



# Configuring MVR

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This chapter describes how to configure the MVR feature on Cisco NX-OS devices.

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## About MVR

In a typical Layer 2 multi-VLAN network, subscribers to a multicast group can be on multiple VLANs. To maintain data isolation between these VLANs, the multicast stream on the source VLAN must be passed to a router, which replicates the stream on all subscriber VLANs, wasting upstream bandwidth.

Multicast VLAN registration (MVR) allows a Layer 2 switch to forward the multicast data from a source on a common assigned VLAN to the subscriber VLANs, conserving upstream bandwidth by bypassing the router. The switch forwards multicast data for MVR IP multicast streams only to MVR ports on which hosts have joined, either by IGMP reports or by MVR static configuration. The switch forwards IGMP reports received from MVR hosts only to the source port. For other traffic, VLAN isolation is preserved.

MVR requires at least one VLAN to be designated as the common VLAN to carry the multicast stream from the source. More than one such multicast VLAN (MVR VLAN) can be configured in the system, and you can configure a global default MVR VLAN as well as interface-specific default MVR VLANs. Each multicast group using MVR is assigned to an MVR VLAN.

MVR allows a subscriber on a port to subscribe and unsubscribe to a multicast stream on the MVR VLAN by sending IGMP join and leave messages. IGMP leave messages from an MVR group are handled according to the IGMP configuration of the VLAN on which the leave message is received. If IGMP fast leave is enabled on the VLAN, the port is removed immediately; otherwise, an IGMP query is sent to the group to determine whether other hosts are present on the port.

# MVR Interoperation with Other Features

## MVR and IGMP Snooping

Although MVR operates on the underlying mechanism of IGMP snooping, the two features operate independently of each other. One feature can be enabled or disabled without affecting the operation of the other feature. If IGMP snooping is disabled globally or on a VLAN and MVR is enabled on the VLAN, IGMP snooping is internally enabled on the VLAN. Joins received for MVR groups on non-MVR receiver ports or joins received for non-MVR groups on MVR receiver ports are processed by IGMP snooping.

## MVR and vPCs

- As with IGMP snooping, IGMP control messages received by virtual port channel (vPC) peer switches are exchanged between the peers, allowing synchronization of MVR group information.
- MVR configuration must be consistent between the peers.
- The **no ip igmp snooping mrouter vpc-peer-link** command applies to MVR. With this command, multicast traffic is not sent to a peer link for the source VLAN and receiver VLAN unless an orphan port is in the VLAN.
- The **show mvr member** command shows the multicast group on the vPC peer switch. However, the vPC peer switch does not show the multicast groups if it does not receive the IGMP membership report of the groups.

# Guidelines and Limitations for MVR

MVR has the following guidelines and limitations:

- MVR is supported only for Cisco Nexus 9508 switches with N9K-X9636C-R, N9K-X9636C-RX, or N9K-X9636Q-R line cards.
- MVR is supported only on Layer 2 Ethernet ports, such as individual ports, port channels, and virtual Ethernet (vEth) ports.
- MVR receiver ports can only be access ports; they cannot be trunk ports. MVR source ports can be either access or trunk ports.
- MVR configuration on Flex Link ports is not supported.
- Priority tagging is not supported on MVR receiver ports.
- The total number of MVR VLANs cannot exceed 250.

# Default MVR Settings

This table lists the default settings for MVR parameters.

Table 1: Default MVR Parameters

Parameter	Default
MVR	Disabled globally and per interface
Global MVR VLAN	None configured
Interface (per port)	Neither a receiver nor a source port

# Configuring MVR

## Configuring MVR Global Parameters

You can globally enable MVR and various configuration parameters.

