Configure FTD Application-Based PBR for Umbrella SIG

Contents

Introduction

Prerequisites

Requirements

Components Used

Overview

Limitations

Application-Based PBR

Verification

Introduction

This document describes how to configure Firewall Threat Defense (FTD) application-based policy based routing (PBR) for Umbrella SIG.

Prerequisites

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- · Access to Umbrella Dashboard
- Admin access to the FMC running 7.1.0+ to deploy the configuration to the FTD version 7.1.0+. PBR based on apps is supported only on version 7.1.0 and higher
- (Preferred) Knowledge on FMC/FTD configuration and Umbrella SIG
- (Optional but highly recommended): Umbrella Root Certificate installed, this is used by SIG when the traffic is either proxied or blocked. For further details of the Root Certificate installation, read more in the Umbrella documentation.

Components Used

The information in this document is based on Cisco Umbrella Secure Internet Gateway (SIG).

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Overview

The information in this document is meant to cover the configuration steps on how to deploy Application-Based PBR on the FTD when establishing a SIG IPsec VTI Tunnel to Umbrella, so you can exclude or include traffic on a VPN based on applications using PBR.

The configuration example described in this article focuses on how to **exclude** certain applications from the IPsec VPN while sending everything else over the VPN.

Full information about PBR on FMC can be found in the Cisco documentation.

Limitations

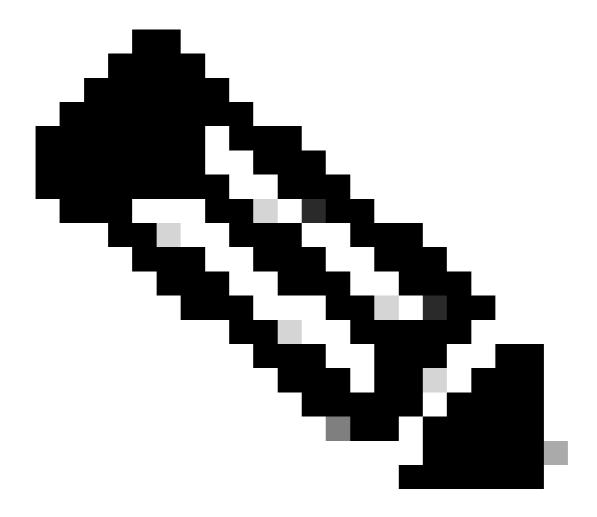
- You cannot have both application and destination address defined in an ACE.
- While defining the ACL for the policy match criteria, you can select multiple applications from a list of predefined applications to form an Access Control Entry (ACE).

 Currently, you cannot add to or modify the predefined applications list.
- For those applications not listed on the predefined applications list on the FMC or any unexpected behavior with an application, IPs can be used instead of applications in the PBR.
- For a list of full limitations please referrer to the PBR's documentation.

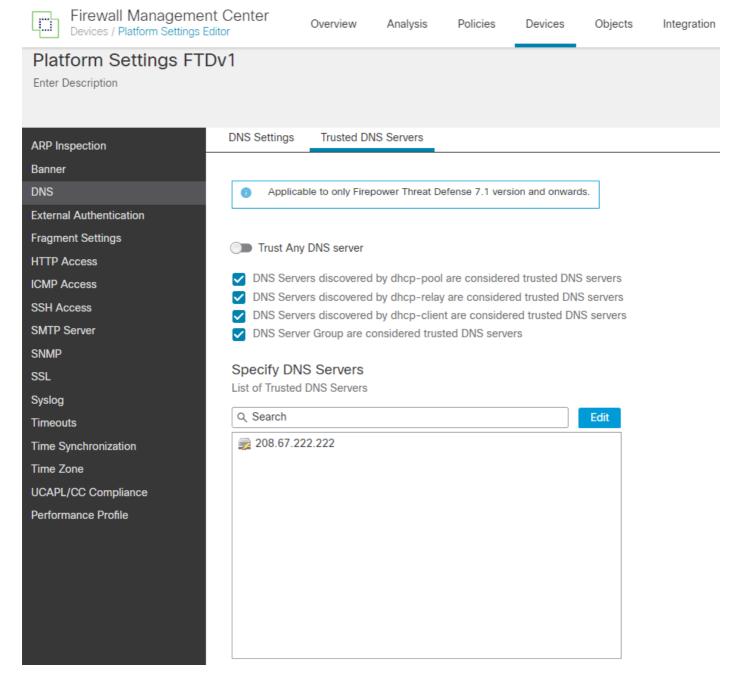
Application-Based PBR

- 1. Start by configuring the IPsec tunnel on the FMC as well as on the Umbrella Dashboard. The instructions of how to perform this configuration can be found in the <u>Umbrella documentation</u>.
- 2. Make sure that the DNS server that the end user's device behind the FTD is using is listed as a trusted DNS server under **Devices > Platform Settings > DNS > Trusted DNS Servers**.

