

Preposition Configuration Mode Commands

To create and modify preposition directives on a WAAS device for prepositioning files for CIFS (WAFS), use the **accelerator cifs preposition** global configuration command.

accelerator cifs preposition *directive_id*

Syntax Description

directive_id Preposition directive ID of an existing preposition directive that you want to change or a new directive that you want to create.

Defaults

No default behavior or values.

Command Modes

global configuration

Device Modes

application-accelerator

Usage Guidelines

Use the **accelerator cifs preposition** command to create and edit preposition directives to be used with the transparent CIFS accelerator. A preposition directive defines a set of files that are to be prepositioned on the WAE device.

Within preposition configuration mode, you can use the various commands (**server**, **root**, **scan-type**, **schedule**, and so on) to configure a preposition directive. After you are done defining and scheduling the preposition directive, you must use the `enable` command to enable it. To return to global configuration mode, enter the **exit** command at the preposition configuration mode prompt.



Note

We recommend that you use the WAAS Central Manager GUI to configure preposition directives. For more information, see the [“Creating a Preposition Directive”](#) section in the *Cisco Wide Area Application Services Configuration Guide*.



Note

If you create a preposition directive from the CLI before the secure store on the WAE is initialized, you must wait at least two datafeed poll cycles (10 minutes by default) before initializing the secure store; otherwise, the preposition directive will not propagate to the Central Manager because the credentials will not be able to be decrypted on the WAE.

Examples

The following example shows how to enter preposition configuration mode and configure a preposition directive using the **accelerator cifs preposition** command:

```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 1
WAE(config-preposition)# credentials username administrator domain PRINT password 0 foo
```

```
WAE(config-preposition)# dscp 45
WAE(config-preposition)# duration 30
WAE(config-preposition)# min-file-size 0
WAE(config-preposition)# name "Program Files"
WAE(config-preposition)# root Program_Files
WAE(config-preposition)# scan-type full
WAE(config-preposition)# server 10.1.221.3
WAE(config-preposition)# schedule daily 23:00
WAE(config-preposition)# enable
WAE(config-preposition)# exit
```

Related Commands [\(config\) accelerator cifs](#)

(config-preposition) credentials

To set the username and password credentials for a file server in a preposition directive, use the **credentials** preposition configuration command.

```
credentials username username password {0 | 1} password}
```

Syntax Description	username <i>username</i>	Specifies the username.
	password { 0 1 } <i>password</i>	Specifies the password. To indicate that the password string is unencrypted, specify 0 . To indicate that the password string is encrypted, specify 1 .

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes preposition configuration mode

Device Modes application-accelerator

Examples The following example shows how to set the username and password credentials:

```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3
WAE(config-preposition)# credentials username ramyav password 0 ux5TjW8r
```

Related Commands [\(config-preposition\) server](#)

(config-preposition) dscp

To set the DSCP marking value for a preposition task, use the **dscp** preposition configuration command. To remove a DSCP marking value, use the **no** form of this command.

dscp *value*

no dscp *value*

Syntax Description	<i>value</i>	DSCP marking value to assign to prepositioning traffic.
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Defaults	No default behavior or values.
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Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
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Device Modes	application-accelerator
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Usage Guidelines	<p>This command specifies the DSCP marking value to be used for prepositioning traffic.</p> <p>DSCP is a field in an IP packet that enables different levels of service to be assigned to the network traffic. The levels of service are assigned by marking each packet on the network with a DSCP code and associating a corresponding level of service. DSCP is the combination of IP Precedence and Type of Service (ToS) fields. For more information, see RFC 2474.</p> <p>For details on the valid DSCP marking values, see Table 3-2 on page -694.</p>
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Examples	The following example shows how to set the DSCP marking value to cs7:
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```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3
WAE(config-preposition)# dscp cs7
```

Related Commands	(config) service-policy
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(config-preposition) duration

To set the maximum duration for a preposition task, use the **duration** preposition configuration command. To remove a duration limit, use the **no** form of this command.

duration *minutes*

no duration *minutes*

Syntax Description	<i>minutes</i>	Maximum number of minutes that the preposition task is allowed to run.
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Defaults	No default behavior or values.
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Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
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Device Modes	application-accelerator
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Usage Guidelines	This command specifies the maximum amount of time that the WAAS software should take to complete the preposition task. If the software takes longer than this amount of time, the software stops the prepositioning process before all files are copied to the Edge WAE cache. If the preposition task does not start at the scheduled start time (for example, because the Edge and the Core have no connection), the start retries are counted in the duration. If you do not specify a value for this command, WAAS takes as much time as needed to export this file server.
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Examples	The following example shows how to set the maximum task duration to 60 minutes:
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```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3  
WAE(config-preposition)# duration 60
```

Related Commands	(config-preposition) schedule
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(config-preposition) enable

To enable a preposition directive, use the **enable** preposition configuration command. To disable a preposition directive, use the **no** form of this command.

enable

no enable

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults Not enabled.

