# **Configure Threat Detection for Remote Access** VPN Services on Secure Firewall Threat Defense

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### Introduction

This document describes the process of configuring threat detection for Remote Access VPN services on Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense (FTD).

# **Prerequisites**

Cisco recommends you to have knowledge of these topics:

- Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense (FTD).
- Cisco Secure Firewall Management Center (FMC).
- Remote Access VPN (RAVPN) on FTD.

### **Requirements**

These threat detection features are supported in the Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense versions listed next:

- 7.0 version train-> supported from 7.0.6.3 and newer versions within this specific train.
- 7.2 version train-> supported from 7.2.9 and newer version within this specific train.
- 7.4 version train-> supported from 7.4.2.1 and newer version within this specific train.
- 7.6 version train-> supported from 7.6.0 and any newer versions.



Note: These features are currently **not supported in version trains 7.1 or 7.3**.

### **Components Used**

The information described in this document is based on these hardware and software versions:

• Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense Virtual version 7.0.6.3.

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

# **Background Information**

Threat detection features for remote access VPN services help prevent Denial of Service (DoS) attacks from IPv4 addresses by automatically blocking the host (IP address) that exceeds the configured thresholds to prevent further attempts until you manually remove the shun of the IP address. There are separate services available for the next types of attack:

- Repeated failed authentication attempts to remote access VPN services (brute-force username/password scanning attacks).
- Client initiation attacks, where the attacker starts but does not complete the connection attempts to a remote access VPN headend repeated times from a single host.
- Connection attempts to invalid remote access VPN services. That is, when attackers try to connect to specific built-in tunnel groups intended solely for the internal functioning of the device. Legitimate endpoints should never attempt to connect to these tunnel groups.

These attacks, even when unsuccessful in their attempt to gain access, can consume computational resources and prevent valid users from connecting to the remote access VPN services.

When you enable these services, the Secure Firewall automatically shuns the host (IP address) that exceeds the configured thresholds, to prevent further attempts until you manually remove the shun of the IP address.



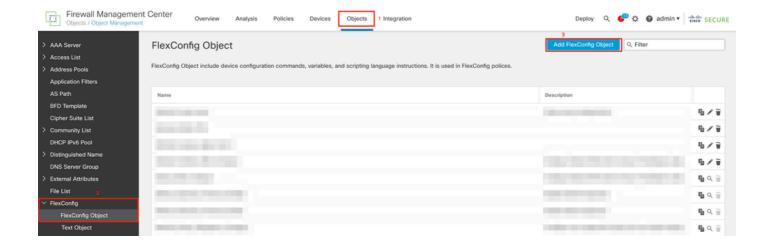
Note: All the threat detection services for remote access VPN are disabled by default.

# **Configure**



Note: The configuration of these features on Secure Firewall Threat Defense is currently supported only via FlexConfig.

- 1. Log in to the Secure Firewall Management Center.
- 2. In order to configure the FlexConfig Object, navigate to **Objects > Object Management > FlexConfig >** FlexConfig Object, then click Add FlexConfig Object.



- 3. Once the **Add FlexConfig Object** window is opened, add the required configuration to enable the threatdetection features for Remote Access VPN:
  - FlexConfig Object Name: enable-threat-detection-ravpn
  - FlexConfig Object description: Enable Threat Detection for Remote Access VPN services.
  - **Deployment:** Everytime
  - Type: Append.
  - Text box: add the "threat detection service" commands based on the available features described next.



Note: You can enable the 3 available threat-detection features for Remote Access VPN using the same FlexConfig object, or you can create one FlexConfig object individually for each feature to be enabled.

### Feature 1: Threat Detection for Attempts to Connect to Internal-Only (Invalid) VPN **Services**

In order to enable this service, add the **threat-detection service invalid-vpn-access** command in the FlexConfig object text box.

#### Feature 2: Threat Detection for Remote Access VPN Client Initiation Attacks

In order to enable this service, add the threat-detection service remote-access-client-initiations hold**down** <*minutes*> **threshold** <*count*> command in the FlexConfig object text box, where:

- hold-down <minutes> defines the period after the last initiation attempt during which consecutive connection attempts are counted. If the number of consecutive connection attempts meets the configured threshold within this period, the attacker's IPv4 address is shunned. You can set this period between 1 and 1440 minutes.
- threshold <count> is the number of connection attempts required within the hold-down period to trigger a shun. You can set the threshold between 5 and 100.

For example, if the hold-down period is 10 minutes and the threshold is 20, the IPv4 address is automatically shunned if there are 20 consecutive connection attempts within any 10-minute span.



Note: When setting the hold-down and threshold values, take NAT usage into account. If you use PAT, which allows many requests from the same IP address, consider higher values. This ensures valid users have enough time to connect. For instance, in a hotel, numerous users can attempt to connect in a short period.

