



Controlling Subscriber Bandwidth

The Dynamic Subscriber Bandwidth Selection (DBS) feature enables wholesale service providers to sell different classes of service to retail service providers by controlling bandwidth at the ATM virtual circuit (VC) level. ATM quality of service (QoS) parameters from the subscriber domain are applied to the ATM PVC on which a PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) or PPP over ATM (PPPoA) session is established.

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Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features documented in this module. For the latest caveats and feature information, see [Bug Search Tool](#) and the release notes for your platform and software release. To find information about the features documented in this module, and to see a list of the releases in which each feature is supported, see the feature information table.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Prerequisites for Controlling Subscriber Bandwidth

A Cisco ASR 1000 series router must have the following shared port adapters (SPAs) installed to enable DBS:

- SPA-3XOC3-ATM-V2
- SPA-1XOC3-ATM-V2

- SPA-1XOC12-ATM-V2

Restrictions for Controlling Subscriber Bandwidth

The DBS feature does not support the following:

- Switched virtual circuits (SVC)
- ATM port adapters installed in a Cisco ASR 1000 series router
- When changing QoS values dynamically on a VC, there can be some duration (in milliseconds) during which traffic on the VC is dropped.

Information About Controlling Subscriber Bandwidth

Traffic-Shaping Parameters

Using DBS you can set the ATM permanent virtual circuit (PVC) traffic-shaping parameters to be dynamically changed based on the RADIUS profile of a PPPoE or PPPoA user logging in on the PVC. If the user is the first user on a given PVC, the RADIUS profile values override the default values of the PVC. If users already exist on the PVC, the new value overrides the existing configuration only if it is higher than the existing value. If multiple PPPoE sessions are allowed on a subscriber VC, the highest peak cell rate (PCR) and sustainable cell rate (SCR) of all the sessions are selected as the PCR and SCR, respectively, of the VC.

You can apply DBS QoS parameters per user as well as per domain. If you apply DBS QoS parameters under a domain profile, all users in that profile are assigned the same DBS QoS parameters. These parameters are assigned to the RADIUS profile for that domain. You can also apply distinctive DBS QoS parameters via the RADIUS user profile.

Traffic-shaping parameters can be locally configured by Cisco IOS command-line interface (CLI) in VC-mode, VC-class, range mode, or PVC-in-range mode. These parameters have a lower priority and are overridden by the shaping parameters specified in the domain service profile. Traffic-shaping parameters that are CLI-configured at the VC class interface or subinterface level are treated as the default QoS parameters for the PVCs to which they apply. These parameters are overridden by the domain service profile QoS parameters of the domain the user is logged in to. If no VC class is configured, the default is the unspecified bit rate (UBR).

When a network access server (NAS) sends a domain authorization request and receives an affirmative response from the RADIUS server, this response may include a "QoS-management" string via vendor-specific attribute (VSA) 26 for QoS management in the NAS. The QoS management values are configured as part of the domain service profile attributes on the RADIUS server. These values contain PCR and SCR values for a particular user or domain. If the QoS specified for a domain or user cannot be applied on the PVC to which the session belongs, the session is not established.

Changing PVC traffic parameters because of new simultaneous PPPoE sessions on the PVC does not cause existing PPPoE sessions that are already established to disconnect. Changing domain service profile QoS parameters on the RADIUS server does not cause traffic parameters to automatically change for PVCs that have existing sessions.

When you enter the **dbns enable** or **no dbns enable** command to configure or unconfigure DBS, existing sessions are not disconnected. If you have a session that has been configured for DBS and you configure the **no dbns enable** command on a VC, additional sessions that are configured will display DBS-configured QoS values until the first new session is up. After the first session is brought up, the VC has default and locally configured values. If you configure the **dbns enable** command after multiple sessions are already up on the VC, all sessions on that VC have DBS QoS parameters.

Benefits of Controlling Subscriber Bandwidth

DBS provides the following benefits:

- Wholesale service providers can provide different bandwidth options to their retail service provider customers, such as ISPs and enterprises.
- Subscribers can choose between enhanced and basic service, with a fixed billing plan for each service.

