

## **Configuring IP Source Guard**

This chapter describes how to configure IP Source Guard on Cisco NX-OS devices.

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### **About IP Source Guard**

IP Source Guard is a per-interface traffic filter that permits IP traffic only when the IP address and MAC address of each packet matches one of two sources of IP and MAC address bindings:

- Entries in the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) snooping binding table
- Static IP source entries that you configure

Filtering on trusted IP and MAC address bindings helps prevent spoofing attacks, in which an attacker uses the IP address of a valid host to gain unauthorized network access. To circumvent IP Source Guard, an attacker would have to spoof both the IP address and the MAC address of a valid host.

You can enable IP Source Guard on Layer 2 interfaces that are not trusted by DHCP snooping. IP Source Guard supports interfaces that are configured to operate in access mode and trunk mode. When you initially enable IP Source Guard, all inbound IP traffic on the interface is blocked except for the following:

- DHCP packets, which DHCP snooping inspects and then forwards or drops, depending upon the results of inspecting the packet
- IP traffic from static IP source entries that you have configured on the Cisco NX-OS device

The device permits the IP traffic when DHCP snooping adds a binding table entry for the IP address and MAC address of an IP packet or when you have configured a static IP source entry.

The device drops IP packets when the IP address and MAC address of the packet do not have a binding table entry or a static IP source entry. For example, assume that the **show ip dhcp snooping binding** command displays the following binding table entry:

MacAddress	IpAddress	LeaseSec	Type	VLAN	Interface
00:02:B3:3F:3B:99	10.5.5.2	6943	dhcp-snooping	10	Ethernet2/3

If the device receives an IP packet with an IP address of 10.5.5.2, IP Source Guard forwards the packet only if the MAC address of the packet is 00:02:B3:3F:3B:99.

## **Prerequisites for IP Source Guard**

IP Source Guard has the following prerequisites:

- You must enable the DHCP feature and DHCP snooping before you can configure IP Source Guard. See Configuring DHCP.
- You must configure the ACL TCAM region size for IP Source Guard using the hardware access-list tcam region ipsg command. See Configuring ACL TCAM Region Sizes.



Note

By default the ipsg region size is zero. You need to allocate enough entries to this region for storing and enforcing the SMAC-IP bindings.

### **Guidelines and Limitations for IP Source Guard**

IP Source Guard has the following configuration guidelines and limitations:

- IP Source Guard limits IP traffic on an interface to only those sources that have an IP-MAC address binding table entry or static IP source entry. When you first enable IP Source Guard on an interface, you may experience disruption in IP traffic until the hosts on the interface receive a new IP address from a DHCP server.
- IP Source Guard is dependent upon DHCP snooping to build and maintain the IP-MAC address binding table or upon manual maintenance of static IP source entries.
- IP Source Guard is not supported on fabric extender (FEX) ports or generic expansion module (GEM) ports.
- IP Source Guard is not supported on EoR.
- Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 9.3(5), IP Source Guard is supported on Cisco Nexus 9364C-GX, Cisco Nexus 9316D-GX, and Cisco Nexus 93600CD-GX switches.
- IP Source Guard does not require TCAM carving on the Cisco Nexus 9300-X Cloud Scale Switches.
- If IPSG is enabled, port security can't be enabled on the interface.

# **Default Settings for IP Source Guard**

This table lists the default settings for IP Source Guard parameters.

**Table 1: Default IP Source Guard Parameters** 

Parameters	Default
IP Source Guard	Disabled on each interface
IP source entries	None. No static or default IP source entries exist by default.

# **Configuring IP Source Guard**

## **Enabling or Disabling IP Source Guard on a Layer 2 Interface**

You can enable or disable IP Source Guard on a Layer 2 interface. By default, IP Source Guard is disabled on all interfaces.

#### Before you begin

Make sure that the DHCP feature and DHCP snooping are enabled.

Make sure that the ACL TCAM region size for IPSG (ipsg) is configured.

