

Flexible NetFlow - New Flexible NetFlow CLI

The Flexible NetFlow - New Flexible NetFlow CLI feature introduces the commands used to configure Flexible NetFlow.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see **Bug Search Tool** and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table at the end of this module.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Information About Flexible NetFlow New Flexible NetFlow CLI

Flexible NetFlow Overview

Flexible NetFlow facilitates the creation of more complex configurations for traffic analysis and data export through the use of reusable configuration components.

Flexible NetFlow Components

Flexible NetFlow consists of components that can be used together in several variations to perform traffic analysis and data export. The user-defined flow records and the component structure of Flexible NetFlow facilitates the creation of various configurations for traffic analysis and data export on a networking device with a minimum number of configuration commands. Each flow monitor can have a unique combination of flow record, flow exporter, and cache type. If you change a parameter such as the destination IP address for a flow exporter, it is automatically changed for all the flow monitors that use the flow exporter. The same flow monitor can be used in conjunction with different flow samplers to sample the same type of network traffic at different rates on different interfaces. The following sections provide more information on Flexible NetFlow components:

Records

In Flexible NetFlow a combination of key and nonkey fields is called a *record*. Flexible NetFlow records are assigned to Flexible NetFlow flow monitors to define the cache that is used for storing flow data. Flexible NetFlow includes several predefined records that can help you get started using Flexible NetFlow.

To use Flexible NetFlow to its fullest potential, you need to create your own customized records, as described in the following section(s):

User-Defined Records

Flexible NetFlow enables you to define your own records for a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor cache by specifying the key and nonkey fields to customize the data collection to your specific requirements. When you define your own records for a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor cache, they are referred to as *user-defined records*. The values in nonkey fields are added to flows to provide additional information about the traffic in the flows. A change in the value of a nonkey field does not create a new flow. In most cases the values for nonkey fields are taken from only the first packet in the flow. Flexible NetFlow enables you to capture counter values such as the number of bytes and packets in a flow as nonkey fields.

Flexible NetFlow adds a new Version 9 export format field type for the header and packet section types. Flexible NetFlow will communicate to the NetFlow collector the configured section sizes in the corresponding Version 9 export template fields. The payload sections will have a corresponding length field that can be used to collect the actual size of the collected section.

Flow Monitors

Flow monitors are the Flexible NetFlow component that is applied to interfaces to perform network traffic monitoring.

Flow data is collected from the network traffic and added to the flow monitor cache during the monitoring process based on the key and nonkey fields in the flow record.

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Flexible NetFlow can be used to perform different types of analysis on the same traffic. In the figure below, packet 1 is analyzed using a record designed for standard traffic analysis on the input interface and a record designed for security analysis on the output interface.

Ira	ffic P5	P4 P3	P2 Flo	w Mon Etherne	itor et 0)		Flow Monit (Ethernet	or 2 1)	_		_		
Key Fields	5	Packet 1	Nonk	ey Fiel	dis		Key Fields	;	Packet 1	Nonk	ey Fie k	ls	1
Source IP	í.	10.3.3.3	Packe	əts			Source IP	5	10.3.3.3	Packe	əts		
Destinatio	n IP	10.2.2.2	Bytes	Bytes			Destinatio	n IP	10.2.2.2	Time	Stamp	5	
Source po	ort	23	Time	Stamp	s		InputInte	face	Etherne	t O			
Destination port		22078	Next-	Hop Ad	dree	55	SYN Flag		0				
Layer 3 Protocol		TCP-6		125						~			
TOS Byte		0				1							
Input Inte	rface	Ethernet	10								/		
Traffic Ar	alysis Cac	he		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Security #	Analysis Ca	iche				
Source IP	Dest. IP	Dest. I/F	Protocol	TOS		Pkts	Source IP	Dest. IP	Dest I/F	Protocol	TOS		Pkts
		100 L 100			-		a second second		10.00	10.00	<u> </u>	-	6

Figure 1: Example of Using Two Flow Monitors to Analyze the Same Traffic

The figure below shows a more complex example of how you can apply different types of flow monitors with custom records.