If the devices are using a DNS server that is not listed, the DNS snooping can fail, and therefore the PBR based on apps cannot work. Optionally (but not recommended for security reasons), you can toggle on **Trust Any DNS server** so that adding the DNS server(s) is required.



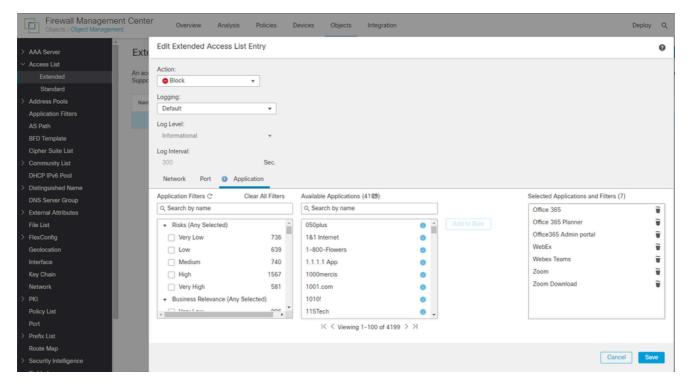
Note: If VAs are used as internal DNS resolvers, they must be added as Trusted DNS Servers.



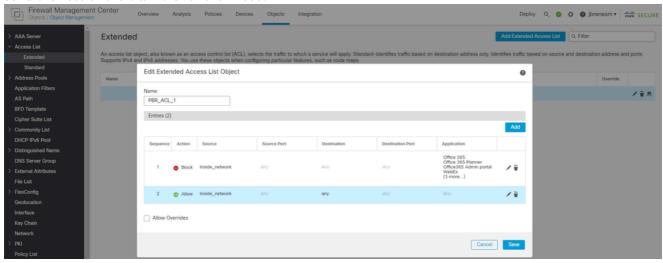
- 3. Create an extended ACL that can be used by the FTD for the PBR process in order to decide whether traffic is sent to Umbrella for SIG or if it is excluded from the IPsec and not sent to Umbrella at all.
 - A deny ACE on the ACL means the traffic is excluded from SIG.
 - A permit ACE on the ACL means the traffic is sent over the IPsec and can apply a SIG policy (CDFW, SWG, etc).

This example is excluding the applications "Office365", "Zoom" and "Cisco Webex" with a deny ACE. The rest of the traffic is being sent to Umbrella for further inspection.

- 1. Go to Object > Object Management > Access List > Extended.
- 2. Define the source network and ports as you normally would, and then add the applications to participate on the PBR.



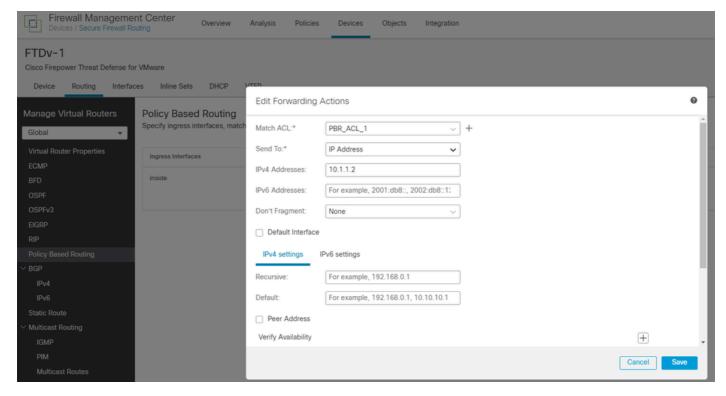
The first ACE can "deny" for those applications mentioned earlier, and the second ACE is a permit to send the rest of the traffic over the IPsec.