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>	
Step 2	interface ethernet slot/port	Enters interface configuration mode for the specified interface.
	Example:	ar contraction
	<pre>switch(config)# interface ethernet 2/3 switch(config-if)#</pre>	
Step 3	[no] ip verify source dhcp-snooping-vlan	Enables IP Source Guard on the interface. The
	Example:	<b>no</b> form of this command disables IP Source Guard on the interface.
	<pre>switch(config-if)# ip verify source dhcp-snooping vlan</pre>	Guard on the interface.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 4	(Optional) show running-config dhcp  Example: switch(config-if) # show running-config dhcp	Displays the running configuration for DHCP snooping, including the IP Source Guard configuration.
Step 5	(Optional) copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration to the startup configuration.
	Example:	
	<pre>switch(config-if)# copy running-config startup-config</pre>	

## **Adding or Removing a Static IP Source Entry**

You can add or remove a static IP source entry on the device. By default, there are no static IP source entries.



Note

Beginning with Cisco NX-OS 10.6(1), if you enter an invalid ip source binding configuration (for example, using an illegal MAC address or non-L2 interface), you will see an immediate error message—even when configuring through candidate session or REST. This matches the behavior already seen when configuring directly through the CLI.

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>	
	[no] ip source binding ip-address mac-address vlan vlan-id interface interface-type slot/port	Creates a static IP source entry for the current interface. The <b>no</b> form of this command
	Example:	removes the static IP source entry.
	switch(config)# ip source binding 10.5.22.17 001f.28bd.0013 vlan 100 interface ethernet 2/3	
Step 3	(Optional) show ip dhcp snooping binding [interface interface-type slot/port]	Displays IP-MAC address bindings for the interface specified, including static IP source
	<pre>Example: switch(config) # show ip dhcp snooping binding interface ethernet 2/3</pre>	entries. Static entries appear with the term in the Type column.

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 4	(Optional) copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration to the startup configuration.
	Example:	
	<pre>switch(config)# copy running-config startup-config</pre>	

## **Configuring IP Source Guard for Trunk Ports**

When IP Source Guard is configured on a port, traffic coming on that port will be dropped unless there is a DHCP snooping entry to allow it in the TCAM. However, when IP Source Guard is configured on trunk ports and you do not want traffic coming on certain VLANs to undergo this check (even if DHCP snooping is not enabled on them), you can specify a list of VLANs to exclude.

#### Before you begin

Make sure that the DHCP feature and DHCP snooping are enabled.

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>	
Step 2	[no] ip dhcp snooping ipsg-excluded vlan vlan-list	Specifies the list of VLANs to exclude from the DHCP snooping check for IP Source Guard on
	Example:	trunk ports.
	<pre>switch(config)# ip dhcp snooping ipsg-excluded vlan 1001-1256,3097</pre>	
Step 3	(Optional) <b>show ip ver source</b> [ <b>ethernet</b> $slot/port \mid $ <b>port-channel</b> $channel-number$ ]	Displays which VLANs are excluded.
	Example:	
	switch(config)# show ip ver source	
Step 4	(Optional) copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration to the startup configuration.
	Example:	
	<pre>switch(config)# copy running-config startup-config</pre>	

## **Displaying IP Source Guard Bindings**

Use the **show ip ver source** [ethernet *slot/port* | port-channel *channel-number*] command to display the IP-MAC address bindings.

# **Clearing IP Source Guard Statistics**

To clear IP Source Guard statistics, use the commands in this table.

Command	Purpose
clear access-list ipsg stats [instance number   module number]	Clears IP Source Guard statistics.

# **Configuration Example for IP Source Guard**

This example shows how to create a static IP source entry and enable IP Source Guard on an interface:

### **Additional References**

### **Related Documents**

Related Topic	Document Title
ACL TCAM regions	Configure IP ACLs
DHCP and DHCP snooping	Configuring DHCP