Configuration Compliance, Release 4.2.1

Table of Contents

New and changed information

The following table provides an overview of the significant changes up to this current release. The table does not provide an exhaustive list of all changes or of the new features up to this release.

Release Version	Feature	Description
Nexus Dashboard 4.2.1	Automatic reconciliation of local operational switch changes	Beginning with Nexus Dashboard 4.2.1, Nexus Dashboard supports the detection and reconciliation of operational (local) configuration changes made directly on managed Nexus switches. This enhancement enables automatic identification of configuration drift, detailed difference review, and user-driven reconciliation actions, ensuring the dashboard remains the single source of truth. For more information, see Reconciliation of local operational switch changes.

Configuration compliance

The entire intent or expected configuration defined for a given switch is stored in Nexus Dashboard. When you want to push this configuration down to one or more switches, the configuration compliance (CC) module is triggered. Configuration compliance takes the current intent, the current running configuration, and then comes up with the set of configurations that are required to go from the current running configuration to the current expected configuration so that everything will be In-Sync.

When performing a software or firmware upgrade on the switches, the current running configuration on the switches is not changed. Post upgrade, if CC finds that the current running configuration does not have the current expected configuration or intent, it reports an Out-of-Sync status. There is no auto deployment of any configurations. You can preview the differences that will get deployed to get one or more devices back In-Sync.

With CC, the sync is always from the Nexus Dashboard to the switches. There is no reverse sync. So, if you make a change out-of-band on the switches that conflicts with the defined intent in Nexus Dashboard, CC captures this difference, and indicates that the device is Out-of-Sync. The pending differences will undo the configurations done out-of-band to bring back the device In-Sync.

Note that such conflicts due to out-of-band changes are captured by the periodic CC or when you click the **Resync** button either on a per fabric or per switch basis. The periodic CC runs every 24 hours.

You can configure the custom interval within a range of 30-3600 minutes. To configure custom interval, navigate to **Admin > System Settings > General**. Under **Advanced Settings** enable the **Display advanced settings and options for TAC support** option. Once the advanced settings are enabled, go to **Admin > System Settings > Fabric management > Advanced settings > LAN-Fabric** to adjust the configuration compliance time interval.

Note that you can also use the CC REST API to capture out-of-band changes for the switch. For more information, see *Cisco Nexus Dashboard REST API Guide*.

To improve ease of use and readability of deployed configurations, CC in Nexus Dashboard has been enhanced with the following:

- All displayed configurations in Nexus Dashboard are easily readable and understandable.
- Repeated configuration snippets are not displayed.
- Pending configurations precisely show only the configuration difference.
- Side-by-side differences has greater readability, integrated search or copy, and difference summary functions.

Top-level configuration commands on the switch that do not have any associated Nexus Dashboard intent are not checked for compliance by CC. However, CC performs compliance checks, and attempts removal, of the following commands even if there is no Nexus Dashboard intent:

- configure profile
- apply profile
- interface vlan

- interface loopback
- interface Portchannel
- Sub-interfaces, for example, interface EthernetX/Y.Z
- fex
- vlan <vlan-ids>

CC performs compliance checks, and attempts removal, of these commands only when **Data Center VXLAN EVPN** and **Routed** (BGP) templates are used. On **External and inter-fabric connectivity** and **Classic LAN** templates, top-level configuration commands on the switch, including the commands mentioned above, that do not have any associated Nexus Dashboard intent are not checked for compliance by CC.

We recommend using the Nexus Dashboard freeform configuration template to create additional intent and deploy these commands to the switches to avoid unexpected behavior

Now, consider a scenario in which the configuration that exists on the switch has no relationship with the configuration defined in the intent. Examples of such configurations are a new feature that has not been captured in the intent but is present on the switch or some other configuration aspect that has not been captured in the intent. Configuration compliance does not consider these configuration mismatches as a difference. In such cases, strict configuration compliance ensures that every configuration line that is defined in the intent is the only configuration that exists on the switch. However, configurations such as boot string, ROM monitor configuration, and other default configurations are ignored during strict configuration compliance checks. For such cases, the internal configuration compliance engine ensures that these configuration changes are not called out as differences. These differences are also not displayed in the **Pending config** page. The side-by-side difference utility compares the difference in the two text files and does not leverage the internal logic used in the difference computation. As a result, the difference in default configurations are highlighted in red in the **Side-by-side Comparison** page.

In Nexus Dashboard, the differences in the default configurations are not highlighted in the **Side-by-side Comparison** page. The auto-generated default configuration that is highlighted in the **Running config** page is not visible in the **Expected config** page.

