

Cable Monitoring Feature for Cisco cBR Series Routers

After you configure cable monitoring, the router forwards copies of selected packets on the cable interface to an external LAN analyzer attached to another interface on the Cisco CMTS router. This command can help in troubleshooting network and application problems.



Note

This feature does not monitor traffic for the purpose of preventing denial-of-service attacks and other types of network attacks. Even after configuring the cable monitoring feature, the traffic continues to its original destination, and only copies of the selected packets are forwarded to the CALEA server or LAN analyzer.



Note

This feature doesn't support line card high availability (LCHA).

Finding Feature Information

Your software release may not support all the features that are documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. The Feature Information Table at the end of this document provides information about the documented features and lists the releases in which each feature is supported.

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Overview of Cable Monitor Command for cBR

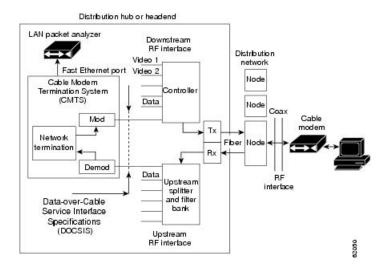
The **cable monitor** command sends copies of packets for specific types of traffic that is sent over a particular cable interface to a LAN analyzer, for use in troubleshooting network problems. This command can select packets to be forwarded using one or more of the following parameters:

- Either incoming or outbound packets
- Packets that match a specific MAC address (source and destination)
- Packets with a specific Service ID (SID)

Packets can also be timestamped to aid in troubleshooting. The packets are then forwarded out of the specified 10 Gigabit Ethernet port to the LAN analyzer for additional analysis.

The figure below illustrates a LAN packet analyzer attached to a Fast Ethernet port in a DOCSIS two-way configuration.

Figure 1: LAN Packet Analyzer in a DOCSIS Two-Way Configuration





Note

The WAN port used for cable monitoring should be exclusively used by the LAN packet analyzer.

Configuring Cable Monitoring for cBR Routers

To enable the cable traffic monitoring feature on a particular cable interface, use the following procedure, starting in privileged EXEC mode.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode. Enter your
	Example:	password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
	Example:	
	Router#	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
	Example:	
	Router(config)#	
Step 3	cable monitor	Enters cable monitor configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config)# cable monitor	
	Example:	
	Router(config-cable-monitor)#	
Step 4	sniff card <slot num=""> <ds us=""> <sniff point=""> <filter> dest cmon-tunnel <cmon-tunnel< td=""><td>Configures the card to forward the sniffed packets.</td></cmon-tunnel<></filter></sniff></ds></slot>	Configures the card to forward the sniffed packets.
	num>	• slot number—Slot number of the line card
	Example:	• ds/us—Downstream or upstream
	Downstream traffic: For each channel	• sniff point—Sniff point in downstream or
	Router(config-cable-monitor)sniff card 3 outbound docsis integrated-Cable 3/0/0:0 dest cmon-tunnel 3	upstream FPGA (field-programmable gate
		array)
	Example:	• filter—Packet type filter
	Downstream traffic: For each wideband channel	• dest cmon-tunnel—Cable monitor tunnel for captured packets
	Router(config-cable-monitor)sniff card	
	3 outbound pre-docsis wideband-Cable 3/0/0:0 dest cmon-tunnel 3	cmon-tunnel num—Cable monitor tunnel number for capture packets
	Example:	
	Downstream traffic: For each MAC address	
	Router(config-cable-monitor)sniff card	
	3 outbound docsis mac-address 0100.5e01.0101 dest cmon-tunnel 3	
	Example:	
	Upstream traffic: For each channel	d
	Router(config-cable-monitor)# sniff card 3 incoming	
	post-docsis upstream-cable 3/0/0 us-channel 0 dest cmon-tunnel 3	
	Example:	
	Upstream traffic: For each MAC address (cable modem or CPE)	
	Router(config-cable-monitor)#sniff card 3 incoming	

	Command or Action	Purpose
	post-docsis mac-address e448.c70c.9c27 dest cmon-tunnel 3	
	Example:	
	Upstream traffic: For MD/SID	
	Router(config-cable-monitor)#sniff card 3 incoming post-docsis cable 3/0/0 sid 12 upstream 0 dest cmon-tunnel 3	
Step 5	end	Exits global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config)# end	
	Example:	
	Router#	

What to do next

You can capture and forward the sniffed packets to an external server or a local hard disk. For more details, see Capturing Sniffed Packets, on page 4.

