

RESTCONF Agent

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About the RESTCONF Agent

Cisco NX-OS RESTCONF is an HTTP -based protocol for configuring data that are defined in YANG version 1, using datastores defined in NETCONF.

NETCONF defines configuration datastores and a set of Create, Retrieve, Update, and Delete (CRUD) operations that can be used to access these datastores. The YANG language defines the syntax and semantics of datastore content, operational data, protocol operations, and event notifications.

Cisco NX-OS RESTCONF uses HTTP operations to provide CRUD operations on a conceptual datastore containing YANG-defined data. This data is compatible with a server which implements NETCONF datastores.

The RESTCONF protocol supports both XML and JSON payload encodings. User authentication is done through the HTTP Basic Authentication.

The following table shows the Protocol or	erations that the Cisco NX-OS RESTCONF Agent supports:

RESTCONF	NETCONF Equivalent
OPTIONS	NETCONF: none
HEAD	NETCONF: none
GET	NETCONF: <get-config>, <get></get></get-config>
POST	NETCONF: <edit-config> (operation="create")</edit-config>
PUT	NETCONF: <edit-config> (operation="create/replace")</edit-config>
РАТСН	NETCONF: <edit-config> (operation="merge")</edit-config>

RESTCONF	NETCONF Equivalent
DELETE	NETCONF: <edit-config> (operation="delete")</edit-config>

Guidelines and Limitations

The RESTCONF Agent has the following guideline and limitation:

- Cisco NX-OS RESTCONF is based on an RFC draft entitled RESTCONF Protocol draft-ietf-netconf-restconf-10. See RESTCONF Protocol draft-ietf-netconf-restconf-10.
- RESTCONF does not support enhanced Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) as specified in RFC 6536. Only users with a "network-admin" role are granted access to the RESTCONF agent.
- Beginning with 10.2(1)F release, the operations checkpoint, rollback, install, import ca certificate, switch reload, individual module reload, and copy file are supported.

Using the RESTCONF Agent

General Commands

- Configure the following commands to enable HTTP or HTTPS access:
 - feature nxapi
 - nxapi http port 80
 - nxapi https port 443

General Control Commands

You can enable or disable the RESTCONF Agent [no] feature restconf command.

Viewing the Agent Status

To view the status of the RESTCONF agent, use the **show feature** command and include the expression restconf.

```
switch-1# show feature | grep restconf
restconf 1 enabled
switch-1#
```

Sending a POST Request to the Server Using Curl

```
client-host % curl -X POST -H "Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46Y2lzY28=" -H "Content-Type:
application/yang.data+xml" -d '<always>enabled</always><rtrId>2.2.2.2</rtrId>'
"http://192.0.20.123/restconf/data/Cisco-NX-OS-device:System/bgp-items/inst-items/dom-items/Dom-list=default"
-i
```

HTTP/1.1 201 Created Server: nginx/1.7.10

```
Date: Tue, 27 Sep 2016 20:25:31 GMT
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Connection: keep-alive
Set-Cookie: nxapi_auth=admin:147500853169574134
Status: 201 Created
Location: /System/bgp-items/inst-items/dom-items/Dom-list=default/always/rtrId/
```

Sending a GET Request to the Server Using Curl

```
client-host % curl -X GET -H "Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46Y2lzY28=" -H "Accept:
application/yang.data+xml"
"http://192.0.20.123/restconf/data/Cisco-NX-OS-device:System/bgp-items/inst-items/dom-items/Dom-list?content=config"
-i
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx/1.7.10
Date: Tue, 27 Sep 2016 20:26:03 GMT
Content-Type: application/yang.data+xml
Content-Length: 395
Connection: keep-alive
Set-Cookie: nxapi_auth=admin:147500856185650327
Status: 200 OK
```

```
<Dom-list>
        <name>default</name>
        <always>enabled</always>
        <bestPathIntvl>300</bestPathIntvl>
        <holdIntvl>180</holdIntvl>
        <kaIntvl>60</kaIntvl>
        <maxAsLimit>0</maxAsLimit>
        <pfxPeerTimeout>30</pfxPeerTimeout>
        <pfxPeerWaitTime>90</pfxPeerWaitTime>
        <reConnIntvl>60</reConnIntvl>
        <trtId>2.2.2</rtrId>
        </Dom-list>
client-host %
```

Troubleshooting the RESTCONF Agent

Troubleshooting Connectivity

- Enable the web server by issuing the **feature nxapi** command.
- Ensure that the **nxapi http port 80** command is configured to open up the port for HTTP
- Ensure that the **nxapi https port 443** command is configured to open up the port for HTTPS.
- Ping the management port of the switch to verify that the switch is reachable.