Any configurations that are shown in the **Pending Config** page are highlighted in red in the **Side-by-side Comparison** page if the configurations are seen in the **Running config** page but not in the **Expected config** page. Also, any configurations that are shown in the **Pending config** page are highlighted in green in the **Side-by-side Comparison** page if the configurations are seen in the **Expected config** page but not in the **Running config** page. If there are no configurations displayed in the **Pending config** page, no configurations are shown in red in the **Side-by-side Comparison** page.

All freeform configurations have to strictly match the show running configuration output on the switch and any deviations from the configuration will show up as a difference during **Recalculate & Deploy**. You need to adhere to the leading space indentations.

You can typically enter configuration snippets in Nexus Dashboard using the following methods:

- User-defined profile and templates
- Switch, interface, overlay, and vPC freeform configurations
- Network and VRF per switch freeform configurations

- Fabric settings for Leaf, Spine, or iBGP configurations

The configuration format should be identical to the **show running configuration** of the corresponding switch. Otherwise, any missing or incorrect leading spaces in the configuration can cause unexpected deployment errors and unpredictable pending configurations. If any unexpected difference or deployment errors are displayed, check the user-provided or custom configuration snippets for incorrect values.

If Nexus Dashboard displays the "Out-of-Sync" status due to unexpected pending configurations, and this configuration is either unable to be deployed or stays consistent even after a deployment, perform the following steps to recover:

1. Check the lines of configuration highlighted under the **Pending config** in the **Config preview** page. Nexus Dashboard **Pending config** is enhanced to display the complete pending configuration.
2. Check the same lines in the corresponding **Side-by-side Comparison** page. This shows whether the difference exists in "intent", or "show run", or in both with different leading spaces. Leading spaces are highlighted in the **Side-by-side Comparison** page and is enhanced to display both the **Running config** and the **Expected config** with the current status of the configuration.
3. If the pending configurations or switch with an out-of-sync status is due to any identifiable configuration with mismatched leading spaces in "intent" and "running configuration", this indicates that the intent has incorrect spacing and needs to be edited.
4. To edit incorrect spacing on any custom or user-defined policies, navigate to the switch and edit the corresponding policy:
    a. If the source of the policy is **UNDERLAY**, you will need to edit this from the Fabric settings screen and save the updated configuration.
    b. If the source is blank, it can be edited from the **View/Edit policies** page for that switch.
    c. If the source of the policy is **OVERLAY**, but it is derived from a switch freeform configuration. In this case, navigate to the appropriate **OVERLAY** switch freeform configuration and update it.
    d. If the source of the policy is **OVERLAY** or a custom template, perform the following steps:
        i. Choose **Admin > System Settings > Fabric management > Advanced settings > LAN-Fabric**, set the **template.in_use.check** property to **false** and uncheck the **Template In-Use Override** check box and **Save**. This allows the profiles or templates to be editable.
        ii. Edit the specific profile or template from the **Manage > Template Library > Edit template properties** page, and save the updated profile template with the right spacing.
        iii. Click **Recalculate & Deploy** to recompute the difference for the impacted switches.
        iv. After the configurations are updated, set the **template.in_use.check** property to **true** and check the **Template In-Use Override** check box and **Save**, as it slows down the performance of the Nexus Dashboard system, specifically for **Recalculate & Deploy** operations.

If Nexus Dashboard displays "NA" in the Config Status, the following guidelines apply:

- It is expected when the switch 'Mode' is 'Migration'. This could be due to some of the Nexus Dashboard work flows. Follow the associated work flow steps to get the switch mode to the 'Normal' state and associated Config Status.

- In all other cases, it may indicate a transient state where Nexus Dashboard was not able to compute the correct 'Config Status'. Do the following:
  - If seen on one switch, then perform switch level **Preview** or **Deploy**.
  - If seen on multiple switches, then select those switches and perform **Preview** or **Deploy**.
  - If seen at a fabric level, then select all switches and perform **Preview** or **Deploy**.
  - R&D is also an option for fabric level but this does a **Config Save** operation as well which could take time in a large fabric.

To confirm that the differences have been resolved, click **Recalculate & Deploy** after updating the policy to validate the changes.

Nexus Dashboard checks only leading spaces, as it implies hierarchy of the command, especially in case of multi-command sequences. Nexus Dashboard does not check any trailing spaces in command sequences.