Command Modes preposition configuration mode

Device Modes application-accelerator

Usage Guidelines You must use this command to enable a preposition directive after you define it and schedule it.

Examples The following example shows how to enable a preposition directive:

```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 5  
WAE(config-preposition)# enable
```

Related Commands [\(config\) accelerator cifs preposition](#)

(config-preposition) ignore-hidden-dir

To ignore hidden directories in the set of files to be prepositioned, use the **ignore-hidden-dir** preposition configuration command.

ignore-hidden-dir

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults Hidden directories are not ignored.

Command Modes preposition configuration mode

Device Modes application-accelerator

Examples The following example shows how to prevent hidden directories from being prepositioned:

```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3  
WAE(config-preposition)# ignore-hidden-dir
```

Related Commands [\(config-preposition\) root](#)

(config-preposition) max-cache

To set the maximum percentage of the cache that the files from a preposition directive can use, use the **max-cache** preposition configuration command.

max-cache *percentage*

Syntax Description	<i>percentage</i>	Integer from 1–100 that specifies a percentage of the overall Edge WAE cache that prepositioned files can consume.
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Defaults	5
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Command Modes	Preposition configuration mode
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Device Modes	application-accelerator
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Examples	The following example shows how to set the maximum cache percentage to 10 percent:
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```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3
WAE(config-preposition)# max-cache 10
```

Related Commands	(config-preposition) max-file-size
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(config-preposition) max-file-size

To set the maximum size file that can be prepositioned, use the **max-file-size** preposition configuration command. To remove this limit, use the **no** form of this command.

```
max-file-size size_in_kb
```

```
no max-file-size size_in_kb
```

Syntax Description	<i>size_in_kb</i>	Number of kilobytes of the maximum file size.
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Defaults	No default behavior or values.
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Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
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Device Modes	application-accelerator
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Usage Guidelines	Files that are larger than the specified size are not prepositioned.
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Examples	The following example shows how to set the maximum file size to 1000 KB:
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```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3  
WAE(config-preposition)# max-file-size 1000
```

Related Commands	(config-preposition) max-cache
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(config-preposition) min-file-size

To set the minimum size file that can be prepositioned, use the **min-file-size** preposition configuration command. To remove this limit, use the **no** form of this command.

min-file-size *size_in_kb*

no min-file-size *size_in_kb*

Syntax Description	<i>size_in_kb</i>	Number of kilobytes of the minimum file size.
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Defaults	20 KB
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Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
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Device Modes	application-accelerator
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Usage Guidelines	Files that are smaller than the specified size are not prepositioned.
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Examples	The following example shows how to set the minimum file size to 50 KB:
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```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3
WAE(config-preposition)# min-file-size 50
```

Related Commands	(config-preposition) max-file-size
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(config-preposition) name

To set the display name of a preposition directive, use the **name** preposition configuration command.

name *name*

Syntax Description	<i>name</i>	Name of a preposition directive.
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Defaults	The default name is New preposition directive <i>n</i> .
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Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
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Device Modes	application-accelerator
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Examples	The following example shows how to set the preposition directive name:
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```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3  
WAE(config-preposition)# name working_files
```

Related Commands	(config-preposition) enable
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(config-preposition) pattern

To filter the files included for a preposition directive, use the **pattern** preposition configuration command. To remove this filter, use the **no** form of this command.

```
pattern { equals | starts-with | ends-with | contains } text
```

```
no pattern { equals | starts-with | ends-with | contains } text
```

Syntax Description	equals	Specifies to limit the selected files to those filenames that are equal to the specified text.
	starts-with	Specifies to limit the selected files to those filenames that start with the specified text.
	ends-with	Specifies to limit the selected files to those filenames that end with the specified text.
	contains	Specifies to limit the selected files to those filenames that contain the specified text.
	<i>text</i>	Text string that filters the selected files based on the pattern option.

Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes preposition configuration mode

Device Modes application-accelerator

Examples The following example shows how to set a pattern filter to select only files that end with .doc:

```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3
WAE(config-preposition)# pattern ends-with .doc
```

Related Commands [\(config-preposition\) root](#)

(config-preposition) recursive

To include files in subdirectories for a preposition directive, use the **recursive** preposition configuration command. To not include subdirectories, use the **no** form of this command.

recursive

no recursive

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Defaults Subdirectories are included.

