

Configure and Troubleshoot ZTP on Catalyst 9000 Series Switches (Cat9k/C9k)

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Introduction

This document describes configuring and provisioning of Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) on Cisco Catalyst 9k Series Switches.

Prerequisites

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server configuration on the switch
- Basic Python code
- Basics of HTTP/TFTP service

Supported Platforms

- Catalyst 9300 series switches running 16.5.1a version
 - Catalyst 9500 series switches running 16.5.1a version
 - Catalyst 9400 series switches running 16.6.2 version
-

Note: This feature is not supported in C9600.

Components Used

The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

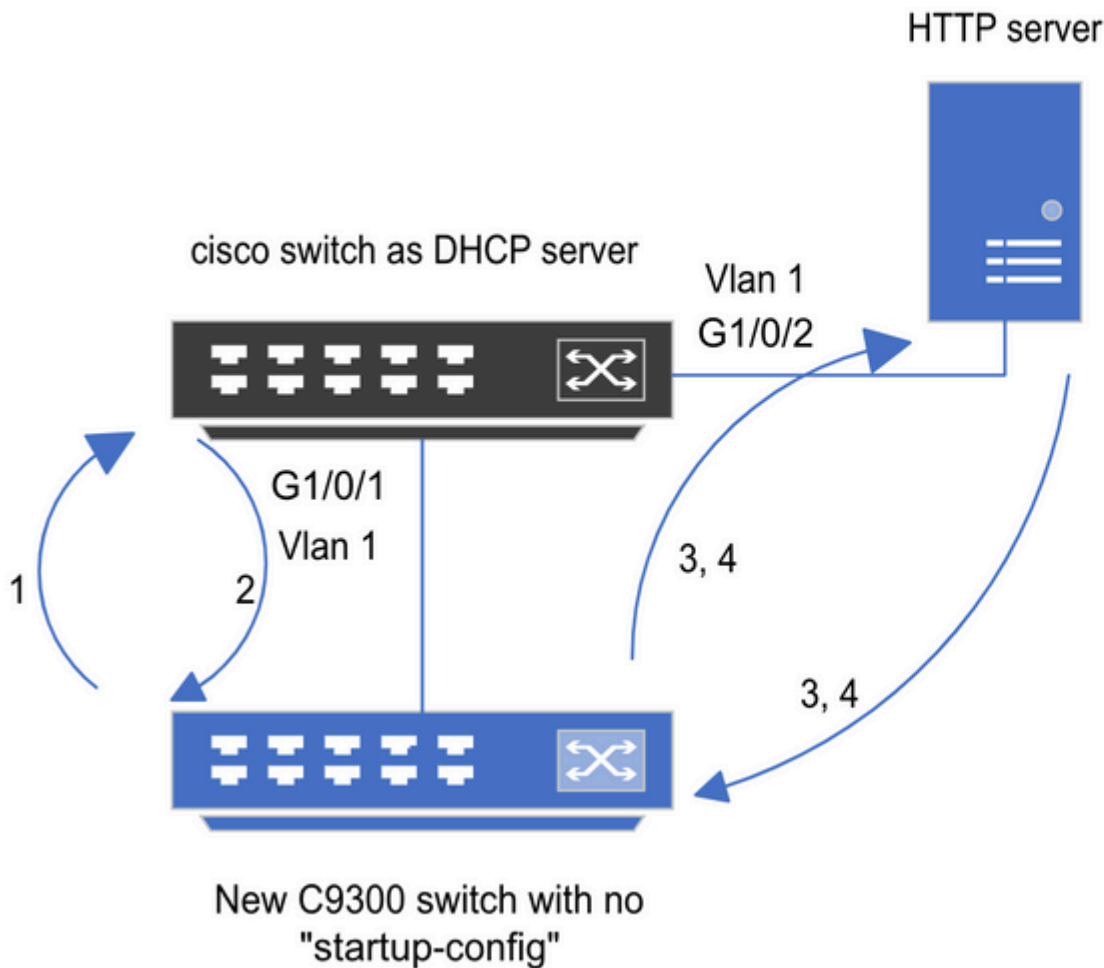
- Cisco Catalyst 9300 switch on Cisco IOS® XE 17.6.4
- Cisco Catalyst 3850 switch acts as a DHCP server with option 67 configuration
- The end host installed with HTTP service contains a Python file.

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Background Information

Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) is used to provision network devices accurately within minutes and without any manual intervention.

Network Diagram



- 1) Switch boots up with no config; ZTP process starts
- 2) DHCP request received from switch (switch has HTTP IP address)
- 3) Switch connects to HTTP server and loads the python configuration
- 4) Guestshell is automatically provisioned and "success" is returned

Zero Touch Provisioning Basic setup & steps

ZTP Operation (Detailed Steps)

ZTP automates the configuration of Catalyst 9000 series switches with no start-up configuration when it is introduced to the existing network. This happens without any manual intervention. Detailed steps are explained here:

Step 1. Connect the New Switch

Connect a new switch to the existing infrastructure and power on the device. The switch boots up with no start-up configuration.

Step 2. ZTP Initiation

The ZTP process is initiated by the switch automatically.

Step 3. DHCP Request

The switch sends out DHCP discover message.

```
import cli

print "\n\n Running show version \n\n"
cli.executep('show version')

print "\n\n Configure a Loopback Interface \n\n"
cli.configurep(["interface loop 25", "ip address 192.168.0.25 255.255.255.255", "end"])

print "\n\n Running show ip interface brief \n\n"
cli.executep('show ip int brief | i up')

print "\n\n ZTP is success \n\n"
```

This file must be stored under `/var/www/html` in Linux machine.

```
vm: /var/www/html$ -ls -l ztp_http.py
-rwxrwxrwx 1 root root 346 Apr 04 14:14 ztp_http.py
```

Step 3. Verify HTTP Service and Listening Port

Use the service command to verify if the HTTP service is started and running now.

```
vm: /var/www/html$ sudo service apache2 status
Active: active (running)
```

Verify with which port the HTTP service is listening to right now.

```
vm: /var/www/html$ sudo netstat -anp | grep apache
tcp6 0 :::80 :::* LISTEN 1998/apache2 <<<< Listens at 80
```

Step 4. Browser Verification of Port

Verify if the file is downloadable using any web browser.

1. Open any browser within the same machine, in this case Linux.
2. Enter this into the search bar `localhost:80/ztp_http.py`
3. File downloads automatically.

Setting up DHCP Service

Step 1. Provisioning Interface Configuration (New Device)

The new switch is expected to be connected to G1/0/1.

```
enable
configure terminal
interface g1/0/1
description New_9300_switch
switchport
switchport mode access
switchport access vlan 1
```

Step 2. HTTP Server-Connected Interface Configuration

HTTP server (Linux) is directly connected to 3850 switches for example on interface G1/0/2.

```
enable
configure terminal
interface g1/0/2
description Linux_is_connected_here
switchport
switchport mode access
switchport access vlan 1
```

Step 3. DHCP Scope Configuration

Example of DHCP pool configuration with option 67.

```
enable
configure terminal
ip dhcp pool ZTP_Pool
network 10.0.0.0 255.255.255.0
default-router 10.0.0.1
option 67 ascii http://10.0.0.2:80/ztp_http.py
end
```

Verify

There is currently no verification procedure available for this configuration.

Working Outputs

No startup-config, starting autoinstall/pnp/ztp...

Autoinstall will terminate if any input is detected on console