Restrictions and limitations for reconciliation

- ACL name case-sensitivity: Nexus Dashboard configuration compliance and reconciliation are case-sensitive for ACL names. If the case of an ACL name in the intent does not match the switch configuration, **Recalculate and Deploy** fails with an acl_name does not match error. To resolve this, ensure consistent casing or see the Resolve differences for case-insensitive commands section.
- Fabric-dependent configurations: The reconciliation process does not honor configurations that depend on fabric settings.
- Reconciliation does not restore features removed through no feature commands, such as no feature ospf, performed out-of-band.
- The reconciliation process does not modify the Nexus Dashboard intent based on OOB feature removals.
- To restore these features, use the **Recalculate and Deploy** or **Push Config** workflows to reapply the defined intent.
- In Nexus Dashboard 4.2.1, the reconciliation does not support:
  - Overlays
  - Links
  - Security groups
  - Layer 4 to Layer 7 (L4-L7) services
  - L3Outs
  - ACI-to-NX-OS integrations
  - Change control
  - Multitenancy
  - Roles: border super spine, border gateway super spine, super spine, and Top-of-Rack (ToR)

Example 1: Configuration Compliance in Switch Freeform Policy

Let us consider an example with an incorrect spacing in the Switch Freeform Configuration field.

Create the switch freeform policy.

After deploying this policy successfully to the switch, Nexus Dashboard persistently reports the differences.

After clicking **Side-by-side Comparison**, you can see the cause of the difference. The **ip pim rp-address** line has 2 leading spaces, while the running configuration has 0 leading spaces.

To resolve this difference, edit the corresponding Switch Freeform policy so that the spacing is correct.

After you save, you can use the **Push Config** or **Recalculate & Deploy** option to re-compute differences.

The differences are now resolved. The **Side-by-side Comparison** page confirms that the leading spaces are updated.

Example 2: Resolving a Leading Space Error in Overlay Configurations

Let us consider an example with a leading space error that is displayed in the **Pending Config** tab.

In the **Side-by-side Comparison** tab, search for differences line by line to understand context of the deployed configuration.

A matched count of 0 means that it is a special configuration that Nexus Dashboard has evaluated to push it to the switch.

You can see that the leading spaces are mismatched between running and expected configurations.

Navigate to the respective freeform configs and correct the leading spaces, and save the updated configuration.

Navigate to the **Fabric Overview** page for the fabric and click **Recalculate & Deploy**.

In the **Deply Configuration** page, you can see that all the devices are in-sync.

Network and VRF management

In Nexus Dashboard 4.1.1, you can export network and VRF configuration files for offline bulk editing and then import them. This unified import and export process streamlines bulk setup and provides a consistent workflow.

Configuration compliance in external fabrics

With external fabrics, any Nexus switches, Cisco IOS-XE devices, Cisco IOS XR devices, and Arista can be imported into the fabric, and there is no restriction on the type of deployment. It can be LAN Classic, VXLAN, FabricPath, vPC, HSRP, etc. When switches are imported into an external fabric, the configuration on the switches is retained so that it is non-disruptive. Only basic policies such as the switch username and mgmt0 interface are created after a switch import.

In the external fabric, for any intent that is defined in the Nexus Dashboard, configuration compliance (CC) ensures that this intent is present on the corresponding switch. If this intent is not present on the switch, CC reports an Out-of-Sync status. Additionally, there will be a Pending Config generated to push this intent to the switch to change the status to In-Sync. Any additional configuration that is on the switch but not in intent defined in Nexus Dashboard, will be ignored by CC, as long as there is no conflict with anything in the intent.

When there is user-defined intent added on Nexus Dashboard and the switch has additional configuration under the same top-level command, as mentioned earlier, CC will only ensure that the intent defined in Nexus Dashboard is present on the switch. When this user defined intent on Nexus Dashboard is deleted as a whole with the intention of removing it from the switch and the corresponding configuration exists on the switch, CC will report an Out-of-Sync status for the switch and will generate **Pending Config** to remove the config from the switch. This **Pending Config** includes the removal of the top-level command. This action leads to removal of the other out-of-band configurations made on the switch under this top-level command as well. If you choose to override this behavior, the recommendation is that, you create a freeform policy and add the relevant top-level command to the freeform policy.

Let us see this behavior with an example.

1. A **switch_freeform** policy defined by the user in Nexus Dashboard and deployed to the switch.
2. Additional configuration exists under **router bgp** in **Running config** that does not exist in user-defined Nexus Dashboard intent **Expected config**. Note that there is no **Pending Config** to remove the additional config that exists on the switch without a user defined intent on Nexus Dashboard.
3. The **Pending Config** and the **Side-by-side Comparison** when the intent that was pushed earlier via Nexus Dashboard is deleted from Nexus Dashboard by deleting the switch_freeform policy that was created in the Step 1.
4. A **switch_freeform** policy with the top-level **router bgp** command needs to be created. This enables CC to generate the configuration needed to remove only the desired sub-config which was pushed from Nexus Dashboard earlier.
5. The removed configuration is only the subset of the configuration that was pushed earlier from Nexus Dashboard.

