

# **Cisco Discovery Protocol over IPv6 Tunnels**

This document describes how Cisco Discovery Protocol (CDP) delivers packets from other protocols through an IPv6 network and allows the routing of IPv6 packets between private networks across public networks with globally routed IPv6 addresses. CDP is supported over Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) IPv6 Point-to-Point tunnel interface and GRE IPv6 Multipoint Tunnel interface.

Generic routing encapsulation (GRE) is a unicast protocol that offers the advantages of encapsulating broadcast and multicast traffic (multicast streaming or routing protocols) or other non-IP protocols and of being protected by IPsec. CDP is a Layer 2, media-independent, and network-independent protocol. Networking applications use CDP to know about devices that are connected directly to applications.

CDP is disabled by default on the interfaces. To enable CDP, use the **cdp enable** command in interface configuration mode

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## Feature Information for CDP Over GRE IPv6 Tunnels

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
CDP Over GRE IPv6 Tunnels	Cisco IOS XE Release 16.12.1	The CDP over GRE IPv6 Tunnels feature enables the delivery of packets from other protocols through an IPv6 network and allows the routing of IPv6 packets between private networks across public networks with globally routed IPv6 addresses.

Table 1: Feature Information for CDP Over GRE IPv6 Tunnels

## **Overview of CDP Over GRE IPv6 Tunnels**

Networking applications use CDP over IPv6 GRE tunnel, to identify tunnel endpoints, which may not be directly connected. With this enhancement, CDP can exchange exchange IPv6 and neighbour addressing information over IPv6 GRE tunnel.

For point-to-point GRE tunnels, each tunnel interface requires a tunnel source IPv6 address and a tunnel destination IPv6 address when being configured. All packets are encapsulated with an outer IPv6 header and a GRE header.

Cisco Discovery Protocol provides the following benefits:

- Allows systems using different network layer protocols to learn about one another.
- Facilitates management of Cisco devices by discovering them and discovering how they are configured.
- · Assists with troubleshooting Type-Length-Value Fields (TLV) fields.
- Helps to learn SNMP agent addresses and sends the SNMP queries.

### **Configuring CDP Over GRE IPv6 Tunnels**

Perform this task to configure a GRE tunnel on an IPv6 network. GRE tunnels can be configured to run over an IPv6 network layer and transport IPv6 and IPv4 packets through IPv6 tunnels.



Note

You must enable IPv6 or configure IPv6 MTU size more than 1500 on a tunnel's exit interface to avoid receiving warning messages.

#### Before you begin

When GRE IPv6 tunnels are configured, IPv6 addresses are assigned to the tunnel source and the tunnel destination. The tunnel interface can have either IPv4 or IPv6 addresses. The host or device at each end of the configured tunnel must support both IPv4 and IPv6 protocol stacks.

#### Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose	9	
Step 1	enable	Enables	privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	• En	ter your password if prompted.	
	Device> enable			
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.		
	Example:			
	Device# configure terminal			
Step 3	interface tunnel tunnel-number		Specifies a tunnel interface and number and enters interface configuration mode.	
	Example:	configu		
	<pre>Device(config)# interface tunnel 0</pre>			
Step 4	CDP enable	Enables Cisco Discovery Protocol on the interface.		
	Example:			
	Device(config)# CDP enable			
interf	tunnel source {ipv6-address   interface-type        interface-number }		es the source IPv6 address or the source interface d number for the tunnel interface.	
	<b>Example:</b> Device(config-if)# tunnel source ethernet 0		• If an interface type and number are specified, the interface must be configured with an IPv6 address.	
		Note	For more information on the tunnel source command, refer to the IPv6 command reference guide.	
Step 6	tunnel destination ipv6-address		es the destination IPv6 address for the tunnel	
	Example:	interfac		
	<pre>Device(config-if)# tunnel destination 2001:0DB8:0C18:2::300</pre>	Note	For more information on the tunnel destination command, refer to the IPv6 command reference guide.	
Step 7	tunnel mode gre ipv6	Specifie	es a GRE IPv6 tunnel.	
	Example:	Note	The tunnel mode gre ipv6 command specifies	
	Device(config-if)# tunnel mode gre ipv6		GRE as the encapsulation protocol for the tunnel interface. Only the syntax used in this context is displayed. For more details, see the IPv6 Command Reference.	
Step 8	end	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.		
	Example:			
	Device(config-if)# end			

### Example: Configuring CDP Over GRE IPv6 Tunnels

The following example shows how to configure a GRE tunnel over an IPv6 transport. In this example, Ethernet0/0 has an IPv6 address, and this is the source address used by the tunnel interface. The destination IPv6 address of the tunnel is specified directly. In this example, the tunnel carries both IPv4 and IS-IS traffic.

```
interface Tunnel0
ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
ip router isis
tunnel source Ethernet0/0
tunnel destination 2001:DB8:1111:2222::1
tunnel mode gre ipv6
!
interface Ethernet0/0
no ip address
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:1111:1111::1/64
!
router isis
net 49.0001.0000.0000.000a.00
```

The following example shows how to configure CDP on GRE IPv6 P2P Tunnel Interface.

```
interface Tunnel1
  cdp enable
  ipv6 address 20::1/64
  tunnel source Ethernet0/0
  tunnel mode gre ipv6
  tunnel destination 10::2
end
```

The following example shows how to configure CDP on GRE IPv6 Multipoint Tunnel Interface.

```
interface Tunnel1
    ipv6 address 172::2/64
    ipv6 nhrp map 172::1/64 192::1
    ipv6 nhrp map multicast 192::1
    ipv6 nhrp network-id 1
    ipv6 nhrp nhs 172::1
    llp nhrp map multicast 192::1
    tunnel source 2000::1
    tunnel mode gre multipoint ipv6
end
```

The following show example displays the CDP neighbor tunnels that are configured in a device.

```
Router#show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans Bridge, B - Source Route Bridge
S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater, P - Phone,
D - Remote, C - CVTA, M - Two-port Mac Relay
Device ID
Router Tunnel1 179 R Linux Uni Tunnel1
```

# **Additional References**

#### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Master Commands List, All Releases
Tunnel commands: complete command syntax, command mode, defaults, command history, usage guidelines, and examples	Interface and Hardware Component Command Reference
IPv6 commands: complete command syntax, command mode, defaults, command history, usage guidelines, and examples	IPv6 Command Reference

#### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	