

Cisco Secure Development Lifecycle—Factory Reset

Table 1: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
Cisco Secure Development Lifecycle—Factory Reset	Cisco IOS XE Bengaluru 17.6.1	This feature removes all the user-configured data that are stored on the device from the time of its shipping. Data erased includes configurations, log files, boot variables, core files, and credentials like FIPS-related keys. Cisco Secure Development Lifecycle (CSDL) is a repeatable and measurable process designed to increase Cisco product resiliency and trustworthiness. The following new commands are introduced: • factory-reset all • factory-reset keep-licensing-info • factory-reset all secure 3-pass

Starting with Cisco IOS XE Release 17.6.1, the Cisco Secure Development Lifecycle (CSDL) — Factory Reset feature removes the following customer-specific data that are stored on the device since the time of its shipping:

- Configurations
- Log files
- Boot variables

- Core files
- · Credentials like FIPS-related keys

Starting with Cisco XE Release 17.11.1, the routers support the NIST SP800-88 clear level erase of data-wipe media sanitzation. A message requesting your confirmation on the operation of performing a factory reset is displayed. For more information see, Factory Reset Command Options .

The following table provides details about the data that is erased and retained during the Factory Reset process:

Table 2: Data Erased and Retained During Factory Reset

Data Erased All Cisco IOS images		Data Retained Data from Remote field-replaceable units (FRUs)	
Crash information and logs		Value of the configuration register	
User data, and startup and running configuration		Contents of USB	
Credentials like FIPS-related keys		Credentials like Secure Unique Device Identifier (SUDI) certificates, Public key infrastructure (PKI) keys	
On board Failure Logging (OBFL) logs			
ROMMON variables added by the user		_	
Licenses		-	



Note After a factory reset, the device returns to its default license.

Factory reset securely purge all physical storage to enter a clean state and protect sensitive data. The following data are deleted as a part of factory reset:

- · All writable file systems and personal data
- OBFL logs
- · User data and startup configuration
- ROMMON variables
- User credentials
- License information

The Factory Reset process is used in the following two scenarios:

- Return Material Authorization (RMA) for a device—If you have to return a device to Cisco for RMA, remove all the customer-specific data before obtaining an RMA certificate for the device.
- Recovering the compromised device—If the key material or credentials that are stored on a device is compromised, reset the device to factory configuration, and then reconfigure the device.

The device reloads to perform the factory reset that results in the router entering the ROMMON mode. After a factory reset, the device clears all its environment variables including the MAC_ADDRESS and the IP_ADDRESS, which are required to locate and load the software. Perform a reset in ROMMON mode to automatically set the environment variables.

After the system reset in ROMMON mode is complete, you can add the Cisco IOS image either through a USB or TFTP.

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Prerequisites for Performing Factory Reset

- Ensure that all the software images, configurations, and personal data are backed up before performing the factory reset operation.
- Ensure that the device is not in the stacking mode as factory reset is supported only in the standalone mode. For Modular-chassis in high availability mode, factory reset is applied per supervisor.
- Ensure that there is uninterrupted power supply when the process is in progress.
- Ensure that you take a backup of the current image before you begin the factory reset process.
- Ensure that neither In-Service Software Upgrade (ISSU) nor In-Service Software Downgrade (ISSD) is in progress before starting the factory reset process.



Caution

Removing OBFL logs may hamper failure analysis after RMA. Take precaution before deleting the log files.

Limitations for Performing Factory Reset

- Software patches, if installed on the device, will not be restored after the factory reset operation.
- If the **factory-reset** command is issued through a vty session, the session is not restored after completion of the factory reset process.

Factory Reset Command Options

1. Erase All Data:

To erase all data:

Router>enable Router#factory-reset all

The factory reset operation is irreversible for all operations. Are you sure? [confirm] This is NIST SP 800-88 Clear Level Erase

The factory-reset all command erases the following data:

- All writable file systems and personal data
- OBFL logs
- User data and startup configuration
- ROMMON variables
- User credentials
- License information

2. Erase All Data Except License Information:

To erase all data except the license information:

```
Router>enable
Router#factory-reset keep-licensing-info
```

The factory-reset keep-licensing-info command erases the following data:

- All writable file systems and personal data
- OBFL logs
- User data and startup configuration
- ROMMON variables
- User credentials

3. Erase All Data Using DoD 5220.22-M Wiping Standard:

To erase all data using the the National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual (DoD 5220.22-M) Wiping Standard:

```
Router>enable
Router#factory-reset all secure 3-pass
DoD 5220.22-M
```

Use the following options for HA and standalone routers:

- Any factory reset option with image.bin is present on the subfolder of bootflash.
- For any factory reset option with packages.conf based boot, if packages.conf is present in any sub folder path under bootflash, the packages.conf and packages are copied back to bootflash root path after the factory reset.
- Check for prompt abort cases as "Monitor for confirmation prompt." The **factory-reset** command should not proceed when aborted before final confirmation. When the standby router is not reachable, a message must appear stating factory reset will be performed only on the active router.



Note

- If you boot the image from local storage, the image (.bin or packages.conf/packages) is retained after factory reset.
 - If you boot the image from TFTP server, the booted image is not copied to bootflash.
 - Only the config register value is retained. All other ROMMON variables are cleared.

Clear User Files from Bootflash on Factory Reset

Table 3: Feature History

Feature Name	Release Information	Description
Clear User Files from Bootflash on Factory Reset with "No Service Password Recovery" Configuration Enabled	Cisco IOS XE Dublin 17.10.1	This feature provides additional security by removing all user files from bootflash during factory reset. It prevents the malicious users from accessing configuration files that are stored in bootflash. This feature is applicable for Cisco ASR 900 series routers.

Starting with Cisco IOS XE Dublin Release 17.10.1, this feature removes all the user files from bootflash during factory reset associated with "no service password recovery" on the ASR 900 RSP3 and RSP2 modules. This feature is supported in ROMMON version 15.6(54r)S. Ensure that you upgrade to the Cisco IOS XE 17.10.1 Dublin release version to get autoupgraded to this specific ROMMON version.

During recovery mechanism from no-service password recovery configuration, when you attempt to boot with default configurations (Press CTRL+C and "yes"), this feature helps in removing the user files from bootflash along with the startup-configuration. It prevents the malicious users from accessing configuration files that are stored in the bootflash. All the required system files and software images are retained in the bootflash during the erase operation.