Figure 2: Complex Example of Using Multiple Types of Flow Monitors with Custom Records

Normal

The default cache type is "normal". In this mode, the entries in the cache are aged out according to the timeout active and timeout inactive settings. When a cache entry is aged out, it is removed from the cache and exported via any exporters configured.

Flow Exporters

Flow exporters export the data in the flow monitor cache to a remote system, such as a server running NetFlow collector, for analysis and storage. Flow exporters are created as separate entities in the configuration. Flow exporters are assigned to flow monitors to provide data export capability for the flow monitors. You can create several flow exporters and assign them to one or more flow monitors to provide several export destinations. You can create one flow exporter and apply it to several flow monitors.

NetFlow Data Export Format Version 9

The basic output of NetFlow is a flow record. Several different formats for flow records have evolved as NetFlow has matured. The most recent evolution of the NetFlow export format is known as Version 9. The distinguishing feature of the NetFlow Version 9 export format is that it is template-based. Templates provide an extensible design to the record format, a feature that should allow future enhancements to NetFlow services without requiring concurrent changes to the basic flow-record format. Using templates provides several key benefits:

- Third-party business partners who produce applications that provide collector or display services for NetFlow do not have to recompile their applications each time a new NetFlow feature is added. Instead, they should be able to use an external data file that documents the known template formats.
- New features can be added to NetFlow quickly without breaking current implementations.
- NetFlow is "future-proofed" against new or developing protocols because the Version 9 format can be adapted to provide support for them.

The Version 9 export format consists of a packet header followed by one or more template flow or data flow sets. A template flow set provides a description of the fields that will be present in future data flow sets. These data flow sets may occur later within the same export packet or in subsequent export packets. Template flow and data flow sets can be intermingled within a single export packet, as illustrated in the figure below.

Figure 3: Version 9 Export Packet



NetFlow Version 9 will periodically export the template data so the NetFlow collector will understand what data is to be sent and also export the data flow set for the template. The key advantage to Flexible NetFlow is that the user configures a flow record, which is effectively converted to a Version 9 template and then

forwarded to the collector. The figure below is a detailed example of the NetFlow Version 9 export format, including the header, template flow, and data flow sets.



Figure 4: Detailed Example of the NetFlow Version 9 Export Format

For more information on the Version 9 export format, refer to the white paper titled Cisco IOS NetFlow Version 9 Flow-Record Format, available at this URL: http://www.cisco.com/en/US/tech/tk648/tk362/technologies_white_paper09186a00800a3db9.shtml.

Flow Samplers

Flow samplers are created as separate components in a router's configuration. Flow samplers are used to reduce the load on the device that is running by limiting the number of packets that are selected for analysis.

Flow sampling exchanges monitoring accuracy for router performance. When you apply a sampler to a flow monitor, the overhead load on the router of running the flow monitor is reduced because the number of packets that the flow monitor must analyze is reduced. The reduction in the number of packets that are analyzed by

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the flow monitor causes a corresponding reduction in the accuracy of the information stored in the flow monitor's cache.

Samplers are combined with flow monitors when they are applied to an interface with the **ip flow monitor** command.

How to Configure Flexible NetFlow New Flexible NetFlow CLI

Configuring a Flow Record

Perform this task to configure a customized flow record.

Customized flow records are used to analyze traffic data for a specific purpose. A customized flow record must have at least one **match** criterion for use as the key field and typically has at least one **collect** criterion for use as a nonkey field.

There are hundreds of possible permutations of customized flow records. This task shows the steps that are used to create one of the possible permutations. Modify the steps in this task as appropriate to create a customized flow record for your requirements.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. flow record record-name
- 4. description description
- 5. match {ipv4 | ipv6} {destination | source} address
- 6. Repeat Step 5 as required to configure additional key fields for the record.
- 7. collect interface {input | output}
- 8. Repeat Step 7 as required to configure additional nonkey fields for the record.
- 9. end
- **10. show flow record** record-name
- 11. show running-config flow record record-name