How to Control Subscriber Bandwidth

Configuring DBS Under a VC Class

Perform the following task to configure DBS under a VC class.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **vc-class atm** *vc-class-name*
4. **dbns enable**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Router> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	vc-class atm <i>vc-class-name</i> Example: Router(config)# vc-class atm class1	Creates an ATM VC class and enters ATM VC class configuration mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A VC class can be applied to an ATM interface, subinterface, or VC.
Step 4	dbns enable Example: Router(config-vc-class)# dbns enable	Applies DBS QoS parameters.

Configuring DBS on a PVC

Perform the following task to configure DBS for a PVC.

SUMMARY STEPS

- enable
- configure terminal
- interface atm *number* [point-to-point | multipoint]
- pvc [*name*] vpi *lvc*
- dbns enable
- protocol pppoe

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Router> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 3	interface atm <i>number</i> [point-to-point multipoint] Example: <pre>Router(config)# interface atm 5/0.1 multipoint</pre>	Specifies an ATM interface or subinterface and enters interface configuration mode.
Step 4	pvc [<i>name</i>] <i>vpi</i> / <i>vci</i> Example: <pre>Router(config-if)# pvc 2/101</pre>	Specifies an ATM PVC and creates or assigns a name to an ATM PVC, and enters interface-ATM-VC configuration mode. Note The arguments <i>vpi</i> and <i>vci</i> cannot both be set to 0; if one is 0, the other cannot be 0.
Step 5	dbns enable Example: <pre>Router(config-if-atm-vc)# dbns enable</pre>	Applies DBS QoS parameters.
Step 6	protocol pppoe Example: <pre>Router(config-if-atm-vc)# protocol pppoe</pre>	Specifies PPPoE as the protocol of the ATM PVC.

Configuring DBS on a Range of PVCs

Perform this task to configure DBS for a range of PVCs.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. **enable**
2. **configure terminal**
3. **interface atm** *number* [**point-to-point** | **multipoint**]
4. **range**[*range-name*] **pvc** *start-vpi* / *start-vci* *end-vpi* / *end-vci*
5. **dbns enable**

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Example: Router> enable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	interface atm <i>number</i> [point-to-point multipoint] Example: Router(config)# interface atm 5/0.1 multipoint	Specifies an ATM interface or subinterface and enters interface configuration mode.
Step 4	range[<i>range-name</i>] pvc <i>start-vpi / start-vci end-vpi / end-vci</i> Example: Router(config-subif)# range pvc 0/101 0/500 class-range pppoe	Defines a range of ATM PVCs and enables PVC range configuration mode.
Step 5	dbns enable Example: Router(config-if-atm-vc)# dbns enable	Applies DBS QoS parameters.

Configuring DBS on a PVC Within a PVC Range

Perform this task to configure DBS for a specific PVC within a range of PVCs.

SUMMARY STEPS

- enable
- configure terminal
- interface atm *number* [point-to-point | multipoint]
- range [*range-name*] pvc *start-vpi / start-vci end-vpi / end-vci*
- in-range [*pvc-name*] [[*vpi / vci*]
- dbns enable

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable Example: Router> enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enter your password if prompted.
Step 2	configure terminal Example: Router# configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 3	interface atm number [point-to-point multipoint] Example: Router(config)# interface atm 5/0.1 multipoint	Specifies an ATM interface or subinterface and enters interface configuration mode.
Step 4	range [range-name] pvc start-vpi / start-vci end-vpi / end-vci Example: Router(config-subif)# range pvc 0/101 0/500 class-range pppoe	Defines a range of ATM PVCs and enables PVC range configuration mode.
Step 5	in-range [pvc-name] [[vpi /]vci] Example: Router(config-if-atm-range)# pvc-in-range pvc1 3/104	Defines an individual PVC within a PVC range and enables PVC-in-range configuration mode.
Step 6	dbns enable Example: Router(config-if-atm-range-pvc)# dbns enable	Applies DBS QoS parameters.

Configuring the RADIUS Attributes for DBS

You can apply DBS QoS parameters per user as well as per domain. If you apply DBS QoS parameters under a domain profile, all users in that profile are assigned the same DBS QoS parameters. These parameters are assigned to the RADIUS profile for that domain. You can also apply distinctive DBS QoS parameters via the RADIUS user profile.

