# **Configure IPsec on Catalyst 9000X Series Switches**

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## Introduction

This document describes how to verify Internet Protocol Security (IPsec) feature on Catalyst 9300X switches.

## Prerequisites

### Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

• IPsec

### **Components Used**

The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

- C9300X
- C9400X

• Cisco IOS® XE 17.6.4 and later

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

## **Background Information**

Starting in Cisco IOS® XE 17.5.1, Catalyst 9300-X series switches support IPsec. IPsec provides high levels of security through encryption and authentication, as well as protecting data from unauthorized access. The IPsec implementation on the C9300X provides secure tunnels between two peers using the sVTI (Static Virtual Tunnel Interface) configuration.

IPsec support on the Catalyst 9400-X series switches was introduced in Cisco IOS® XE 17.10.1, while support for Catalyst 9500-X is slated for 17.12.1.

IOSd	IOS daemon	This is the Cisco IOS daemon that runs on the Linux kernel. It is run as a software process within the kernel.IOSdprocesses CLI commands and protocols that build up state and configuration.
PD	Platform Dependent	Data and commands that are specific to the platform they are run on
IPsec	Internet Protocol Security	A secure network protocol suite that authenticates and encryptspackets of data to provide secure encrypted communication between two computers over an Internet Protocol network.
SVTI	Static Virtual Tunnel Interface	A statically configured virtual interface to which you can apply security features
SA	Security Association	An SA is a relationship between two or more entities that describes how the entities use security services to communicate securely
FED	Forwarding Engine Driver	The switch component responsible for hardware programming of UADP ASIC

### Terminology

## Configure

### **Network Diagram**

For the purpose of this example, the Catalyst 9300X and ASR1001-X function as IPsec peers with IPsec Virtual Tunnel Interfaces.



### **Install HSEC license**

**Enable** the IPsec feature on the Catalyst 9300X platform, an HSEC license (C9000-HSEC) is required. This is different from other Cisco IOS XE based routing platforms that support IPsec, where an HSEC license is only needed to increase the allowed encryption throughtput. On the Catalyst 9300X platform, the **tunnel mode** and **tunnel protection** CLI is blocked if an HSEC license is not installed:

```
<#root>
C9300X(config)#
int tunnel1
C9300X(config-if)#
tunnel mode ipsec ipv4
*'tunnel mode' change not allowed
*Sep 19 20:54:41.068: %PLATFORM_IPSEC_HSEC-3-INVALID_HSEC: HSEC
license not present: IPSec mode configuration is rejected
Install the HSEC license when the switch is connected to CSSM or CSLU using Smart Licensing:
<#root>
C9300X#
license smart authorization request add hseck9 local
*Oct 12 20:01:36.680: %SMART_LIC-6-AUTHORIZATION_INSTALL_SUCCESS: A new licensing authorization code wa
```

Verify HSEC license is correctly installed:

C9300X#

show license summ

Account Information: Smart Account: Cisco Systems, TAC As of Oct 13 15:50:35 2022 UTC Virtual Account: CORE TAC License Usage: Entitlement Tag Count Status License \_\_\_\_\_ (C9300X-12Y Network Adv...) 1 IN USE network-advantage (C9300X-12Y DNA Advantage) 1 IN USE dna-advantage C9K HSEC (Cat9K HSEC) 0

NOT IN USE

Enable IPsec as the tunnel mode on the tunnel interface:

<#root>

C9300X(config)#

int tunnel1

C9300X(config-if)#

tunnel mode ipsec ipv4

C9300X(config-if)#

end

```
Once IPsec is enabled, the HSEC license becomes IN USE
```

<#root> C9300X# show license summ

Account Information: Smart Account: Cisco Systems, TAC As of Oct 13 15:50:35 2022 UTC Virtual Account: CORE TAC

License Usage:

License	Entitlement Tag	Count Status
network-advantage	(C9300X-12Y Network Adv)	1 IN USE
dna-advantage	(C9300X-12Y DNA Advantage)	1 IN USE
C9K HSEC	(Cat9K HSEC)	1

#### **SVTI Tunnel Protection**

IPsec configuration on the C9300X uses the standard Cisco IOS XE IPsec configuration. This is a simple SVTI configuration using <u>IKEv2 Smart Defaults</u>, where we are using the default IKEv2 policy, IKEv2 proposal, IPsec transform, and IPsec profile for IKEv2.

