Configure, Verify and Troubleshoot Intel Connectivity Analytics on a 9800 Series Wireless Controller

Contents

Introduction

Background Information

Prerequisites

Requirements

Components Used

Configure

9800 CLI

9800 GUI

Verify

9800 CLI

9800 GUI

Troubleshoot

RA Traces

Enable the RA traces on the 9800

Turn off RA traces and copy to TFTP server

What to look for in the RA Traces

Embedded Packet Capture

Start EPC on the 9800

Stop EPC and export to TFTP server

What to look for in the EPC

Client debugs on AP

Start debugs

Stop debugs

OTA packet capture

Intel adapter driver version note

Introduction

This document describes the configuration and operation of the Intel Connectivity Analytics feature on a 9800 series wireless controller.

Background Information

As an aspect of Cisco enterprise wireless' Device Analytics feature, Intel Wi-Fi adapters can now send diagnostic information to 9800 series controllers, such as:

- Client device information, including:
 - PC manufacturer/model

- OS version, adapter driver version
- RF environment information, including RSSI of the associated Access Point (AP), and of neighbor APs

Prerequisites

- 9800 Series Wireless Controller
- Intel Wi-Fi adapter (AC9560, AX200, AX201, AX210, or later)
- Aironet/Catalyst/Cisco Wireless Wave 2 / Wi-Fi 6/6E/7 APs

Requirements

- 9800 must have Cisco IOS XE® 17.6.1 or later installed
- The WLAN must have Protected Management Frames (PMF) enabled or optional
- The Intel Wi-Fi adapter must have 22.50 or later driver installed
- The client must be configured to use either the native Windows supplicant or AnyConnect NAM
 - If using NAM, see Cisco bug ID <u>CSCwc57807</u> for the the minimum NAM and Windows versions necessary to work with PMF

Components Used

In this lab setup:

- 9800-L-C running 17.6.3
- Lenovo X1 Carbon Gen 9 PC running Windows 11, with Intel AX201 adapter with 22.150 driver
- AP4800, C9105, C9120, C9130

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Configure

9800 CLI

1. Enable network assurance

```
9800-L#configure terminal Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. 9800-L(config)#network-assurance enable
```

2. Enable device classifier

```
9800-L(config)#device classifier
```

3. Enable device analytics on each WLAN. Note that "device-analytics" and "device analytics pc-analytics" are enabled by default. "device-analytics export" is optional. Also enable optional or mandatory PMF (which might impact client connectivity and/or performance.)

```
9800-L(config)#wlan TUCSONLAB 1 TUCSONLAB 9800-L(config-wlan)#shutdown
```

```
9800-L(config-wlan)#device-analytics

9800-L(config-wlan)#device-analytics pc-analytics

9800-L(config-wlan)#device-analytics export # optional

9800-L(config-wlan)#security pmf optional # or "mandatory"

9800-L(config-wlan)#no shutdown
```

9800 GUI

1. Enable network assurance



Network Assurance Configuration



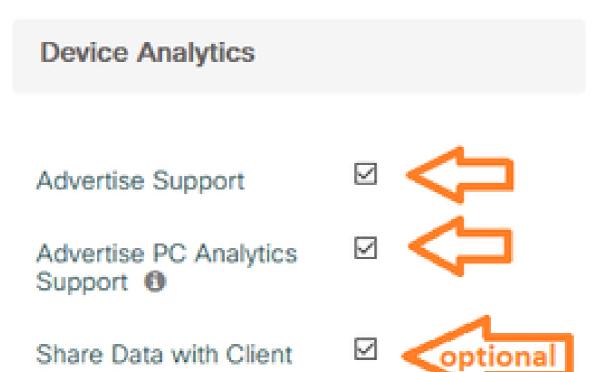
Service Status

2. Enable device classification

Configuration > Wireless > Wireless Global

Default Mobility Domain *	default
RF Group Name*	default
Maximum Login Sessions Per User*	0
Management Via Wireless	
Device Classification	

3. For each WLAN, under Advanced > Device Analytics, enable Device Analytics support, PC



4. For each WLAN, set PMF to Optional or Required (note: this may impact client connectivity and/or performance)



Verify

Associate the Intel client to the wireless network.