Configure the RADIUS attributes listed in this section in the user or domain profiles on the authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) server. The user or domain profile is downloaded from the AAA server as part of user authentication.

The QoS management string for DBS has the following syntax:

```
Cisco-Avpair = atm:peak-cell-rate=155000
Cisco-Avpair = atm:sustainable-cell-rate=155000
```

You must configure the PCR. Configuring the SCR is optional. If you configure only the PCR, the ATM service type is an unspecified bit rate (UBR). If you specify both the SCR and the PCR, the ATM service type is a variable bit rate nonreal-time (VBR-nrt) connection.

If the peak rate is greater than the maximum rate permitted on the ATM physical interface, the PCR applied on the ATM PVC is set to the maximum rate. If the specified PCR is less than the minimum rate, then the PCR applied on the ATM PVC is the minimum rate.

If the sustainable-cell-rate (in Kbps) applied exceeds the maximum for the interface, the session is rejected.

**Note**

DBS cannot change service categories such as from UBR to VBR-nrt. For details, see the table in [Configuring Dynamic Subscriber Services](#).

Verifying DBS

**Note**

The configuration examples in this section explain the PPPOE termination using a VPDN group.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. Enter the **show atm pvc vpi / vci** command to view details about ATM PVCs or VCs:
2. Enter the **show atm pvc db**s command to display information about ATM PVCs that have DBS QoS parameters applied:
3. Enter the **show running-config** command to verify that DBS QoS parameters have been applied. If you enter the **db**s enable or the **no db**s enable command, it appears in the output of the **show running-config** command. If you enter the **default db**s enable command, it does not appear.

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 Enter the **show atm pvc vpi / vci** command to view details about ATM PVCs or VCs:

Example:

```
Router# show atm pvc 0/75
ATM1/0.4:VCD:1, VPI:0, VCI:75
UBR, PeakRate:149760
AAL5-LLC/SNAP, etype:0x0, Flags:0xC20, VCmode:0x0
OAM frequency:0 second(s), OAM retry frequency:1 second(s)
OAM up retry count:3, OAM down retry count:5
OAM Loopback status:OAM Disabled
OAM VC state:Not Managed
```



```

ILMI VC state:Not Managed
PA TxRingLimit:40 particles
PA Rx Limit:1600 particles
InARP frequency:15 minutes(s)
Transmit priority 4
InPkts:18, OutPkts:21, InBytes:1263, OutBytes:1476
InProc:18, OutProc:3
InFast:0, OutFast:0, InAS:0, OutAS:0
InPktDrops:0, OutPktDrops:0/0/0 (holdq/outputq/total)
CrcErrors:0, SarTimeOuts:0, OverSizedSDUs:0, LengthViolation:0,
CPIErrors:0
Out CLP=1 Pkts:0
OAM cells received:0
F5 InEndloop:0, F5 InSegloop:0, F5 InAIS:0, F5 InRDI:0
F4 InEndloop:0, F4 InSegloop:0, F4 InAIS:0, F4 InRDI:0
OAM cells sent:0
F5 OutEndloop:0, F5 OutSegloop:0, F5 OutRDI:0
F4 OutEndloop:0, F4 OutSegloop:0, F4 OutRDI:0
OAM cell drops:0
Status:UP
PPPOE enabled.
DBS enabled.

```

Step 2 Enter the **show atm pvc dbs** command to display information about ATM PVCs that have DBS QoS parameters applied:

Example:

```

Router# show atm pvc dbs
          VCD /
Interface Name      VPI  VCI  Type  Encaps  SC      Peak  Avg/Min  Burst
Sts                                     Kbps  Kbps    Cells
1/0.7     3              0   75   PVC   MUX     VBR    2000   700    94
UP

```

Step 3 Enter the **show running-config** command to verify that DBS QoS parameters have been applied. If you enter the **db enable** or the **no db enable** command, it appears in the output of the **show running-config** command. If you enter the **default db enable** command, it does not appear.