Troubleshooting Errors

The following shows a common error message and offers guidelines for resolving it.

Error Message: Sorry, the page you are looking for is currently unavailable

• If you receive this message soon after sending a request (for example, seconds), verify the following:

- The NXAPI feature is enabled as documented in "Troubleshooting Connectivity"
- The RESTCONF feature is enabled (show feature | grep restconf). If RESTCONF is not enabled, enable it (feature restconf).
- The port is configured for HTTP or HTTPS by NX-API. Use show nxapi to verify that the port is configured.

```
switch-1# show nxapi
nxapi enabled
HTTP Listen on port 80
HTTPS Listen on port 443
...
switch-1#
```

If the port is not configured for HTTP or HTTPs, configure it by issuing **nxapi http port 80** or **nxapi https port 443**.

• If you receive this message long after sending a request (for example, minutes), ensure that the system is not overloaded with excessive concurrent requests to query from the top level of the switch. Excessive top-level queries can create a significant resource burden.

You can ensure the switch is not overloaded by either of the following:

- Throttle back the number of requests that the client is sending.
- On the switch, restart the RESTCONF agent by issuing no feature restconf, then feature restconf.

Ephemeral Data

About Ephemeral Data in RESTCONF

This feature provides access to ephemeral data. Ephemeral data is high volume data. DME provides a batching mechanism to retrieve the data so that each batch is of a manageable size in terms of memory usage. The size of the batch is the number of MOs to be retrieved.

You can find information about which data is ephemeral by the comment "Ephemeral data" in the published Cisco-NX-OS-device.yang file.

The output from ephemeral data is returned, if and only if the URI in the request points to:

- A leaf from ephemeral data
- A container or list with ephemeral data children
- An empty container that is used to wrap a list that has direct ephemeral data children

System level GET queries do not return ephemeral data.

RESTCONF Ephemeral Data Example

This is an example for retrieving ephemeral data.

The client might send the following GET request message:

L

```
GET
/restconf/data/Cisco-NX-OS-device:System//urib-items/table4-items/Table4-list=management/route4-items
HTTP/1.1
   Host: example.com
   Accept: application/yang.data+json
   The server might respond:
      HTTP/1.1 200 OK
      Date: Fri, 06 Mar 2020 11:10:30 GMT
      Server: nginx/1.7.10
      Content-Type: application/yang.data+json
      {
          "route4-items": {
               "Route4-list": [{
                   "prefix": "172.23.167.255/32",
                    "flags": "0",
                    . . .
```

Execution Operations

About Operational Commands in RESTCONF

This feature provides ways to perform model driven operation commands execution on the switch.

The following is the list of supported execution RPCs. Information about the RPCs can be found in the published Cisco-NX-OS-device.yang file.

Operation	RESTCONF RPC	CLI
Checkpoint	checkpoint	checkpoint <name></name>
		checkpoint <file></file>
Rollback	rollback	rollback running-config checkpoint <name></name>
		rollback running-config checkpoint <file></file>
Install	install_all_nxos	install all nxos <image/>
	install_add	install {add activate deactivate
	install_activate	commit remove} <rpm></rpm>
	install_deactivate	
	install_commit	
	install_remove	
Import Crypto Certificate	import_ca_certificate	crypto ca import <trustpoint> pkcs12 <file> <passphrase></passphrase></file></trustpoint>

Table 1: About Model Driven Operations in RESTCONF

Operation	RESTCONF RPC	CLI
Switch Reload or Module Reload	reload	reload [timer < seconds>]
		reload module <module number=""></module>
Copy File	сору	copy <source/> <destination></destination>

RESTCONF Operational Command Example

Example for Checkpoint RPC

The client might send the following POST request message:

HTTP/1.1 204 No content

Example for Rollback RPC

The client might send the following POST request message:

HTTP/1.1 204 No content

Example for Install RPC

The client might send the following POST request message:

```
POST /restconf/operations/Cisco-NX-OS-device:install_all_nxos
Accept: application/yang.operation+json,application/yang.errors+json
Content-type: application/yang.operation+json
Body: {
    "input": {
        "nxos": "bootflash:nxos.10.1.1-jcco.bin"
        }
    }
The server might respond:
    HTTP/1.1 204 No content
```

