



Configuring URWB Radio Mode

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Configuring URWB Radio Mode

The wireless interfaces are configured to operate in a specific mode, or you can disable it. Once you configure the Radio mode, the device starts working as a Fluidity or Fixed infrastructure.

The following table shows the configuration of Radio mode on the device:

Table 1: Radio Mode Configuration

Radio Role	Radio Mode	Description
Fixed Infrastructure	Fixed	P2P mode (point to point)
	Fluidmax primary	P2MP (point to multipoint) mode (Fluidmax) and P2MP
	Fluidmax secondary	P2MP mode (Fluidmax) and P2MP
Mobility AP	Fluidity	Mobility mode
Mobility Client	Fluidity	Mobility mode

Following table shows the Fluidity status and it is derived from operating mode of enabled radio interfaces:

Table 2: Operating Mode of Radio Interface

Radio 1 / Radio 2	Fixed Infrastructure	Fluidity
Fixed Infrastructure	Fluidity disabled	Fluidity enabled
Fluidity	Fluidity enabled	Fluidity enabled

Multiple and dual radio interfaces are possible based on the following table:

Table 3: Configuration of Multiple Radio interfaces

Radio 1 / Radio 2	Fixed Infrastructure / Mesh	Mobility AP	Mobility client
Fixed Infrastructure / Mesh	ME/MP relay, P2MP (mesh)	Yes, trailer use case (Mining trailer)	Supported but no specific use case
Mobility AP	Yes, trailer use case (Mining trailer)	Standard Fluidity (multiple clients on each radio)	Not supported, use V2V or Fixed + AP
Mobility client	Supported but no specific use case	Not supported, use V2V or Fixed + AP	Standard Fluidity (multiple clients on each radio)

Configuring Radio-off Mode from CLI

To configure Radio-off mode when both radios (Fluidity and fixed) are disabled, use the following CLI commands and procedure:



Note If you specify radio-off, the device disables all the wireless interfaces.

1. Set the device's current operating mode. Mode could be mesh end, mesh point or global gateway (L3).

```
Device# configure modeconfig mode {meshpoint | meshend | gateway}
```

2. Set the device's selected Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS) OSI layer and the possible value of layer is 2 (OSI Layer-2) or 3 (OSI Layer-3).

```
Device# configure modeconfig mode {meshpoint | meshend | gateway}[layer {2|3}]
```

3. To set the radio-off mode.

```
Device# configure modeconfig mode { meshpoint | meshend | gateway } [layer {2|3}] [radio-off {fluidity | fixed}]
```

4. To end the current configuration, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# (configure modeconfig mode { meshpoint | meshend | gateway } [layer {2|3}] [radio-off {fluidity | fixed}])# end
```

```
Device# wr
```

Example:

```
Configure modeconfig mode meshend radio-off fluidity
```

```
Configure modeconfig mode meshend radio-off fixed
```

Configuring Radio Mode for URWB from CLI

To configure Radio mode for URWB, use the following CLI commands:

To select the operating function of the wireless interface, use these CLI commands. Device allows mixed Fluidity and fixed infrastructure combinations for different interfaces.

1. Configure the wireless with radio interface number <1 or 2>.

```
Device# configure dot11Radio <interface>
```

2. Configure an operating mode for the specified interface.

```
Device# configure dot11Radio <interface> mode {fixed|fluidity|fluidmax}
```

Fluidity - This interface operates the device in Fluidity, either as a mobility infrastructure or as a vehicle mode.

Fixed - This interface operates in fixed infrastructure mode (no Fluidity).

Fluidmax - This interface operates in Fluidmax P2MP mode. More parameters can be specified to configure the Fluidmax operating features, for example: Primary/Secondary role and cluster ID.

3. Set Fluidmax role for Fluidmax interface mode.

```
Device# configure dot11Radio <interface>mode {fixed|fluidity|fluidmax} {primary |
secondary}
```

Primary - set Fluidmax role to primary

Secondary - set Fluidmax role to secondary

4. To end the current configuration, use the following CLI command:

```
Device (configure dot11Radio <interface>mode{fixed|fluidity|fluidmax}) # end
```

```
Device# wr
```



Note When at least one interface is set to Fluidity mode, the device operates globally in Fluidity mode. If all interfaces are set to fixed, Fluidity is disabled.

Configuring AMPDU using CLI

To configure an Aggregated MAC Protocol Data Unit's (AMPDU) length and priority, use the following CLI commands:

```
Device# configure dot11radio <interface> ampdu length <length>
```

length: <0-255> integer number – microseconds

```
Device# configure dot11radio <interface> ampdu priority {enable | disable}
```

enable: enable ampdu tx priority

disable: disable ampdu tx priority