Example:

```

Router# show running-config
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 2902 bytes
!
version 12.2
no service single-slot-reload-enable
service timestamps debug uptime
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
!
hostname host1
!
aaa new-model
!
!
aaa authentication ppp default group radius
aaa authorization network default group radius
aaa session-id common
!
username usera password 0 password0
username lac password 0 password1
username lns password 0 password2
username nrp1 password 0 password3
username user1 password 0 password4
username nrp1-3 password 0 password5
username xyz@abc.com password 0 password6
ip subnet-zero

```



```
no ip mroute-cache
pvc 0/95
  class-vc pppoa
  ubr 5000
!
!
interface ATM1/0.10 point-to-point
no ip route-cache
no ip mroute-cache
range pvc 0/101 0/500
  class-range pppoe
!
  pvc-in-range 0/102
  no dbs enable
!
!
interface Virtual-Templat1
ip unnumbered Loopback1
ip mtu 1492
no keepalive
peer default ip address pool local_pool
ppp authentication chap
!
interface Virtual-Template2
ip address negotiated
ip mtu 1492
peer default ip address pool local_pool
ppp authentication chap
!
interface Virtual-Template10
ip address 192.168.11.1 255.255.255.0
no keepalive
peer default ip address pool p3
ppp authentication chap
!
interface Virtual-Template11
ip address negotiated
no keepalive
ppp chap hostname host1
ppp chap password password1
!
ip local pool p3 192.168.0.0 192.170.12.250
ip local pool local_pool 150.10.3.1 150.10.10.250
ip default-gateway 10.0.74.1
ip classless
ip route 10.0.0.0 10.0.0.0 10.0.74.1
ip route 10.107.164.0 255.255.255.0 FastEthernet0/0
no ip http server
!
!
!
radius-server host 172.18.0.0 auth-port 1645 acct-port 1646
radius-server retransmit 3
radius-server key cisco
call rsvp-sync
!
!
mgcp profile default
!
!
gatekeeper
  shutdown
!
!
line con 0
line aux 0
line vty 5 15
!
```

```
!
end
```

Monitoring DBS

Use the commands listed below to monitor DBS:

Command	Purpose
debug atm events	Displays the normal set of ATM events when a session comes up or goes down.
debug atm errors	Displays protocol errors and error statistics associated with VCs.
debug atm status	Displays changes in the status of a VC when a session comes up or goes down or when the VC configuration is changed.
debug ppp authentication	Displays authentication protocol messages, including Challenge Authentication Protocol (CHAP) packet exchanges and Password Authentication Protocol (PAP) exchanges.
debug ppp error	Displays protocol errors and error statistics associated with PPP connection negotiation and operation.
debug ppp negotiation	Enables debugging of PPP negotiation process.
debug radius	Displays detailed debugging information associated with RADIUS.
debug vpdn event	Displays Layer 2 tunneling protocol (L2TP) errors and events that are a part of normal tunnel establishment or shutdown for VPDNs.
debug vpdn l2x-errors	Displays Layer 2 forwarding protocol (L2F) and L2TP errors that prevent tunnel establishment or normal operation.
debug vpdn l2x-events	Displays L2F and L2TP events that are part of tunnel establishment or shutdown.
debug vpdn pppoe-errors	Displays PPPoE protocol errors that prevent a session from being established or errors that cause an established session to be closed.

Command	Purpose
<code>debug vpdn pppoe-events</code>	Displays PPPoE protocol messages about events that are part of normal session establishment or shutdown.
<code>show atm pvc</code>	Displays all ATM PVCs and traffic information.
<code>show atm pvc dbs</code>	Displays ATM PVCs that have DBS QoS parameters applied.
<code>show atm vc detailed</code>	Displays information about ATM PVCs and SVCs.
<code>show interfaces virtual-access</code>	Displays status, traffic data, and configuration information about a specified virtual access interface.