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	

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	Command or Action	Purpose			
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.			
	Example:				
	Device# configure terminal				
Step 3	flow record record-name	Creates a flow record and enters Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode.			
	Example:	• This command also allows you to modify an existing			
	Device(config)# flow record FLOW-RECORD-1	flow record.			
Step 4	description description	(Optional) Creates a description for the flow record.			
	Example:				
	Device(config-flow-record)# description Used for basic traffic analysis				
Step 5	match {ipv4 ipv6} {destination source} address	Note This example configures the IPv4 destination address as a key field for the record. For information about			
	Example:	the other key fields available for the match ipv4			
	<pre>Device(config-flow-record)# match ipv4 destination address</pre>	command, and the other match commands that are available to configure key fields, refer to the <i>Cisco</i> <i>IOS Flexible NetFlow Command Reference</i> .			
Step 6	Repeat Step 5 as required to configure additional key fields for the record.				
Step 7	collect interface {input output}	Configures the input interface as a nonkey field for the record.			
	Example:	Note This example configures the input interface as a nonkey field for the record. For information on the			
	<pre>Device(config-flow-record)# collect interface input</pre>	nonkey fields, refer to the <i>Cisco IOS Flexible NetFlow</i> <i>Command Reference</i> .			
Step 8	Repeat Step 7 as required to configure additional nonkey fields for the record.				
Step 9	end	Exits Flexible NetFlow flow record configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.			
	Example:				
	Device(config-flow-record)# end				
Step 10	show flow record record-name	(Optional) Displays the current status of the specified flow record.			
	Example:				
	Device# show flow record FLOW_RECORD-1				

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 11	show running-config flow record record-name	(Optional) Displays the configuration of the specified flow record.
	Example:	
	Device# show running-config flow record FLOW_RECORD-1	

Displaying the Current Status of a Flow Record

Perform this optional task to display the current status of a flow record.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. show flow record

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 enable

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The enable command enters privileged EXEC mode (enter the password if prompted).

Example:

Device> enable Device#

Step 2 show flow record

The show flow record command shows the current status of the flow monitor that you specify.

Example:

```
Device# show flow record
```

```
flow record FLOW-RECORD-2:
                 Used for basic IPv6 traffic analysis
 Description:
 No. of users:
                     1
 Total field space: 53 bytes
 Fields:
   match ipv6 destination address
   collect counter bytes
   collect counter packets
flow record FLOW-RECORD-1:
 Description:
                     Used for basic IPv4 traffic analysis
 No. of users:
                     1
 Total field space: 29 bytes
 Fields:
   match ipv4 destination address
```

collect counter bytes collect counter packets

Verifying the Flow Record Configuration

Perform this optional task to verify the configuration commands that you entered.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. show running-config flow record

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1enableThe enable command enters privileged EXEC mode (enter the password if prompted).

Example:

Device> **enable** Device#

Step 2 show running-config flow record

The **show running-config flow record** command shows the configuration commands of the flow monitor that you specify.

Example:

Device# show running-config flow record

```
Current configuration:

!

flow record FLOW-RECORD-2

description Used for basic IPv6 traffic analysis

match ipv6 destination address

collect counter bytes

collect counter packets

!

flow record FLOW-RECORD-1

description Used for basic IPv4 traffic analysis

match ipv4 destination address

collect counter bytes

collect counter packets

collect timestamp sys-uptime first

collect timestamp sys-uptime last

!
```

Configuring a Flow Exporter for the Flow Monitor

Perform this optional task to configure a flow exporter for the flow monitor in order to export the data that is collected by Flexible NetFlow to a remote system for further analysis and storage.

Flow exporters are used to send the data that you collect with Flexible NetFlow to a remote system such as a NetFlow Collection Engine. Exporters use UDP as the transport protocol and use the Version 9 export format.

Note

Each flow exporter supports only one destination. If you want to export the data to multiple destinations, you must configure multiple flow exporters and assign them to the flow monitor.