Command Modes preposition configuration mode

Device Modes application-accelerator

Examples The following example shows how to exclude subdirectories from prepositioning:

```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3  
WAE(config-preposition)# no recursive
```

Related Commands [\(config-preposition\) root](#)

(config-preposition) root

To set a root directory for a preposition directive, use the **root** preposition configuration command.

root *path*

Syntax Description	<i>path</i>	Full pathname to the directory, not including the server name.
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Defaults	No default behavior or values.
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Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
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Device Modes	application-accelerator
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Usage Guidelines	You can configure multiple root directories by executing this command multiple times for a preposition directive.
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Examples	The following example shows how to set a root preposition directory:
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```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3
WAE(config-preposition)# root home/working
```

Related Commands	(config-preposition) pattern (config-preposition) recursive (config-preposition) scan-type (config-preposition) server
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(config-preposition) scan-type

To set the file scanning type for a preposition directive, use the **scan-type** preposition configuration command.

```
scan-type {full | since last | since period units}
```

Syntax Description	full	Specifies to copy all files to the Edge WAE cache.
	since last	Specifies to copy only the files that have changed since the last preposition to the Edge WAE cache. This differential filter is applied from the second iteration of a task execution onward. If a new directory is moved to an already prepositioned directory (without changing its last-modified time), this new directory is not prepositioned during the next prepositioning session when you choose this option.
	since period units	Specifies to copy only the files that have changed within the specified period. Period values are the number of minutes, hours, days, or weeks (depending on the units specified). Unit values are min , hour , day , or week .

Defaults Full

Command Modes preposition configuration mode

Device Modes application-accelerator

Examples The following example shows how to set the scan-type for a preposition directive:

```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3
WAE(config-preposition)# scan-type since last
```

Related Commands [\(config-preposition\) recursive](#)
[\(config-preposition\) root](#)

(config-preposition) schedule

To set the schedule for starting a preposition task, use the **schedule** preposition configuration command.

```

schedule { now |
             daily time |
             date date time |
             weekly { dayname [dayname]... } time time |
             monthly { week-day dayname weeknumber time time | { day day [day]... } } time time }

```

Syntax Description		
now		Specifies that prepositioning occurs within a few minutes of submitting the schedule.
daily <i>time</i>		Specifies that prepositioning occurs daily at the defined time at which to run the prepositioning task, in the following format: <i>hh:mm</i> , where <i>hh</i> is the hour (00–23) and <i>mm</i> is the minutes (00–59). Hours are in 24-hour format, as in the following example: 23:01
date <i>date time</i>		Specifies that prepositioning occurs at the defined time and date at which to run the prepositioning task, in the following format: <i>DD:MM:YYYY</i> , where <i>DD</i> is the day (01–31), <i>MM</i> is the month (01–12), and <i>YYYY</i> is the year (1993–2035). The time is in the following format: <i>hh:mm</i> , where <i>hh</i> is the hour (00–23) and <i>mm</i> is the minutes (00–59). Example: 28:09:2008 23:01
weekly <i>dayname</i>		Specifies that prepositioning occurs on the selected days of the week at the defined time. To specify multiple days, separate them with spaces, as follows: Monday Tuesday
time <i>time</i>		Specifies the time to run the preposition task on the specified days.
monthly		Specifies that prepositioning occurs on the selected days or dates of the month at the defined time.
week-day <i>dayname weeknumber</i>		Specifies a named day of the week and week of the month to start preposition. Only one day is allowed. Week number values are 1–4.
day <i>day</i>		Specifies a numbered day of the month (integer). To specify multiple days, separate them with spaces, as follows: day 1 6 11 16 21 26 31.

Defaults **now**

Command Modes preposition configuration mode

Device Modes application-accelerator

Examples The following example shows how to set the preposition task to run daily at 11:30 p.m.:

```

WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3
WAE(config-preposition)# schedule daily 23 30 00

```

The following example shows how to set the preposition task to run on December 15, 2008 at midnight:

```
WAE(config-preposition)# schedule date 15:12:2008 00:00
```

The following example shows how to set the preposition task to run weekly on Wednesdays and Fridays at 8 p.m.:

```
WAE(config-preposition)# schedule weekly Wednesday Friday time 20:00
```

The following example shows how to set the preposition task to run monthly on the 1st and 15th days at 1:00 a.m.:

```
WAE(config-preposition)# schedule monthly day 1 time 15 1:00
```

Related Commands

[\(config-preposition\) duration](#)

(config-preposition) server

To set a server name for a preposition directive, use the **server** preposition configuration command.

server *name*

Syntax Description	<i>name</i> Server name.
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Defaults No default behavior or values.

Command Modes preposition configuration mode

Device Modes application-accelerator

Examples The following example shows how to set a server name for a preposition directive:

```
WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3
WAE(config-preposition)# server win12srv
```

Related Commands [\(config-preposition\) credentials](#)
[\(config-preposition\) root](#)