrf-af) # topology red       VRF address family topology configuration mode.         Step 10       all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 11       exit       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # exit       Exits VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 13       exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface		Device(config-vrf)# address-family ipv4 multicast		
Example:       Device (config-vrf-af) # topology red         Step 10       all-interfaces         Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces         Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Step 11       exit       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # exit       Exits address-family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family         Example:       Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits VRF configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit         Example:       Device (config-vrf) # exit         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters global configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number	Step 9	topology topology-instance-name		
Step 10       all-interfaces       Configure the topology instance to use all interfaces on the device.         Step 11       exit       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 11       exit       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 12       exit       Exits exit-address-family       Exits VRF configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit       exit       Example:       Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family         Step 14       interface type number       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode		Example:	VRF address family topology configuration mode.	
Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces       the device.         Step 11       exit       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and enters VRF address family.         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit       Example:       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.		Device(config-vrf-af)# topology red		
Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # all-interfaces         Step 11       exit         Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # exit         Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # exit       Exits VRF address-family configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 13       exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number	Step 10	all-interfaces		
Step 11       exit       Exits VRF address-family topology configuration mode and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits VRF configuration mode and nemoves the IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.		Example:	the device.	
Example:       and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.         Step 12       exit-address-family         Example:       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits vRF configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit         Example:       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number		Device(config-vrf-af-topology)# all-interfaces		
Example:       Device (config-vrf-af-topology) # exit         Step 12       exit-address-family         Example:       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 13       exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number	Step 11	exit		
Step 12       exit-address-family Example: Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       Exits address family configuration mode and removes the IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit Example: Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.		Example:	and enters VRF address-family configuration mode.	
Example:       IPv4 address family.         Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family       IPv4 address family.         Step 13       exit         Example:       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number		<pre>Device(config-vrf-af-topology)# exit</pre>		
Example:       Device (config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family         Step 13       exit         Example:       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number	Step 12	exit-address-family		
Step 13       exit Example:       Exits VRF configuration mode and enters global configuration mode.         Device (config-vrf) # exit       Exits VRF configuration mode.         Step 14       interface type number       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.		Example:	IPv4 address family.	
Example:     configuration mode.       Device (config-vrf) # exit     Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.       Step 14     interface type number		<pre>Device(config-vrf-af)# exit-address-family</pre>		
Example:     Device (config-vrf) # exit       Step 14     interface type number       Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode	Step 13	exit		
Step 14         interface type number         Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode		Example:	configuration mode.	
configuration mode		Device(config-vrf)# exit		
<b>Example:</b> configuration mode.	Step 14	interface type number		
		Example:	configuration mode.	

	Command or Action	Purpose	
	<pre>Device(config)# interface ethernet 0/1</pre>		
Step 15	interface type number	Selects the Ethernet interface and enters the interface configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Device(config)# interface ethernet 0/1		
Step 16	vrf forwarding vrf-name	Associates a VRF instance with the interface.	
	Example:		
	<pre>Device(config-if)# vrf forwwarding vrf1</pre>		
Step 17	ip address ip-address mask	Sets a primary or secondary IP address for an interface.	
	Example:		
	Device(config-if)# ip address 10.1.10.1 255.255.255.0		
Step 18	ip pim sparse-dense-modeip	Enables Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) on an	
	Example:	interface.	
	<pre>Device(config-if)# ip pim sparse-dense-mode</pre>		
Step 19	end	Exits the interface configuration mode and enters privile	
	Example:	EXEC mode.	
	Device(config-if)# end		

### **Configuring Examples for MTR in VRF**

### **Example for MTR in VRF**

```
Device> enable
Device# configuration terminal
Device(config) # vrf definition vd1
Device(config-vrf)# rd 10:1
Device(config-vrf) # ipv4 multicast multitoplogy
Device(config-vrf) # address-family ipv4
Device(config-vrf) # exit-address-family
Device(config-vrf)# address-family ipv4 multicast
Device(config-vrf-af)# topology red
Device(config-vrf-af-topology)# all-interfaces
Device(config-vrf-af-topology)# exit
Device(config-vrf-af) # exit-address-family
Device(config-vrf)# exit
Device(config) # vrf forwarding vrf1
Device(config)# ip address 10.1.10.1 255.255.255.0
Device(config) # ip pim sparse-dense-mode
Device(config)# end
```

## **Additional References for MTR in VRF**

#### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
Multitopology Routing (MTR) commands	Cisco IOS Multitopology Routing Command Reference
IP multicast commands	Cisco IOS Multicast Command Reference
IP multicast concepts and tasks	IP Multicast Configuration Guide Library

#### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.	http://www.cisco.com/support
To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.	
Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

## Feature Information for MTR in VRF

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

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Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
MTR in VRF		The MTR in VRF feature extends to IPv4 VRF contexts the Cisco IOS software's capability that allows users to configure one or more non-congruent multicast topologies in global IPv4 routing context. These contexts can be used to forward unicast and multicast traffic over different links in the network, or in the case of non-base topologies to provide a Live-Live multicast service using multiple non-congruent multicast topologies mapped to different (S,G) groups.

#### Table 1: Feature Information for MTR in VRF