You can export to a destination using either an IPv4 or IPv6 address.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- **3.** flow exporter exporter-name
- 4. description description
- **5.** destination {*hostname* | *ip-address*} [vrf *vrf-name*]
- 6. export-protocol {netflow-v5 | netflow-v9 | ipfix}
- 7. transport udp udp-port
- 8. exit
- 9. flow monitor flow-monitor-name
- **10. exporter** *exporter-name*
- 11. end
- **12. show flow exporter** *exporter-name*
- 13. show running-config flow exporter exporter-name

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	

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	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	flow exporter exporter-name	Creates a flow exporter and enters Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode.
	Example:	• This command also allows you to modify an existing
	Device(config)# flow exporter EXPORTER-1	flow exporter.
Step 4	description description	(Optional) Creates a description for the flow exporter.
	Example:	
	Device(config-flow-exporter)# description Exports to datacenter	
Step 5	destination {hostname ip-address} [vrf vrf-name]	Specifies the hostname or IP address of the system to which the exporter sends data.
	Example:	Note You can export to a destination using either an IPv4
	<pre>Device(config-flow-exporter)# destination 172.16.10.2</pre>	or IPv6 address.
Step 6	export-protocol {netflow-v5 netflow-v9 ipfix}	Specifies the version of the NetFlow export protocol used by the exporter.
	Example:	• Default: netflow-v9 .
	<pre>Device(config-flow-exporter)# export-protocol netflow-v9</pre>	
Step 7	transport udp udp-port	Configures UDP as the transport protocol and specifies the UDP port on which the destination system is listening for
	Example:	exported Flexible NetFlow traffic.
	Device(config-flow-exporter)# transport udp 65	
Step 8	exit	Exits Flexible NetFlow flow exporter configuration mode and returns to global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config-flow-exporter)# exit</pre>	
Step 9	flow monitor flow-monitor-name	Enters Flexible NetFlow flow monitor configuration mode for the flow monitor that you created previously.
	Example:	
	Device(config)# flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1	
Step 10	exporter exporter-name	Specifies the name of an exporter that you created previously.
	Example:	
	Device(config-flow-monitor)# exporter EXPORTER-1	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 11	end	Exits Flexible NetFlow flow monitor configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	Device(config-flow-monitor)# end	
Step 12	show flow exporter exporter-name	(Optional) Displays the current status of the specified flow exporter.
	Example:	
	Device# show flow exporter FLOW_EXPORTER-1	
Step 13	show running-config flow exporter exporter-name	(Optional) Displays the configuration of the specified flow exporter.
	Example:	
	Device<# show running-config flow exporter FLOW_EXPORTER-1	

Creating a Flow Monitor

Perform this required task to create a customized flow monitor.

Each flow monitor has a separate cache assigned to it. Each flow monitor requires a record to define the contents and layout of its cache entries. These record formats can be a user-defined format. An advanced user can create a customized format using the **flow record** command.

Before You Begin

If you want to use a customized record, you must create the customized record before you can perform this task. If you want to add a flow exporter to the flow monitor for data export, you must create the exporter before you can complete this task.



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You must use the **no ip flow monitor** command to remove a flow monitor from all of the interfaces to which you have applied it before you can modify the parameters for the **record** command on the flow monitor. For information about the **ip flow monitor** command, refer to the *Cisco IOS Flexible NetFlow Command Reference*.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. flow monitor monitor-name
- 4. description description
- **5.** record {*record-name*}
- 6. cache {timeout {active} seconds | type { normal }
- 7. Repeat Step 6 as required to finish modifying the cache parameters for this flow monitor.
- 8. exporter exporter-name
- 9. end
- 10. show flow monitor [[name] monitor-name [cache [format {csv | record | table}]]]]
- **11. show running-config flow monitor** monitor-name

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre># configure terminal</pre>	
Step 3	flow monitor monitor-name	Creates a flow monitor and enters Flexible NetFlow flow monitor configuration mode.
	Example:	• This command also allows you to modify an
	(config)# flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1	existing flow monitor.
Step 4	description description	(Optional) Creates a description for the flow monitor.
	Example:	
	<pre>(config-flow-monitor)# description Used for basic ipv4 traffic analysis</pre>	
Step 5	record {record-name}	Specifies the record for the flow monitor.
	Example:	
	(config-flow-monitor)# record FLOW-RECORD-1	
Step 6	<pre>cache {timeout {active} seconds type { normal }</pre>	

