

## **Upstream Interface Configuration**

This document describes how to configure the upstream interfaces on the Cisco cBR Series Converged Broadband Router.

- Finding Feature Information, on page 1
- Hardware Compatibility Matrix for the Cisco cBR Series Routers, on page 1
- Information About Upstream Interface Configuration, on page 2
- How to Configure Upstream Interfaces, on page 3
- Configuration Examples, on page 6
- Additional References, on page 7
- Feature Information for Upstream Interface Configuration on the Cisco cBR Router, on page 7

## **Finding Feature Information**

#### **Finding Feature Information**

Your software release may not support all the features that are documented in this module. For the latest feature information and caveats, see the release notes for your platform and software release. The Feature Information Table at the end of this document provides information about the documented features and lists the releases in which each feature is supported.

## Hardware Compatibility Matrix for the Cisco cBR Series Routers



Note

The hardware components that are introduced in a given Cisco IOS-XE Release are supported in all subsequent releases unless otherwise specified.

Table 1: Hardware Compatibility Matrix for the Cisco cBR Series Routers

Cisco CMTS Platform	Processor Engine	Interface Cards
Cisco cBR-8 Converged Broadband Router	Cisco IOS-XE Release 16.5.1 and Later Releases	Cisco IOS-XE Release 16.5.1 and Later Releases
	Cisco cBR-8 Supervisor:	Cisco cBR-8 CCAP Line Cards:
	• PID—CBR-SUP-250G	• PID—CBR-LC-8D30-16U30
	• PID—CBR-CCAP-SUP-160G	• PID—CBR-LC-8D31-16U30
	• PID—CBR-CCAP-SUP-60G	• PID—CBR-RF-PIC
	• PID—CBR-SUP-8X10G-PIC	• PID—CBR-RF-PROT-PIC
		• PID—CBR-CCAP-LC-40G
		• PID—CBR-CCAP-LC-40G-R
		Cisco cBR-8 Downstream PHY Modules:
		• PID—CBR-D30-DS-MOD
		• PID—CBR-D31-DS-MOD
		Cisco cBR-8 Upstream PHY Modules:
		• PID—CBR-D30-US-MOD
		• PID—CBR-D31-US-MOD

## **Information About Upstream Interface Configuration**

#### **Upstream Channel Management**

Upstream Channel Management (UCM) is responsible for the physical (PHY) layer configuration and resource management of upstream channels in the Cisco cBR Series Converged Broadband Router.

#### **Upstream Controller**

An upstream port represents a physical upstream RF connector on a cable line card, connected to one or more fiber nodes. An upstream RF port is a container of upstream RF channels, which imposes constraints on both topology and spectrum for the group of RF channels contained in the physical port. An upstream RF port also represents the RF front-end hardware component on a cable line card including the connector, variable gain adjustment (VGA), and A/D converter. This is directly connected to a set of upstream physical channel receivers. The number of upstream physical channels per port is thus constrained by the number of receivers accessible to the port.

#### **Upstream Channel**

An upstream RF channel represents DOCSIS physical layer operation on a single upstream center frequency with a particular channel width. It is contained by a single physical port on the CMTS line card hardware.

#### **Upstream Resource Management**

The upstream resource management (URM) feature is primarily responsible for the maintenance of the relationship between a physical upstream connector on the line card and the upstream RF channels received on that connector.

## **How to Configure Upstream Interfaces**

This section contains the following:

### **Configuring the Cisco CMTS Manually Using Configuration Mode**

Connect a console terminal to the console port on the I/O controller. When asked if you want to enter the initial dialog, answer **no** to go into the normal operating mode of the router. After a few seconds the user EXEC prompt (**Router>**) appears.

## **Configuring the Modulation Profile and Assigning to an Upstream Channel**

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	cable modulation-profile profile mode_of_oper	Creates a preconfigured modulation profile
	qam_profile	where the burst parameters are set to their
	Example:	default values for each burst type.
	Router(config)# cable modulation-profile 23 tdma qam-16	
Step 4	Controller Upstream-Cable slot/subslot/port	Enters the controller interface configuration
	Example:	mode.
	Router(config) # Controller Upstream-Cable 7/0/0	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	us-channel n modulation-profile primary-profile-number [secondary-profile-number] [tertiary-profile-number]	Assigns up to three modulation profiles to an upstream port.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if)#cable upstreamus-channel 0 modulation-profile 23	
Step 6	end	Exits controller configuration submode and
	Example:	returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Router(config-controller)# end	

## **Configuring the Upstream Channel with PHY Layer**

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose	
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.	
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.	
	Router> enable		
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.	
	Example:		
	Router# configure terminal		
Step 3	controller upstream-cable slot/subslot/port	Specifies the controller interface line card and	
	Example:	enters upstream controller config configuration submode.	
	Router(config) # controller upstream-cable 1/0/0	buomit we.	
Step 4	us-channel rf-channel frequency freq-val	Assigns frequency to an RF channel on a	
	Example:	controller interface.	
	Router(config-controller)# us-channel 1 frequency 20000000		
Step 5	us-channel rf-channel docsis-mode mode	Assigns DOCSIS mode to an RF channel on	
	Example:	controller interface.	
	Router(config-controller)# us-channel 1 docsis-mode tdma		
Step 6	us-channel rf-channel channel-width value	Assigns channel width in Hertz to an RF	
	Example:	channel on a controller interface.	

