

Cisco APIC M1/M2/M3/L1/L2/L3 to M4/L4 Cluster Migration, Release 6.0(2)

Version 1.2

Contents

Goals of This Document.....	3
Software Release Requirements	3
Hardware Compatibility.....	3
Guidelines and Limitations for Migrating Cisco APIC Servers	4
Replacing the In-service Cisco APIC Servers.....	4
Replacing APIC Servers with APIC Servers Running a Different Software Release	13
Commissioning APIC Servers Without CIMC Connections.....	14
Decommissioning the Standby Cisco APIC Servers to be Replaced by a Normal Cluster	20

Goals of This Document

This document provides details on how to perform an in-service replacement of older generation Cisco APIC servers with the L4/M4 model. As announced on [cisco.com](https://www.cisco.com)¹, the Cisco APIC L1/M1 and L2/M2 servers have reached their end-of-sale and end-of-life date. At the time of this writing, the suggested Cisco APIC server replacement is Cisco APIC L4/M4.

Note: This document is for the Cisco APIC 6.0(2) and later releases. For cluster migration information for the 5.3 releases, see [Cisco APIC M1/M2/M3/L1/L2/L3 to M4/L4 Cluster Migration, Release 5.3\(1\)](#).

Software Release Requirements

The Cisco APIC L4/M4 requires the Cisco APIC software 5.3(1) release or later or the 6.0(2) release or later. This document uses the Cisco APIC M4/L4 and Cisco APIC 6.0(2h) release as an example. Cisco APIC servers forming a cluster must all run the same software release. You cannot have different software releases inside one cluster; doing so will result in the cluster not converging. There is one exception to this rule: during a software upgrade process, there will be a temporary divergence in software releases within the cluster. This means that before you attempt to replace the existing Cisco APIC M1/L1, M2/L2, or M3/L3 server with a Cisco APIC M4/L4 server, you must bring the running cluster to a supported release.

To determine which release you are currently running on the Cisco APIC server, power on your M4/L4. Cisco APIC M4/L4 servers shipping at the time of this writing are shipped with Cisco APIC release 6.0(2h).

Cisco APIC release 6.0(2) and later supports Auto Firmware Update when replacing or installing a new APIC. With this feature, any new APIC is automatically upgraded to the release of the other APICs in the cluster.

Hardware Compatibility

You can mix Cisco APIC M1/L1, M2/L2, M3/L3, and M4/L4 using any possible combination. There are no restrictions other than the minimum software release mentioned in the Software Release Requirements.

Table 1. Table Caption

	APIC-M1/L1	APIC-M2/L2	APIC-M3/L3	APIC-M4/L4
APIC-M1/L1	X	X	X	x
APIC-M2/L2	X	X	X	X
APIC-M3/L3	X	X	X	X
APIC-M4/L4	X	X	X	X

¹ <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/cloud-systems-management/application-policy-infrastructure-controller-apic/eos-eol-notice-listing.html>

When a cluster has a mix of hardware models, its performance aligns to the lowest common denominator. For example, a Cisco APIC-M2 cluster scales up to 1000 edge ports while an APIC-M3 cluster increases that number to 1200².

Guidelines and Limitations for Migrating Cisco APIC Servers

- The Cisco APIC L1/M1 server is no longer supported. However, you can still use the procedures in this document to migrate Cisco APIC L1/M1 servers to a newer server model.
- When you decommission a Cisco APIC, the APIC loses all fault, event, and audit log history that was stored in it. If you replace all Cisco APICs, you lose all log history. Before you migrate a Cisco APIC, we recommend that you manually backup the log history.
- Do not decommission more than one Cisco APIC at a time.
- Wait until the cluster reaches the fully fit state before proceeding with a new replacement.
- Do not leave a decommissioned Cisco APIC powered on.

Replacing the In-service Cisco APIC Servers

This section describes how to replace a Cisco APIC cluster on every existing M1/L1, M2/L2, or M3/L3 server with an M4/L4 server model in service with no impact to the data plane nor the control plane. The procedure is fully supported by Cisco. This procedure focuses on a 3-node Cisco APIC cluster and the process is similar for larger clusters.

Procedure

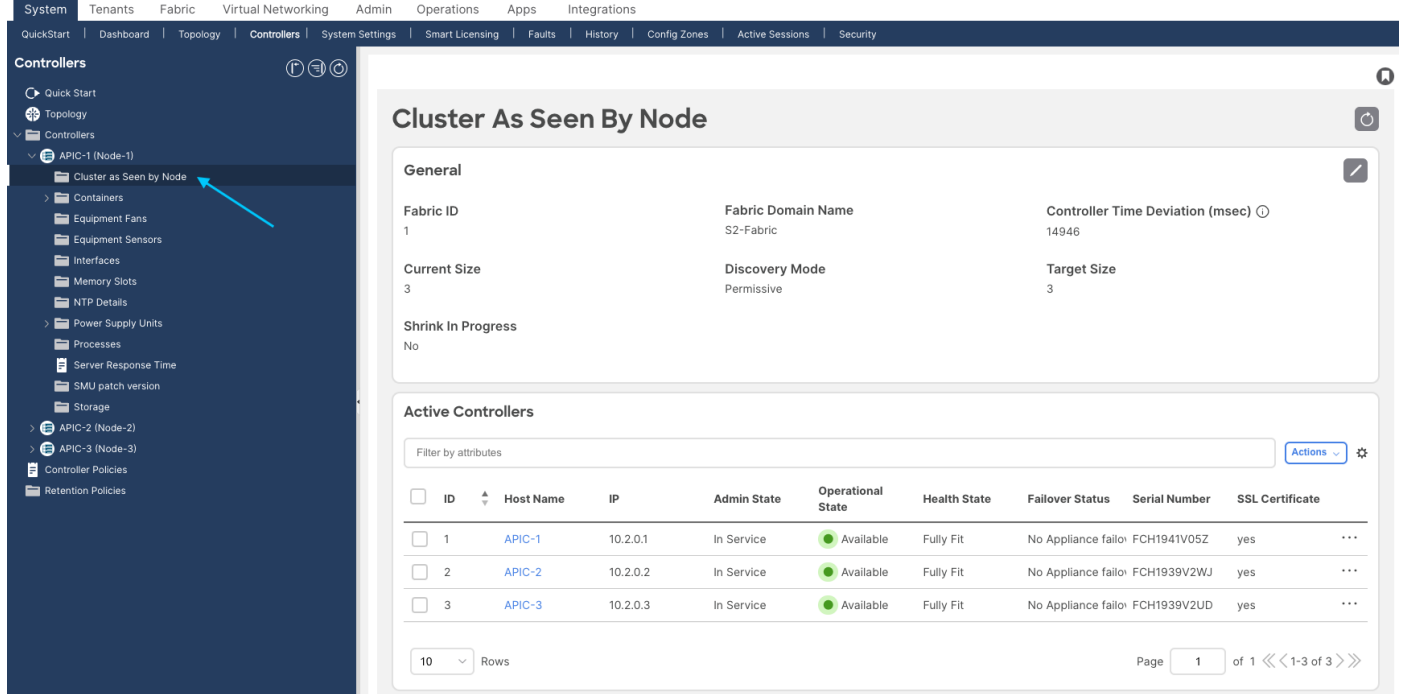
- Step 1.** Validate that the existing cluster is fully-fit.