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **configure terminal**
2. **[no]mvr**
3. **[no] mvr-vlan *vlan-id***
4. **[no] mvr-group *addr* [*/mask*] [**count** *groups*] [**vlan** *vlan-id*]**
5. (Optional) **clear mvr counters [**source-ports** | **receiver-ports**]**
6. (Optional) **show mvr**
7. (Optional) **copy running-config startup-config**

### DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	<b>configure terminal</b>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 2	<b>[no]mvr</b>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>switch(config)# mvr switch(config-mvr)#</pre>	Globally enables MVR. The default is disabled.  Use the <b>no</b> form of the command to disable MVR.
Step 3	<b>[no] mvr-vlan <i>vlan-id</i></b>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>switch(config-mvr)# mvr-vlan 7</pre>	Specifies the global default MVR VLAN. The MVR VLAN is the source of the multicast message that subsequent receivers subscribe to. The range is from 1 to 4094.  Use the <b>no</b> form of the command to clear the MVR VLAN.
Step 4	<b>[no] mvr-group <i>addr</i> [<i>/mask</i>] [<b>count</b> <i>groups</i>] [<b>vlan</b> <i>vlan-id</i>]</b>  <b>Example:</b> <pre>switch(config-mvr)# mvr-group 230.1.1.1 count 4</pre>	Adds a multicast group at the specified IPv4 address (and optional netmask length) to the global default MVR VLAN. You can repeat this command to add additional groups to the MVR VLAN.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		<p>The IP address is entered in the format <i>a.b.c.d/m</i>, where <i>m</i> is the number of bits in the netmask, from 1 to 31.</p> <p>You can optionally specify a number of MVR groups using contiguous multicast IP addresses starting with the specified IP address. Use the <b>count</b> keyword followed by a number from 1 to 64.</p> <p>You can optionally specify an MVR VLAN for the group by using the <b>vlan</b> keyword. Otherwise, the group is assigned to the default MVR VLAN.</p> <p>Use the <b>no</b> form of the command to clear the group configuration.</p>
<b>Step 5</b>	<p>(Optional) <b>clear mvr counters</b> [<b>source-ports</b>   <b>receiver-ports</b>]</p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>switch(config-mvr)# clear mvr counters</pre>	Clears MVR IGMP packet counters.
<b>Step 6</b>	<p>(Optional) <b>show mvr</b></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>switch(config-mvr)# show mvr</pre>	Displays the global MVR configuration.
<b>Step 7</b>	<p>(Optional) <b>copy running-config startup-config</b></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>switch(config-mvr)# copy running-config startup-config</pre>	Copies the running configuration to the startup configuration.

## Configuring MVR Interfaces

You can configure MVR interfaces on your Cisco NX-OS device.

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **configure terminal**
2. **mvr**
3. **interface** {**ethernet** *slot/port* | **port-channel** *channel-number* | **vethernet** *number*}
4. [**no**] **mvr-type** {**source** | **receiver**}
5. (Optional) [**no**] **mvr-vlan** *vlan-id*
6. (Optional) [**no**] **mvr-group** *addr* [*/mask*] [**vlan** *vlan-id*]
7. (Optional) **copy running-config startup-config**

## DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	<b>configure terminal</b> <b>Example:</b> <pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>	Enters global configuration mode.
Step 2	<b>mvr</b> <b>Example:</b> <pre>switch(config)# mvr switch(config-mvr)#</pre>	Globally enables MVR. The default is disabled. <b>Note</b> If MVR is enabled globally, this command is not required.
Step 3	<b>interface {ethernet slot/port   port-channel channel-number   vethernet number}</b> <b>Example:</b> <pre>switch(config-mvr)# interface ethernet 2/2 switch(config-mvr-if)#</pre>	Specifies the Layer 2 port to configure and enters interface configuration mode.
Step 4	<b>[no] mvr-type {source   receiver}</b> <b>Example:</b> <pre>switch(config-mvr-if)# mvr-type source</pre>	Configures an MVR port as one of these types of ports: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>source</b>—An uplink port that sends and receives multicast data is configured as an MVR source. The port automatically becomes a static receiver of MVR multicast groups. A source port should be a member of the MVR VLAN.</li> <li>• <b>receiver</b>—An access port that is connected to a host that wants to subscribe to an MVR multicast group is configured as an MVR receiver. A receiver port receives data only when it becomes a member of the multicast group by using IGMP leave and join messages.</li> </ul> If you attempt to configure a non-MVR port with MVR characteristics, the configuration is cached and does not take effect until the port becomes an MVR port. The default port mode is non-MVR.
Step 5	(Optional) <b>[no] mvr-vlan vlan-id</b> <b>Example:</b> <pre>switch(config-mvr-if)# mvr-vlan 7</pre>	Specifies an interface default MVR VLAN that overrides the global default MVR VLAN for joins received on the interface. The MVR VLAN is the source of the multicast message that subsequent receivers subscribe to. The range is from 1 to 4094.
Step 6	(Optional) <b>[no] mvr-group addr [/mask] [vlan vlan-id]</b> <b>Example:</b> <pre>switch(config-mvr-if)# mvr-group 225.1.3.1 vlan 100</pre>	Adds a multicast group at the specified IPv4 address (and optional netmask length) to the interface MVR VLAN, overriding the global MVR group configuration. You can repeat this command to add additional groups to the MVR. <p>The IP address is entered in the format <i>a.b.c.d/m</i>, where <i>m</i> is the number of bits in the netmask, from 1 to 31.</p>