```
Device# configure dot11radio <interface> ampdu priority [enable]
```

0: ampdu tx priority for index 0

1: ampdu tx priority for index 1

2: ampdu tx priority for index 2

3: ampdu tx priority for index 3

4: ampdu tx priority for index 4

5: ampdu tx priority for index 5

6: ampdu tx priority for index 6

7: ampdu tx priority for index 7

all: ampdu tx priority for all indexes (index 0 to 7)

Configuring Frequency from CLI

To configure an operating frequency, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# configure dot11radio <interface> frequency <frequency>
```

frequency: <0-7125> operating frequency in MHz

Configuring Maximum Modulation Coding Scheme Index from CLI

To configure maximum modulation coding scheme (MCS) index, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# configure dot11radio <interface> mcs <maxmcs>
```

Set maximum MCS index in integer or string AUTO. For AUTO, the background process automatically configures the maxmcs.

Maxmcs values:

< 0-11 > Maximum mcs index 0 to 11.

Word AUTO



Note If High Efficiency mode is disabled, set the MCS index value ranging from zero to nine. If High Efficiency mode is enabled, set the MCS index value as 10 or 11.

Configuring Maximum Number of Spatial Streams Index from CLI

To configure maximum number of spatial streams (NSS) index, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# configure dot11radio <interface> spatial-stream <maxnss>
```

Set maximum spatial stream number in integer or string AUTO. For AUTO, the background process automatically configures the maxnss.

Maxnss values:

< 1-4 > Maximum nss index 1 to 4.

Word AUTO



Note Catalyst IW9165 supports up to two spatial streams and Catalyst IW9167 supports up to four spatial streams. The maximum number of spatial streams configured must be same or less than the number of antennas enabled.

Configuring Rx-SOP Threshold from CLI

To configure receiver start of packet (Rx-SOP) threshold, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# configure dot11radio <interface> rx-sop-threshold
```

<0 - 91> Enter rx-sop- threshold (0: AUTO, VALUE: -VALUE dBi).

Configuring RTS Mode from CLI

To disable ready to send (RTS) mode, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# configure dot11radio <interface> rts <disable>
```

Disable: Disables the RTS protection.

To enable RTS with threshold value, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# configure dot11radio <interface> rts enable <threshold>
```

Threshold: Threshold range <0 - 2346>.

Configuring WMM Mode from CLI

To configure wireless multimedia (WMM) mode, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# configure dot11radio <interface> wmm [bk|be|vi|vo]
```

[bk|be|vi|vo]: Represents the class-of-service (CoS) parameters.

be: Best-effort traffic queue (CS0 and CS3).

bk: Background traffic queue (CS1 and CS2).

vi: Video traffic queue (CS4 and CS5).

vo: Voice traffic queue (CS6 and CS7).

To clear wireless stats counters, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# configure dot11Radio <interface> wifistats <clear>
```

Clear: Clear wireless stats counters.

Configuring NTP from CLI

To configure the NTP server address, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# configure ntp server <string>
```

String - IP address or domain name.

Example:

```
Device# configure ntp server 192.168.216.201
```

To configure the NTP authentication, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# configure ntp authentication none
Device# configure ntp authentication md5 <password> <keyid>
Device# configure ntp authentication sha1 <password> <keyid>
```

none - disable the NTP authentication md5/sha1 - authentication method.

Example:

```
Device# configure ntp authentication md5 test1234 65535
```



Note Optional, the md5 password and keyid should match NTP server's md5 password and keyid.

To configure a new password using a GUI or CLI, the password should match the following criteria:

- The password length range is from 8 to 20 characters.
- The following special characters are not allowed:
 - ' (apex)
 - " [double apex]
 - ` [backtick]
 - \$ [dollar]
 - = [equal]
 - \ [backslash]
 - # [number sign]
 - whitespace

To enable or disable the NTP service, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# configure ntp { enable|disable }
```

To configure the NTP timezone, use the following CLI command:

```
Device# configure ntp timezone <string>
```