² <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/cloud-systems-management/application-policy-infrastructure-controller-apic/datasheet-c78-739715.html>

Ensure your existing cluster is fully fit before attempting this procedure. You must not upgrade or modify a Cisco APIC cluster that is not fully fit. To verify that your existing cluster is fully fit:

- a. In the menu bar, choose **System > Controllers**.
- b. In the Navigation pane, expand **Controllers** and choose any Cisco APIC.
- c. Expand the Cisco APIC and choose **Cluster as seen by node**.

Figure 1



- d. Check the operational state of all nodes. The nodes must be "Available" and the health state must be "Fully Fit."
- e. In Figure 2, Figure 3, and Figure 4, the initial cluster contains three Cisco APIC M2s.

Figure 2

Properties

- Allocated Memory (KB): 65343512
- Free Memory (KB): 48588324
- APIC Serial Number: FCH1941V05Z
- APIC Model: **APIC-SERVER-M2**
- CPU Architecture: x86_64
- Cores: 6
- CPU Model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2609 v3 @ 1.90GHz
- Speed (GHz): 1.197
- Vendor: GenuineIntel
- Locator LED: Blinking
- Locator LED Color: Blue

Figure 3

Properties

Allocated Memory (KB): 65343512
Free Memory (KB): 45336492
APIC Serial Number: FCH1939V2WJ
APIC Model: APIC-SERVER-M2
CPU Architecture: x86_64
Cores: 6
CPU Model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2609 v3 @ 1.90GHz
Speed (GHz): 1.197
Vendor: GenuineIntel
Locator LED: Blinking
Locator LED Color: Blue

Figure 4

Properties

Allocated Memory (KB): 65343504
Free Memory (KB): 42212376
APIC Serial Number: FCH1939V2UD
APIC Model: APIC-SERVER-M2
CPU Architecture: x86_64
Cores: 6
CPU Model: Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2609 v3 @ 1.90GHz
Speed (GHz): 1.197
Vendor: GenuineIntel
Locator LED: Blinking
Locator LED Color: Blue

Step 2. Cable the replacement Cisco APIC M4/L4 servers.

In this scenario, you are replacing all three Cisco APIC M2 servers with Cisco APIC M4 servers. The process is the same as when replacing four, five, six, or seven servers. Physically install the replacement servers in the data center and cable them to the existing Cisco ACI fabric as you would with any server. Cable the Out-of-band (OOB) management connection. There is no need to set aside new IP addresses for the replacement Cisco APIC servers, because each Cisco APIC will simply take over the IP address of the server it is replacing.

Step 3. Power up the Cisco APIC M4/L4 server that will replace an existing Cisco APIC server.

Bring up a Serial over LAN (SoL), vKVM console connection, or physical VGA connection so you can monitor their boot process. After a few minutes, you will be prompted to press any key to continue. Pressing any key at the prompt will show the APIC release installed on the M4/L4 server.

Figure 5

```

KVM Console | APIC-SERVER-M4 | WZP271800W0 | 1 | admin
[ 14.226146] scsi 3:0:0:0: Attached scsi generic sg4 type 3
[ 14.247324] ata1.00: Enabling discard_zeroes_data
[ 14.301379] hub 1-1.1:1.0: USB hub found
[ 14.304140] sdc: sdc1 sdc2 sdc3 sdc4 sdc5 sdc6
[ 14.319748] hub 1-1.1:1.0: 4 ports detected
[ 14.340091] ata1.00: Enabling discard_zeroes_data
[ 14.420201] usb 1-2.1: new high-speed USB device number 5 using xhci_hcd
[ 14.430435] sd 1:0:0:0: [sdcl] Attached SCSI disk
[ 14.531854] usb 1-2.1: New USB device found, idVendor=05a6, idProduct=0a01, bcdDevice= 1.00
[ 14.706028] usb 1-2.1: New USB device strings: Mfr=1, Product=2, SerialNumber=3
[ 14.726493] usb 1-2.1: Product: Virtual Keyboard/Mouse
[ 14.743774] usb 1-2.1: Manufacturer: Cisco Systems, Inc.
[ 14.763425] usb 1-2.1: SerialNumber: 2019/06/07
[ 14.974970] input: Cisco Systems, Inc. Virtual Keyboard/Mouse as /devices/pci0000:40/0000:40:08.1/0000:48:00.3/usb1/1-2/1-2.1/1-2.1.1.0/0003:05A6:0A01.0001/input/input3
[ 15.077367] hid-generic 0003:05A6:0A01.0001: input,hidraw0: USB HID v1.01 Keyboard [Cisco Systems, Inc. Virtual Keyboard/Mouse] on usb-0000:48:00.3-2.1/input0
[ 15.133293] input: Cisco Systems, Inc. Virtual Keyboard/Mouse as /devices/pci0000:40/0000:40:08.1/0000:48:00.3/usb1/1-2/1-2.1/1-2.1.1/0003:05A6:0A01.0002/input/input4
[ 15.194508] hid-generic 0003:05A6:0A01.0002: input,hidraw1: USB HID v1.01 Mouse [Cisco Systems, Inc. Virtual Keyboard/Mouse] on usb-0000:48:00.3-2.1/input1
[ 15.251662] input: Cisco Systems, Inc. Virtual Keyboard/Mouse as /devices/pci0000:40/0000:40:08.1/0000:48:00.3/usb1/1-2/1-2.1/1-2.1.1.2/0003:05A6:0A01.0003/input/input5
[ 15.296777] hid-generic 0003:05A6:0A01.0003: input,hidraw2: USB HID v1.01 Mouse [Cisco Systems, Inc. Virtual Keyboard/Mouse] on usb-0000:48:00.3-2.1/input2
[ 15.478465] EXT4-fs (sdc1): recovery complete
[ 15.498162] EXT4-fs (sdc1): mounted filesystem with ordered data mode. Opts: (null)
[ 15.521603] ext4 filesystem being mounted at /factory/pbf supports timestamps until 2038 (0x7fffffff)
[ 51.903242] EXT4-fs (dm-1): recovery complete
[ 51.916247] EXT4-fs (dm-1): mounted filesystem with ordered data mode. Opts: (null)
[ 52.006241] device-mapper: thin: Data device (dm-3) discard unsupported: Disabling discard passthrough.
[ 52.343103] device-mapper: thin: Data device (dm-3) discard unsupported: Disabling discard passthrough.
[ 52.477234] EXT4-fs (dm-5): mounted filesystem with ordered data mode. Opts: (null)
[ 52.975025] EXT4-fs (dm-10): mounted filesystem with ordered data mode. Opts: (null)
[ 53.488662] systemd-journald[390]: Received SIGTERM from PID 1 (systemd).
[ 53.574738] SELinux: Runtime disable is deprecated, use selinux=0 on the kernel cmdline.
[ 53.597521] SELinux: Disabled at runtime.
[ 53.648251] audit: type=1404 audit(1691791050.496:2): enforcing=0 old_enforcing=0 auid=4294967295 ses=4294967295 enabled=0 old-enabled=1 lsm=selinux res=1
[ 54.341332] systemd-journald[1113]: Received client request to flush runtime journal.

Press any key to continue...

