Preposition Configuration Mode Commands

To create and modify preposition directives on a WAAS device for prepositioning files for CIFS (WAFS), use the **accelerator cifs preposition** global configuration command.

accelerator cifs preposition directive_id

Syntax Description	directive_id	Preposition directive ID of an existing preposition directive that you want to change or a new directive that you want to create.
Defaults	No default behavior	or values.
Command Modes	global configuration	
Device Modes	application-accelerat	or
Usage Guidelines	Use the accelerator cifs preposition command to create and edit preposition directives to be used with the transparent CIFS accelerator. A preposition directive defines a set of files that are to be prepositioned on the WAE device.	
	schedule, and so on) the preposition direct	onfiguration mode, you can use the various commands (server , root , scan-type , to configure a preposition directive. After you are done defining and scheduling tive, you must use the command to enable it. To return to global configuration command at the preposition configuration mode prompt.
Note	We recommend that you use the WAAS Central Manager GUI to configure preposition directives. For more information, see the "Creating a Preposition Directive" section in the <i>Cisco Wide Area Application</i> <i>Services Configuration Guide</i> .	
Note	must wait at least two otherwise, the prepos	sition directive from the CLI before the secure store on the WAE is initialized, you o datafeed poll cycles (10 minutes by default) before initializing the secure store; sition directive will not propagate to the Central Manager because the credentials e decrypted on the WAE.
Examples	• •	ble shows how to enter preposition configuration mode and configure a preposition
	-	c celerator cifs preposition command: erator cifs preposition 1
		erator cirs preposition i tion)# credentials username administrator domain PRINT password 0 foo

Cisco Wide Area Application Services Command Reference

WAE(config-preposition)# dscp 45 WAE(config-preposition)# duration 30 WAE(config-preposition)# min-file-size 0 WAE(config-preposition)# root Program Files" WAE(config-preposition)# root Program_Files WAE(config-preposition)# scan-type full WAE(config-preposition)# server 10.1.221.3 WAE(config-preposition)# schedule daily 23:00 WAE(config-preposition)# enable WAE(config-preposition)# exit

Related Commands (config) accelerator cifs

(config-preposition) credentials

To set the username and password credentials for a file server in a preposition directive, use the **credentials** preposition configuration command.

credentials username username password {0 | 1} password}

Syntax Description	username username	Specifies the username.	
	password {0 1}	Specifies the password. To indicate that the password string is unencrypted,	
	password	specify 0 . To indicate that the password string is encrypted, specify 1 .	
Defaults	No default behavior or	values.	
Command Modes	preposition configuration mode		
Device Modes	application-accelerator		
Examples	The following example	shows how to set the username and password credentials:	
		ator cifs preposition 3 on)# credentials username ramyav password 0 ux5TjW8r	
Related Commands	(config-preposition) se	rver	
Kelated Commands	(config-preposition) se	rver	

(config-preposition) dscp

To set the DSCP marking value for a preposition task, use the **dscp** preposition configuration command. To remove a DSCP marking value, use the **no** form of this command.

dscp value

no dscp value

Syntax Description	<i>value</i> DSCP marking value to assign to prepositioning traffic.
Defaults	No default behavior or values.
Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
Device Modes	application-accelerator
Usage Guidelines	This command specifies the DSCP marking value to be used for prepositioning traffic. DSCP is a field in an IP packet that enables different levels of service to be assigned to the network traffic. The levels of service are assigned by marking each packet on the network with a DSCP code and associating a corresponding level of service. DSCP is the combination of IP Precedence and Type of Service (ToS) fields. For more information, see RFC 2474. For details on the valid DSCP marking values, see Table 3-2 on page -676.
Examples	The following example shows how to set the DSCP marking value to cs7: WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3 WAE(config-preposition)# dscp cs7

Related Commands (config) service-policy

(config-preposition) duration

To set the maximum duration for a preposition task, use the **duration** preposition configuration command. To remove a duration limit, use the **no** form of this command.

duration minutes

no duration minutes

Syntax Description	<i>minutes</i> Maximum number of minutes that the preposition task is allowed to run.
Defaults	No default behavior or values.
Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
Device Modes	application-accelerator
Usage Guidelines	This command specifies the maximum amount of time that the WAAS software should take to complete the preposition task. If the software takes longer than this amount of time, the software stops the prepositioning process before all files are copied to the Edge WAE cache. If the preposition task does not start at the scheduled start time (for example, because the Edge and the Core have no connection), the start retries are counted in the duration. If you do not specify a value for this command, WAAS takes as much time as needed to export this file server.
Examples	The following example shows how to set the maximum task duration to 60 minutes: WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3 WAE(config-preposition)# duration 60

Related Commands (config-preposition) schedule

(config-preposition) enable

To enable a preposition directive, use the **enable** preposition configuration command. To disable a preposition directive, use the **no** form of this command.

enable

no enable

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.
Defaults	Not enabled.
Command Modes	preposition configuration mode

Device Modes application-accelerator

Usage Guidelines You must use this command to enable a preposition directive after you define it and schedule it.

