

Configuring Port VLAN Mapping on VLANs

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About Port VLAN Mapping on VLANs (Translating incoming VLANs)

When a service provider has multiple customers connecting to the same physical switch using the same VLAN encapsulation, but they should not be on the same Layer 2 segment, translating the incoming VLAN to a unique VLAN/VNI is the right way to extending the segment.

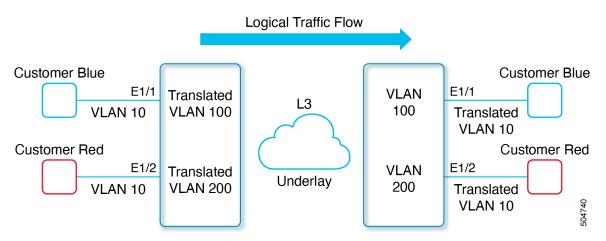
Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 10.3(3)F, Port VLAN mapping on non-VXLAN VLANs is supported on Cisco Nexus 9300-EX/FX/FX2/FX3/GX/GX2, C9408 platform switches and Cisco Nexus 9500 switches with 9700-EX/FX/GX line cards.

In the figure below two customers, Blue and Red are connecting to the leaf using VLAN 10 as their encapsulation.

In this example VLAN 10 for Customer Blue (on interface E1/1) is mapped/translated to VLAN 100, and VLAN 10 for customer Red (on interface E1/2) is mapped to VLAN 200.

On the other leaf, this mapping is applied in reverse. Incoming VLAN 100 is mapped to VLAN 10 on Interface E1/1 and VLAN 200 is mapped to VLAN 10 on Interface E1/2.

Figure 1: Logical Traffic Flow



You can configure VLAN translation between the ingress (incoming) VLAN and a local (translated) VLAN on a port. For the traffic arriving on the interface where VLAN translation is enabled, the incoming VLAN is mapped to a translated VLAN.

On the underlay, the inner dot1q is deleted, and switched over to the non-VXLAN network. On the outgoing interface, where VLAN translation is configured, the traffic is converted to the original VLAN and egressed out. Refer to the VLAN counters on the translated VLAN for the traffic counters and not on the ingress VLAN.

Guidelines and Limitations for Port VLAN Mapping on VLANs

The following are the guidelines and Limitations for Port VLAN Mapping:

- Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 10.3(3)F, Port VLAN mapping on VLANs is supported on Cisco Nexus 9300-EX/FX/FX2/FX3/GX/GX2, C9408 platform switches and Cisco Nexus 9500 switches with 9700-EX/FX/GX line cards.
- Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 10.4(1)F, Port VLAN mapping on VLANs is supported on Cisco Nexus 9332D-H2R switch.
- Beginning with Cisco NX-OS Release 10.4(2)F, Port VLAN mapping on VLANs is supported on Cisco Nexus 93400LD-H1 switch.
- The ingress (incoming) VLAN does not need to be configured on the switch as a VLAN. The translated VLAN must be configured.
- All Layer 2 source address learning and Layer 2 MAC destination lookup occurs on the translated VLAN.
 See the VLAN counters on the translated VLAN and not on the ingress (incoming) VLAN.
- Port VLAN mapping routing supports configuring an SVI on the translated VLAN.
- The following example shows incoming VLAN 10 being mapped to local VLAN 100:

```
interface ethernet1/1
switchport vlan mapping 10 100
```

• The following is an example of overlapping VLAN for PV translation. In the first statement, VLAN-102 is a translated VLAN. In the second statement, VLAN-102 the VLAN where it is translated to VLAN-103:

```
interface ethernet1/1
switchport vlan mapping 101 102
switchport vlan mapping 102 103
```

 When adding a member to an existing port channel using the force command, the "mapping enable" configuration must be consistent. For example:

```
Int po 101
switchport vlan mapping enable
switchport vlan mapping 101 10
switchport trunk allowed vlan 10
int eth 1/8
/***No configuration***/
```



Note

The switchport VLAN mapping enable command is supported only when the port mode is trunk.