	Command or Action	Purpose
	Router(config-controller)# us-channel 1 channel-width 3200000	
Step 7	<b>us-channel</b> rf-channel <b>modulation-profile</b> profile	Assigns modulation profile to an RF channel on a controller interface.
	Example:	
	Router(config-controller)# us-channel 1 modulation-profile 21	
Step 8	no us-channel rf-channel shutdown	Enables the upstream channel.
	Example:	
	Router(config-controller)# no us-channel 1 shutdown	
Step 9	end	Exits upstream controller configuration
	Example:	submode and returns to privileged EXEC mod
	Router(config-controller)# end	

# Associating Upstream Channels with a MAC Domain and Configuring Upstream Bonding

#### **Procedure**

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	enable	Enables privileged EXEC mode.
	Example:	Enter your password if prompted.
	Router> enable	
Step 2	configure terminal	Enters global configuration mode.
	Example:	
	Router# configure terminal	
Step 3	interface cable	Specifies the cable interface line card on a Cisco
	slot/subslot/cable-interface-index	CMTS router.
	Example:	
	Router(config)# interface cable 7/0/0	
Step 4	downstream integrated-cable slot/subslot/port	Associates a set of upstream channels to the
	rf-channel rf-chan [upstream grouplist]	integrated downstream channels.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if)# downstream	
	integrated-cable 7/0/0 rf-channel 3 upstream 3	

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 5	upstream md-us-chan-id upstream-cable slot/subslot/port us-channel rf-channel	Associates a set of physical upstream channels with the Mac Domain.
	Example:	
	Router(config-if)# upstream 0 upstream-cable 7/0/0 us-channel 0	
Step 6	cable upstream bonding-group id	Creates the upstream bonding group on the
	Example:	specified cable interface and enters upstream bonding configuration submode.
	Router(config-if)# cable upstream bonding-group 200	bonding configuration submode.
Step 7	upstream number	Adds an upstream channel to the upstream
	Example:	bonding group.
	Router(config-upstream-bonding)# upstream 1	A maximum of 16 upstream channels can be configured for each MAC Domain, which are divided into two groups:
		• Group 1: upstream channel 0-7 • Group 2: upstream channel 8-15
		The <b>upstream bonding-group</b> should include all the upstream channels either from Group 1 or Group 2 only.
Step 8	attributes value	Modifies the attribute value for the specified
	Example:	upstream bonding group.
	Router(config-upstream-bonding)# attributes eeeeeeee	
Step 9	end	Exits upstream bonding configuration submode
	Example:	and returns to privileged EXEC mode.
	Router(config-upstream-bonding)# end	

# **Configuration Examples**

#### **Upstream Channel with PHY Layer Configuration Example**

```
us-channel 0 frequency 20000000 us-channel 0 channel-width 3200000 3200000 us-channel 0 power-level 0 us-channel 0 docsis-mode tdma us-channel 0 minislot-size 2 us-channel 0 modulation-profile 21 no us-channel 0 shutdown
```

#### **Upstream Channels with a MAC Domain Configuration Example**

```
interface Cable8/0/0
downstream Modular-Cable 8/0/0 rf-channel 0
upstream 0 Upstream-Cable 8/0/0 us-channel 0
upstream 1 Upstream-Cable 8/0/0 us-channel 1
cable mtc-mode
cable upstream bonding-group 1
upstream 0
upstream 1
attributes 80000000
```

### **Additional References**

#### **Technical Assistance**

Description	Link
The Cisco Support website provides extensive online resources, including documentation and tools for troubleshooting and resolving technical issues with Cisco products and technologies.	http://www.cisco.com/support
To receive security and technical information about your products, you can subscribe to various services, such as the Product Alert Tool (accessed from Field Notices), the Cisco Technical Services Newsletter, and Really Simple Syndication (RSS) Feeds.	
Access to most tools on the Cisco Support website requires a Cisco.com user ID and password.	

# Feature Information for Upstream Interface Configuration on the Cisco cBR Router

Use Cisco Feature Navigator to find information about the platform support and software image support. Cisco Feature Navigator enables you to determine which software images support a specific software release, feature set, or platform. To access Cisco Feature Navigator, go to the <a href="https://www.cisco.com/go/cfn">www.cisco.com/go/cfn</a> link. An account on the Cisco.com page is not required.



Note

The following table lists the software release in which a given feature is introduced. Unless noted otherwise, subsequent releases of that software release train also support that feature.

Table 2: Feature Information for Upstream Interface Configuration

Feature Name	Releases	Feature Information
Upstream Interface Configuration	Cisco IOS XE Fuji 16.7.1	This feature was integrated on the Cisco cBR Series Converged Broadband Routers.