### Feature 3: Threat Detection for Remote Access VPN Authentication Failures

In order to enable this service, add the threat-detection service remote-access-authentication hold**down**<*minutes*> **threshold** <*count*> command in the FlexConfig object text box, where:

- hold-down <minutes> defines the period after the last failed attempt during which consecutive failures are counted. If the number of consecutive authentication failures meets the configured threshold within this period, the attacker's IPv4 address is shunned. You can set this period between 1 and 1440 minutes.
- threshold <count> is the number of failed authentication attempts required within the hold-down period to trigger a shun. You can set the threshold between 1 and 100.

For example, if the hold-down period is 10 minutes and the threshold is 20, the IPv4 address is automatically shunned if there are 20 consecutive authentication failures within any 10-minute span.



Note: When setting the hold-down and threshold values, take NAT usage into account. If you use PAT, which allows many requests from the same IP address, consider higher values. This ensures valid users have enough time to connect. For instance, in a hotel, numerous users can attempt to connect in a short period.

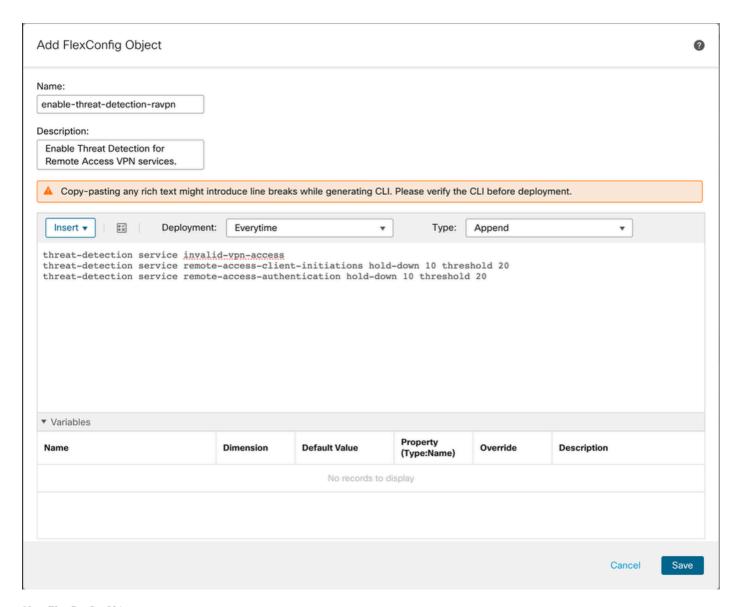


Note: Authentication failures via SAML are not supported yet.

This example configuration enables the three available threat detection services for remote access VPN with a hold-down period of 10 minutes and a threshold of 20 for client initiation and failed authentication attempts. Configure the **hold-down** and **threshold** values according to your environment requirements.

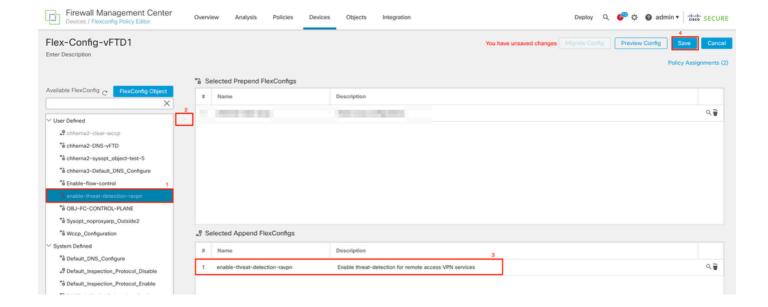
This example uses a single FlexConfig object to enable the 3 available features.

```
threat-detection service invalid-vpn-access
threat-detection service remote-access-client-initiations hold-down 10 threshold 20
threat-detection service remote-access-authentication hold-down 10 threshold 20
```

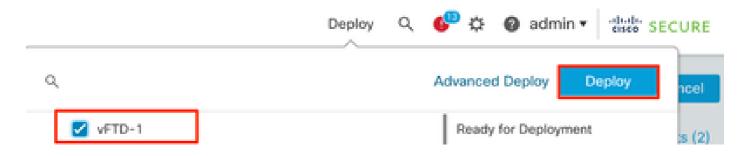


New FlexConfig Object

- 4. Save the FlexConfig Object.
- 5. Navigate to **Devices > FlexConfig** and select the FlexConfig Policy assigned to your Secure Firewall.
- 6. From the available FlexConfig Objects displayed on the left pane, **select the FlexConfig object** you configured in step 3, **click ">"**, and **save** the changes.



7. Deploy the changes and verify.



# Verify

In order to display statistics for threat detection RAVPN services, log in to the CLI of the FTD and run the **show threat-detection service [service] [entries|details]** command. Where the service can be: **remote-access-authentication**, **remote-access-client-initiations**, **or invalid-vpn-access**.