Capturing Sniffed Packets

To forward the captured traffic to an external server, you should configure a tunnel. The external server might not be directly connected and can be away from CMTS.

To capture sniffed packets, you can follow one of these procedures:

- Capture output packets using an external host
- Capture packets by locating the hard disk

Capturing Sniffed Packets on an External Host

To forward the captured traffic to an external server, you should configure a tunnel. The external server might not be directly connected and can be away from CMTS.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
	Example:	
	Router(config)#	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 2	interface cmon-tunnel number	Enters the interface cmon-tunnel mode to capture sniffed packets.
	Example:	
	<pre>Router(config) # interface CMON-Tunnel 3 Router(config-if) #</pre>	
Step 3	tunnel destination IP address, tunnel source IP address	Configures destination IP address and the source IP address for an external host to capture output packets.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if) #tunnel destination 10.10.21.11 Router(config-if) #tunnel source 10.10.21.1	
Step 4	end	Exits global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config)# end	
	Example:	
	Router#	

What to do next

Decode the captured packets by using a Wireshark plug-in.

Capturing Sniffed Packets on a Local Hard Drive

To forward the captured traffic to a local hard disk, use the following procedure.

Procedure

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router#configure CMON-Tunnel 3	
	Example:	
	Router(config)#	
Step 2	interface cmon-tunnel number	Enters the interface cmon-tunnel mode.
	Example:	
	<pre>Router(config) #interface CMON-Tunnel 3 Router(config-if) #</pre>	
Step 3	mode buffer	Enables mode buffer in the cmon-tunnel to
	Example:	capture packets by locating the hard disk.
	Router(config-if) #mode buffer	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 4	end	Exits global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if)#end Router#	
Step 5	show platform software interface fp active name-string CMON-Tunnel number	Gets the QFP ID.
	Example:	
	Router# show platform software interface fp active name-string CMON-Tunnel3 Name: CMON-Tunnel3, ID: 131074, QFP ID: 11745, Schedules: 0 Type: CABLE-MONITOR, State: enabled, SNMP ID: 0, MTU: 0 IP Address: 0.0.0.0 IPV6 Address: :: Flags: unknown ICMP Flags: unreachables, no-redirects, no-info-reply, no-mask-reply ICMP6 Flags: unreachables, no-redirects SMI enabled on protocol(s): UNKNOWN Authenticated-user: FRR linkdown ID: 65535 Monitor Type: 0, Instance ID: 3, Mode: 3 Monitor Tunnel Source: 0.0.0.0, Destination: 0.0.0.0 vNet Name: , vNet Tag: 0, vNet Extra Information: 0 Dirty: unknown AOM dependency sanity check: PASS AOM Obj ID: 24094	
Step 6	test platform hardware qfp active feature docsis cmon-copy 3 QFP_ID	Uses the QFP ID to copy the buffer to the harddisk.
	Example:	
	Router# test platform hardware qfp active feature docsis cmon-copy 3 11745 Router #dir harddisk: in CMON 50 -rw- 24 Mar 5 2020 12:33:42 +02:00 CMON_3_20200305-123342.pcap	

What to do next

Decode the captured packets by using a Wireshark plug-in.

Feature Information for Cable Monitoring

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about the platform support and software image support. Cisco Feature Navigator enables you to determine which software images support a specific software release,

feature set, or platform. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to the www.cisco.com/go/cfn link. An account on the Cisco.com page is not required.



Note

The following table lists the software release in which a given feature is introduced. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Table 1: Feature Information for Cable Monitoring

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Cable Monitoring		This feature was integrated into Cisco IOS XE Everest 16.5.1 on the Cisco cBR Series Converged Broadband Router s.

Feature Information for Cable Monitoring