Example for Import ca certificate RPC

The client might send the following POST request message:

Example for Swtich reload RPC

The client might send the following POST request message:

Example for Module reload RPC

The client might send the following POST request message:

Example for Copy file RPC

HTTP/1.1 204 No content

The client might send the following POST request message:

```
POST /restconf/operations/Cisco-NX-OS-device:reload
Accept: application/yang.operation+json, application/yang.errors+json
Content-type: application/yang.operation+json
Body: {
    "input": {
        "source": "tftp://10.1.1.1/users/myname/config1.txt",
        "destination": "bootflash:",
        "vrf": "management"
    }
}
The server might respond:
    HTTP/1.1 204 No content
```

Accounting Log for RESTCONF Agent

For write operations such as POST, PUT, PATCH, or DELETE, RESTCONF would emit the relevant accounting log. It would include both the original received request, as well as the eventual changes applied to the switch.

You can see the accounting log using the show accounting log command.

Consider the following example request:

```
curl -s -L --request POST --user admin: --header 'Content-Type: application/yang.data+json'
--url "restconf/data/Cisco-NX-OS-device:System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-list=lo10"
--data-raw @request.txt
```

```
Payload:
<descr>test</descr>
```

Or

```
{"descr":"test"}
```

The accounting log shall include the following items:

• Changes Applied to the Switch:

ltem	Description
Context	Session ID and user
Operation	COMMIT/ABORT
Database	Running or Candidate
ConfigMO	MO tree's text representation. Up to 3K characters.
Status	SUCCESS/FAILED

Example:

```
Wed Jun 29 13:53:37
2022:type=update:id=3180018864:user=admin:cmd=(COMMIT),database=[running],configMo=[
<topSystem childAction="" dn="sys" status="created,modified"><interfaceEntity
childAction=""
rn="intf" status="created,modified"><13LbRtdIf childAction="" descr="test" id="lo10"
rn="lb-
[lo10]" status="created,modified"/></interfaceEntity></topSystem>] (SUCCESS)
```

Original Received Request:

Item	Description
Context	Session ID and user
Operation	RESTCONF:POST, RESTCONF:PUT, RESTCONF:PATCH, RESTCONF:DELETE
Source IP	RESTCONF Client IP
URL	HTTP URL

Item	Description
Payload	Received XML/JSON Request. Up to 3K characters.
Status	SUCCESS/FAILED

Example:

```
Wed Jun 29 13:53:37
2022:type=update:id=3180018864:user=admin:cmd=(RESTCONF:POST),sourceIp=[192.168.1.2],
url=[/restconf/data/Cisco-NX-OS-device:System/intf-items/lb-items/LbRtdIf-
list=lo10],payload=[<descr>test</descr>] (SUCCESS)
```

In case of failed request, based on the failed scenarios, a user may not observe both the logs.

• Invalid Request:

The invalid request would be rejected without making a configuration change, thus only the original request would be logged.

Example:

```
Wed Jun 29 20:16:26
2022:type=update:id=3180018864:user=admin:cmd=(RESTCONF:POST),
sourceIp=[192.168.1.2],url=[/restconf/data/Cisco-NX-OS-device:System/intf-items/lbPtdIf-
list=lo10],payload=[<descr>test</descr>] (FAILED)
```

• Request Fails due to Various Configuration Restrictions:

In this case, both the failed configuration attempt and the original request would be logged.

Example:

```
Wed Jun 29 20:32:01
2022:type=update:id=3180018864:user=admin:cmd=(COMMIT),database=[running],
configMo=[<topSystem childAction="" dn="sys" status="created,modified"><telemetryEntity
childAction="" rn="tm" status="created,modified"><telemetryCertificate childAction=""
filename="foo" hostname="foo" rn="certificate" status="created,modified"
trustpoint="test"/></telemetryEntity></topSystem>] (FAILED)
Wed Jun 29 20:32:01
2022:type=update:id=3180018864:user=admin:cmd=(RESTCONF:PATCH),
sourceIp=[192.168.1.2],url=[/restconf/data/Cisco-NX-OS-device:System/tm-items/certificate-
items],payload=[<trustpoint>test</trustpoint><hostname>foo</hostname>filename>
foo</filename>[ (FAILED)
```

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