	Command or Action	Purpose
		<p>You can optionally specify an MVR VLAN for the group by using the <b>vlan</b> keyword; otherwise, the group is assigned to the interface default (if specified) or the global default MVR VLAN.</p> <p>Use the <b>no</b> form of the command to clear the IPv4 address and netmask.</p>
<b>Step 7</b>	<p>(Optional) <b>copy running-config startup-config</b></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>switch(config-mvr-if)# copy running-config startup-config</pre>	Copies the running configuration to the startup configuration.

## Suppressing IGMP Query Forwarding from VLANs

To suppress the IGMP general query from the source VLAN to the receiver VLAN perform the following steps.

### SUMMARY STEPS

1. **configure terminal**
2. **mvr-config**
3. **mvr-suppress-query vlan *vlan-ID***

### DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
<b>Step 1</b>	<p><b>configure terminal</b></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>	Enters global configuration mode.
<b>Step 2</b>	<p><b>mvr-config</b></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>switch# mvr-config switch(config-mvr)#</pre>	Enters global MVR configuration mode.
<b>Step 3</b>	<p><b>mvr-suppress-query vlan <i>vlan-ID</i></b></p> <p><b>Example:</b></p> <pre>switch(config-mvr)# mvr-suppress-query vlan 1-5 switch(config-mvr)#</pre>	Displays the MVR ID or source VLAN range from where the general queries need to be suppressed. The VLAN ID value is 1 to 3967. The VLAN ID may also be expressed as a range 1-5, 10 or 2-5, 7-19.

## Verifying the MVR Configuration

To display the MVR configuration information, perform one of the following tasks:

Command	Description
<b>show mvr</b>	Displays the MVR subsystem configuration and status.
<b>show mvr groups</b>	Displays the MVR group configuration.
<b>show ip igmp snooping</b> [vlan <i>vlan-id</i> ]	Displays information about IGMP snooping on the specified VLAN.
<b>show mvr interface</b> { <b>ethernet</b> <i>slot/port</i>   <b>port-channel</b> <i>number</i> }	Displays the MVR configuration on the specified interface.
<b>show mvr members</b> [count]	Displays the number and details of all MVR receiver members.
<b>show mvr members interface</b> { <b>ethernet</b> <i>slot/port</i>   <b>port-channel</b> <i>number</i> }	Displays details of MVR members on the specified interface.
<b>show mvr members vlan</b> <i>vlan-id</i>	Displays details of MVR members on the specified VLAN.
<b>show mvr receiver-ports</b> [ <b>ethernet</b> <i>slot/port</i>   <b>port-channel</b> <i>number</i> ]	Displays all MVR receiver ports on all interfaces or on the specified interface.
<b>show mvr source-ports</b> [ <b>ethernet</b> <i>slot/port</i>   <b>port-channel</b> <i>number</i> ]	Displays all MVR source ports on all interfaces or on the specified interface.