C9300X Configuration

<#root>
ip routing
!
crypto ikev2 profile default

match identity remote address 192.0.2.2 255.255.255.255
authentication remote pre-share key cisco123
authentication local pre-share key cisco123
!
interface Tunnel1

ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.252
tunnel source 198.51.100.1
tunnel mode ipsec ipv4
tunnel destination 192.0.2.2
tunnel protection ipsec profile default

Note: Since Catalyst 9300X is essentially an access layer switch, **ip routing** has to be explicitly enabled for routing based features like VTI to work.

#### Peer Configuration

<#root>

```
crypto ikev2 profile default
```

match identity remote address 198.51.100.1 255.255.255.255
authentication remote pre-share key cisco123
authentication local pre-share key cisco123
!

interface Tunnel1

ip address 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.252
tunnel source 192.0.2.2
tunnel mode ipsec ipv4
tunnel destination 198.51.100.1

tunnel protection ipsec profile default

For a more detailed discussion of the various IKEv2 and IPsec configuration constructs, please see <u>C9300X</u> <u>IPsec Configuration Guide.</u>

## Verify

### **IPsec Tunnel**

IPsec implementation on the C9300X platform is architecturally different that on the routing platforms (ASR1000, ISR4000, Catalyst 8200/8300, etc), where the IPsec feature processing is implemented in the QFP (Quantum Flow Processor) microcode.

The C9300X forwarding architecture is based on the UADP ASIC, so most of the QFP feature FIA implementation does not apply here.

Here are some of the key differences:

- **show crypto ipsec sa peer x.x.x.x platform** does not show the platform programming information from the FMAN down to the QFP.
- Packet-trace also does not work (more on this below).
- UADP ASIC does not support crypto traffic classification, so **show crypto ruleset platform** does not apply

### **IOSd Control Plane**

IPsec control plane verification is exactly the same as that for the routing platforms, see . To display the IPsec SA installed in IOSd:

<#root>

C9300X#

show crypto ipsec sa

```
interface: Tunnel1
Crypto map tag: Tunnel1-head-0, local addr 198.51.100.1
protected vrf: (none)
local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0)
remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0)
current_peer 192.0.2.2 port 500
PERMIT, flags={origin_is_acl,}
#pkts encaps: 200, #pkts encrypt: 200, #pkts digest: 200
#pkts decaps: 200, #pkts decrypt: 200, #pkts verify: 200
#pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
#pkts not compressed: 0, #pkts compr.
```

failed: 0

#pkts not decompressed: 0, #pkts decompress failed: 0

#send errors 0, #recv errors 0

local crypto endpt.: 198.51.100.1, remote crypto endpt.: 192.0.2.2
plaintext mtu 1438, path mtu 1500, ip mtu 1500, ip mtu idb TwentyFiveGigE1/0/1

```
current outbound spi: 0x42709657(1114674775)
     PFS (Y/N): N, DH group: none
     inbound esp sas:
      spi: 0x4FE26715(1340237589)
        transform: esp-aes esp-sha-hmac ,
        in use settings ={Tunnel, }
        conn id: 2098,
flow_id: CAT9K:98
, sibling_flags FFFFFF80000048, crypto map: Tunnel1-head-0
        sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (26/1605)
        IV size: 16 bytes
        replay detection support: Y
        Status: ACTIVE(ACTIVE)
     inbound ah sas:
     inbound pcp sas:
     outbound esp sas:
      spi: 0x42709657(1114674775)
        transform: esp-aes esp-sha-hmac ,
        in use settings ={Tunnel, }
        conn id: 2097,
flow id: CAT9K:97
, sibling_flags FFFFFFF80000048, crypto map: Tunnel1-head-0
        sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (32/1605)
        IV size: 16 bytes
        replay detection support: Y
        Status: ACTIVE(ACTIVE)
     outbound ah sas:
     outbound pcp sas:
```

Note the **flow\_id** in the output, this must match the flow id installed in the forwarding plane.