```

```

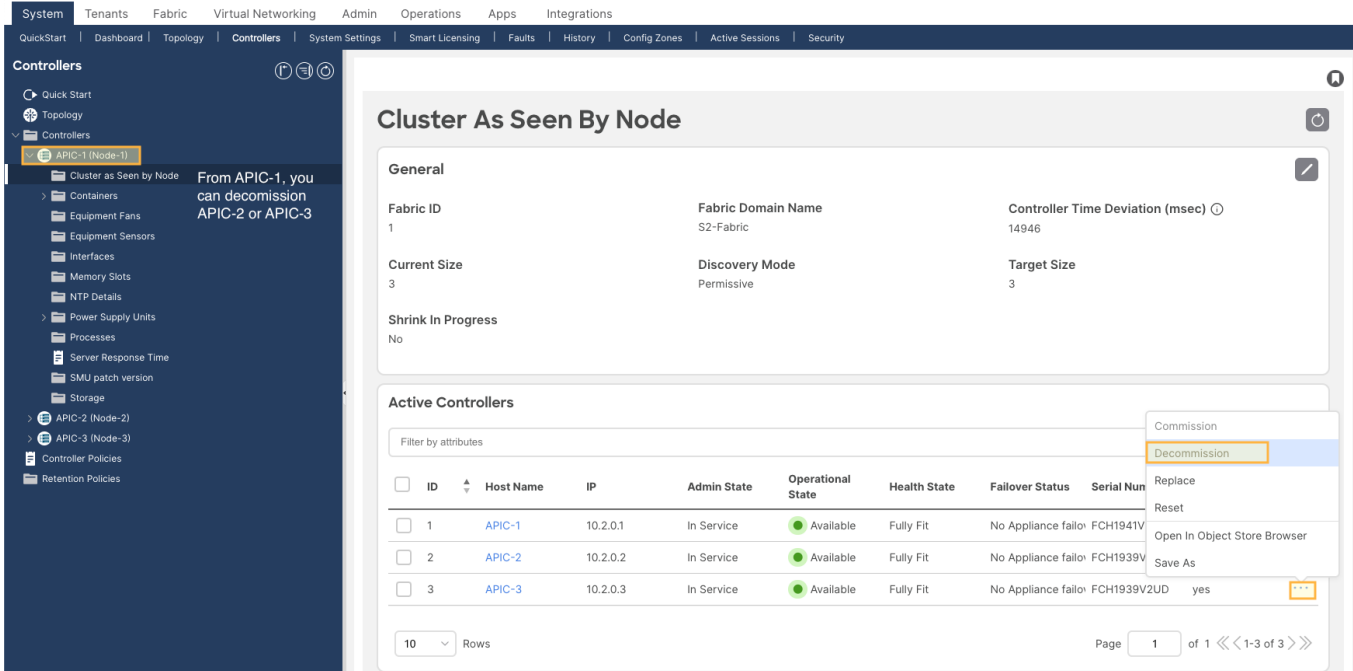
KVM Console | APIC-SERVER-M4 | WZP271800W0 | 1 | admin
APIC Version: 6.0(2h)
Welcome to APIC Setup Utility
Press Enter Or Input JSON string to bootstrap your APIC node.

```

Step 4. Decommission Cisco APIC 3 (or the highest number APIC in the cluster).

