



QoS Preservation Across IPN

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QoS and Global DSCP Policy

Cisco ACI Quality of Service (QoS) feature allows you to classify the network traffic in your fabric and then to prioritize and police the traffic flow to help avoid congestion in your network. When traffic is classified within the fabric, it is assigned a QoS Priority Level, which is then used throughout the fabric to provide the most desirable flow of packets through the network.

This release of Multi-Site Orchestrator supports configuration of QoS level based on source EPG or a specific Contract. Additional options are available in each fabric directly. You can find detailed information on ACI QoS in [Cisco APIC and QoS](#).

When traffic is sent and received within the Cisco ACI fabric, the QoS Level is determined based on the CoS value of the VXLAN packet's outer header. In certain use cases, such as multi-pod or remote leaf topologies, the traffic must transit an intersite network, where devices that are not under Cisco APIC's management may modify the CoS values in the packets. In these cases you can preserve the ACI QoS Level between parts of the same fabric or different fabrics by creating a mapping between the Cisco ACI QoS level and the DSCP value within the packet.

DSCP Policy Guidelines and Limitations

When configuring the global DSCP translation policy, the following guidelines apply.



Note

If you plan to use the global DSCP translation policy along with SD-WAN integration, skip this chapter and see the [SD-WAN Integration](#) chapter instead for all information including the full list of guidelines and limitations.

- Global DSCP policy is supported for on-premises sites only.
- When defining the global DSCP policy, you must pick a unique value for each QoS Level.

- When assigning QoS level, you can choose to assign it to a specific Contract or an entire EPG.

If multiple QoS levels could apply for any given traffic, only one is applied using the following precedence:

- Contract QoS level: If QoS is enabled in the Contract, the QoS level specified in the contract is used.
- Source EPG QoS level: If QoS level is not specified for the Contract, the QoS level set for the source EPG is used.
- Default QoS level: If no QoS level is specified, the traffic is assigned Level 3 QoS class by default.

Configuring Global DSCP Policy

When traffic is sent and received within a Cisco ACI fabric, it is prioritized based on the ACI QoS Level, which is determined based on the CoS value of the VXLAN packet's outer header. When traffic exits the ACI fabric towards an intersite network, for example in multi-pod and remote leaf topologies, the QoS level is translated into a DSCP value which is included in the outer header of the VXLAN-encapsulated packet.

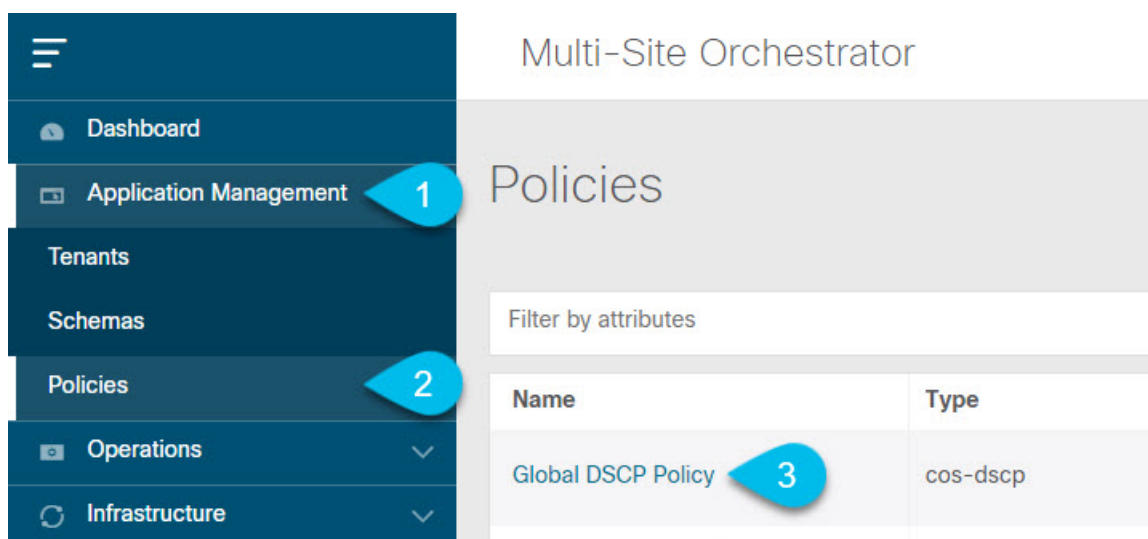
This section describes how to define the DSCP translation policy for traffic entering or exiting ACI fabric. This is required when traffic must transit through non-ACI networks, where devices that are not under Cisco APIC's management may modify the CoS values in the transiting packets.

Before you begin

- You should be familiar with Quality of Service (QoS) functionality within ACI fabrics.
- QoS is described in more detail in [Cisco APIC and QoS](#).

Procedure

- Step 1** Log in to your Cisco Multi-Site Orchestrator GUI.
- Step 2** Open the global DSCP policy configuration screen.