#### **PD** Control Plane

Statistics between IOSd and PD control plane

<#root>

C9300X#

show platfor software ipsec policy statistics

PAL CMD	REQUEST	REPLY OK	REPLY ERR	ABORT
SADB_INIT_START	3	3	0	0
SADB_INIT_COMPLETED	3	3	0	0
SADB_DELETE	2	2	0	0
SADB_ATTR_UPDATE	4	4	0	0

SADB_INTF_ATTACH SADB_INTF_UPDATE SADB_INTF_DETACH ACL_INSERT ACL_MODIFY ACL_DELETE PEER_INSERT PEER_DELETE SPI_INSERT SPI_DELETE CFLOW_INSERT CFLOW_MODIFY CFLOW_DELETE IPSEC_SA_DELETE TBAR_CREATE TBAR_CREATE TBAR_REMOVE	3 0 2 4 0 3 7 6 39 36 5 33 4 76 0 0 0 0 0	3 0 2 4 0 3 7 6 37 36 5 33 4 76 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
PAL NOTIFY NOTIFY_RP SA_DEAD SA_SOFT_LIFE IDLE_TIMER DPD_TIMER INVALID_SPI VTI SADB TP SADB	RECEIVE 0 46 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	COMPLETE 0 46 0 0 0 5 33 40	PROC ERR 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	IGNORE 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
IPSec PAL database summary DB PAL_ PAL_SAC PAL_ PAL_ PAL_ PAL PAL_ PAL_ PAL_ PAL_	/: NAME ENT _SADB DB_ID _INTF SA_ID ACL _PEER SPI CFLOW _TBAR	ADD ENT 3 3 76 0 7 39 5 0	DEL AI 2 2 74 0 6 38 4 0	BORT 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
SADB Object Table				
<#root>				
C9300X#				
show plat software ipsec switch active f0 sadb all				
IPsec SADB object table:				

SADB-ID	Hint	Complete	#RefCnt	#CfgCnt	#ACL-Ref
3	vir-tun-int	true	2	0	0

SADB entry

<#root>

C9300X#

show plat software ipsec switch active f0 sadb identifier 3

IPsec Flow Information

<#root>

C9300X#

show plat software ipsec switch active f0 flow all

\_\_\_\_\_

Flow id: 97

```
mode: tunnel
         direction: outbound
          protocol: esp
               SPI: 0x42709657
     local IP addr: 198.51.100.1
     remote IP addr: 192.0.2.2
     crypto map id: 0
            SPD id: 3
         cpp SPD id: 0
    ACE line number: 0
     QFP SA handle: INVALID
   crypto device id: 0
IOS XE interface id: 65
    interface name: Tunnel1
      use path MTU: FALSE
      object state: active
 object bind state: new
_____
```

```
Flow id: 98
```

mode: tunnel direction: inbound protocol: esp SPI: 0x4fe26715 local IP addr: 198.51.100.1 remote IP addr: 192.0.2.2 crypto map id: 0 SPD id: 3 cpp SPD id: 0

```
ACE line number: 0
QFP SA handle: INVALID
crypto device id: 0
IOS XE interface id: 65
interface name: Tunnel1
object state: active
```

### Troubleshoot

#### IOSd

These debug and show commands are commonly collected:

<#root>
show crypto eli all
show crypto socket
show crypto map
show crypto ikev2 sa detail
show crypto ipsec sa
show crypto ipsec internal
<#root>
debug crypto ikev2 error
debug crypto ikev2 packet

debug crypto ipsec

debug crypto ipsec error

debug crypto kmi

debug crypto socket

debug tunnel protection

#### **PD** Control Plane

To verify the PD Control Plane operations, use the verification steps shown previously. To debug any issues related to the PD control plane, enable PD control plane debugs:

1. **Increase** the btrace logging level to verbose:

<#root> C9300X# set platform software trace forwarding-manager switch active f0 ipsec verbose C9300X# show platform software trace level forwarding-manager switch active f0 | in ipsec ipsec Verbose 2. Enable PD controlplane conditional debugging: <#root> C9300X# debug platform condition feature ipsec controlplane submode level verbose C9300X# show platform conditions Conditional Debug Global State: Stop Feature Type Submode IPSEC controlplane N/A

Leve1

verbose

3. Collect the debug output from fman\_fp btrace output:

<#root>

C9300X#

show logging process fman\_fp module ipsec internal

Logging display requested on 2022/10/19 20:57:52 (UTC) for Hostname: [C9300X], Model: [C9300X-24Y], Ver

Displaying logs from the last 0 days, 0 hours, 10 minutes, 0 seconds executing cmd on chassis 1 ... Unified Decoder Library Init .. DONE Found 1 UTF Streams 2022/10/19 20:50:36.686071658 {fman\_fp\_F0-0}{1}: [ipsec] [22441]: (ERR): IPSEC-PAL-IB-Key:: 2022/10/19 20:50:36.686073648 {fman\_fp\_F0-0}{1}: [ipsec] [22441]: (ERR): IPSEC-b0 d0 31 04 85 36 a6 08

#### PD Data Plane

Verify the dataplane IPsec tunnel statistics including common IPsec drops such as HMAC or replay failures

<#root> C9300X# show platform software fed sw active ipsec counters if-id all Flow Stats for if-id 0x41 \_\_\_\_\_ Inbound Flow Info for flow id: 98 -----SA Index: 1 ------Asic Instance 0: SA Stats Packet Format Check Error: 0 Invalid SA: 0 Auth Fail: 0 Sequence Number Overflows: 0 Anti-Replay Fail: 0 200 Packet Count: Byte Count: 27600 -----Outbound Flow Info for flow id: 97 \_\_\_\_\_ SA Index: 1025 ------Asic Instance 0: SA Stats Packet Format Check Error: 0 Invalid SA: 0 Auth Fail: 0

Sequence Number Overflows:0Anti-Replay Fail:0Packet Count:200Byte Count:33600



**Note**: the flow id matches the flow id in the **show crypto ipsec sa** output. Individual flow statistics can also be obtained with the command **show platform software fed switch active ipsec counters sa** <**sa\_id**> where the sa\_id the **SA Index** in the previous output.

### **Dataplane Packet-tracer**

Packet-tracer on the UADP ASIC platform behaves very differently from that on the QFP based system. It can be enabled with either a manual trigger or a PCAP based trigger. Here is an example of using PCAP (EPC) based trigger.

1. Enable EPC and start capture:

#### C9300X#

monitor capture test interface twentyFiveGigE 1/0/2 in match ipv4 10.1.1.2/32 any

<#root>

C9300X#

show monitor capture test

Status Information for Capture test Target Type: Interface: TwentyFiveGigE1/0/2, Direction: IN Status : Inactive Filter Details: IPv4 Source IP: 10.1.1.2/32 Destination IP: any Protocol: any Buffer Details: Buffer Type: LINEAR (default) Buffer Size (in MB): 10 File Details: File not associated Limit Details: Number of Packets to capture: 0 (no limit) Packet Capture duration: 0 (no limit) Packet Size to capture: 0 (no limit) Maximum number of packets to capture per second: 1000 Packet sampling rate: 0 (no sampling)

2. **Run** the rest and stop the capture:

<#root>

C9300X#

monitor capture test start

Started capture point : test
\*Oct 18 18:34:09.656: %BUFCAP-6-ENABLE: Capture Point test enabled.
<run traffic test>