9800 CLI

• View the STA INFO report for the client MAC address

9800-L#show device classifier mac-address 36da.2624.f622 detail

Client Mac: 36da.2624.f622 Device Type: LENOVO 20XXS3JC01

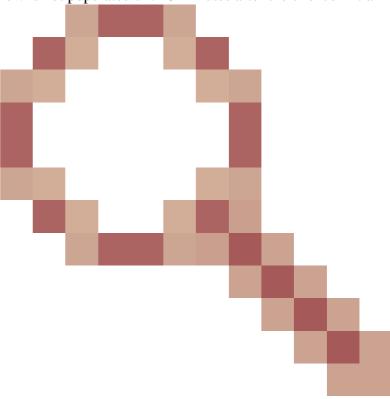
Confidence Level: 40

Day Zero Classification: LENOVO Device Name: Unknown Device Software Version: 22.150.00.03

Device OS: Windows 10 Device Vendor: Intel Power Type: AC Powered Hardware Model: AX201 160MHz

• View the PC Analytics info from the client:

(Note: the PC Analytics data as shown below is not populated until 5 minutes after the client's initial



association. Cisco bug ID <u>CSCwp19148</u> has been filed to address this limitation.)

9800-L#show wireless client mac-address 36da.2624.f622 stats pc-analytics

Neighbor APs Info:

Reported time:: 08/02/2022 22:40:39

Roaming Reasons:

Selected AP RSSI:: -55

Candidate BSSIDs:

Neighbor AP RSSI(dB) 683b.78aa.230e -62 04eb.409f.0d6e -55 3c41.0e3b.0d6e -64

Failed AP Report:

Last Reported Time:: 08/02/2022 22:40:39

APs with Invalid IEs: None APs not sending response:

BSSID Frame Type

084f.f983.4a4e Authentication Response

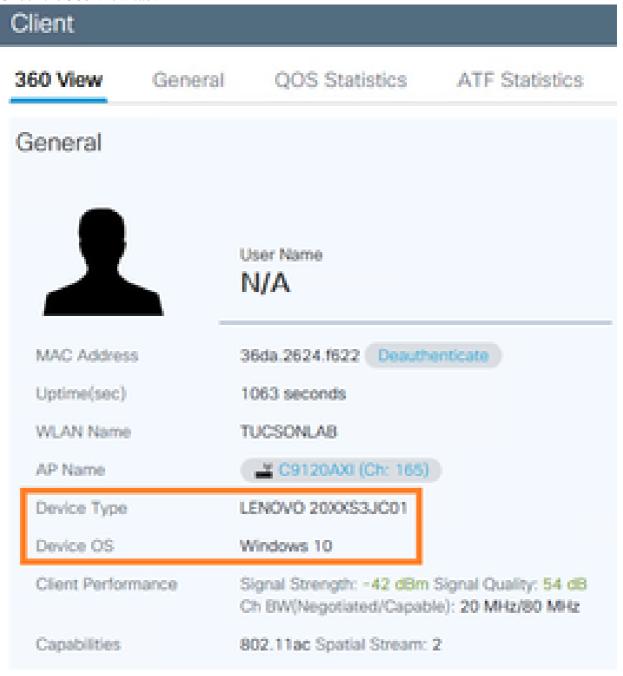
04eb.409f.0d6e Other Frame types

PC Analytics report stats

Report Type	Processed Reports	Dropped Reports
STA Info	1	0
Neigh AP	1	0
Low RSSI	0	0
Beacon Miss	0	0
Failed AP	1	0
Unknown APs	0	0

9800 GUI

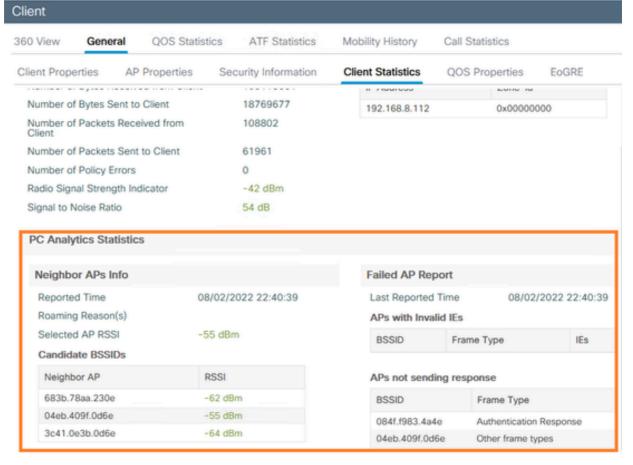
- View the STA INFO report, in Monitoring > Wireless > Clients > client MAC:
 - Under the 360 View tab:



• Under the General > Client Properties tab:

Client 360 View General QOS Statistics ATF Statistics Mob Client Properties AP Properties Security Information Clie Max Client Protocol Capability 802.11ac Wave 2 WiFi to Cellular Steering Not implemented Cellular Capability N/A Regular ASR support DISABLED Confidence Level 40 Day Zero Classification LENOVO Software Version 22.150.00.03 Device Vendor Intel Power Type AC Powered Hardware Model AX201 160MHz