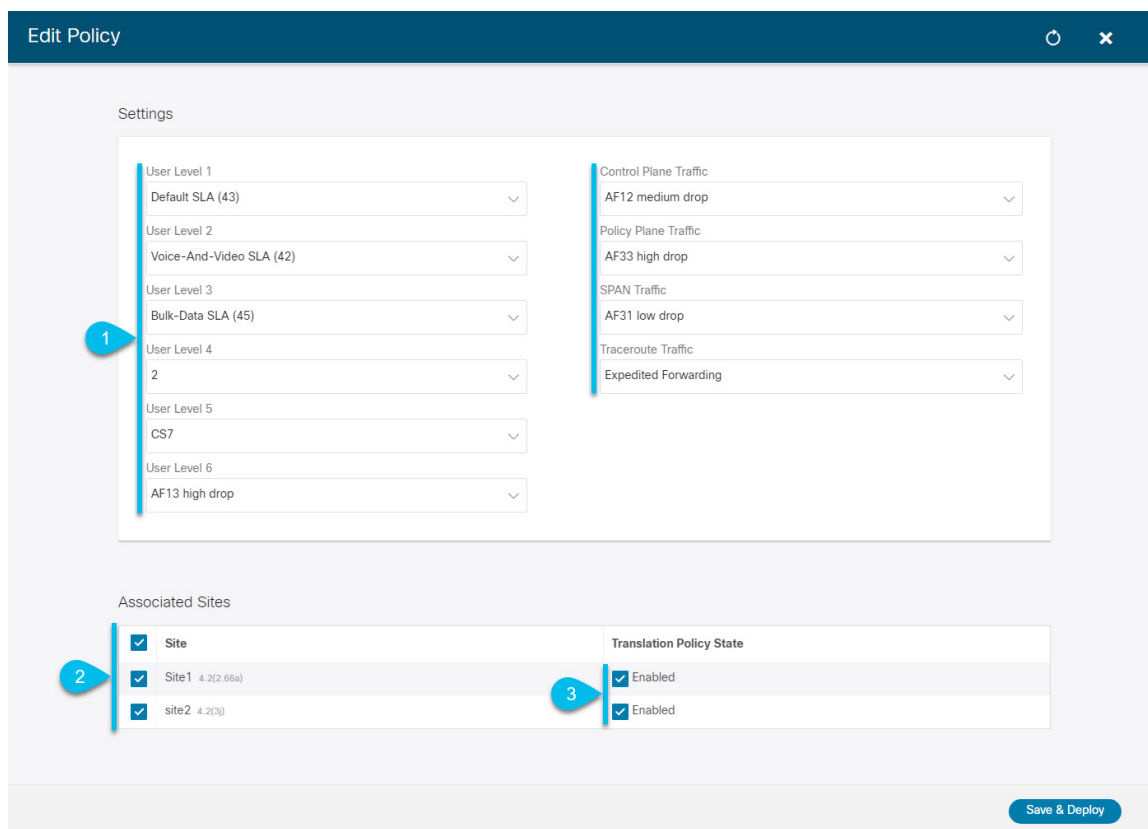
a) Navigate to **Application Management** > **Policies**.

b) Click **Global DSCP Policy** name.

The **Edit Policy** window will open.

Step 3

Update the global DSCP policy.



a) Choose the DSCP value for each ACI QoS level.

Each dropdown contains the default list of available DSCP values. You must choose a unique DSCP value for each level.

- b) Choose the sites where you want to deploy the policy.

We recommend deploying the policy to all sites that are part of the Multi-Site domain in order to achieve a consistent end-to-end QoS behavior.

- c) Choose whether you want to enable the policy on each site when it is deployed.
d) Click **Save & Deploy**.

After you save and deploy, the DSCP policy settings will be pushed to each site. You can verify the configuration by logging in to the site's APIC and navigating to **Tenants > infra > Policies > Protocol > DSCP class-CoS translation policy for L3 traffic**.

What to do next

After you have defined the global DSCP policy, you can assign the ACI QoS Levels to EPGs or Contracts as described in [Set QoS Level for EPGs and Contracts, on page 4](#).

