

Basic Device Management

This chapter describes how to configure, manage, and verify the basic setting on your Cisco NX-OS device.

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Information About Basic Device Management

This section provides information about basic device management.

Device Hostname

You can change the device hostname displayed in the command prompt from the default (switch) to another character string. When you give the device a unique hostname, you can easily identify the device from the command-line interface (CLI) prompt.

Message-of-the-Day Banner

The message-of-the-day (MOTD) banner displays before the user login prompt on the device. This message can contain any information that you want to display for users of the device.

Device Clock

If you do not synchronize your device with a valid outside timing mechanism, such as an NTP clock source, you can manually set the clock time when your device boots.

Clock Manager

The Cisco Nexus chassis may contain clocks of different types that may need to be synchronized. These clocks are a part of various components (such as the supervisor, LC processors, or line cards) and each may be using a different protocol.

The clock manager provides a way to synchronize these different clocks.

Time Zone and Summer Time (Daylight Saving Time)

You can configure the time zone and summer time (daylight saving time) setting for your device. These values offset the clock time from Coordinated Universal Time (UTC). UTC is International Atomic Time (TAI) with leap seconds added periodically to compensate for the Earth's slowing rotation. UTC was formerly called Greenwich Mean Time (GMT).

User Sessions

You can display the active user session on your device. You can also send messages to the user sessions. For more information about managing user sessions and accounts, see the Cisco Nexus security configuration guide for your device.

Guidelines and Limitations for Basic Device Management

The following are guidelines and limitations for basic device management:

• The **show tech-support libsdk** command and the **show tech-support mtc-usd** command are not supported. Instead use the **show tech-support module 1** command. (NX-OS 7.0(3)I7(2) and later releases.)

Changing the Device Hostname

You can change the device hostname displayed in the command prompt from the default (switch) to another character string.

- 1. configure terminal
- **2.** {hostname | switchname} name
- 3. exit
- 4. (Optional) copy running-config startup-config

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>	
Step 2	{hostname switchname} name	Changes the device hostname. The <i>name</i> argument is
	Example:	alphanumeric, case sensitive, and has a maximum length of 63 characters. The default name is switch
	Using the hostname command:	Note
	<pre>switch(config) # hostname Engineering1 Engineering1(config) #</pre>	The switchname command performs the same function as the hostname command.
	Using the switchname command:	
	<pre>Engineering1(config) # switchname Engineering2 Engineering2(config) #</pre>	
Step 3	exit	Exits global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>Engineering2(config)# exit Engineering2#</pre>	
Step 4	(Optional) copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration to the startup
	Example:	configuration.
	Engineering2# copy running-config startup-config	

Configuring the MOTD Banner

You can configure the MOTD to display before the login prompt on the terminal when a user logs in. The MOTD banner has the following characteristics:

- Maximum of 80 characters per line
- Maximum of 40 lines

- 1. configure terminal
- 2. banner motd delimiting-character message delimiting-character
- 3. exit
- 4. (Optional) show banner motd
- 5. (Optional) copy running-config startup-config

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>	
Step 2	banner motd delimiting-character message delimiting-character	Configures the MOTD banner. Do not use the <i>delimiting-character</i> in the <i>message</i> text.
	Example:	Note
	<pre>switch(config)# banner motd #Welcome to the Switch# switch(config)#</pre>	Do not use " or % as a delimiting character.
Step 3	exit	Exits global configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: switch(config)# exit switch#</pre>	
Step 4	(Optional) show banner motd	Displays the configured MOTD banner.
	Example:	
	switch# show banner motd	
Step 5	(Optional) copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration to the startup
	Example:	configuration.
	switch# copy running-config startup-config	

Configuring the Time Zone

You can configure the time zone to offset the device clock time from UTC.

- 1. configure terminal
- 2. clock timezone zone-name offset-hours offset-minutes
- 3. exit
- 4. (Optional) show clock
- 5. (Optional) copy running-config startup-config

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>	
Step 2	<pre>clock timezone zone-name offset-hours offset-minutes Example: switch(config) # clock timezone EST -5 0</pre>	Configures the time zone. The <i>zone-name</i> argument is a 3-character string for the time zone acronym (for example, PST or EST). The <i>offset-hours</i> argument is the offset from the UTC and the range is from –23 to 23 hours. The range for the <i>offset-minutes</i> argument is from 0 to 59 minutes.
Step 3	exit	Exits global configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: switch(config)# exit switch#</pre>	
Step 4	(Optional) show clock	Displays the time and time zone.
	Example: switch# show clock	
Step 5	(Optional) copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration to the startup
	Example:	configuration.
	switch# copy running-config startup-config	

Configuring Summer Time (Daylight Saving Time)

You can configure when summer time, or daylight saving time, is in effect for the device and the offset in minutes.