Configuration Examples for Controlling Subscriber Bandwidth

Configuring DBS for a VC Class Example

In the following example, DBS QoS parameters have been applied to a VC called "cisco":

```
vc-class atm cisco
dbs enable
```

Configuring DBS for a PVC Example

In the following example, DBS QoS parameters have been applied on a PVC called "cisco":

```
interface atm0/0/0.5 point-to-point
ip address 10.0.0.0 255.255.255.0
pvc cisco 0/100
dbs enable
protocol pppoe
```

Configuring DBS for a Range of PVCs Example

In the following example, DBS QoS parameters have been applied on a range of PVCs. The range is named "cisco range" and has a *start-vpi* of 0, a *start-vci* of 50, an *end-vpi* of 0, and an *end-vci* of 70:

```
interface atm0/0/0.1 multipoint
ip address 10.0.0.0 255.255.255.0
range cisco pvc 0/50 0/70
dbs enable
```

Configuring DBS for a PVC Within a PVC Range Example

In the following example, DBS parameters have been applied on PVC 60, which is part of the PVC range called "cisco":

```
interface atm0/0/0.1 multipoint
 range cisco pvc 0/50 0/70
 pvc-in-range 0/60
 dbs enable
```

Configuring RADIUS Attributes Examples

The following example shows how to configure RADIUS attributes for a domain profile for DBS:

```
cisco.com Password = "cisco", Service-Type = Outbound
 Service-Type = Outbound,
 Cisco-Avpair = "vpdn:tunnel-id=tunnel133",
 Cisco-Avpair = "vpdn:tunnel-type=l2tp",
 Cisco-Avpair = "vpdn:l2tp-tunnel-password=password2",
 Cisco-Avpair = "vpdn:ip-addresses=172.16.0.0",
 Cisco-Avpair = "atm:peak-cell-rate=155000",
 Cisco-Avpair = "atm:sustainable-cell-rate=155000"
```

The following example shows how to configure RADIUS attributes for a user profile for DBS:

```
user1@cisco.com Password = "userpassword1", Service-Type = Outbound
 Service-Type = Outbound,
 Cisco-Avpair = "atm:peak-cell-rate=155000",
 Cisco-Avpair = "atm:sustainable-cell-rate=155000"
```

Additional References

Related Documents

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco IOS commands	Cisco IOS Master Commands List, All Releases
Cisco Subscriber Edge Services Manager	Cisco Subscriber Edge Services Manager
Access Point Name Manager	APN Manager Application Programming Guide
RADIUS configuration	<i>"Configuring RADIUS" chapter of the Cisco IOS Security Configuration Guide</i>
RADIUS attributes	<i>"RADIUS Attributes" appendix to the Cisco IOS Security Configuration Guide</i>
Broadband access aggregation concepts	<i>"Understanding Broadband Access Aggregation" module</i>

Related Topic	Document Title
Tasks for preparing for broadband access aggregation	"Preparing for Broadband Access Aggregation" <i>module</i>
Broadband access commands: complete command syntax, command mode, command history, defaults, usage guidelines, and examples	"Wide-Area Networking Commands" in the <i>Cisco IOS Wide-Area Networking Command Reference</i>

Standards

Standards	Title
None	--

MIBs

MIBs	MIBs Link
None	To locate and download MIBs for selected platforms, Cisco IOS XE software releases, and feature sets, use Cisco MIB Locator found at the following URL: http://www.cisco.com/go/mibs

RFCs

RFCs	Title
None	--

Technical Assistance

Description	Link
<p>The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.</p> <p>To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.</p> <p>Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.</p>	<p>http://www.cisco.com/cisco/web/support/index.html</p>

Feature Information for Controlling Subscriber Bandwidth

The following table provides release information about the feature or features described in this module. This table lists only the software release that introduced support for a given feature in a given software release train. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about platform support and Cisco software image support. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to www.cisco.com/go/cfn. An account on Cisco.com is not required.

Table 1: Feature Information for Controlling Subscriber Bandwidth

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Configuration Information
Dynamic Subscriber Bandwidth Selection (DBS)	Cisco IOS XE Release 2.5	This feature enables wholesale service providers to sell different classes of service to retail service providers by controlling bandwidth at the ATM virtual circuit (VC) level. ATM quality of service (QoS) parameters from the subscriber domain are applied to the ATM PVC on which a PPPoE or PPPoA session is established.