



Deployment Overview and Requirements

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Nexus Dashboard deployment overview

Nexus Dashboard platform

Cisco Nexus Dashboard is a central management console for multiple data center fabrics that provides real-time analytics, visibility, assurance for network policies and operations, as well as policy orchestration for the data center fabrics, such as Cisco ACI and NX-OS.

Nexus Dashboard is the comprehensive management solution for ACI as well as NX-OS deployments spanning LAN fabric, SAN fabric, and IP Fabric for Media (IPFM) networks in data centers powered by Cisco. Nexus Dashboard also supports other devices, such as IOS-XE switches, IOS-XR routers, and non-Cisco devices. Being a multi-fabric controller, Nexus Dashboard manages multiple deployment models such as VXLAN EVPN, classic 3-tier LAN, FabricPath, and routed-based fabrics for LAN while providing ready-to-use control, management, monitoring, and automation capabilities for all these environments. In addition, Nexus Dashboard, when you select SAN installation, Cisco Nexus Dashboard automates Cisco MDS switches and Cisco Nexus-family infrastructure in NX-OS mode with a focus on storage-specific features and analytics capabilities.



Note This document describes how to deploy a Nexus Dashboard cluster initially and onboard the fabrics. After your cluster is up and running, see the Nexus Dashboard [configuration and operation articles](#) for day-to-day operation.

Unified Nexus Dashboard deployment

The Nexus Dashboard (ND) platform and related services were available in the following ways previously:

- Prior to ND release 3.1, Nexus Dashboard shipped with only the platform software and no services included. You would download, install, and enable the services separately (NDI, NDO, and/or NDFC) after the initial ND platform deployment.
- For ND releases 3.1 and 3.2, Nexus Dashboard packaged the ND platform software and the individual services' software in a unified packaging form; however, you still enabled the services separately. Management and Insights of the fabrics were still two independent pieces that were not unified.

In addition, there existed a concept of "deployment mode" in Nexus Dashboard releases 3.1 and 3.2, where you would statically enable specific services in Nexus Dashboard by selecting the deployment mode. However, changing the deployment mode was a disruptive exercise that would wipe out the entire service, including data and reinstalls. And finally, you could not run all the services in a single Nexus Dashboard cluster in Nexus Dashboard releases 3.1 and 3.2.

Now, beginning with ND release 4.1, the platform and the individual services have been unified into a single product. You no longer deploy and configure the services separately, and you do not have to activate individual services or statically configure deployment modes. In addition, depending on the form factor, Nexus Dashboard allows you to consume any capabilities that were shipped as services in previous releases. The user experience is now unified, as there is no more concept of independent services; instead, all capabilities are now available from a single dashboard view.



Note Depending on the cluster format and the number of cluster nodes that you have deployed, certain features (such as controller, orchestrator, or telemetry) might not be available in the unified Nexus Dashboard product. Review the information in the [Nexus Dashboard Capacity Planning tool](#) to verify what features would be available for your cluster installation.

Hardware vs software stack

Nexus Dashboard is offered as a cluster of specialized Cisco UCS servers (Nexus Dashboard platform) with the software framework (Nexus Dashboard) pre-installed on it. The Cisco Nexus Dashboard software stack can be decoupled from the hardware and deployed in a number of virtual form factors. For the purposes of this document, we will use "Nexus Dashboard hardware" specifically to refer to the hardware and "Nexus Dashboard" to refer to the software stack and the GUI console.

This guide describes the initial deployment of the Nexus Dashboard software, which is common for physical and virtual form factors. If you are deploying a physical cluster, see [Nexus Dashboard Hardware Setup Guide](#) for the UCS servers' hardware overview, specification, and racking instructions.



Note Root access to the Nexus Dashboard software is restricted to Cisco TAC only. A special user `rescue-user` is created for all Nexus Dashboard deployments to enable a set of operations and troubleshooting commands. For additional information about the available `rescue-user` commands, see the "Troubleshooting" article in the Nexus Dashboard [documentation library](#).

Available form factors

This release of Cisco Nexus Dashboard can be deployed using a number of different form factors. However, you must use the same form factor for all nodes, mixing nodes of different form factors within the same cluster is not supported. The physical form factor currently supports three different Cisco UCS servers (`SE-NODE-G2`, `ND-NODE-L4`, and `ND-NODE-G5S`). You can mix `SE-NODE-G2` and `ND-NODE-L4` servers in the same cluster, but you cannot mix a `ND-NODE-G5S` server in the same cluster as `SE-NODE-G2` and `ND-NODE-L4` servers.

- Physical appliance (`.iso`) – This form factor refers to the Cisco UCS physical appliance hardware with the Nexus Dashboard software stack pre-installed on it.