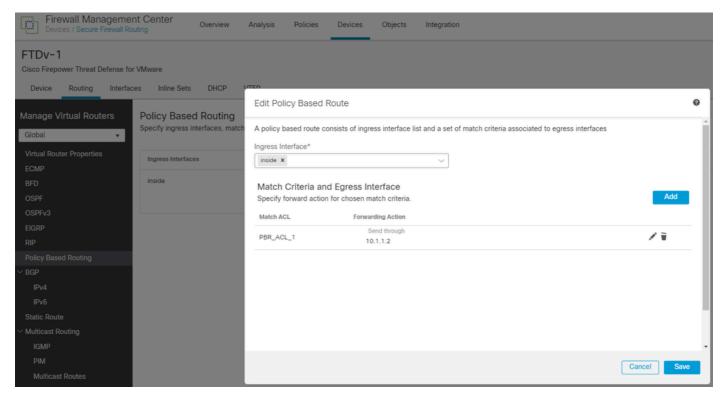


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4. Create the PBR under Devices > Device Management > [select the FTD Device] > Routing > Policy Based Routing.

- Ingress Interface: The interface where the local traffic is coming from.
- Matching ACL: Extended ACL created on previous step, ACL "PBR_ACL_1".
- Send To: IP Address
- IPv4 Addresses: Next-hop when the PBR finds a permit statement, so the traffic is routed to the IP you add here. In this example, this is Umbrella's IPsec IP. If your VTI VPN's IP is 10.1.1.1, then the Umbrella's IPsec IP would be anything inside that same network (10.1.1.2 for example).





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5. Deploy the changes on the FMC.

Verification

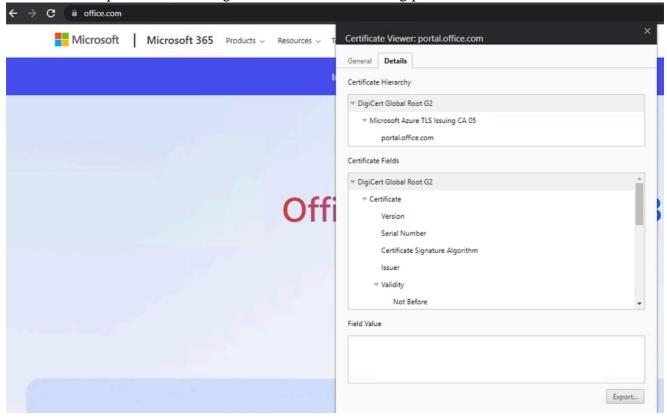
On the testing PC located behind the FTD, check:

• The traffic from the PC is actually being sent over the IPsec to Umbrella. Go to: https://policy-debug.checkumbrella.com/



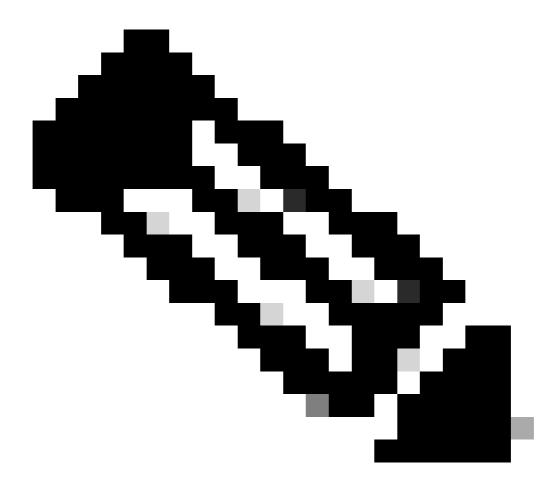
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• Try going to any of the sites that are excluded on the PBR/ACL config and make sure the Umbrella Root CA is not presented, meaning the connection is not being proxied:

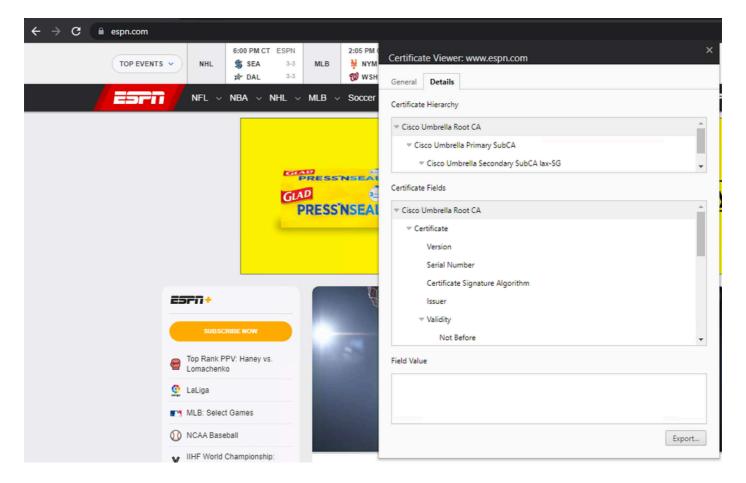


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• Try going to any other site that is not based on the applications excluded from the PBR and make sure Umbrella is indeed proxying the connection:



Note: In order to avoid issues with a warning page not being trusted, make sure the Umbrella Root CA Certificate is installed.



• On the FTD's CLI, you can run a few commands to confirm the configuration was properly pushed and working:

• show run route-map (checks the PBR configuration):

```
ftd# sh run route-map
!
route-map FMC_GENERATED_PBR_1682004086289 permit 5
  match ip address PBR_ACL_1
  set ip next-hop 10.1.1.2
!
ftd# ■
```

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show run interface gigabitEthernet 0/1 (checks the PBR is applied to the proper interface)
ftd# sh run interface gigabitEthernet 0/1
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
nameif inside
security-level 0
ip address 172.16.72.1 255.255.255.0
policy-route route-map FMC_GENERATED_PBR_1682004086289
ftd#

 show run access-list PBR_ACL_1, show object-group id FMC_NSG_17179869596 (confirms the domains added to the ACL for exclusion)

```
ftd# sh run access-list PBR_ACL_1 extended deny ip object Inside_network object-group-network-service FMC_NSG_17179869598
access-list PBR_ACL_1 extended permit ip object Inside_network any
ftd# sh object-group id FMC_NSG_17179869596 (id=f1000001)
network-service FMC_NSG_17179869596 (id=f1000001)
network-service-member "Office 365" dynamic
description Traffic generated by MS_0ffice 365 applications and web services.
app-id_2812
domain nexus.officeapps.live.com (bid=-1815422039) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain officehome.msocdn.com (bid=-1815266895) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain oscufficehome.msocdn.com (bid=-1815266895) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain eusofficehome.msocdn.com (bid=-18154964967) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain mesafticehome.msocdn.com (bid=-18149948459) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain msauth.net (bid=-1814770899) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain msauth.net (bid=-1814770899) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain msauthimages.net (bid=-18149643885) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain msfauth.net (bid=-1814478573) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain msfauth.net (bid=-181449573) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain msfauth.net (bid=-1814963843) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain staffhub.ms (bid=-1814984129) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain assets.onestore.ms (bid=-1813901907) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain assets.onestore.ms (bid=-1813901907) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain msappproxy.net (bid=-18131917013) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain fricepon.com (bid=-18131977013) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain fricepon.com (bid=-18131957913) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain fricepon.com (bid=-18131957913) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain office.com (bid=-18131917913) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain office.com (bid=-1813197951) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain office.com (bid=-181279659) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain office.ot (bid=-181279659) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain indiconsoft.com (bid=-181258959) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain indiconsoft.com (bid=-181259305) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain indiconsoft.com (bid=-181259305) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain indiconsoft.com (bid=-181259305) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain login.windows.net (bid=-181269305) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain login.windows.net (bid=-18138195591) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain office.com (bid=-181269305) ip (hitcnt=0)
domain noricrosoft.com (bid=
```

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```
ftd# sh object-group id FMC_NSG_17179869596 | i office.com

domain office.com (bid=-1812953305) ip (hitcnt=8)

domain tasks.office.com (bid=-1674300035) ip (hitcnt=0)

domain controls.office.com (bid=-1674092701) ip (hitcnt=0)

domain clientlog.portal.office.com (bid=-1673794351) ip (hitcnt=0)

domain portal.office.com (bid=88903411) ip (hitcnt=0)

ftd#
```

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- packet-tracer input inside tcp 172.16.72.10 1234 fqdn office.com 443 detailed (verifies the outside interface is used as output and not the VTI one)
- On the Umbrella Dashboard, under activity search, you can see that web traffic going to office.com was never sent to Umbrella, while traffic going to espn.com was sent.