Example:

```
Device# configure ntp timezone Asia/Shanghai
```

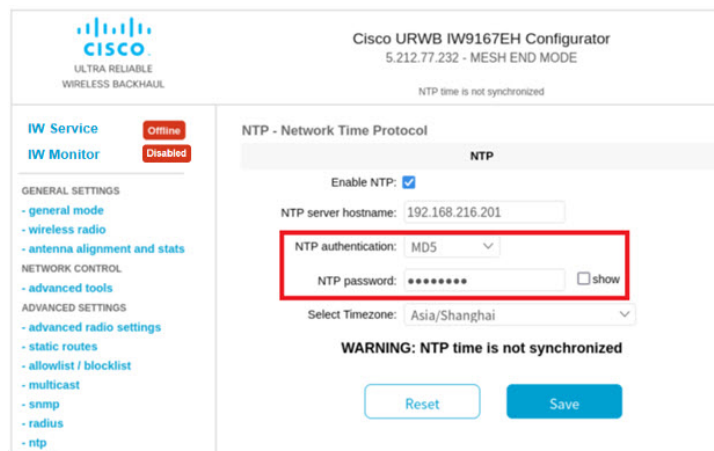
To validate the NTP configuration and status, use the following show commands:

```
Device# show ntp config
NTP status: enabled
NTP server: 192.168.216.201
authentication: MD5
password: test123
keyid: 5
timezone: Asia/Shanghai
```

```
Device# #show ntp (Using this command to check if device can sync up time with NTP server)
Stratum Version Last Received Delay Offset Jitter NTP server
1 4 9sec ago 1.840ms -0.845ms 0.124ms 192.168.216.201
```

Configuring NTP using GUI

The following image shows the GUI of NTP:



Validating Radio Mode for URWB

To validate Radio mode, use the following show commands:

```
Device# show dot11Radio <interface> config
```

Example:

```
Device# show dot11Radio 1 config
Interface : enabled
Mode : fluidity
Frequency : 5785 MHz
```

```

Channel : 157
Channel width : 40 MHz

Device# show dot11Radio 2 config
Interface : enabled
Mode : fluidmax secondary
Frequency : 5180 MHz
Channel : 36
Channel width : 40 MHz

```

To change the Radio mode of vehicle access point (mobility client) to Fixed or Fluidmax, configure Fluidity role as infrastructure using CLI:

```
Device# configure fluidity id infrastructure
```

.

Configuring Radio-off Mode using GUI

To configure **Radio-off** mode, choose either **Fixed** or **Fluidity** mode as shown. Select mode as **mesh end**, if you are installing the Catalyst IW9167E access point at the head end and connecting this device to a wired network such as LAN.

The screenshot displays the Cisco URWB IW9167EH Configurator interface. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with categories like IW Service, IW Monitor, GENERAL SETTINGS, NETWORK CONTROL, ADVANCED SETTINGS, and MANAGEMENT SETTINGS. The main content area is titled 'GENERAL MODE' and includes a 'General Mode' section with radio mode selection (mesh point, mesh end, gateway) and a 'Radio-off' checkbox set to 'Fixed'. Below this is the 'LAN Parameters' section with input fields for Local IP, Local Netmask, Default Gateway, Local Dns 1, and Local Dns 2. 'Reset' and 'Save' buttons are at the bottom.

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ULTRA RELIABLE
WIRELESS BACKHAUL

Cisco URWB IW9167EH Configurator
5.21.201.72 - MESH END MODE

IW Service Offline
IW Monitor Disabled

GENERAL SETTINGS

- general mode
- wireless radio
- antenna alignment and stats

NETWORK CONTROL

- advanced tools

ADVANCED SETTINGS

- advanced radio settings
- static routes
- allowlist / blocklist
- multicast
- snmp
- radius
- ntp
- i2tp configuration
- vlan settings
- Fluidity
- misc settings
- smart license

MANAGEMENT SETTINGS

- remote access
- firmware upgrade
- status
- configuration settings
- reset factory default
- reboot
- logout

GENERAL MODE

General Mode

Select MESH END mode if you are installing this Cisco Catalyst IW9167E Heavy Duty Access Point at the head end and connecting this unit to a wired network (i.e. LAN).

Mode: ☐ mesh point
☒ mesh end
☐ gateway

Radio-off: ☒ Fixed

LAN Parameters

Local IP: 10.115.11.117
Local Netmask: 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway: 10.115.11.1
Local Dns 1: 8.8.8.8
Local Dns 2:

Reset Save

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Configuring Radio Mode using GUI

To establish a wireless connection the operating frequency should be same between the devices.

To configure a Radio mode using GUI, follow these steps:

1. Set the operating mode for specified radio (Radio1 and Radio2) interface.

The screenshot displays the Cisco URWB IW9167EH Configurator interface. The top header shows the Cisco logo and the text "ULTRA RELIABLE WIRELESS BACKHAUL". The main title is "Cisco URWB IW9167EH Configurator" with the version "5.21.201.72 - MESH END MODE".

On the left sidebar, there are two main sections: "IW Service" (Offline) and "IW Monitor" (Disabled). Below these are several menu items under "GENERAL SETTINGS", "NETWORK CONTROL", "ADVANCED TOOLS", "ADVANCED SETTINGS", and "MANAGEMENT SETTINGS".