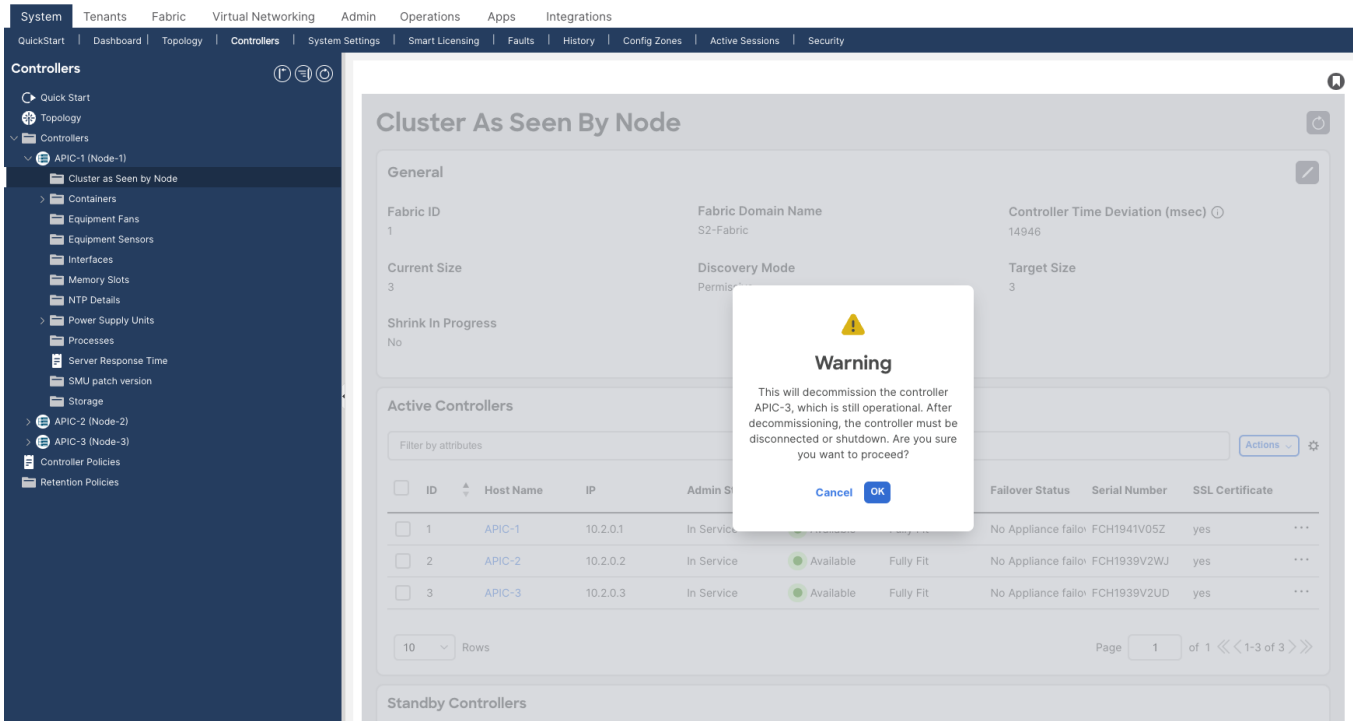
From Cisco APIC number 1 or 2, within the " cluster as seen by node" view (Figure 6), decommission the last Cisco APIC by right-clicking on that Cisco APIC and choosing **Decommission** as shown in Figure 6.

Figure 6



After choosing **Decommission**, you are prompted to confirm the selection. A message displays instructing you to disconnect or power down the APIC after decommissioning it.

Figure 7



After decommissioning the APIC, the GUI shows the APIC as "Out of Service" and "Unregistered."

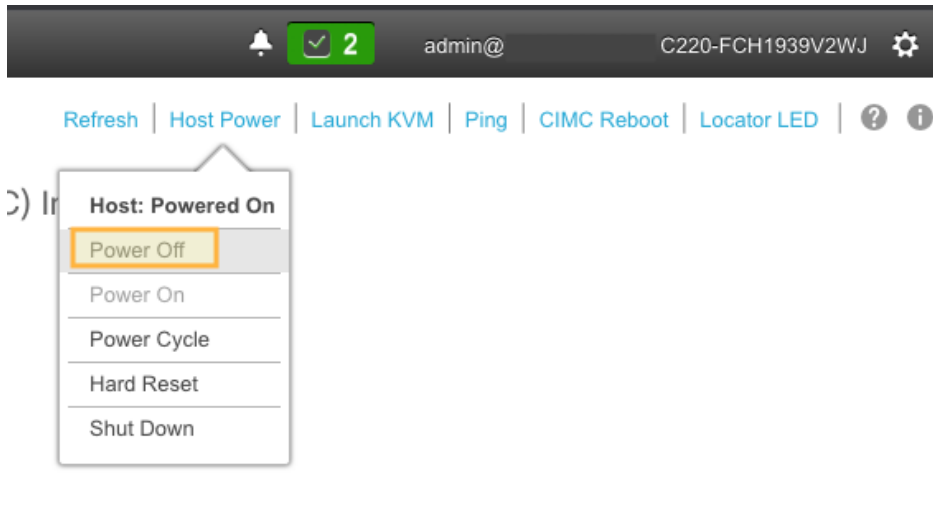
Figure 8

<input type="checkbox"/>	1	APIC-1	10.2.0.1	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance failo	FCH1941V05Z	yes	...
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	APIC-2	10.2.0.2	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance failo	FCH1939V2WJ	yes	...
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	APIC-3	0.0.0.0	Out of Service	Unregistered	Unknown	No Appliance failo		yes	...

Wait roughly 5 minutes, then log into that Cisco APIC's CIMC to initiate a power off sequence or use the server power off button to power off the server after having decommissioned the Cisco APIC server. You will see the status change from "In Service" to "Out of Service."

You can power off the Cisco APIC from the CIMC GUI or CLI. The example in Figure 9 shows powering off the Cisco APIC from the CIMC GUI.

Figure 9



Step 5. Register the new Cisco APIC for the cluster membership.

Cisco APIC release 6.0(2) and later allows you to replace a Cisco APIC server directly from the GUI, as long as the APIC has access to the replacement APIC server's CIMC. You do not need to perform any bootstrapping of the replacement server from the server console.

The commission step bootstraps the replacement M4/L4 APIC with the following settings:

- CIMC Address
- CIMC username
- CIMC password
- APIC Name (this will be pre-populated when doing commission)
- Admin Password: (cluster password)
- Controller ID: (this will be pre-populated when doing commission)
- Pod-ID
- Serial Number: (will be discovered automatically when APIC connects to CIMC)
- Out-of-Band Address
- Out-of-Band gateway
- On the APIC server that was decommissioned, Right-click on the server and select commission.

Figure 10

Active Controllers

Filter by attributes

<input type="checkbox"/>	ID	Host Name	IP	Admin State	Operational State	Health State	Failover Status	Serial Num	
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	APIC-1	10.2.0.1	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance failo	FCH1941V	
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	APIC-2	10.2.0.2	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance failo	FCH1939V	
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	APIC-3	0.0.0.0	Out of Service	Unregistered	Unknown	No Appliance failo		yes <input type="button" value="..."/>

- Commission
- Decommission
- Replace
- Reset
- Open In Object Store Browser
- Save As

Step 6. Enter the APIC-M4 CIMC address and login credentials and click **Validate**:

Figure 11

Commission

Controller Type

Controller Type

IPv6

Enabled

CIMC Details

IP Address *

172.31.186.83

Username *

admin

Password *

.....