   For interfaces on the switch in the external fabric, Nexus Dashboard either manages the entire interface or does not manage it at all. CC checks interfaces in the following ways:

   - For any interface, if there is a policy defined and associated with it, then this interface is considered as managed. All configurations associated with this interface must be defined in the associated interface policy. This is applicable for both logical and physical interfaces. Otherwise, CC removes any out-of-band updates made to the interface to change the status to **In-Sync**.

- Interfaces created out-of-band (applies for logical interfaces such as port-channels, sub interfaces, SVIs, loopbacks, etc.), will be discovered by Nexus Dashboard as part of the regular discovery process. However, since there is no intent for these interfaces, CC will not report an **Out-of-Sync** status for these interfaces.
- For any interface, there can always be a monitor policy associated with it in Nexus Dashboard. In this case, CC will ignore the interface's configuration when it reports the **In-Sync** or **Out-of-Sync** config compliance status.

Special configuration CLIs ignored for configuration compliance

The following configuration CLIs are ignored during configuration compliance checks:

- Any CLI having 'username' along with 'password'
- Any CLI that starts with ' snmp-server user <username> <role> auth'

Any CLIs that match the above will not show up in pending differences and clicking Save & Deploy in the Fabric Builder window will not push such configurations to the switch. These CLIs will not show up in the Side-by-side Comparison window also.

To deploy such configuration CLIs, perform the following procedure:

1. Choose **Manage > Fabrics**.
2. Click a fabric in the **Name** column.

   The **Overview** page for that fabric appears.
3. Click **Inventory > Switches**.
4. On the **Switches** tab, click on a switch name to view the **Switch Overview** page.
5. Click **Configuration Policies > Policies** to view all the policies applied on the switch within the chosen fabric.
6. In **Policies**, click **Actions > Add policy**.
7. Add athe and click **Save**.
8. Select the created policy and select **Push Config** from the **Actions** drop-down list to deploy the configuration to the switch(es).

Resolve differences for case-insensitive commands

By default, all differences generated in Nexus Dashboard while comparing intent, also known as the expected configuration, and the running configuration, are case-sensitive. However, a switch has many commands that are case-insensitive, and therefore it may not be appropriate to flag these commands as differences. These are captured in the **compliance_case_insensitive_clis.txt** template that can be found under **Manage > Template Library**.

If you apply access control lists (ACLs) out-of-band and exclude them from reconciliation, case-sensitivity can cause failures. Ensure that ACL names use the same case in the intent and the switch configuration, or adjust the case-insensitive Command template.

The **compliance_case_insensitive_clis.txt** file, along with the **compliance_strict_cc_exclude_clis.txt** and **compliance_ipv6_clis.txt** files, are part of the shipped templates. You can find all the templates in **Manage > Template Library**. Modification of templates can be done after disabling **Template In-Use Override**.

There could be additional commands that are not included in the existing **compliance_case_insensitive_clis.txt** file that should be treated as case insensitive. If the pending configuration is due to the differences of cases between the expected configuration in Nexus Dashboard and the running configuration, you can configure Nexus Dashboard to ignore these case differences as follows:

1. Navigate to **Admin > System Settings > Fabric management > Advanced settings > LAN-Fabric**, uncheck **Template In-Use Override**, and then click **Save**.
2. Navigate to **Manage > Template Library** and search for the **compliance_case_insensitive_clis.txt** file.
3. Check the content of the **compliance_case_insensitive_clis.txt** file by choosing **Actions > Edit**.

   An example of the entries in the **compliance_case_insensitive_clis.txt** file is displayed in the following figure.

4. Remove the entries highlighted in the figure and click **Finish**.

```
##template variables
##
##template content
"^(no |)interface\s+Port(.)"
"^(no |)interface\s+Loo(.)"
"^(no |)interface\s+Eth(.)"
"^update-source\s+Loo(.)"
"^vrf\s+"
"^destination\s(.+)\suse-vrf\s(.+)"
"^hardware profile portmode\s+"
"^(?!.*(ospf|isis|bgp)(?:|$))(.*)route-map\s+(.)"
"^(.*)neighbor-policy(.)"
"(no |)encapsulation\s+(.)"
"(.*)alert-group\s+(.)"
"^streetaddress\s+(.)"
"^transport email\s+(.)"
"(no |)action\s+(.)"
"(no |)\d+\s+remark.*"
"(no |)\d+\s+permit.*"
"(no |)\d+\s+deny.*"
"(no |)ip(v6|)\s+access-list.*"
"(no |)ip\s+access-group.*"
"(no |)ipv6\s+traffic-filter.*"
"^mac-address\s+([A-Fa-f0-9]{4}[.]?){3}"
"\s*ip\s+dhcp\s+relay\s+address\s+(.)"
##