The main content area is titled "WIRELESS RADIO". It contains a "Wireless Settings" section with a "Shared Passphrase" field set to "PASSWORD". Below this is a note about establishing a wireless connection. The "Radio 1 Settings" section shows "Role" set to "Fixed", "Frequency (MHz)" set to "5180", and "Channel Width (MHz)" set to "80". The "Radio 2 Settings" section shows "Role" set to "Disabled". At the bottom of the settings are "Reset" and "Save" buttons.

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2. In the **WIRELESS RADIO** section, choose Radio 1 Role as **Fluidmax Primary** with FluidMAX Cluster ID. In this scenario, the frequency selection for the Primary is enabled and Secondary is disabled. In the **ADVANCED RADIO SETTINGS** window, go to **Max TX Power** section, and choose power level as 1 from the **Select TX Max Power** drop-down list and URWB transmission power control (TPC) automatically selects the optimum transmission power.

The screenshot shows the Cisco URWB IW9167EH Configurator interface. The top header displays the Cisco logo and the text "ULTRA RELIABLE WIRELESS BACKHAUL". The main title is "Cisco URWB IW9167EH Configurator" with the version "5.21.201.72 - MESH END MODE".

On the left sidebar, there are sections for "IW Service" (Offline) and "IW Monitor" (Disabled). Below these are "GENERAL SETTINGS" (including general mode, wireless radio, antenna alignment and stats, advanced tools) and "ADVANCED SETTINGS" (including advanced radio settings, static routes, allowlist / blocklist, multicast, snmp, radius, ntp, l2tp configuration, vian settings, fluidity, misc settings, smart license). The "MANAGEMENT SETTINGS" section includes remote access, firmware upgrade, status, configuration settings, reset factory default, reboot, and logout.

The main content area is titled "ADVANCED RADIO SETTINGS" and is for "Radio 1". It contains several sections:

- FluidMAX Management:** A note states: "Force the FluidMAX operating mode of this unit. If the operating mode is Primary/Secondary a FluidMAX Cluster ID can be set. If the FluidMAX Autoscan is enabled, the Secondary units will scan the frequencies to associate with the Primary with the same Cluster ID. In this case, the frequency selection on the Secondaries will be disabled." Below this, "Radio Mode" is set to "PRIMARY" and "FluidMAX Cluster ID" is set to "CLUSTER_ID".
- Max TX Power:** A note states: "Select the max power level that the radio shall use to transmit (power level 1 sets the highest transmit power). The Cisco URWB TPC (Transmit Power Control) will automatically select the optimum transmission power according to the channel condition while not exceeding the MAX TX Power parameter. Note: in Europe TPC is automatically enabled." Below this, "Select TX Max Power" is set to "1".
- Antenna Configuration:** A note states: "Select radio 1 antenna gain and antenna number." Below this, "Select Antenna Gain" is set to "UNSELECTED" and "Antenna number" is set to "ab-antenna".
- Data Packet Encryption:** A note states: "Enable AES to cypher all wireless traffic. This setting must be the same on all the Cisco URWB units." Below this, "Enable AES" is set to "Disabled".
- Maximum link length:** A note states: "Insert the length of the longest link in the net, or let the system select an optimal value." Below this is a slider control.

At the bottom of the page, it says "© 2022 Cisco and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved."



Note In Europe TPC is automatically enabled.

3. In the **WIRELESS RADIO** section, choose Radio 1 Role as **Fluidmax Secondary** with FluidMAX Cluster ID. In the **ADVANCED RADIO SETTINGS**, if you check the **FluidMAX Autoscan** check box, the secondary devices scan the frequencies to associate with the Primary with the same Cluster ID. In this case the frequency selection on the Secondary is in disable mode. In the **Max TX Power** section, and choose power level as 1 from the **Select TX Max Power** drop-down list and URWB TPC automatically selects the optimum transmission power.

Cisco URWB IW9167EH Configurator
5.21.201.72 - MESH END MODE

IW Service Offline
IW Monitor Disabled

GENERAL SETTINGS
- general mode
- wireless radio
- antenna alignment and stats

NETWORK CONTROL
- advanced tools

ADVANCED SETTINGS
- advanced radio settings
- static routes
- allowlist / blocklist
- multicast
- snmp
- radius
- ntp
- i2tp configuration
- vlan settings
- Fluidity
- misc settings
- smart license

MANAGEMENT SETTINGS
- remote access
- firmware upgrade
- status
- configuration settings
- reset factory default
- reboot
- logout

ADVANCED RADIO SETTINGS

Radio 1

FluidMAX Management
Force the FluidMAX operating mode of this unit. If the operating mode is Primary/Secondary a FluidMAX Cluster ID can be set. If the FluidMAX Autoscan is enabled, the Secondary units will scan the frequencies to associate with the Primary with the same Cluster ID. In this case, the frequency selection on the Secondaries will be disabled.