After successful validation, complete the **General** section:

Figure 12

Commission ×

IP Address *
172.31.186.83

Username *
admin

Password *

✓ Validation Success

General

Name *
APIC-3

Admin Password *

Controller ID *
3

Pod ID *
1

Serial Number
WZP271800TK

Cancel Apply

Enter the out-of-band IP address. The out-of-band address should be the same as the decommissioned APIC M2.

Figure 13

Out Of Band Network

IPv4 Address *
172.31.184.14/22

IPv4 Gateway *
172.31.184.1

Cancel Apply

Step 7. Verify cluster membership.

After approximately 5 minutes, you will observe transitions in the operational state and health status. First, you may see the infra IP address configured on the new server. The new server serial number will be populated.

Figure 14

ID	Host Name	IP	Admin State	Operational State	Health State	Failover Status	Serial Number	SSL Certificate
1	APIC-1	10.2.0.1	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance fail	FCH1941V05Z	yes
2	APIC-2	10.2.0.2	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance fail	FCH1939V2WJ	yes
3	APIC-3	10.2.0.3	In Service	Unavailable	Not Created	No Appliance fail	WZP271800TK	yes

Shortly after, the new server's operational state will change to Available. The health state may show "Data Layer Partially Diverged."

Figure 15

1	APIC-1	10.2.0.1	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance fail	FCH1941V05Z	yes
2	APIC-2	10.2.0.2	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance fail	FCH1939V2WJ	yes
3	APIC-3	10.2.0.3	In Service	Available	Data Layer Partia	No Appliance fail	WZP271800TK	yes

APIC 1 and 2 may also transition to the "Diverged" state during cluster synchronization.

Figure 16

1	APIC-1	10.2.0.1	In Service	Available	Data Layer Partia	No Appliance fail	FCH1941V05Z	yes
2	APIC-2	10.2.0.2	In Service	Available	Data Layer Partia	No Appliance fail	FCH1939V2WJ	yes
3	APIC-3	10.2.0.3	In Service	Available	Data Layer Partia	No Appliance fail	WZP271800TK	yes

Wait until all APICs are stable and the health state is "Fully Fit."

Figure 17

ID	Host Name	IP	Admin State	Operational State	Health State	Failover Status	Serial Number	SSL Certificate
1	APIC-1	10.2.0.1	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance fail	FCH1941V05Z	yes
2	APIC-2	10.2.0.2	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance fail	FCH1939V2WJ	yes
3	APIC-3	10.2.0.3	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance fail	WZP271800TK	yes

If you zoom in on the new server's properties, you will see it is indeed an M4/L4 with a new serial number:

Figure 18

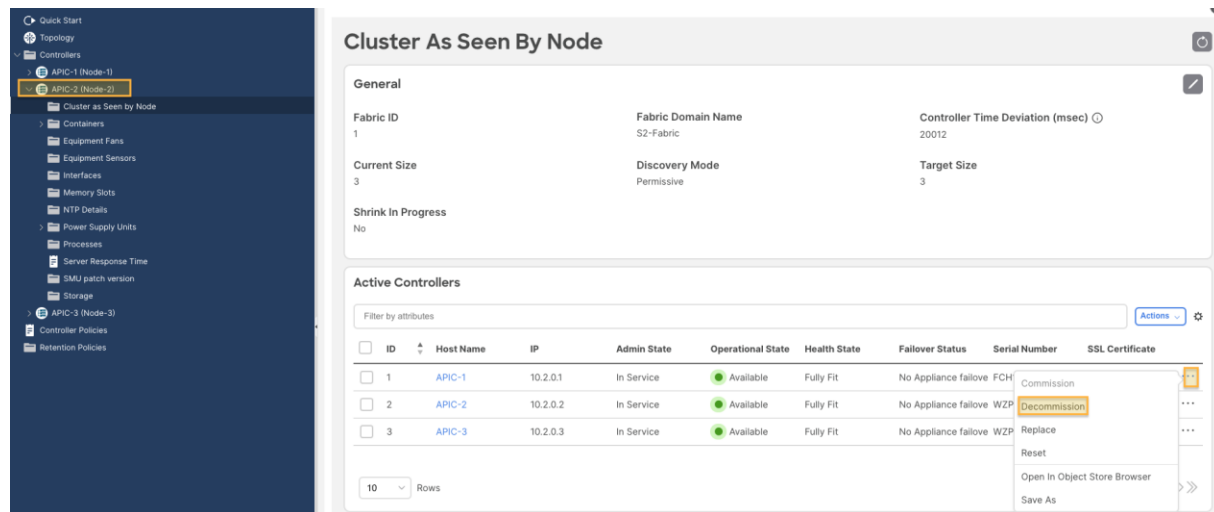
Properties

Allocated Memory (KB): 98547716
 Free Memory (KB): 81515884
 APIC Serial Number: WZP271800TK
APIC Model: APIC-SERVER-M4
 CPU Architecture: x86_64
 Cores: 16
 CPU Model: AMD EPYC 7313P 16-Core Processor
 Speed (GHz): 2.805
 Vendor: AuthenticAMD
 Locator LED: Blinking
 Locator LED Color: Blue

Step 8. Decommission another server.

To decommission another server, repeat steps 4 through 7. Remember that to decommission a server, you need to perform the operation from another server. If you are logged into APIC-1 for example, do not decommission APIC-1. Log into APIC-2, go to the "Cluster As Seen By Node" view for APIC-2 and decommission APIC-1. This is shown below:

Figure 19



Do not forget to power off the server that you decommissioned before attempting to bring in a replacement.

Step 9. Verify the entire cluster.

After replacing all APICs with APIC-M4s, validate that the entire cluster is fully fit:

Figure 20

Active Controllers

Filter by attributes Actions

ID	Host Name	IP	Admin State	Operational State	Health State	Failover Status	Serial Number	SSL Certificate
1	APIC-1	10.2.0.1	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance failover	WZP271800UQ	yes
2	APIC-2	10.2.0.2	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance failover	WZP271800W0	yes
3	APIC-3	10.2.0.3	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance failover	WZP271800TK	yes

At this point, you have a fully operational, fully-fit Cisco APIC cluster with new hardware.