C9300X#

monitor capture test stop

```
Capture statistics collected at software:
Capture duration - 23 seconds
Packets received - 5
Packets dropped - 0
Packets oversized - 0
Bytes dropped in asic - 0
Capture buffer will exists till exported or cleared
Stopped capture point : test
```

#### 3. Export the capture into flash

<#root>

C9300X#

#### show monitor capture test buff

\*Oct 18 18:34:33.569: %BUFCAP-6-DISABLE Starting the packet display ..... Press Ctrl + Shift + 6 to exit

2 0.000607 10.1.1.2 -> 10.2.1.2 ICMP 114 Echo (ping 3 0.001191 10.1.1.2 -> 10.2.1.2 ICMP 114 Echo (ping	g) request ru=0x0005; seq=0/0; eer=255
3 0 001191 10 1 1 2 -> 10 2 1 2 TCMP 114 Echo (ping	g) request id=0x0003, seq=1/256, ttl=2
2 0.001131 10.1.1.2 × 10.2.1.2 ICHI 114 COID (PHI	g) request id=0x0003, seq=2/512, ttl=2
4 0.001760 10.1.1.2 -> 10.2.1.2 ICMP 114 Echo (ping	g) request id=0x0003, seq=3/768, ttl=2
5 0.002336 10.1.1.2 -> 10.2.1.2 ICMP 114 Echo (ping	g) request id=0x0003, seq=4/1024, ttl=

C9300X#

monitor capture test export location flash:test.pcap

#### 4. Run packet-tracer:

<#root>

C9300X#

show platform hardware fed switch 1 forward interface TwentyFiveGigE 1/0/2 pcap flash:test.pcap number 3

Show forward is running in the background. After completion, syslog will be generated.

C9300X#

```
*Oct 18 18:36:56.288: %SHFWD-6-PACKET_TRACE_DONE: Switch 1 F0/0: fed: Packet Trace Complete: Execute (
*Oct 18 18:36:56.288: %SHFWD-6-PACKET_TRACE_FLOW_ID: Switch 1 F0/0: fed: Packet Trace Flow id is 131077
C9300X#
C9300X#show plat hardware fed switch 1 forward last summary
Input Packet Details:
###[ Ethernet ]###
 dst
          = b0:8b:d0:8d:6b:d6
 src=78:ba:f9:ab:a7:03
          = 0 \times 800
 type
###[ IP ]###
     version
              = 4
     ihl
              = 5
              = 0x0
     tos
              = 100
     len
     id
              = 15
     flags
              =
     frag
              = 0
     tt1
              = 255
     proto
              = icmp
              = 0xa583
     chksum
     src=10.1.1.2
     dst
              = 10.2.1.2
     options
              = ''
###[ ICMP ]###
        type
                 = echo-request
        code
                 = 0
        chksum
                 = 0xae17
```

id = 0x3= 0x0seq ###[ Raw ]### = '00 00 00 01 1B CF 14 AB CD load Ingress: Port : TwentyFiveGigE1/0/2 Global Port Number 2 : Local Port Number : 2 Asic Port Number : 1 Asic Instance : 1 Vlan : 4095 Mapped Vlan ID : 1 STP Instance : 1 BlockForward : 0 : 0 BlockLearn : 38 L3 Interface : enabled IPv4 Routing IPv6 Routing : enabled Vrf Id : 0 Adjacency: Station Index : 179 Destination Index : 20754 Rewrite Index : 24 Replication Bit Map : 0x1 ['remoteData'] Decision: : 20754 [DI\_RCP\_PORT3] Destination Index Rewrite Index : 24 : 0 Dest Mod Index [IGR\_FIXED\_DMI\_NULL\_VALUE] CPU Map Index : 0 [CMI\_NULL] Forwarding Mode : 3 [Other or Tunnel] Replication Bit Map ['remoteData'] : Winner 2 L3FWDIPV4 LOOKUP Qos Label : 1 SGT : 0 0 DGTID : Egress: Possible Replication 2 : RCP Port : 0 Asic Instance Asic Port Number : 0 Output Port Data 1 Port : RCP Asic Instance : 0 Asic Port Number : 90 : 0 Unique RI : 0 Rewrite Type [Unknown] Mapped Rewrite Type : 229 [IPSEC\_TUNNEL\_MODE\_ENCAP\_FIRSTPASS\_OUTERV4\_INNERV4] V1an : 0 : 0 Mapped Vlan ID RCP, mappedRii.fdMuxProfileSet = 1 , get fdMuxProfile from MappedRii Qos Label : 1 SGT : 0 Input Packet Details: N/A: Recirculated Packet Ingress: Port : Recirculation Port Asic Port Number : 90 : 0 Asic Instance : 0 Vlan Mapped Vlan ID : 2 STP Instance : 0