Examples The following example shows how to enable a preposition directive:

WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 5
WAE(config-preposition)# enable

Related Commands (config) accelerator cifs preposition

(config-preposition) ignore-hidden-dir

To ignore hidden directories in the set of files to be prepositioned, use the **ignore-hidden-dir** preposition configuration command.

ignore-hidden-dir

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.
Defaults	Hidden directories are not ignored.
Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
Device Modes	application-accelerator
Examples	The following example shows how to prevent hidden directories from being prepositioned: WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3 WAE(config-preposition)# ignore-hidden-dir

Related Commands (config-preposition) root

(config-preposition) max-cache

To set the maximum percentage of the cache that the files from a preposition directive can use, use the **max-cache** preposition configuration command.

max-cache *percentage*

Syntax Description	percentage	Integer from 1–100 that specifies a percentage of the overall Edge WAE cache that prepositioned files can consume.
Defaults	5	
Command Modes	Preposition configu	ration mode
Device Modes	application-accelera	tor
Examples	-	ple shows how to set the maximum cache percentage to 10 percent:
		<pre>lerator cifs preposition 3 ition)# max-cache 10</pre>

Related Commands (config-preposition) max-file-size

(config-preposition) max-file-size

To set the maximum size file that can be prepositioned, use the **max-file-size** preposition configuration command. To remove this limit, use the **no** form of this command.

max-file-size size_in_kb

no max-file-size *size_in_kb*

Syntax Description	<i>size_in_kb</i> Number of kilobytes of the maximum file size.
Defaults	No default behavior or values.
Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
Device Modes	application-accelerator
Usage Guidelines	Files that are larger than the specified size are not prepositioned.
Examples	The following example shows how to set the maximum file size to 1000 KB: WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3 WAE(config-preposition)# max-file-size 1000
Related Commands	(config-preposition) max-cache

(config-preposition) min-file-size

To set the minimum size file that can be prepositioned, use the **min-file-size** preposition configuration command. To remove this limit, use the **no** form of this command.

min-file-size size_in_kb

no min-file-size *size_in_kb*

Syntax Description	<i>size_in_kb</i> Number of kilobytes of the minimum file size.
Defaults	20 KB
Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
Device Modes	application-accelerator
Usage Guidelines	Files that are smaller than the specified size are not prepositioned.
Examples	The following example shows how to set the minimum file size to 50 KB: WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3 WAE(config-preposition)# min-file-size 50
Related Commands	(config-preposition) max-file-size

(config-preposition) name

To set the display name of a preposition directive, use the **name** preposition configuration command.

name name

Syntax Description	<i>name</i> Name of a preposition directive.
Defaults	The default name is New preposition directive <i>n</i> .
Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
Device Modes	application-accelerator
Examples	The following example shows how to set the preposition directive name: WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3 WAE(config-preposition)# name working_files

Related Commands (config-preposition) enable

(config-preposition) pattern

To filter the files included for a preposition directive, use the **pattern** preposition configuration command. To remove this filter, use the **no** form of this command.

pattern {equals | starts-with | ends-with | contains} text

no pattern {equals | starts-with | ends-with | contains } *text*

Syntax Description	equals	Specifies to limit the selected files to those filenames that are equal to the specified text.
	starts-with	Specifies to limit the selected files to those filenames that start with the specified text.
	ends-with	Specifies to limit the selected files to those filenames that end with the specified text.
	contains	Specifies to limit the selected files to those filenames that contain the specified text.
	text	Text string that filters the selected files based on the pattern option.
Defaults	No default behavio	or or values.
Command Modes	preposition configu	aration mode
Device Modes	application-acceler	rator
Examples	The following exar	nple shows how to set a pattern filter to select only files that end with .doc:

WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3
WAE(config-preposition)# pattern ends-with .doc

Related Commands (config-preposition) root

(config-preposition) recursive

To include files in subdirectories for a preposition directive, use the **recursive** preposition configuration command. To not include subdirectories, use the **no** form of this command.

recursive

no recursive

Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.
Defaults	Subdirectories are included.
Command Modes	preposition configuration mode
Device Modes	application-accelerator
Examples	The following example shows how to exclude subdirectories from prepositioning: WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3 WAE(config-preposition)# no recursive