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config-flow-monitor)# cache type normal</pre>	
Step 7	Repeat Step 6 as required to finish modifying the cache parameters for this flow monitor.	_
Step 8	exporter exporter-name	(Optional) Specifies the name of an exporter that was created previously.
	Example:	
	(config-flow-monitor)# exporter EXPORTER-1	
Step 9	end	Exits Flexible NetFlow flow monitor configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	(config-flow-monitor)# end	
Step 10	<pre>show flow monitor [[name] monitor-name [cache [format {csv record table}]]]</pre>	(Optional) Displays the status for a Flexible NetFlow flow monitor.
	Example:	
	<pre># show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache</pre>	
Step 11	show running-config flow monitor monitor-name	(Optional) Displays the configuration of the specified flow monitor.
	Example:	
	<pre># show running-config flow monitor FLOW_MONITOR-1</pre>	

Displaying the Current Status of a Flow Monitor

Perform this optional task to display the current status of a flow monitor.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. show flow monitor monitor-name

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 enable

The enable command enters privileged EXEC mode (enter the password if prompted).

Example:

Device> **enable** Device#

Step 2 show flow monitor monitor-name

The **show flow monitor** command shows the current status of the flow monitor that you specify.

Example:

Device# show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1

```
Flow Monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1:
  Description:
                Used for basic ipv4 traffic analysis
  Flow Record:
                    FLOW-RECORD-1
  Flow Exporter:
                   EXPORTER-1
  Cache:
   Type:
                      normal
   Status:
                      allocated
                      1000 entries / 50052 bytes
   Size:
    Inactive Timeout: 15 secs
    Active Timeout:
                      1800 secs
   Update Timeout:
                      1800 secs
```

Displaying the Data in the Flow Monitor Cache

Perform this optional task to display the data in the flow monitor cache.

Before You Begin

The interface on which you applied the input flow monitor must be receiving traffic that meets the criteria defined by the NetFlow original record before you can display the flows in the flow monitor cache.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. show flow monitor name monitor-name cache format record

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 enable

The enable command enters privileged EXEC mode (enter the password if prompted).

Example:

Device> **enable** Device#

Step 2 show flow monitor name monitor-name cache format record

The **show flow monitor name** *monitor-name* **cache format record** command string displays the status, statistics, and flow data in the cache for a flow monitor.

Example:

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Device# show flow monitor name FLOW-MONITOR-1 cache format record