```

The Nexus Dashboard upgrade process adds these two line as comments in the **compliance_case_insensitive_clis** template. You need to uncomment these lines. If you do not uncomment these two lines, the security group access control lists (SGACL) always displays as **out-of-sync** due to a mismatch between the VRF name in Nexus Dashboard and the Cisco NX-OS.

5. If newer patterns are detected during deployment, and they are triggering pending configurations, you can add these patterns to this file.

   The patterns need to be valid Regular Expressions (regex) patterns. A Regular Expression is a sequence of characters that defines a search pattern. It is used by the Nexus Dashboard to match and identify specific command strings within the configuration that should be treated as case-insensitive. This allows the system to ignore minor formatting differences that do not affect the actual switch operation.

6. Navigate to **Admin > System Settings > Fabric management > Advanced settings > LAN-Fabric**, check **Template In-Use Override**, and then click **Save**.

   This enables Nexus Dashboard to treat the documented configuration patterns as case insensitive while performing comparisons.

7. Click **Recalculate & Deploy** for your fabrics to see the updated comparison outputs.

Resolve configuration compliance after importing switches

After importing switches in Nexus Dashboard, configuration compliance for a switch can fail because of an extra space in the management interface (mgmt0) description field.

For example, before importing the switch:

```
interface mgmt0
  description SRC=SDS-LB-LF111-mgmt0, DST=SDS-LB-SW001-Fa0/5
```

After importing the switch and creating a configuration profile:

```
interface mgmt0
  description SRC=SDS-LB-LF111-mgmt0,DST=SDS-LB-SW001-Fa0/5
```

Navigate to the Interface Manager and click the **Edit** icon after selecting the mgmt0 interface. Remove the extra space in the description.

Strict configuration compliance

Strict configuration compliance checks for difference between the switch configuration and the associated intent and generates no commands for the configurations that present on the switch but are not present in the associated intent. When you click **Recalculate and deploy**, switch configurations that are not present on the associated intent are removed. You can enable this feature by choosing the **Enable Strict Config Compliance** check box under the **Advanced** tab in the **Create Fabric** or **Edit Fabric** window. By default, this feature is disabled.

The strict configuration compliance feature is supported on the **Data Center VXLAN EVPN** and **Routed** (BGP) templates. To avoid generating difference for commands that are auto-generated by the switch, such as vdc, rmon, and so on, a file that has a list of default commands is used by CC to ensure that differences are not generated for these commands. This file is maintained in the **Manage > Template Library**, **compliance_strict_cc_exclude_clis.txt** template.

Example: Strict Configuration Compliance

Let us consider an example in which the feature telnet command is configured on a switch but is not present in the intent. In such a scenario, the status of the switch is displayed as **Out-of-sync** after a CC check is done.

Now, click **Preview Config** of the out-of-sync switch. As the strict configuration compliance feature is enabled, the no form of the feature telnet command appears under **Pending Config** in the **Preview Config** window.

Click the **Side-by-side Comparison** tab to display the differences between the running configuration and the expected configuration. The **Re-sync** button is also displayed at the top right corner under the Side-by-side Comparison tab in the **Preview Config** window. Use this option to resynchronize Nexus Dashboard state when there is a large scale out-of-band change, or if configuration changes do not register in the Nexus Dashboard properly.

The re-sync operation does a full CC run for the switch and recollects " show run" and " show run all" commands from the switch. When you initiate the re-sync process, a progress message is displayed. During the re-sync, the running configuration is taken from the switch. The Out-of- Sync/In-Sync status for the switch is recalculated based on the intent defined in Nexus Dashboard.

Now, close the **Preview Config** window and click **Recalculate and deploy**. The strict configuration compliance feature ensures that the running configuration on the switch does not deviate from the intent by pushing the no form of the feature telnet command to the switch. The difference between the configurations is highlighted. The difference other than the feature telnet command are default switch and boot configurations and are ignored by the strict CC check.

You can right-click on a switch in the **Fabric Overview** window and select **Preview Config** to display the **Preview Config** window. This window displays the pending configuration that has to be pushed to the switch to achieve configuration compliance with the intent.