Replacing APIC Servers with APIC Servers Running a Different Software Release

Beginning with Cisco APIC release 6.0(2), APIC servers being commissioned to the cluster can be running a different software release than the cluster. The replacement procedure described in the previous section is the same when the replacement APIC server is running a different software release. You must download the APIC ISO image for the currently installed release to the APIC cluster prior to executing the migration procedure.

Figure 21

File Name	Platform Type	SMU Restart Type	Type	Version	Download Date	Download Status
<input type="checkbox"/> aci-apic-dk9.6.0.3d	NotApplicable	NotApplicable	Controller	apic-6.0(3d)	2023-08-16T03:46:02.8	<input type="checkbox"/> Downloaded

When executing the APIC server migration with APICs running a different software release, it will take longer for the commission step to execute. This step can take more than 30 minutes to be executed. During this time, the APIC cluster state will not update and the replacement server out-of-band management IP address will be unavailable.

Commissioning APIC Servers Without CIMC Connections

Cisco APIC release 6.0(2) and later supports bootstrapping and replacing APICs from the GUI. This simplifies the commission process and removes the requirement to execute the bootstrap configuration directly on the server console.

You cannot use the Cisco APIC GUI bootstrapping procedure if the CIMC address is not reachable from the APIC management address on TCP port 22 or the CIMC is not connected to the network. The examples in this section show how to bootstrap the APIC from the CIMC console or using a REST API POST operation to the APIC management address.

If the replacement APIC server is configured with a CIMC IP address but does not have connectivity to the APIC management address on TCP port 22, you can use the procedure in this section to paste the JSON payload directly to the APIC console using KVM or Serial over LAN (SoL).

The following example JSON string is for a 3-node cluster. Add additional nodes as required.

```
{
  "cluster": {
    "fabricName": "<fabric_name>",
    "fabricId": 1,
    "clusterSize": 3,
    "layer3": false,
    "gipoPool": "225.0.0.0/15",
    "adminPassword": "<password>",
    "infraVlan": <infra VLAN ID>
  },
  "nodes": [{
    "nodeName": "<node_name>",
    "controllerType": "physical",
    "serialNumber": "<serial_number>",
    "nodeId": 1,
    "podId": 1,
    "cimc": {
      "address4": "<ip_address>",
      "username": "admin",
      "password": "<password>"
    },
    "oobNetwork": {
      "address4": "<ip_address>",
      "gateway4": "<gateway_address>",

```

```

        "enableIPv4": true,
        "enableIPv6": false,
        "address6": "",
        "gateway6": ""
    }
}, {
    "nodeName": "<node_name>",
    "controllerType": "physical",
    "serialNumber": "<serial_number>",
    "nodeId": 2,
    "podId": 1,
    "cimc": {
        "address4": "ip_address",
        "username": "admin",
        "password": "<password>"
    },
    "oobNetwork": {
        "address4": "<ip_address>",
        "gateway4": "<gateway_address>",
        "enableIPv4": true,
        "enableIPv6": false,
        "address6": "",
        "gateway6": ""
    }
}, {
    "nodeName": "<node_name>",
    "controllerType": "physical",
    "serialNumber": "<serial_number>",
    "nodeId": 3,
    "podId": 1,
    "cimc": {
        "address4": "<ip_address>",
        "username": "admin",
        "password": "<password>"
    },
    "oobNetwork": {
        "address4": "<ip_address>",
        "gateway4": "<gateway_address>",
        "enableIPv4": true,
        "enableIPv6": false,
        "address6": "",
        "gateway6": ""
    }
}],
"pods": [{
    "podId": 1,
    "tepPool": "10.0.0.0/16"
}]
}

```

The following example procedure commissions APIC-1 using the values in the previous section by pasting directly to the APIC console through the CIMC.

Procedure

- Step 1.** Post the following JSON string directly on the APIC-M4 vKVM console that will be commissioned as APIC-1. The JSON post should include all APICs in the cluster in the nodes section.

```
{
```

```

"cluster": {
  "fabricName": "S2-Fabric",
  "fabricId": 1,
  "clusterSize": 3,
  "layer3": false,
  "gipoPool": "225.0.0.0/15",
  "adminPassword": "<cluster password>",
  "infraVlan": 3914
},
"nodes": [{
  "nodeName": "APIC-1",
  "controllerType": "physical",
  "serialNumber": "WZP271800UQ",
  "nodeId": 1,
  "podId": 1,
  "cimc": {
    "address4": "172.31.186.87",
    "username": "admin",
    "password": "<CIMC password>"
  },
  "oobNetwork": {
    "address4": "172.31.184.12/22",
    "gateway4": "172.31.184.1",
    "enableIPv4": true,
    "enableIPv6": false,
    "address6": "",
    "gateway6": ""
  }
}, {
  "nodeName": "APIC-2",
  "controllerType": "physical",
  "serialNumber": "WZP271800W0",
  "nodeId": 2,
  "podId": 1,
  "cimc": {
    "address4": "172.31.186.85",
    "username": "admin",
    "password": "<CIMC password>"
  },
  "oobNetwork": {
    "address4": "172.31.184.13/22",
    "gateway4": "172.31.184.1",
    "enableIPv4": true,
    "enableIPv6": false,
    "address6": "",
    "gateway6": ""
  }
}, {
  "nodeName": "APIC-3",
  "controllerType": "physical",
  "serialNumber": "WZP271800TK",
  "nodeId": 3,
  "podId": 1,
  "cimc": {
    "address4": "172.31.186.83",
    "username": "admin",
    "password": "<CIMC password>"
  },
  "oobNetwork": {