Cache type: Cache size: Current entries:	Normal 1000 4	
High Watermark:	4	
Flows added:	101	
Flows aged:	97	
- Active timeout (1800 secs) 3	
- Inactive timeout (15 secs) 94	
- Event aged	0	
- Watermark aged	U	
TRUA DESTINATION ADDRESS.	172 16 10 5	
inv4 source address.	10 10 11 1	
trns source port:	25	
trns destination port:	25	
counter bytes:	72840	
counter packets:	1821	
IPV4 DESTINATION ADDRESS:	172.16.10.2	
ipv4 source address:	10.10.10.2	
trns source port:	20	
trns destination port:	20	
counter bytes:	3913860	
TDVA DECENTINATION ADDRESS.	172 16 10 200	
inv4 source address.	192 168 67 6	
trns source port:	0	
trns destination port:	3073	
counter butes.	51072	
COULLEL DYLES.	51072	
counter packets:	1824	
counter packets:	1824	format record
counter packets: Device# show flow monitor	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache :	format record
counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache type:	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : Normal	format record
counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache type: Cache size:	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : Normal 1000	format record
Counter Dytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache type: Cache size: Current entries:	Normal	format record
Counter Dytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache type: Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark:	Normal 1000 2 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	format record
<pre>counter bytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache type: Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows added:</pre>	Normal 1000 2 3 95 93	format record
<pre>counter bytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache type: Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows aged:</pre>	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : Normal 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0	format record
<pre>counter bytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows aged: - Active timeout (- Inactive timeout (</pre>	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : Normal 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 15 secs) 93	format record
<pre>counter bytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows aged:</pre>	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : Normal 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 15 secs) 93 0	format record
<pre>counter bytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows added: Flows aged:</pre>	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : Normal 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 15 secs) 93 0 0 0	format record
<pre>counter bytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows aged: - Active timeout (- Inactive timeout (- Event aged - Watermark aged - Emergency aged</pre>	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : Normal 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 15 secs) 93 0 0 0	format record
Counter bytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows aged: - Active timeout (- Inactive timeout (- Event aged - Watermark aged - Emergency aged IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESS:	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : Normal 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 15 secs) 93 0 2001:DB8:4:ABCD::2	format record
<pre>counter bytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows aged: - Active timeout (- Inactive timeout (- Event aged - Watermark aged - Emergency aged IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESS: ipv6 source address:</pre>	Normal Normal 1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : Normal 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 15 secs) 93 0 2001:DB8:4:ABCD::2 2001:DB8:1:ABCD::1	format record
Counter Dytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache type: Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows aged: - Active timeout (- Inactive timeout (- Event aged - Watermark aged - Emergency aged IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESS: ipv6 source address: trns source port:	Normal Normal 1824 Normal 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 15 secs) 93 0 0 2001:DB8:4:ABCD::2 2001:DB8:1:ABCD::1 33572	format record
<pre>Counter bytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache type: Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows added: Flows aged: - Active timeout (- Inactive timeout (- Inactive timeout (- Event aged - Watermark aged - Emergency aged IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESS: ipv6 source address: trns source port: trns destination port:</pre>	Normal Normal 1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : Normal 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 15 secs) 93 0 0 2001:DB8:4:ABCD::2 2001:DB8:1:ABCD::1 33572 23	format record
<pre>counter pytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows agded: Active timeout (Inactive timeout (Event aged Watermark aged Emergency aged IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESS: ipv6 source address: trns destination port: counter bytes:</pre>	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 0 0 0 0 0 2001:DB8:4:ABCD::2 2001:DB8:1:ABCD:1 33572 23 19140	format record
<pre>counter packets: counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows aged: - Active timeout (- Inactive timeout (- Event aged - Watermark aged - Emergency aged IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESS: ipv6 source address: trns destination port: counter bytes: counter packets: IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESC: Counter packets: IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESC: Counter packets: IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESC: Counter packets: IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESC: Counter packets: IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESC: IPV6 DESTINATION</pre>	Normal Normal 1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : Normal 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 15 secs) 93 0 0 2001:DB8:4:ABCD::2 2001:DB8:1:ABCD::1 33572 23 19140 349 TEO2:10	format record
<pre>counter bytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows aged: - Active timeout (- Inactive timeout (- Event aged - Ewent aged - Ewen</pre>	Normal Normal 1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : Normal 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 15 secs) 93 1800 secs) 0 0 2001:DB8:4:ABCD::2 2001:DB8:1:ABCD::1 33572 23 19140 349 FF80::0820.EPEPF.FFPP.cc02	format record
<pre>counter packets: counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows aged: - Active timeout (- Inactive timeout (- Event aged - Watermark aged - Ewert aged -</pre>	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 15 secs) 93 2001:DB8:4:ABCD::2 2001:DB8:1:ABCD::1 33572 23 19140 349 FF02::9 FE80::A8AA:BBFF:FEBB:CC03	format record
<pre>counter packets: counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows aged: - Active timeout (- Inactive timeout (- Event aged - Watermark aged - Ewergency aged IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESS: ipv6 source address: trns destination port: counter bytes: counter packets: IPV6 DESTINATION ADDRESS: ipv6 source address: trns source address: trns source port: trns destination port: trns destination port: trns destination port:</pre>	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 15 secs) 0 133572 23 19140 349 FF02::9 </td <td>format record</td>	format record
<pre>counter bytes. counter packets: Device# show flow monitor Cache size: Current entries: High Watermark: Flows added: Flows aged: - Active timeout (- Inactive timeout (- Event aged - Watermark aged - Event aged - Watermark aged - Event aged</pre>	1824 name FLOW-MONITOR-2 cache : 1000 2 3 95 93 1800 secs) 0 15 secs) 0 0 0 0 2001:DB8:4:ABCD::2 2011:DB8:1:ABCD:1 33572 23 19140 349 FF02::9 FE80::A8AA:BBFF:FEBB:CC03 521 92	format record

Verifying the Flow Monitor Configuration

Perform this optional task to verify the configuration commands that you entered.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. show running-config flow monitor

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1

The enable command enters privileged EXEC mode (enter the password if prompted).

Example:

enable

Device> **enable** Device#

Step 2 show running-config flow monitor

The **show running-config flow monitor** command shows the configuration commands of the flow monitor that you specify.

