



# **Installing OpenShift 4.7 on a Bare Metal Server**

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# **New and Changed Information**

The following table provides an overview of the significant changes up to this current release. The table does not provide an exhaustive list of all changes or of the new features up to this release.

Cisco ACI CNI plug-in Release Version	Feature
	Cisco Application Centric Infrastructure (ACI) supports Red Hat OpenShift 4.7 on a bare metal server.

## **Openshift 4.7 on Bare Metal**

This document pertains to installing OCP with the ACI CNI. However, to identify and resolve issues in your infrastructure not related to the ACI CNI, see the relevant installation guide to first install OCP on your bare metal nodes using the default OpenShift SDN CNI. You can check the OpenShift 4.7 container platform documentation.

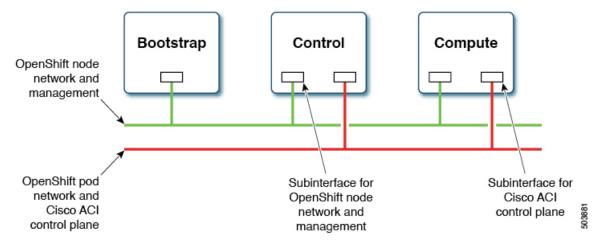


Note

This document can not be used standalone. This document should be used along with the *Red Hat OpenShift 4.7 Installing a Cluster on Bare Metal with Network Customizations* document to perform the OpenShift cluster installation.

## Requirements for supporting OpenShift 4.7 on a Bare Metal Server

At least two network interfaces are required for bare metal nodes, one for the node network, and the second for the pod network. The design separates OpenShift node traffic from the pod traffic. The separation results in the control and compute machines having two network interfaces, as shown in the following illustration:



The first interface is used for the node network and the second one is used for the pod network. The second interface also carries Cisco ACI control plane traffic. A VLAN tagged subinterface is configured on the second interface to carry the cluster's pod traffic and also the Cisco ACI control plane traffic.

## **Installation Process**

The following sections detail the steps required to install the OpenShift cluster using the ACI CNI.

- Configuring the OpenShift Installer, on page 3
- Configuring ACI Infra and CNI, on page 4
- Configuring Ignition Files, on page 5

### **Configuring the OpenShift Installer**

Use this procedure to configure the OpenShift installer.

#### Before you begin

Download the OpenShift installer and OC client.

For details of the location from where you can download the installer, see the OpenShift 4.7 document titled, *Installing a Cluster on Bare Metal with Network Customizations*.

#### **Procedure**

Create the install-config.yaml file.

```
$ ~/openupi$ pwd
/home/<user>/openupi
$ ~/openupi$ cat install-config.yaml
apiVersion: v1
baseDomain: noiro.local
- hyperthreading: Enabled
 name: worker
 replicas: 0
controlPlane:
 hyperthreading: Enabled
 name: master
 replicas: 3
metadata:
 name: openupi
networking:
 clusterNetwork:
  - cidr: 10.2.0.0/16
   hostPrefix: 23
 networkType: CiscoACI
  serviceNetwork:
  - 172.30.0.0/16
platform:
 none: {}
fips: false
proxy:
 httpsProxy: <http-proxy>
 httpProxy: <https-proxy>
 noProxy: <no-proxy>
publish: External
pullSecret: <RH-account-pull-secret>
sshKey: <host-ssh-key>
```

## **Configuring ACI Infra and CNI**

Use this procedure for configuring ACI infra and CNI using acc-provision.

#### **Procedure**

#### Sample ACI configuration:

```
# Configuration for ACI Fabric
aci config:
 system id: openupi
                                          # Every opflex cluster on the same fabric must have a
distict ID
 apic hosts:
                                       # List of APIC hosts to connect to for APIC API access
    - <APIC-IP>
 apic login:
   username: <username>
   password: <password>
  vmm domain:
                                 # Kubernetes VMM domain configuration
   encap_type: vxlan
                                 # Encap mode: vxlan or vlan
                                 # Every vxlan VMM on the same fabric must use a distinct range
   mcast range:
       start: 225.115.1.1
       end: 225.115.255.255
   nested inside:
      installer provisioned lb ip: <loadbalancer ip> # This IP should match the one configured
in the loadbalancer during installation.
 # The following resources must already exist on the APIC,
  # this is a reference to use them
                             # The attachment profile for ports/VPCs connected to this cluster
 aep: <AAEP NAME>
 vrf:
                              # VRF used to create all subnets used by this Kubernetes cluster
   name: <VRF NAME>
                              # This should exist, the provisioning tool does not create it
   tenant: <TENANT WITH VRF DEFINITION>
                                                  # This can be tenant for this cluster (system-id)
or common
 13out:
                              # L3out to use for this kubernetes cluster (in the VRF above)
   name:<L30UT NAME>
                          # This is used to provision external service IPs/LB
   external networks:
       <EXTERNAL EPG NAME>
                              # This should also exist, the provisioning tool does not create it
# Networks used by Kubernetes
net config:
 node subnet: 172.253.3.1/24
                                # Subnet to use for Kubernetes Pods
                                   # Subnet to use for nodes
 pod subnet: 10.2.0.1/16
 extern_dynamic: 10.3.0.1/16
                                 # Subnet to use for dynamically allocated external services
 extern static: 10.4.0.1/16
                                 # Subnet to use for statically allocated external services
 node_svc_subnet: 10.5.0.1/16
                                  # Subnet to use for service graph
 kubeapi_vlan: 3
                                   # The VLAN used by the internal physdom for nodes
  service vlan: 202
                                     # The VLAN used for external LoadBalancer services
 infra vlan: 4093
```

Note The \*.apps.<cluster\_name>.<base\_domain> records in the user-provisioned DNS should refer to the same IP address used in the installer provisioned lb ip.