This example shows how to verify the MVR parameters:

```
switch# show mvr
MVR Status      : enabled
Global MVR VLAN : 100
Number of MVR VLANs : 4
```

This example shows how to verify the MVR group configuration:

```
switch# show mvr groups
* - Global default MVR VLAN.

Group start      Group end      Count  MVR-VLAN  Interface
                Mask
-----
228.1.2.240     228.1.2.255   /28    101
230.1.1.1       230.1.1.4     4      *100
235.1.1.6       235.1.1.6     1      340
225.1.3.1       225.1.3.1     1      *100      Eth1/10
```

This example shows how to verify the MVR interface configuration and status:

```
switch# show mvr interface
Port      VLAN  Type      Status      MVR-VLAN
-----
Po10      100   SOURCE    ACTIVE      100-101
Po201     201   RECEIVER  ACTIVE      100-101,340
Po202     202   RECEIVER  ACTIVE      100-101,340
Po203     203   RECEIVER  ACTIVE      100-101,340
Po204     204   RECEIVER  INACTIVE    100-101,340
Po205     205   RECEIVER  ACTIVE      100-101,340
Po206     206   RECEIVER  ACTIVE      100-101,340
```

```

Po207      207  RECEIVER  ACTIVE  100-101,340
Po208      208  RECEIVER  ACTIVE  2000-2001
Eth1/9     340  SOURCE    ACTIVE  340
Eth1/10    20   RECEIVER  ACTIVE  100-101,340
Eth2/2     20   RECEIVER  ACTIVE  100-101,340
Eth102/1/1 102  RECEIVER  ACTIVE  100-101,340
Eth102/1/2 102  RECEIVER  INACTIVE 100-101,340
Eth103/1/1 103  RECEIVER  ACTIVE  100-101,340
Eth103/1/2 103  RECEIVER  ACTIVE  100-101,340

```

Status INVALID indicates one of the following misconfiguration:

- Interface is not a switchport.
- MVR receiver is not in access mode.
- MVR source is in fex-fabric mode.

This example shows how to display all MVR members:

```

switch# show mvr members
MVR-VLAN  Group Address  Status  Members
-----
100       230.1.1.1  ACTIVE  Po201 Po202 Po203 Po205 Po206
100       230.1.1.2  ACTIVE  Po205 Po206 Po207 Po208
340       235.1.1.6  ACTIVE  Eth102/1/1
101       225.1.3.1  ACTIVE  Eth1/10 Eth2/2
101       228.1.2.241  ACTIVE  Eth103/1/1 Eth103/1/2

```

This example shows how to display all MVR receiver ports on all interfaces:

```

switch# show mvr receiver-ports
Port          MVR-VLAN  Status  Joins      Leaves
              (v1,v2,v3)
-----
Po201         100       ACTIVE  8          2
Po202         100       ACTIVE  8          2
Po203         100       ACTIVE  8          2
Po204         100       INACTIVE 0          0
Po205         100       ACTIVE  10         6
Po206         100       ACTIVE  10         6
Po207         100       ACTIVE  5          0
Po208         100       ACTIVE  6          0
Eth1/10       101       ACTIVE  12         2
Eth2/2        101       ACTIVE  12         2
Eth102/1/1    340       ACTIVE  16         15
Eth102/1/2    340       INACTIVE 16         16
Eth103/1/1    101       ACTIVE  33         0
Eth103/1/2    101       ACTIVE  33         0

```

This example shows how to display all MVR source ports on all interfaces:

```

switch# show mvr source-ports
Port          MVR-VLAN  Status
-----
Po10          100       ACTIVE
Eth1/9        340       ACTIVE

```

## Configuration Examples for MVR

The following example shows how to globally enable MVR and configure the global parameters:



```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# mvr
switch(config-mvr)# mvr-vlan 100
switch(config-mvr)# mvr-group 230.1.1.1 count 4
switch(config-mvr)# mvr-group 228.1.2.240/28 vlan 101
switch(config-mvr)# mvr-group 235.1.1.6 vlan 340

switch# show mvr
MVR Status           : enabled
Global MVR VLAN      : 100
Number of MVR VLANs : 3
```

The following example shows how to configure an Ethernet port as an MVR receiver port:

```
switch# configure terminal
switch(config)# mvr
switch(config-mvr)# interface ethernet 1/10
switch(config-mvr-if)# mvr-group 225.1.3.1 vlan 100
switch(config-mvr-if)# mvr-type receiver
switch(config-mvr-if)## copy running-config startup-config
```