Under the General > Client Statistics tab (statistics viewable 5 minutes after the client's initial association):



Troubleshoot

You can collect the following:

- Client RA traces from the 9800
- EPC from the 9800, filtered on client MAC
- · Client debugs from the AP
- Over the Air (OTA) packet capture

The following examples show a working case (use the Windows supplicant) and a non-working case (using AnyConnect NAM)

RA Traces

Enable the RA traces on the 9800

```
debug wireless mac 38:87:D5:09:33:EB internal monitor-time 2085978494 (have the client under test associate to the AP)
```

Turn off RA traces and copy to TFTP server

```
no debug wireless mac 38:87:D5:09:33:EB internal monitor-time 2085978494 (locate the latest ra_trace file) dir bootflash: | include ra_trace copy bootflash:ra_trace_MAC_38:87:d5:09:33:eb_211303_UTC_Fri_Aug_05_2022.log tftp://192.168.10.2/ra_trace.log
```

What to look for in the RA Traces

If PC Analytics is working with the Intel client, then the RA Traces will show the feature parsing the data from the received action frame:

```
2022/08/05 21:12:14.083830 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [client-orch-sm] [24548]: (debug) 2022/08/05 21:12:14.083831 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [dot11-validate] [24548]: (debug) 2022/08/05 21:12:14.083836 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [dot11-validate] [24548]: (debug)
```

Then you should see data as reported by the client, for example the driver version:

```
2022/08/05 21:12:14.083917 {wncd_x_R0-0}{1}: [dot11-validate] [24548]: (debug)
```

Embedded Packet Capture

Start EPC on the 9800

```
monitor capture MYCAP clear
monitor capture MYCAP interface Ten0/1/0 both
monitor capture MYCAP buffer size 100
monitor capture MYCAP match any
monitor capture MYCAP inner mac 38:87:D5:09:33:EB
monitor capture MYCAP start
```

(have the client under test associate to the AP)

Stop EPC and export to TFTP server

```
monitor capture MYCAP stop
monitor capture MYCAP export tftp://192.168.10.2/MYCAP.pcap
no monitor capture MYCAP
```

What to look for in the EPC

In Wireshark, look for an action frame (wlan.fc.type_subtype == 0x000d) whose Category Code is "Vendor-specified Protected" (wlan.fixed.category_code == 126). The payload should show the PC make/model in ASCII:

Client debugs on AP

Start debugs

```
terminal monitor
debug client 38:87:D5:09:33:EB
```

(have the client under test associate to the AP)

Stop debugs

undebug all

terminal monitor disable

What to look for in the AP debugs

Look for an INTEL_DEO_ANALYTICS line, as the AP parses an incoming ACTION frame from the client, for example:

```
Aug 5 21:12:13 kernel: [*08/05/2022 21:12:13.0674] [1659733933: 67444] [AP4800 Aug 5 21:12:13 kernel: [*08/05/2022 21:12:13.0675] CLSM[38:87:D5:09:33:EB]: USAug 5 21:12:13 kernel: [*08/05/2022 21:12:13.0676] CLSM[38:87:D5:09:33:EB]: IN Company of the company of
```

OTA packet capture

In this example, a MacBook running Wireless Diagnostics was used. See <u>Collect Packet Captures Over the</u> Air on a MacBook.

You should see the client sending one or more ACTION frames that are CCMP protected (wlan.ccmp.extiv && wlan.fc.type_subtype == 0x000d). As these frames are encrypted, you will not be able to read the payload (look to the EPC for that, or a span from the AP's switchport.)

If the client is not sending CCMP-protected management frames, then make sure that PMF is set to optional or mandatory.

To verify that the 9800 is correctly configured to advertise Intel Analytics, look at the beacon frame or probe response. Find a vendor specific tag with the Cisco OUI (00:40:96 - i.e. wlan.tag.oui == 0x004096). The next octet (in the Vendor Specific OUI Type field) will have a value of 0x2c - this is the DEO_IE. The following octet is bit-encoded; its fourth-least-significant bit is the Intel Analytics bit.

Intel adapter driver version note

Beginning with the 23.50.0 Intel driver bundle, all supported adapters **apparently** have the same 23.x driver version (as seen in Windows Device Manager.) However, depending on the adapter model and host CPU, a different internal driver version (which is what's reported to Intel Analytics) may be in use - for example, the AX211 driver from the 23.90.0 bundle running on an Intel Core i7 13th Gen has an "outer" driver version of 23.90.0.2; however, once you drill into the driver details, the "inner" driver version turns out really to be 23.50.4.2.