The later sections in this document describe how to configure the software stack on the existing physical appliance hardware to deploy the cluster. Setting up the Nexus Dashboard hardware is described in [Nexus Dashboard Hardware Setup Guide](#) for the specific UCS model.

- Virtual Appliance – The virtual form factor allows you to deploy a Nexus Dashboard cluster using VMware ESX (.ova) or RHEL KVM (.qcow2).

The virtual form factor supports the following two profiles:

- Data node – This profile with higher system requirements is designed for higher scale and/or unified deployment.
- App node – This profile with lower system requirements can be deployed as secondary nodes. Can also be deployed as primary nodes but does not support unified deployment.

In addition, beginning with Nexus Dashboard release 4.1(1), support is available for running a virtual Nexus Dashboard (vND) on the AWS public cloud. See [Deploying a Virtual Nexus Dashboard \(vND\) in Amazon Web Services \(AWS\)](#) for more information.



Note When planning your deployment, ensure to check the list of "Prerequisites and Guidelines" in one of the following sections of this document specific to the form factor you are deploying. A quick reference of the supported form factors, scale, and cluster sizing requirements are available in the [Nexus Dashboard Cluster Sizing](#) tool.

Scale and cluster sizing guidelines

A basic Nexus Dashboard deployment typically consists of 1 or 3 `primary` nodes, which are required for the cluster to come up. Depending on scale requirements, 3-node or larger clusters can be extended with up to 3 additional `secondary` nodes to support higher scale.

- For physical clusters, you can also add up to 2 `standby` nodes for easy cluster recovery in case of a primary node failure.
- For virtual clusters, up to 2 `standby` nodes are also supported, but only with a 3-node vND (app) profile for a Controller-only or Orchestration-only deployment.

Exact number of additional secondary nodes required for your specific use case is available from the [Nexus Dashboard Cluster Sizing](#) tool.

Scale and cluster sizing limitations

These limitations apply to scale and cluster sizing:

- Single-node deployments cannot be extended to a 3-node cluster after the initial deployment.
If you deploy a single-node cluster and want to extend it to a 3-node cluster or add `secondary` nodes, you will need to back it up, deploy a new 3-node base cluster, and then restore the backup on this later. For more information, see [Backing Up and Restoring Your Nexus Dashboard](#)
- Single-node deployments do not support additional `secondary` or `standby` nodes.
- For 3-node clusters, at least two `primary` nodes are required for the cluster to remain operational.
For more information, see [Deploying Highly Available Services with Cisco Nexus Dashboard](#).

About supported node types and features

These node types have been available for releases prior to Nexus Dashboard release 4.1.1.

- `SE-NODE-G2` (UCS-C220-M5). The product ID of the 3-node cluster is `SE-CL-L3`.
- `ND-NODE-L4` (UCS-C225-M6). The product ID of the 3-node cluster is `ND-CLUSTER-L4`.

Beginning with Nexus Dashboard release 4.1.1, this node type is now also available.

- `ND-NODE-G5S` (UCS-C225-M8). The product ID of the 3-node cluster is `ND-CLUSTERG5S`.

In addition, in LAN deployments, these are the available features that you can leverage.

- **Controller:** Also referred to as Fabric Management. This feature is used to manage NX-OS and non-NX-OS switches (such as Catalyst, ASR, and so on). This includes creating any non-ACI fabric types, as well as performing software upgrades and creating new configurations on those fabrics.
- **Telemetry:** This feature provides telemetry functionality, similar to the functionality provided by Nexus Dashboard Insights in releases prior to Nexus Dashboard release 4.1.1. You can enable and use the **Telemetry** feature when you create or edit a fabric through **Manage > Fabrics**.
- **Orchestration:** You can use the **Orchestration** feature through Nexus Dashboard to connect multiple ACI fabrics together, and consolidate and deploy tenants, along with network and policy configurations, across multiple ACI fabrics. You can enable and use the **Orchestration** feature when you add an ACI through **Admin > System Settings > Multi-cluster connectivity > Connect Cluster**.

You can enable these features independently or, in some cases, as one of these combined feature sets.

- Controller and Telemetry
- Orchestration and Telemetry
- Controller, Telemetry, and Orchestration (not supported on an App node cluster or in a cluster with `SE-NODE-G2` nodes)

Guidelines and limitations

- For Nexus Dashboard release 4.1.1, you cannot mix the newer `ND-NODE-G5S` (UCS-C225-M8) nodes in a cluster with the older `SE-NODE-G2` (UCS-C220-M5) and `ND-NODE-L4` (UCS-C225-M6) nodes.
- A 6-node physical appliance cluster is primarily designed for extended scale NX-OS or ACI fabrics with the Telemetry feature enabled and is not recommended for non-Telemetry deployments.
- The virtual form factor does not support all features in many cluster sizes and types, as described in the [Cisco Nexus Dashboard Verified Scalability Guide](#).