Radio Mode: **SECONDARY**

FluidMAX Cluster ID:

FluidMAX Autoscan: ☒

Max TX Power
Select the max power level that the radio shall use to transmit (power level 1 sets the highest transmit power). The Cisco URWB TPC (Transmit Power Control) will automatically select the optimum transmission power according to the channel condition while not exceeding the MAX TX Power parameter. Note: in Europe TPC is automatically enabled.

Select TX Max Power:

Antenna Configuration
Select radio 1 antenna gain and antenna number.

Select Antenna Gain:

Antenna number:

Data Packet Encryption
Enable AES to cypher all wireless traffic. This setting must be the same on all the Cisco URWB units.

Enable AES:

Maximum link length

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Note In Europe TPC is automatically enabled.

4. In the **Fluidity Settings** section, choose **Unit Role** as **Infrastructure** from the drop-down list, When the device acts as the entry point of the infrastructure for the mobile vehicles or choose unit role as **Infrastructure (wireless relay)** only when it used as a wireless relay agent to other infrastructure unit or choose unit role as a **Vehicle** when it is mobile.
5. Choose network type based on the to the general network architecture:
 - a. Choose **Flat** mode from **Network Type** drop-down list, if the network belongs to single layer-2 broadcast domain.
 - or
 - b. Choose **Multiple subnets** if the network belongs to single layer-3 broadcast domain.



ULTRA RELIABLE
WIRELESS BACKHAUL

Cisco URWB IW9167EH Configurator
5.21.201.72 - MESH END MODE

IW Service

Offline

IW Monitor

Disabled

GENERAL SETTINGS

- general mode
- wireless radio
- antenna alignment and stats

NETWORK CONTROL

- advanced tools

ADVANCED SETTINGS

- advanced radio settings
- static routes
- allowlist / blocklist
- multicast
- snmp
- radius
- ntp
- l2tp configuration
- vlan settings
- Fluidity
- misc settings
- smart license

MANAGEMENT SETTINGS

- remote access
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- configuration settings
- reset factory default
- reboot
- logout

WIRELESS RADIO

Wireless Settings

"Shared Passphrase" is an alphanumeric string or special characters excluding "[apex]" "[double apex]" "[backtick]" "\$[dollar]" "[equal]" "[backslash]" and whitespace (e.g. "mysicurecammer") that identifies your network. It MUST be the same for all the Cisco URWB units belonging to the same network.

Shared Passphrase:

In order to establish a wireless connection between Cisco URWB units, they need to be operating on the same frequency.

Radio 1 Settings

Role:

Frequency (MHz):

Channel Width (MHz):

Radio 2 Settings

Role:

Reset

Save

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ULTRA RELIABLE
WIRELESS BACKHAUL

Cisco URWB IW9167EH Configurator
5.21.201.72 - MESH END MODE

IW Service

Offline

IW Monitor

Disabled

GENERAL SETTINGS

- general mode
- wireless radio
- antenna alignment and stats

NETWORK CONTROL

- advanced tools

ADVANCED SETTINGS

- advanced radio settings
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MANAGEMENT SETTINGS

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- reset factory default
- reboot
- logout

FLUIDITY

Fluidity Settings

The unit can operate in 3 modes: Infrastructure, Infrastructure (wireless relay), and Infrastructure (wireless relay) ONLY when it is used as an Infrastructure unit. In this operating mode, the unit MUST NOT be connected to a wired network (backbone) which possibly includes other Infrastructure units. The unit MUST be set as Infrastructure when it will use the wireless connection to relay the data coming from the mobile devices. The unit must be set as Vehicle when it is mobile. Vehicle ID must be set as a unique among all the mobile devices installed on different vehicles must use different Vehicle IDs. The Network Type field must be set according to the general network architecture. The infrastructure networks belong to a single layer-2 broadcast domain, organized as different layer-3 routing domains.

Unit Role:

Network Type:

The following advanced settings allow to fine-tune the performance of the unit in the environment. Please do not alter this settings unless you have read the documentation.

The Handoff Logic controls the algorithm used by a mobile radio to select the best signal to connect to. In Normal mode, the point providing the strongest signal is selected. In Infrastructure mode, the point providing the best balance between signal strength and latency is selected.

Handoff Logic:

Reset

Save

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Configuring URWB Radio Mode