- 1. configure terminal
- **2. clock summer-time** zone-name start-week start-day start-month start-time end-week end-day end-month end-time offset-minutes
- 3. exit
- 4. (Optional) show clock detail
- 5. (Optional) copy running-config startup-config

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	<pre>Example: switch# configure terminal switch(config)#</pre>	
Step 2	<pre>clock summer-time zone-name start-week start-day start-month start-time end-week end-day end-month end-time offset-minutes Example: switch(config) # clock summer-time PDT 1 Sunday March 02:00 1 Sunday November 02:00 60</pre>	Configures summer time or daylight saving time. The zone-name argument is a three character string for the time zone acronym (for example, PST and EST). The values for the start-day and end-day arguments are Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, and Sunday. The values for the start-month and end-month arguments are January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, and December. The value for the start-time and end-time arguments are in the format hh:mm. The range for the offset-minutes argument is from 0 to 1440 minutes.
Step 3	<pre>exit Example: switch(config)# exit switch#</pre>	Exits global configuration mode.
Step 4	(Optional) show clock detail Example: switch(config) # show clock detail	Displays the configured MOTD banner.
Step 5	(Optional) copy running-config startup-config Example: switch# copy running-config startup-config	Copies the running configuration to the startup configuration.

Manually Setting the Device Clock

You can set the clock manually if your device cannot access a remote time source.

Before you begin

Configure the time zone.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. clock set time day month year
- 2. (Optional) show clock

DETAILED STEPS

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	clock set time day month year	Configures the device clock.
	Example:	The format for the <i>time</i> argument is <i>hh:mm:ss</i> .
	switch# clock set 15:00:00 30 May 2008 Fri May 30 15:14:00 PDT 2008	The range for the <i>day</i> argument is from 1 to 31.
	111 May 30 13.14.00 1B1 2000	The values for the <i>month</i> argument are January , February , March , April , May , June , July , August , September , October , November , and December . The range for the <i>year</i> argument is from 2000 to 2030.
Step 2	(Optional) show clock	Displays the current clock value.
	<pre>Example: switch(config) # show clock</pre>	

Setting the Clock Manager

You can configure the clock manager to synchronize all the clocks of the components in the Cisco Nexus chassis.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. clock protocol protocol vdc vdc-num
- 2. (Optional) show run clock_manager

DETAILED STEPS

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	clock protocol protocol vdc vdc-num	Configures the clock manager.
	Example: # clock protocol ptp vdc 2	The values for the <i>protocol</i> argument are ptp , ntp , and none .
		The following describes the values:
		• ptp —Synchronizes clocks with Precision Time Protocol (PTP) as described by IEEE 1588.

	Command or Action	Purpose
		• ntp — Synchronizes clocks with Network Time Protocol (NTP).
		• none—Use clock set to set supervisor clocks.
		Note When none is used, the clock in the specified VDC must be configured.
		Note Once the protocol is configured, the clock in the specified VDC must use that protocol.
		For example, if the clock protocol ptp vdc 2 command is entered, then PTP should be configured in VDC 2.
		The range for the <i>vdc</i> argument is 1 to 8.
Step 2	(Optional) show run clock_manager	Displays the configuration of the clock manager.
	Example:	
	#show run clock_manager	

Managing Users

You can display information about users logged into the device and send messages to those users.

Displaying Information about the User Sessions

You can display information about the user session on the device.

SUMMARY STEPS

1. show users

DETAILED STEPS

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	show users	Displays the user sessions.
	Example:	
	switch# show users	

Sending a Message to Users

You can send a message to active users currently using the device CLI.

SUMMARY STEPS

- 1. (Optional) show users
- 2. send [session line] message-text

DETAILED STEPS

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	(Optional) show users	Displays the active user sessions.
	Example:	
	switch# show users	
Step 2	send [session line] message-text	Sends a message to all active users or to a specific user.
	Example:	The message can be up to 80 alphanumeric characters an is case sensitive.
	switch# send Reloading the device is 10 minutes!	is case sensitive.

Verifying the Device Configuration

To verify the configuration, use one of the following commands:

Command	Purpose
show running-config	Displays the running configuration.
show startup-config	Displays the startup configuration.

For detailed information about the fields in the output from these commands, see the Cisco Nexus command reference for your device.

Default Settings for Basic Device Parameters

This table lists the default settings for basic device parameters.

Table 1: Default Basic Device Parameters

Parameters	Default
MOTD banner text	User Access Verification
Clock time zone	UTC

Additional References for Basic Device Management

Related Topic	Document Title
Cisco NX-OS Licensing	Cisco NX-OS Licensing Guide
Command Reference	Cisco Nexus 3548 Switch NX-OS Fundamentals Command Reference