BlockForward : 0 : 0 BlockLearn L3 Interface : 38 IPv4 Routing : enabled : enabled IPv6 Routing Vrf Id : 0 Adjacency: Station Index : 177 Destination Index : 21304 Rewrite Index : 21 Replication Bit Map : 0x1 ['remoteData'] Decision: Destination Index : 21304 Rewrite Index : 21 Dest Mod Index : 0 [IGR\_FIXED\_DMI\_NULL\_VALUE] : 0 CPU Map Index [CMI\_NULL] Forwarding Mode : 3 [Other or Tunnel] Replication Bit Map : ['remoteData'] Winner : L3FWDIPV4 LOOKUP Qos Label : 1 : 0 SGT DGTID : 0 Egress: Possible Replication 3 : TwentyFiveGigE1/0/1 Port Output Port Data 5 Port : TwentyFiveGigE1/0/1 Global Port Number : 1 Local Port Number : 1 Asic Port Number : 0 Asic Instance : 1 Unique RI : 0 Rewrite Type : 0 [Unknown] Mapped Rewrite Type : 13 [L3\_UNICAST\_IPV4\_PARTIAL] : 0 Vlan Mapped Vlan ID : 0 Output Packet Details: : TwentyFiveGigE1/0/1 Port ###[ Ethernet ]### = 00:62:ec:da:e0:02 dst src=b0:8b:d0:8d:6b:e4 type  $= 0 \times 800$ ###[ IP ]### version = 4 = 5 ihl tos = 0x0len = 168id = 2114flags = DFfrag = 0 tt1 = 254 proto = ipv6\_crypt chksum = 0x45dbsrc=198.51.100.1 = 192.0.2.2 dst = '' options = ' ###[ Raw ]### load 6D 18 45 C9

00 00 00 06 09 B0 DC 13 11 FA DC F8 63 98 51 98 33 11 9C C0 D7 24 BF C2 1C 45 D3 1B 91 0B 5F B4 3A C0

#### C9300X#

show crypto ipsec sa | in current outbound

current outbound spi:

0x6D1845C9

(1830307273)

<-- Matches the load result in packet trace



**Note**: in the previous output, the packet forwarded egress is the ESP packet with the current outbound SA SPI. For a more detailed FED forwarding decision analysis, the **detail** variant of the same command. Example: **show plat hardware fed switch 1 forward last detail** can be used.



**Note**: PD dataplane debugging should only be enabled with assistance from TAC. These are very low level traces that engineering needs if the issue cannot be identified via normal CLIs/Debugs.

<#root>
C9300X#
set platform software trace fed switch active ipsec verbose
C9300X#
debug platform condition feature ipsec dataplane submode all level verbose
C9300X#
show logging process fed module ipsec internal

#### **IPsec PD SHIM Debugs**

<#root>

```
debug platform software ipsec info
```

```
debug platform software ipsec error
```

debug platform software ipsec verbose

debug platform software ipsec all

## **Related Information**

<u>Configure IPsec on Catalyst 9300 Switches</u>