Example:

```
Device# show running-config flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1
```

```
Current configuration:

!

flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1

description Used for basic ipv4 traffic analysis

record FLOW-RECORD-1

exporter EXPORTER-1

cache entries 1000

!
```

Applying a Flow Monitor to an Interface

Before it can be activated, a flow monitor must be applied to at least one interface. Perform this required task to activate a flow monitor.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- 2. configure terminal
- 3. interface type number
- 4. {ip | ipv6} flow monitor monitor-name {input | output}
- **5.** Repeat Steps 3 and 4 to activate a flow monitor on any other interfaces in the device over which you want to monitor traffic.
- 6. end
- 7. show flow interface type number
- 8. show flow monitor name monitor-name cache format record

DETAILED STEPS

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	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	• Enter your password if prompted.
	Device> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Device# configure terminal	
Step 3	interface type number	Specifies an interface and enters interface configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/0</pre>	
Step 4	{ip ipv6} flow monitor monitor-name {input output}	Activates a flow monitor that was created previously by assigning it to the interface to analyze traffic.
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config-if)# ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input</pre>	
Step 5	Repeat Steps 3 and 4 to activate a flow monitor on any other interfaces in the device over which you want to monitor traffic.	_
Step 6	end	Exits interface configuration mode and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>Device(config-if) # end</pre>	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 7	show flow interface type number	Displays the status of Flexible NetFlow (enabled or disabled) on the specified interface.
	Example:	
	Device# show flow interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/0	
Step 8	show flow monitor name monitor-name cache format record	Displays the status, statistics, and flow data in the cache for the specified flow monitor.
	Example:	
	Device# show flow monitor name FLOW_MONITOR-1 cache format record	

Verifying That Flexible NetFlow Is Enabled on an Interface

Perform this optional task to verify that Flexible NetFlow is enabled on an interface.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. enable
- **2.** show flow interface type number

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1enableThe enable command enters privileged EXEC mode (enter the password if prompted).

Example:

Device> **enable** Device#

Step 2show flow interface type numberThe show flow interface command verifies that Flexible NetFlow is enabled on an interface.

Example:

Device# show flow interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/0

```
Interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
FNF: monitor: FLOW-MONITOR-1
    direction: Input
    traffic(ip): on
FNF: monitor: FLOW-MONITOR-2
    direction: Input
    traffic(ipv6): on
```

Device#	show flow i	nterface	GigabitEthernet	1/0/0
Interfac	ce GigabitEt	hernet1/0	0/0	
FNF:	monitor:	FLO	DW-MONITOR-1	
	direction:	Out	cput	
	<pre>traffic(ip)</pre>	: on		
FNF:	monitor:	FLO	DW-MONITOR-2	
	direction:	Inp	put	
	traffic(ipv	76): on		

Configuration Examples for Flexible NetFlow New Flexible NetFlow CLI

Example: Configuring a Normal Flow Record Cache with a Limited Number of Flows

The following example is designed to monitor the type of service (ToS) field usage on all interfaces in the router. An exporter is not configured because this example is intended to be used to capture additional data for analysis on the router using the **show flow monitor** command.

This example starts in global configuration mode.

```
1
flow record QOS RECORD
description UD: Flow Record to monitor the use of TOS within this router/network
match interface input
match interface output
match ipv4 tos
collect counter packets
collect counter bytes
exit
flow monitor QOS MONITOR
description UD: Flow Monitor which watches the limited combinations of interface and TOS
 record QOS RECORD
 cache type normal
 cache entries 8192
                     ! 2^5 (combos of interfaces) * 256 (values of TOS)
exit
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
 ip flow monitor QOS_MONITOR input
 exit
interface GigabitEthernet0/1/0
ip flow monitor QOS MONITOR input
 exit
interface GigabitEthernet0/2/0
ip flow monitor QOS MONITOR input
 exit
```

The display from the show flow monitor command shows the current status of the cache.

Router# show flow monitor QOS_MONITOR cache

Cache	type:	Normal	
Cache	size:		8192

2
2
0

Example: Configuring a Customized Flow Record Cache for Monitoring IPv6 Traffic

The following example creates a customized flow record cache for monitoring IPv6 traffic.