Custom freeform configurations can be added in Nexus Dashboard to make the intended configuration on Nexus Dashboard and the switch configurations identical. The switches are then in In-Sync status. For more information on how to add custom freeform configurations on Nexus Dashboard, refer to the section " Enable freeform configurations on fabric switches" in Working with Inventory in Your Nexus Dashboard LAN or IPFM Fabrics.

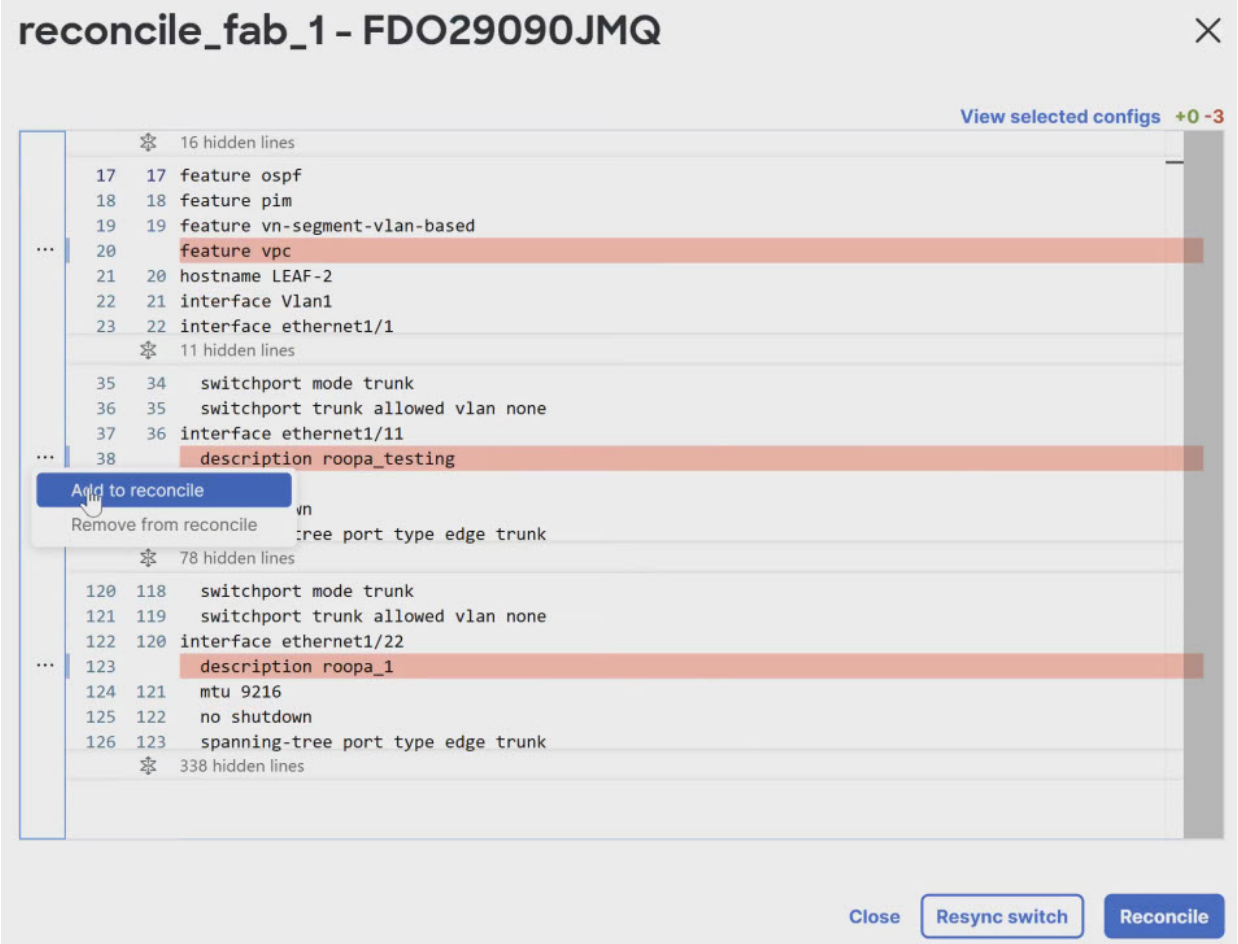
Reconciliation of local operational switch changes

Nexus Dashboard detects and reconciles operational changes that users make directly on managed Nexus switches outside the Nexus Dashboard intent model. This capability ensures operational flexibility while maintaining configuration accuracy and compliance.

Nexus Dashboard supports automatic reconciliation for configuration compliance only on Nexus switches.