Customize the sample acc-provision input file shown above as per your requirements. Then install the latest acc-provision package and run the acc-provision as follows:

```
$ ~/openupi$ pwd
/home/<user>/openupi
$ ~/openupi$ acc-provision -a -c acc_provision_input.yaml -f openshift-4.7-baremetal -u <user> -p
<password> -o aci deployment.yaml -z aci deployment.yaml.tar.gz
```

This generates a new aci\_deployment.yaml.tar.gz file which contains the ACI CNI manifests, and is used later during the OpenShift installation.

### **Configuring Ignition Files**

Use this procedure for configuring ignition files for the bare metal nodes.

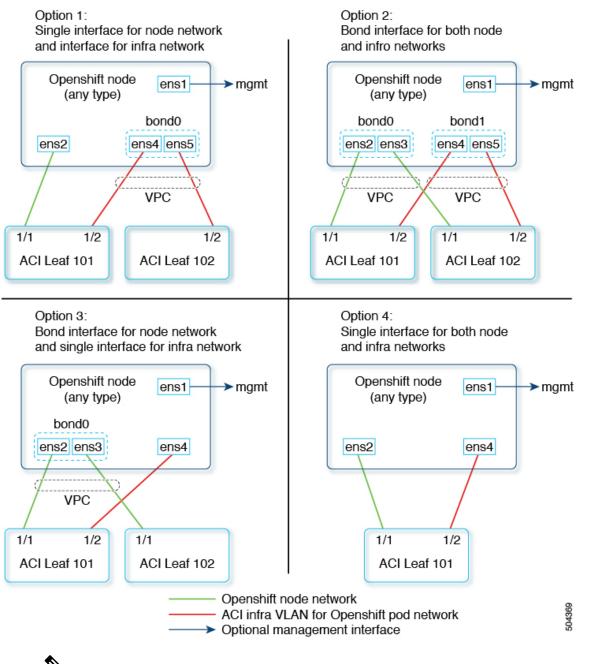
#### Before you begin

#### **Prepare the Ignition Files**

From Github download the <code>config.yaml</code> and <code>update\_ign.py</code> files. This script updates the CoreOS ignition file, with additional NIC configuration, required to extend the Cisco ACI internal network (Infra VLAN) up to the server level. This interface is used to carry VxLAN traffic from OVS towards the ACI leaf switch with an appropriate tag for the pod network. The script offers four options for node and pod network configuration:

- Single interface for node network and bond interface for infra network.
- Bond interface for both node and infra networks.
- Bond interface for node network and single interface for infra network.
- Single interface for both node and infra networks.

Each of the above options have been illustrated as shown below:





Note

Node network is configured as VLAN subinterface of either bond0 or physical NIC. You can configure the server with additional VLAN(s) for management purpose or use the node network for management network. The design might be dependent on the server provisioning method (PXE or manual ISO boot).

Read the instructions provided at the top of the <code>update\_ign.py</code> script and accordingly update the <code>config.yaml</code> file to match your environment.

Update the config.yaml file to match your environment.

```
all:
  infra vlan: 4093
  kubeapi vlan: 3
  service_vlan: 202
  network interfaces:
  node:
    mtu: 1500
  opflex:
    mtu: 1700
  os compute nodes number: 2
  os cp nodes number: 3
  node network interface:
    - ens2
   - ens3
  aci infra network interface:
    - ens4
    - ens5
```

#### **Procedure**

**Step 1** Create a root folder for your cluster.

```
cd /home/<user>/openupi
mkdir upi
```

- Step 2 Copy the install-config.yaml, config.yaml, and the update ign.py in the newly created upi folder.
- **Step 3** Create the manifests.

```
openshift-install create manifests --log-level debug --dir=upi
```

**Step 4** Extract all the ACI manifest files in upi/manifests/.

```
tar -xvf aci_deployment.yaml.tar.gz -C upi/manifests/
```

**Step 5** Create the ignition configurations.

```
openshift-install create ignition-configs --log-level debug --dir=upi
```

**Step 6** Update the ignition files with the ACI CNI specific configuration(s).

```
cd upi
export INFRA_ID=$(jq -r .infraID metadata.json)
python3 update ign.py
```

The ignition files are now ready and can be copied to your HTTP server, so they can be served to your nodes. The update\_ign.py will generate one ignition file per node following the *ocpbm-<cluster-id>-<node-name>-ignition.json* format.

#### What to do next

Proceed with the installation of the cluster; see the *Redhat OpenShift 4.7 document* (mentioned earlier in the chapter).

## **Updating the Default Ingress Controller**

For updating the default Ingress Controller publish strategy to use the ACI Loadbalancer, log in as a user with cluster-admin privileges and run the following:

```
oc replace --force --wait --filename - <<EOF
apiVersion: operator.openshift.io/v1
kind: IngressController
metadata:
  namespace: openshift-ingress-operator
  name: default
spec:
  endpointPublishingStrategy:
    type: LoadBalancerService
  loadBalancer:
    scope: External
EOF</pre>
```

For more details, see the Configuring the Default Ingress Controller for your Cluster to be Internal section in the Ingress Operator in OpenShift Container Platform Red Hat guide.

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