You can limit the view further by adding these parameters:

- **entries** Display only the entries being tracked by the threat detection service. For example, the IP addresses that have had failed authentication attempts.
- **details** Display both service details and service entries.

Run the **show threat-detection service** command to display statistics of all the threat detection services that are enabled.

<#root>

ciscoftd# show threat-detection service

Service: invalid-vpn-access

State : Enabled

Hold-down : 1 minutes

Threshold: 1

Stats:

failed: 0
blocking: 0
recording: 0
unsupported: 0
disabled: 0

Total entries: 0

Service: remote-access-authentication

State : Enabled

Hold-down : 10 minutes

Threshold : 20

Stats:

failed: 0
blocking: 1
recording: 4
unsupported: 0
disabled: 0

Total entries: 2

Name: remote-access-client-initiations

State : Enabled

Hold-down : 10 minutes

Threshold: 20

Stats:

failed : 0
blocking : 0
recording : 0
unsupported : 0
disabled : 0

Total entries: 0

In order to view more details of potential attackers that are being tracked for the remote-access-authentication service, run the **show threat-detection service <service> entries** command.

ciscoftd# show threat-detection service remote-access-authentication entries

Service: remote-access-authentication

Total entries: 2

Idx Source	Interface	Count	Age		Hold-down
1 192.168.100.101/ 3	2	outside	1	721	0
2 192.168.100.102/ 3	2	outside	2	486	114
Total number of IPv4 e	ntries: 2				

NOTE: Age is in seconds since last reported. Hold-down is in seconds remaining.

In order to view the general statistics and details of a specific threat detection remote access VPN service run the **show threat-detection service < service > details** command.

ciscoftd# show threat-detection service remote-access-authentication details

Service: remote-access-authentication

State : Enabled Hold-down : 10 minutes

Threshold: 20

Stats:

failed blocking : 1 recording : 4 unsupported: 0 disabled :

Total entries: 2

Idx Source	Interface	Co	ount	Age	Hold-down
1 192.168.100.101/ 3	2	outside	1	721	0
2 192.168.100.102/ 3	2	outside	2	486	114
Total number of IPv4 e	ntries: 2				

NOTE: Age is in seconds since last reported. Hold-down is in seconds remaining.



Note: The entries display only the IP addresses being tracked by the threat-detection service. If an IP address has met the conditions to be shunned, the **blocking** count increases and the IP address is no longer displayed as an entry.

Additionally, you can monitor shuns applied by the VPN services, and remove shuns for a single IP address or all the IP addresses with the next commands:

### • show shun [ip\_address]

Shows shunned hosts, including those shunned automatically by threat detection for VPN services, or manually using the shun command. You can optionally limit the view to a specified IP address.

### • no shun ip\_address [interface if\_name]

Removes a shun applied to the specified IP address.

If an IP address is shunned on multiple interfaces and no specific interface is mentioned, the command removes the shun from only one interface. The selection of this interface is based on a route lookup for the shunned IP address. To remove the shun from additional interfaces, you must explicitly specify the interface.

#### · clear shun

Removes the shun from all IP addresses and all interfaces.



Note: IP addresses shunned by threat detection for VPN services do not appear in the show threat**detection shun** command, which applies to scanning threat detection only.

In order to read all the details for each command output and available syslog messages related to the threat detection services for remote access VPN, please refer to the **Command Reference** document.

# **Delete or Modify Configuration**

If you need to make adjustments to the configured threshold or hold-down values, or you simply want to disable the configured threat-detection features for RAVPN services, proceed as described next:

- 1. Navigate to **Devices** > **FlexConfig** and select the **FlexConfig Policy** applied to your device.
- 2. Locate the **FlexConfig Object** that you defined previously to enable the threat-detection features for RAVPN services and click on the **trash can icon** to delete it.
- 3. Save and deploy the changes.
- 4. Navigate to **Objects > Object Management > FlexConfig > FlexConfig Object**, then click on **Add** FlexConfig Object.
- 5. Once the Add FlexConfig Object window is opened, add the required configuration to enter the no form of the commands used for threat-detection for RAVPN services:
- FlexConfig Object Name: remove-threat-detection-service
- FlexConfig Object description: Remove Threat Detection for Remote Access VPN services.
- **Deployment:** Once
- Type: Append.
- Text box: add the no form of the threat-detection service commands that you want to modify later or completely remove. The available options are:

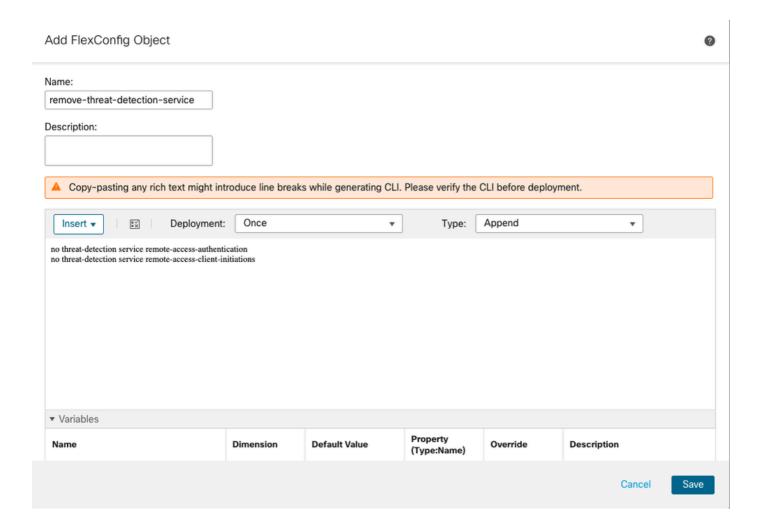


Note: You must enter the commands as described next. Do not include the hold-down or threshold options in the no form of the commands.

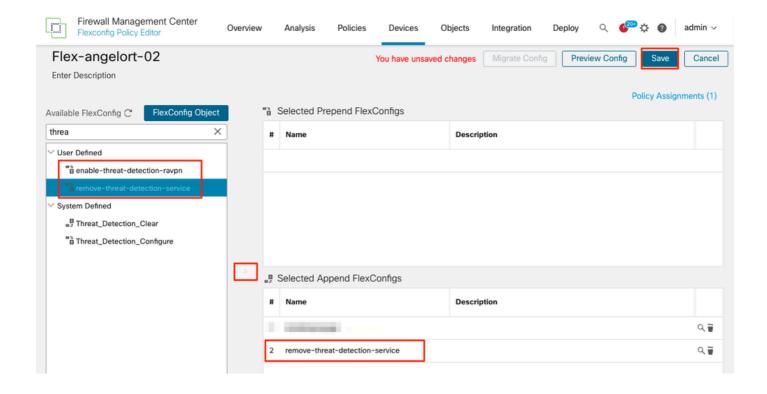
- no threat-detection service remote-access-client-initiations
- no threat-detection service remote-access-authentication
- no threat-detection service invalid-vpn-access

This example uses a single FlexConfig object to remove the **remote-access-client-initiations** and **remote**access-authentication threat-detection features that had been previously configured.

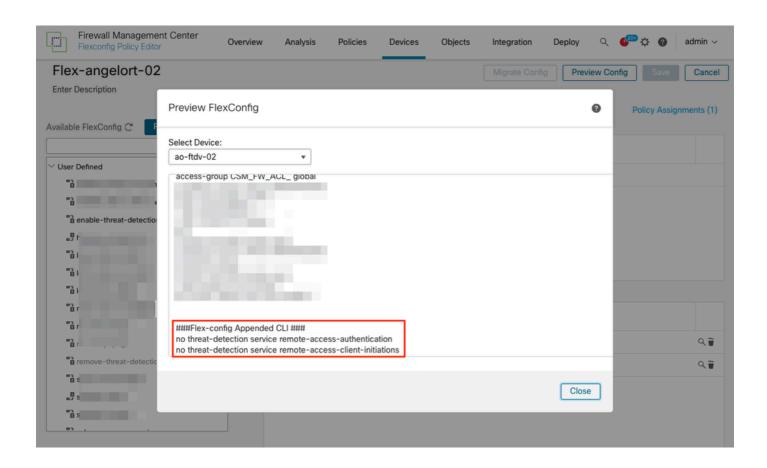
no threat-detection service remote-access-client-initiations no threat-detection service remote-access-authentication



- 6. Save the FlexConfig Object.
- 7. Navigate to **Devices > FlexConfig** and select the FlexConfig Policy assigned to your Secure Firewall.
- 8. From the available FlexConfig Objects displayed on the left pane, **select the FlexConfig object** you configured in step 5, **click** ">", and **save** the changes.



9. You can preview the commands to be applied in the delpoyment. Once the configuration has been saved click on **Preview Config** and select the proper device.



- 10. Deploy the changes and verify that the commands have been removed.
- 11. (Optional) If you need to deploy the threat-detection service features for RAVPN again with different **hold-down** or **threshold** values, proceed as described in the **Configure** section. In this case, you do not need to create a new FlexConfig object with the modified values, you can edit the FlexConfig object that was created originally.

## **Related Information**

- For additional assistance, please contact Technical Assistance Center (TAC). A valid support contract is required: Cisco Worldwide Support Contacts.
- You can also visit the Cisco VPN Community here.
- Cisco Technical Support & Downloads