Reconciliation includes these main capabilities:

- **Automatic detection**: Nexus Dashboard automatically, or on demand, compares the running configuration on each managed Nexus switch with the intended configuration stored in Nexus Dashboard templates.
- **Detailed difference review**: When the system detects discrepancies (drift), it presents operators with a detailed difference view that highlights the configuration changes.
- **Reconciliation actions**: Operators can incorporate local changes into Nexus Dashboard templates (Update Template), overwrite local changes on the switch with the Nexus Dashboard intent (deploy intent), and ignore specific changes as needed.
  - **Switch-level reconciliation**: Nexus Dashboard allows for the bulk reconciliation of all detected configuration changes on a switch. By clicking **Reconcile**, operators can incorporate the entire set of out-of-band configurations into the intent model in a single action, streamlining the synchronization process.



    - **Granular block and line reconciliation**: For precise control, operators can selectively reconcile specific parts of the configuration rather than the entire set. By clicking the ellipsis (...) next to a specific configuration line or a block of code, you can choose **Add to reconcile** to include only those specific changes.

- **Audit and governance**: Nexus Dashboard logs all reconciliation actions for compliance and traceability.
- **Scope**: Reconciliation supports operational (non-global) changes on Nexus devices only. It does not support overlays, security groups, links reconcile, L4-L7 services, or multi-tenancy.

> Reconciliation identifies and corrects configuration drift caused by out-of-band (OOB) additions or modifications on the switch.

- **Supported actions**: The reconciliation workflow supports these actions:
    - Identify OOB additions that are not in the intent database.
    - Sync modified OOB configurations to match the intent.

The reconciliation workflow follows these main steps:

- Nexus Dashboard runs compliance checks automatically or on demand
- When it detects local operational changes, Nexus Dashboard flags the affected switch as **Out-of-Sync**
- Operators review the difference, select reconciliation actions, and confirm
- Nexus Dashboard updates its intent, the switch configuration, or both, based on the selected