```



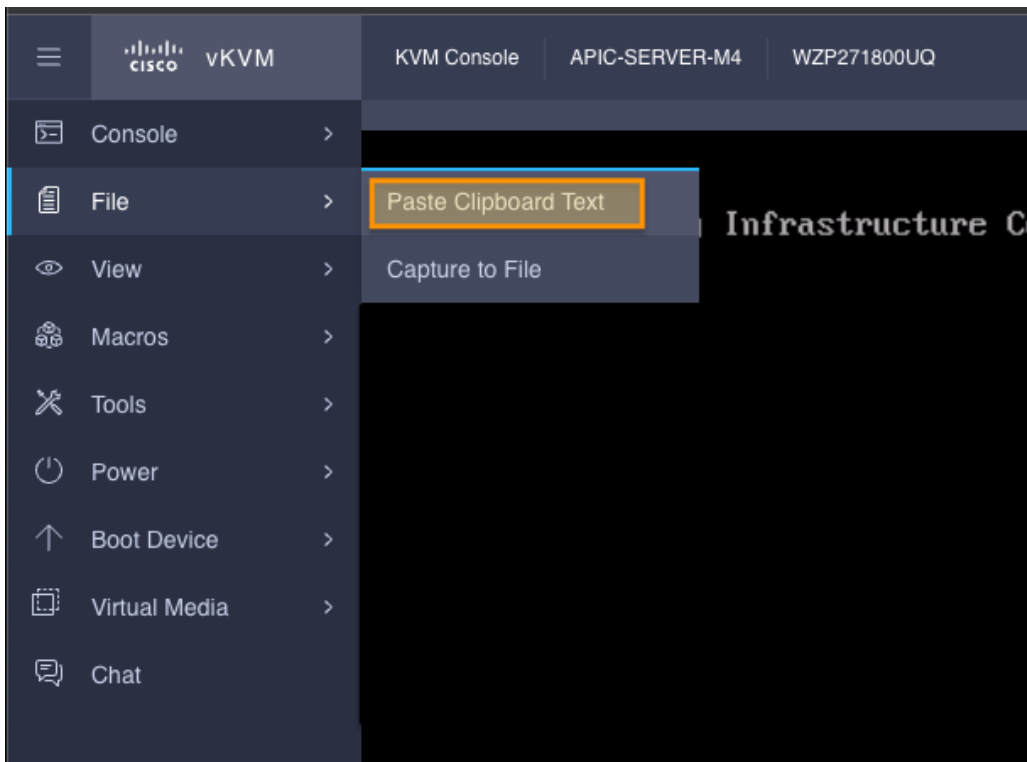
```

        "address4": "172.31.184.14/22",
        "gateway4": "172.31.184.1",
        "enableIPv4": true,
        "enableIPv6": false,
        "address6": "",
        "gateway6": ""
    }
  }],
  "pods": [{
    "podId": 1,
    "tepPool": "10.2.0.0/16"
  }]
}

```

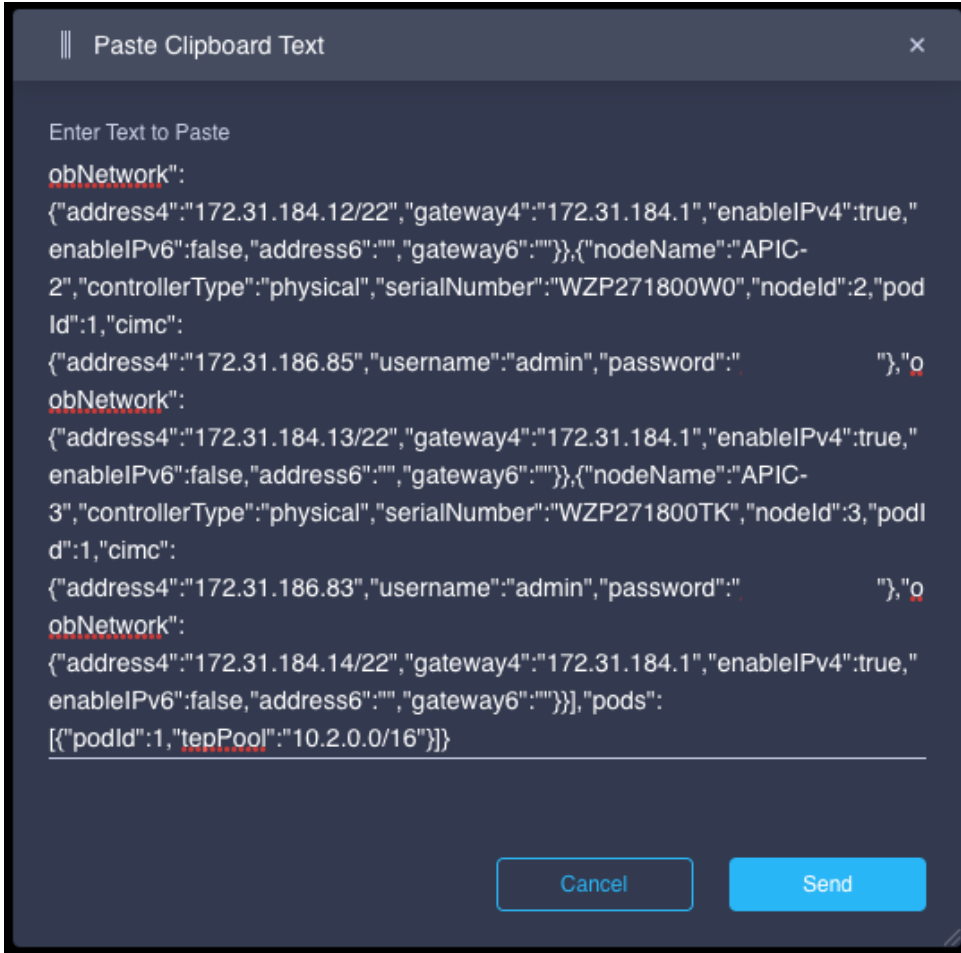
Choose **File > Paste Clipboard Text** on the vKVM console.

Figure 22



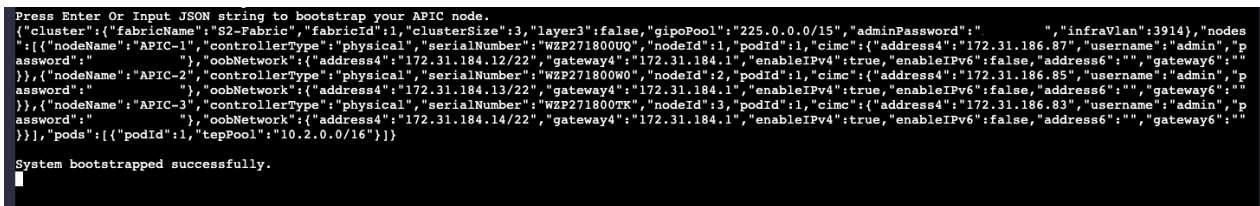
Paste the JSON text string into the window. The JSON text must be in a single line. If you use the examples in this document, make sure to format the JSON string as a single line.