This example starts in global configuration mode.

```
ip cef
ipv6 cef
flow record FLOW-RECORD-2
description Used for basic IPv6 traffic analysis
match ipv6 destination address
collect counter bytes
collect counter packets
flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2
 description Used for basic IPv6 traffic analysis
record FLOW-RECORD-2
cache entries 1000
interface GigabitEthernet0/0/0
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:2:ABCD::2/48
 ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 input
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/0
ipv6 address 2001:DB8:3:ABCD::1/48
ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 output
I
```

Example: Configuring Multiple Export Destinations

The following example shows how to configure multiple export destinations for Flexible NetFlow for IPv4 or IPv6 traffic.

This sample starts in global configuration mode:

```
flow exporter EXPORTER-1
 destination 172.16.10.2
 transport udp 90
 exit
flow exporter EXPORTER-2
destination 172.16.10.3
 transport udp 90
 exit
flow record v4_r1
match ipv4 tos
match ipv4 protocol
match ipv4 source address
match ipv4 destination address
match transport source-port
match transport destination-port
collect counter bytes long
collect counter packets long
```

```
flow record v6 r1
match ipv6 traffic-class
match ipv6 protocol
match ipv6 source address
match ipv6 destination address
match transport source-port
match transport destination-port
collect counter bytes long
collect counter packets long
1
flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1
record v4 r1
 exporter \overline{E}XPORTER-2
 exporter EXPORTER-1
ı.
flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2
record v6 r1
 exporter EXPORTER-2
 exporter EXPORTER-1
1
ip cef
interface GigabitEthernet1/0/0
ip address 172.16.6.2 255.255.255.0
 ipv6 address 2001:DB8:2:ABCD::2/48
 ip flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1 input
 ipv6 flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-2 input
```

The following display output shows that the flow monitor is exporting data to the two exporters:

```
Device# show flow monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1
Flow Monitor FLOW-MONITOR-1:
                     User defined
 Description:
 Flow Record:
                     v4 r1
 Flow Exporter:
                     EXPORTER-1
                     EXPORTER-2
 Cache:
                       normal (Platform cache)
    Type:
    Status:
                       allocated
    Size:
                       4096 entries / 311316 bytes
    Inactive Timeout: 15 secs
    Active Timeout:
                       1800 secs
   Update Timeout:
                       1800 secs
```

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Command List, All Releases
Flexible NetFlow conceptual information and configuration tasks	Flexible NetFlow Configuration Guide
Flexible NetFlow commands	Cisco IOS Flexible NetFlow Command Reference

Standards/RFCs

Standard	Title
No new or modified standards/RFCs are supported by this feature.	

MIBs

MIB	MIBs Link
None	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco software releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
The Cisco Support and Documentation website provides online resources to download documentation, software, and tools. Use these resources to install and configure the software and to troubleshoot and resolve technical issues with Cisco products and technologies. Access to most tools on the Cisco Support and Documentation website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html

Feature Information for Flexible NetFlow - New Flexible NetFlow CLI

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

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Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Flexible NetFlow - New Flexible NetFlow CLI	Cisco IOS XE Release 3.2SE	This feature introduces the commands used to configure Flexible NetFlow.
		The following commands were introduced or modified: cache (Flexible NetFlow), clear flow exporter, clear flow monitor, clear sampler, collect counter, collect interface, collect routing, collect timestamp absolute, collect transport tcp, debug flow exporter, debug flow monitor, debug flow record, debug sampler, description (Flexible NetFlow), destination, dscp (Flexible NetFlow), exporter, flow exporter, flow monitor, match flow, match interface (Flexible NetFlow), match ipv4, match ipv4 destination, match ipv4 section, match ipv6, match ipv6 destination, match ipv6 hop-limit, match ipv6 source, match transport, match transport icmp ipv6, mode (Flexible NetFlow), option (Flexible NetFlow), option (Flexible NetFlow), record, sampler, show flow exporter, show flow interface, show flow monitor, show flow record, show sampler, source (Flexible NetFlow), template data timeout,
		transport (Flexible NetFlow).

Table 1: Feature Information for Flexible NetFlow - New Flexible NetFlow CLI

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