- VLAN mapping helps with VLAN localization to a port, scoping the VLANs per port. A typical use case is in the service provider environment where the service provider leaf switch has different customers with overlapping VLANs that come in on different ports. For example, customer A has VLAN 10 coming in on Eth 1/1 and customer B has VLAN 10 coming in on Eth 2/2.
- Port VLAN mapping does not coexist with PVLAN.
- If the **inherit port-profile** command is configured on a PV interface, use the **no inherit port-profile** profile name> command to detach and then execute the **no switchport vlan mapping all** command.
- If the **system dot1q-tunnel transit vlan provider_vlan_list** command is globally configured on the switch, do not set the provider VLAN as the native or access port VLAN for any other trunk or access port on the system. It is expected to choose provider VLANs other than the native VLANs on the system.

Configuring Port VLAN Mapping on VLANs

Before you begin

- Ensure that the physical or port channel on which you want to implement VLAN translation is configured as a Layer 2 trunk port.
- Ensure that the translated VLANs are created on the switch and are also added to the Layer 2 trunk ports trunk-allowed VLAN vlan-list.



Note

As a best practice, do not add the ingress VLAN ID to the switchport allowed vlan-list under the interface.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. configure terminal
- 2. interface type/port

- 3. [no] switchport vlan mapping enable
- 4. [no] switchport vlan mapping vlan-id translated-vlan-id
- 5. [no] switchport vlan mapping all
- 6. copy running-config startup-config
- 7. show interface [if-identifier] vlan mapping

DETAILED STEPS

Procedure

| | Command or Action | Purpose |
|--------|---|--|
| Step 1 | configure terminal | Enters global configuration mode. |
| | Example: | |
| | switch# configure terminal | |
| Step 2 | interface type/port | Specifies the interface that you are configuring. |
| | Example: | |
| | <pre>switch(config)# interface Ethernet1/1</pre> | |
| Step 3 | [no] switchport vlan mapping enable | Enables VLAN translation on the switch port. VLAN |
| | Example: | translation is disabled by default. |
| | <pre>switch(config-if)# [no] switchport vlan mapping enable</pre> | Note Use the no form of this command to disable VLAN translation. |
| Step 4 | [no] switchport vlan mapping vlan-id translated-vlan-id | Translates a VLAN to another VLAN. |
| | Example: switch(config-if)# switchport vlan mapping 10 100 | • The range for both the <i>vlan-id</i> and <i>translated-vlan-id</i> arguments are from 1 to 4094. |
| | | You can configure VLAN translation between the ingress (incoming) VLAN and a local (translated) VLAN on a port. For the traffic arriving on the interface where VLAN translation is enabled, the incoming VLAN is mapped to a translated VLAN. |
| | | Routing of traffic happens in context of SVI for translated VLAN. On the outgoing interface, where VLAN translation is configured, the traffic is converted to the original VLAN and egresses out. |
| | | Note Use the no form of this command to clear the mappings between a pair of VLANs. |
| Step 5 | [no] switchport vlan mapping all | Removes all VLAN mappings configured on the interface. |
| | Example: | |
| | switch(config-if)# no switchport vlan mapping all | |

| | Command or Action | Purpose |
|--------|---|---|
| Step 6 | <pre>copy running-config startup-config Example: switch(config-if) # copy running-config startup-config</pre> | Copies the running configuration to the startup configuration. Note The VLAN translation configuration does not become effective until the switch port becomes an operational trunk port. |
| Step 7 | <pre>show interface [if-identifier] vlan mapping Example: switch# show interface ethernet1/1 vlan mapping</pre> | Displays VLAN mapping information for a range of interfaces or for a specific interface. |

Example

This example shows how to configure VLAN translation between (the ingress) VLAN 10 and (the local) VLAN 100. The show vlan counters command output shows the statistic counters as translated VLAN instead of customer VLAN.

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# interface ethernet1/1
switch(config-if)# switchport vlan mapping enable
switch(config-if)# switchport vlan mapping 10 100
switch(config-if)# switchport trunk allowed vlan 100
switch(config-if)# show interface ethernet1/1 vlan mapping
Interface eth1/1:
Original VLAN
                         Translated VLAN
_____
10
                              100
switch(config-if)# show vlan counters
Vlan Td
                                      :100
Unicast Octets In
                                      :292442462
Unicast Packets In
                                      :1950525
                                     :14619624
Multicast Octets In
Multicast Packets In
                                     :91088
                                    :14619624
Broadcast Octets In
                                    :91088
:304012656
:2061976
Broadcast Packets In
Unicast Octets Out
Unicast Packets Out
L3 Unicast Octets In
                                     :0
L3 Unicast Packets In
                                     :0
```

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