Figure 23



The JSON string will be pasted into the vKVM console. Hit enter to complete the bootstrap from the vKVM console.

Figure 24

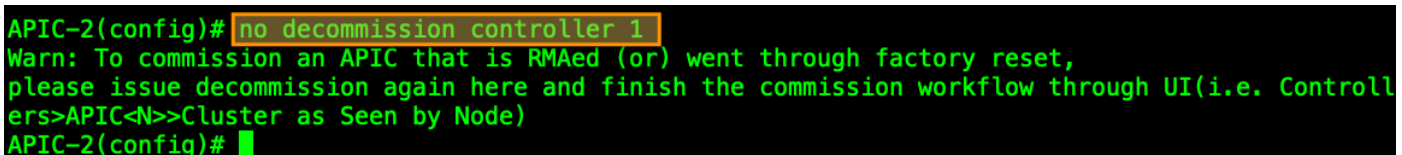


Step 2. Commission APIC-1 from APIC-2 or APIC-3 from the APIC CLI.

APIC-1 must be commissioned from APIC-2 or APIC-3. Commissioning the APIC from the GUI will require a CIMC connection. To commission the APIC without a CIMC connection, use the APIC CLI.

The APIC displays a warning informing you to use the GUI, but will accept the CLI command.

Figure 25



If the CIMC is not connected to the network, you can use a REST API POST operation to post the JSON payload to the APIC management address. This requires that you configure the APIC management address and password from the APIC console.

The following example shows the POST operation and payload:

```
<apic1>/api/workflows/v1/cluster/bootstrap
{
  "version": 1,
  "cluster": {
    "fabricName": "S2-Fabric",
    "fabricId": 1,
    "clusterSize": 3,
    "infraVlan": 3914,
    "gipoPool": "225.0.0.0/15",
    "adminPassword": "<cluster password>"
  },
  "nodes": [
    {
      "controllerType": "physical",
      "serialNumber": "WZP271800UQ",
      "nodeId": 1,
      "nodeName": "APIC-1",
      "podId": 1,
      "oobNetwork": {
        "enableIPv4": true,
        "address4": "172.31.184.12/22",
        "gateway4": "172.31.184.1"
      },
      "cimc": {
        "address4": "0.0.0.0",
        "username": "admin",
        "password": "<any string>"
      }
    },
    {
      "controllerType": "physical",
      "serialNumber": "WZP271800W0",
      "nodeId": 2,
      "nodeName": "APIC-2",
      "podId": 1,
      "oobNetwork": {
        "enableIPv4": true,
        "address4": "172.31.184.13/22",
        "gateway4": "172.31.184.1"
      },
      "cimc": {
        "address4": "0.0.0.0",
        "username": "admin",
        "password": "<any string>"
      }
    },
    {
      "controllerType": "physical",
      "serialNumber": "WZP271800TK",
      "nodeId": 3,
      "nodeName": "APIC-3",
      "podId": 1,
      "oobNetwork": {
```

```

        "enableIPv4": true,
        "address4": "172.31.184.14/22",
        "gateway4": "172.31.184.1",
        "mode": "auto"
    },
    "cimc": {
        "address4": "0.0.0.0",
        "username": "admin",
        "password": "<any string>"
    }
},
"pods": [
    {
        "podId": 1,
        "tepPool": "10.2.0.0/16"
    }
]
}

```

Recommissioning the APIC can also be done using a REST API POST operation. The following example shows the REST API POST operation for commissioning APIC 1 from APIC 2:

```

<apic2>/api/mo/topology/pod-1/node-1/av.json
{
  "infraWiNode": {
    "attributes": {
      "dn": "topology/pod-1/node-1/av/node-1",
      "adminSt": "in-service"
    },
    "children": []
  }
}

```

Decommissioning the Standby Cisco APIC Servers to be Replaced by a Normal Cluster

If your cluster contains obsolete standby Cisco APIC servers, the same process applies. When you bring your existing cluster to a supported release, the standby Cisco APIC servers are automatically upgraded.

Procedure

Step 1. Decommission the standby Cisco APIC to be replaced to a normal cluster member. Power it down and wait enough time for the controller to become unregistered. Wait at least 1 hour after powering down the standby APIC for it to be erased from the database. Alternatively, you can execute the following command on any APIC in the cluster to erase the entry:

```
acidiag cluster erase standby_node_id standby_serial_number
```

Step 2. Add the new M4/L4 APICs as Standby.

Figure 26

Active Controllers

Filter by attributes Actions

<input type="checkbox"/>	ID	Host Name	IP	Admin State	Operational State	Health State	Failover Status	Serial Number	SSL Certificate	
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	APIC-1	10.2.0.1	In Service	● Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance fail	WZP271800UQ	yes	...
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	APIC-2	10.2.0.2	In Service	● Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance fail	WZP271800W0	yes	...
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	APIC-3	10.2.0.3	In Service	● Available	Fully Fit	No Appliance fail	WZP271800TK	yes	...

10 Rows Page 1 of 1 << 1-3 of 3 >>

Standby Controllers

Filter by attributes Actions

ID	Serial Number	IP	Mode
No rows found			

Add Standby Node
 Download All
 Open In Object Store Browser

Step 3. Add and validate CIMC information for the Standby APIC.

Figure 27

Add Standby Node

×

Controller Type

Controller Type

Physical Virtual

IPv6

Enabled

CIMC Details

IP Address *

172.31.186.19

Username *

admin

Password *

.....

✓ Validation Success

Step 4. Add the APIC and out-of-band addresses. Standby APICs will be numbered between 21 to 29.

Figure 28

Add Standby Node



General

Name *

APIC-21

Admin Password *

.....

Controller ID *

21

Pod ID *

1

Serial Number

FCH1939V2UD

Force Add

Enabled

Out Of Band Network

IPv4 Address *

172.31.184.15/22

IPv4 Gateway *

172.31.184.1