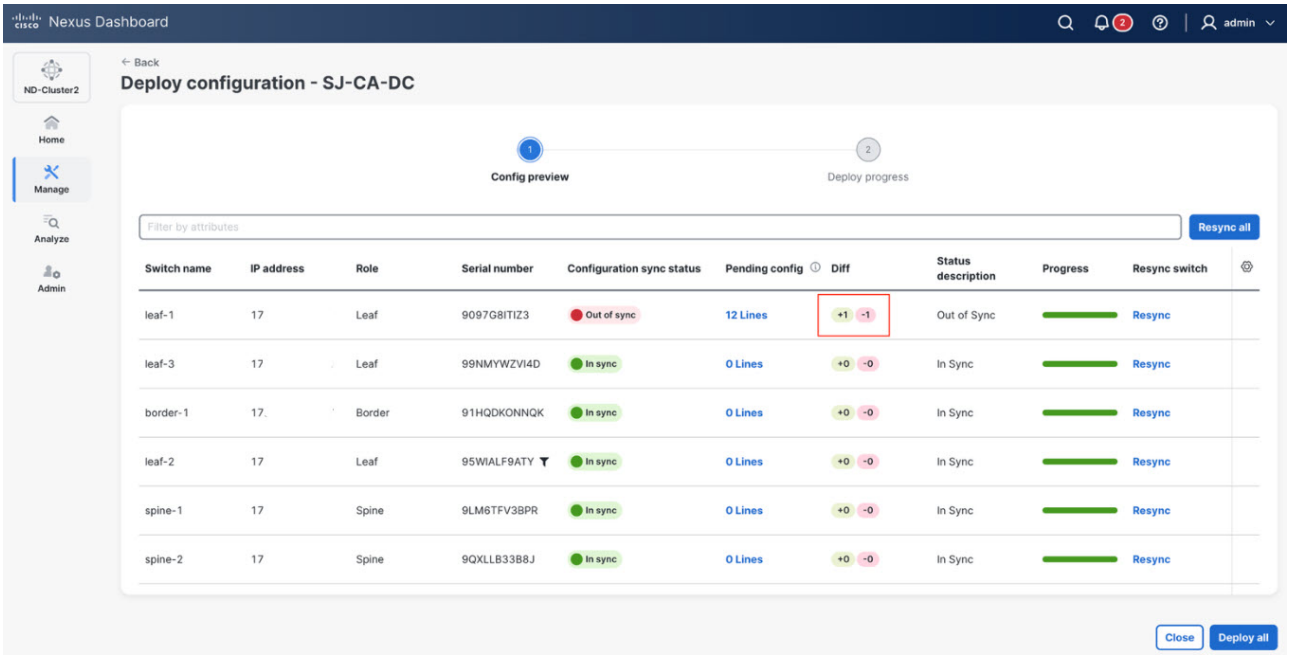
action

- The system logs all actions for audit purposes

Reconcile out-of-band configurations

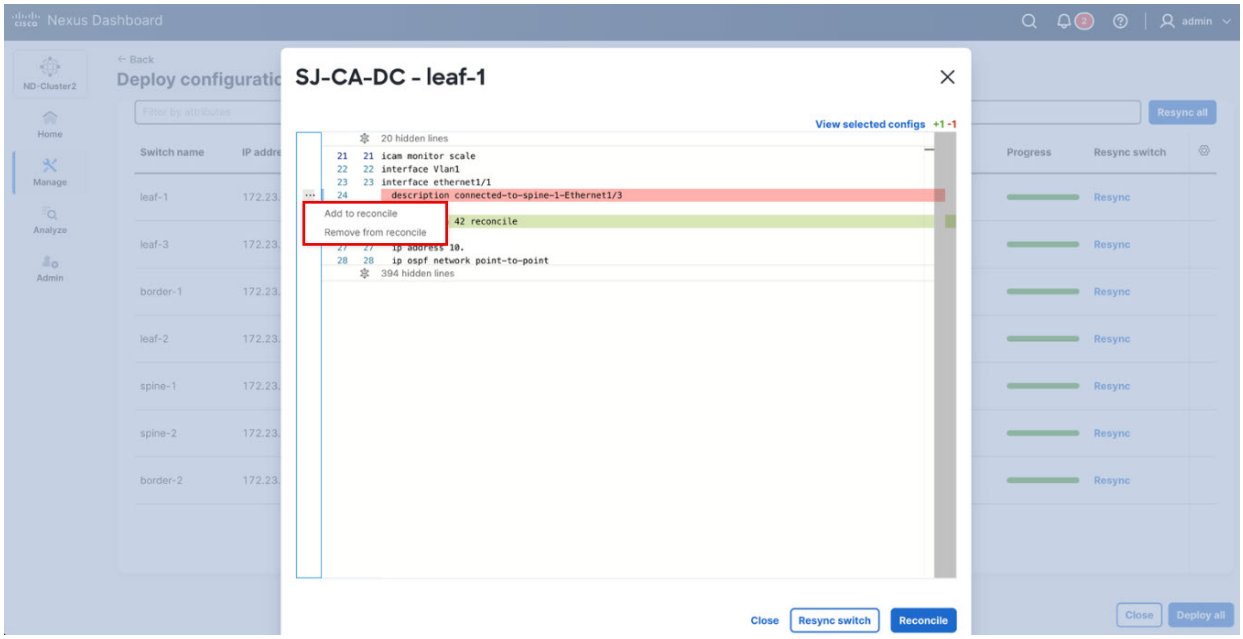
Follow these steps to reconcile configuration drift on managed switches.

1. Choose **Actions > Recalculate and Deploy > Resync or Resync All** to detect configuration differences.
2. Identify devices with an **Out of Sync** status in the **Configuration sync status** column.



3. In the **Diff** column, select the *value* for the device you want to reconcile.
4. Reconcile the configuration using one of these methods:
   - To reconcile all configurations, click **Reconcile**.
   - To reconcile specific changes, click the ellipsis (...) and select **Add to reconcile** to keep the out-of-band (OOB) change, or **Remove from reconcile** to discard it.

> The reconcile page highlights all out-of-band (OOB) changes, including supported and unsupported changes. After you reconcile the supported changes, the unsupported changes remain highlighted, and the system overwrites them during deployment. To prevent the system from overwriting these changes, enter them in the corresponding templates.



5. Click **Deploy**.

Example: Reconciliation of local operational switch changes

Let us consider an example where you configure a new interface description directly on a Nexus switch CLI for troubleshooting. Later, Nexus Dashboard compliance check identifies this local operational change.

Using reconciliation, you can also setup global configuration, ACLs, and route maps.

- Nexus Dashboard runs a scheduled or on-demand compliance check and detects that the running configuration on Switch A differs from the Nexus Dashboard intent.
- Open the compliance report to see the difference highlights the new interface description added directly on the switch.
- Choose **Reconcile** to add the new interface description into the Nexus Dashboard intent.
- Audit and confirm the action is logged in system policy history, and Switch A returns to a compliant status.
- The operational change is reconciled with Nexus Dashboard, ensuring that Nexus Dashboard continues to represent the single source of truth while accommodating necessary local actions.

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