Set QoS Level for EPGs and Contracts

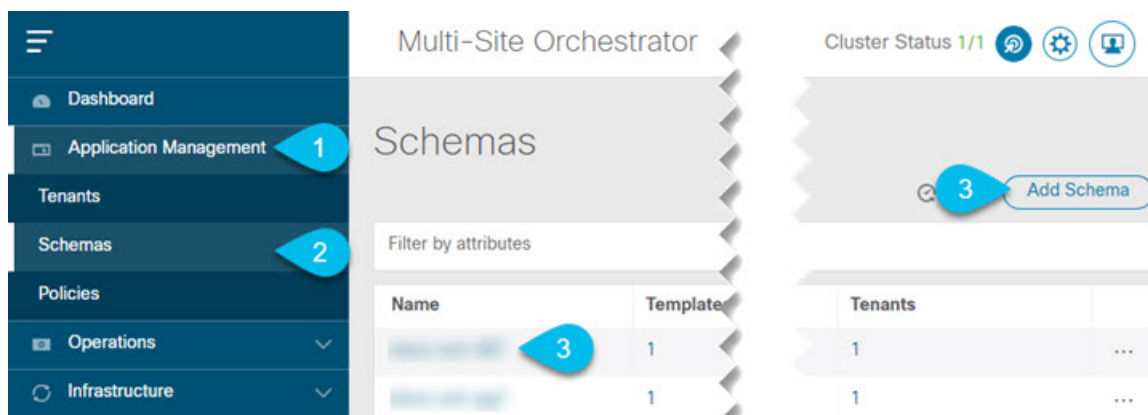
This section describes how to choose an ACI QoS level for traffic in your fabrics. You can choose to specify QoS for individual Contracts or entire EPGs.

Before you begin

- You must have defined the global DSCP policy, as described in [Configuring Global DSCP Policy, on page 2](#).
- You should be familiar with Quality of Service (QoS) functionality within ACI fabrics.
QoS is described in more detail in [Cisco APIC and QoS](#).

Procedure

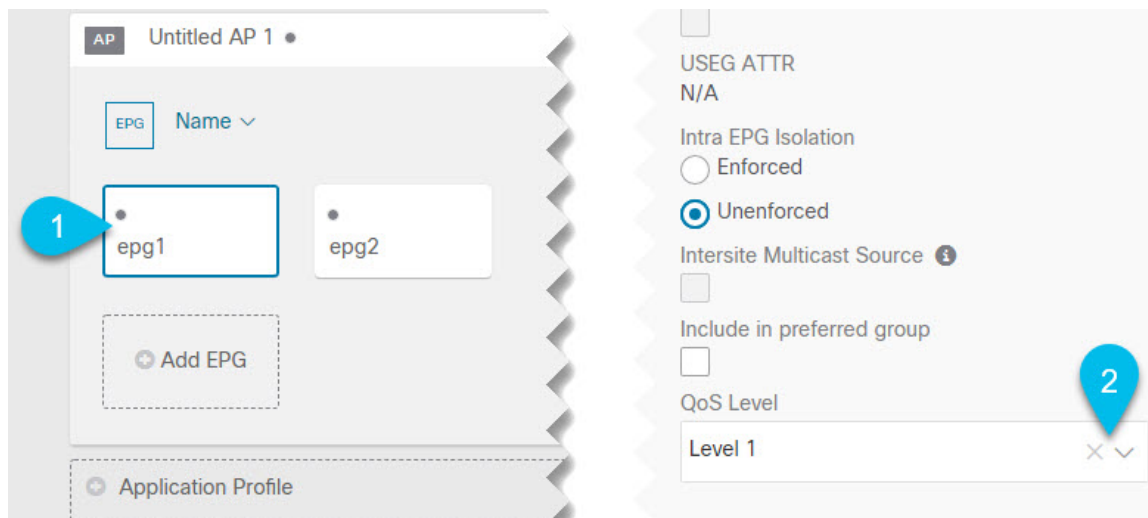
- Step 1** Log in to your Cisco Multi-Site Orchestrator GUI.
- Step 2** Choose the Schema you want to edit.



- a) Navigate to **Application Management > Schemas > .**
- b) Click the name of the schema you want to edit or **Add Schema** to create a new one.

The **Edit Policy** window will open.

Step 3 Pick a QoS Level for an EPG



- a) In the main pane, scroll down to the **EPG** area and select an EPG or click **Add EPG** to create a new one.
- b) In the right sidebar, scroll down to the **QoS Level** dropdown and choose the QoS Level you want to assign to the EPG.

Step 4 Pick a QoS Level for an EPG

The screenshot displays a network configuration interface. On the left, there are two main sections: 'CONTRACT' and 'VRF'. The 'CONTRACT' section has a 'Name' dropdown and a list of contracts, with 'c1' selected. The 'VRF' section has a 'Name' dropdown and a list of VRFs, with 'vrf1' selected. On the right, there is a 'Filter Chain' section with a table showing a filter named 'f1' with a 'none' directive. Below this is a 'Service Graph' dropdown menu. The 'ON-PREMISES PROPERTIES' section is highlighted, and the 'QoS Level' dropdown is set to 'Level 1'. A blue callout '1' points to the 'CONTRACT' section, and a blue callout '2' points to the 'QoS Level' dropdown.

Name	Directive
f1	none

QoS Level
Level 1

- In the main pane, scroll down to the **Contract** area and select a Contract or click the + icon to create a new one.
- In the right sidebar, scroll down to the **QoS Level** dropdown and choose the QoS Level you want to assign to the Contract.