Related Commands (config-preposition) root

(config-preposition) root

To set a root directory for a preposition directive, use the **root** preposition configuration command.

root path

Syntax Description	<i>path</i> Full pathname to the directory, not including the server name.				
Defaults	No default behavior or values.				
Command Modes	preposition configuration mode				
Device Modes	application-accelerator				
Usage Guidelines	You can configure multiple root directories by executing this command multiple times for a preposition directive.				
Examples	The following example shows how to set a root preposition directory: WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3 WAE(config-preposition)# root home/working				
Related Commands	(config-preposition) pattern (config-preposition) recursive (config-preposition) scan-type (config-preposition) server				

(config-preposition) scan-type

To set the file scanning type for a preposition directive, use the **scan-type** preposition configuration command.

scan-type {full | since last | since period units}

Syntax Description	full	Specifies to copy all files to the Edge WAE cache.			
	since last	Specifies to copy only the files that have changed since the last preposition to the Edge WAE cache. This differential filter is applied from the second iteration of a task execution onward.			
		If a new directory is moved to an already prepositioned directory (without changing its last-modified time), this new directory is not prepositioned during the next prepositioning session when you choose this option.			
	since period units	Specifies to copy only the files that have changed within the specified period. Period values are the number of minutes, hours, days, or weeks (depending on the units specified). Unit values are min , hour , day , or week .			
Defaults	Full				
Command Modes	preposition configuration mode				
Device Modes	application-accelerato	r			
Examples	The following example shows how to set the scan-type for a preposition directive: WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3 WAE(config-preposition)# scan-type since last				
Related Commands	(config-preposition)	recursive			

(config-preposition) root

(config-preposition) schedule

To set the schedule for starting a preposition task, use the schedule preposition configuration command.

schedule {now |
 daily time |
 date date time |
 weekly {dayname [dayname]...} time time |
 monthly {week-day dayname weeknumber time time | {day day [day]...} } time time}

Syntax Description	now	Specifies that prepositioning occurs within a few minutes of submitting the schedule.		
	daily time	Specifies that prepositioning occurs daily at the defined time at which to run the prepositioning task, in the following format: $hh:mm$, where hh is the hour (00–23) and mm is the minutes (00–59).		
		Hours are in 24-hour format, as in the following example: 23:01		
	date date time	Specifies that prepositioning occurs at the defined time and date at which to run the prepositioning task, in the following format: $DD:MM:YYYY$, where DD is the day (01–31), MM is the month (01–12), and $YYYY$ is the year (1993–2035). The time is in the following format: $hh:mm$, where hh is the hour (00–23) and mm is the minutes (00–59).		
		Example: 28:09:2008 23:01		
	weekly dayname	Specifies that prepositioning occurs on the selected days of the week at the defined time. To specify multiple days, separate them with spaces, as follows: Monday Tuesday		
	time time	Specifies the time to run the preposition task on the specified days.		
	monthly	Specifies that prepositioning occurs on the selected days or dates of the month at the defined time.		
	week-day dayname weeknumber	Specifies a named day of the week and week of the month to start preposition. Only one day is allowed. Week number values are 1–4.		
	day day	Specifies a numbered day of the month (integer). To specify multiple days, separate them with spaces, as follows: day 1 6 11 16 21 26 31.		
Defaults	now			
Command Modes	preposition configuration	on mode		
Device Modes	application-accelerator			
Examples	The following example shows how to set the preposition task to run daily at 11:30 p.m.:			
	WAE(config)# accelerator cifs preposition 3 WAE(config-preposition)# schedule daily 23 30 00			

The following example shows how to set the preposition task to run on December 15, 2008 at midnight: WAE (config-preposition) # schedule date 15:12:2008 00:00

The following example shows how to set the preposition task to run weekly on Wednesdays and Fridays at 8 p.m.:

WAE(config-preposition) # schedule weekly Wednesday Friday time 20:00

The following example shows how to set the preposition task to run monthly on the 1st and 15th days at 1:00 a.m.:

WAE(config-preposition) # schedule monthly day 1 time 15 1:00

Related Commands (config-preposition) duration

(config-preposition) server

To set a server name for a preposition directive, use the server preposition configuration command.

server name

name	Server name.					
No default behavior or values.						
preposition confi	figuration mode					
application-accelerator						
WAE(config)# ac	ccelerator cifs preposition 3					
	No default beha preposition conf application-acce The following e WAE(config)# a	No default behavior or values. preposition configuration mode				

 Related Commands
 (config-preposition) credentials

 (config-preposition) root