

Configure MX Layer7 Geo-location Restriction and Troubleshoot in Meraki

Contents

[Introduction](#)

[Prerequisites](#)

[Requirements](#)

[Components Used](#)

[Configure Layer 7 Geo-location Restriction](#)

[Verify and Troubleshoot](#)

[Related Information](#)

Introduction

This document describes how to configure the MX layer 7 Firewall rule and troubleshoot for the same in the Meraki MX appliance.

Prerequisites

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Understand basic Meraki Software-Defined Wide Area Network (SD-WAN) solution
- Understand basic Meraki MX appliance product overview

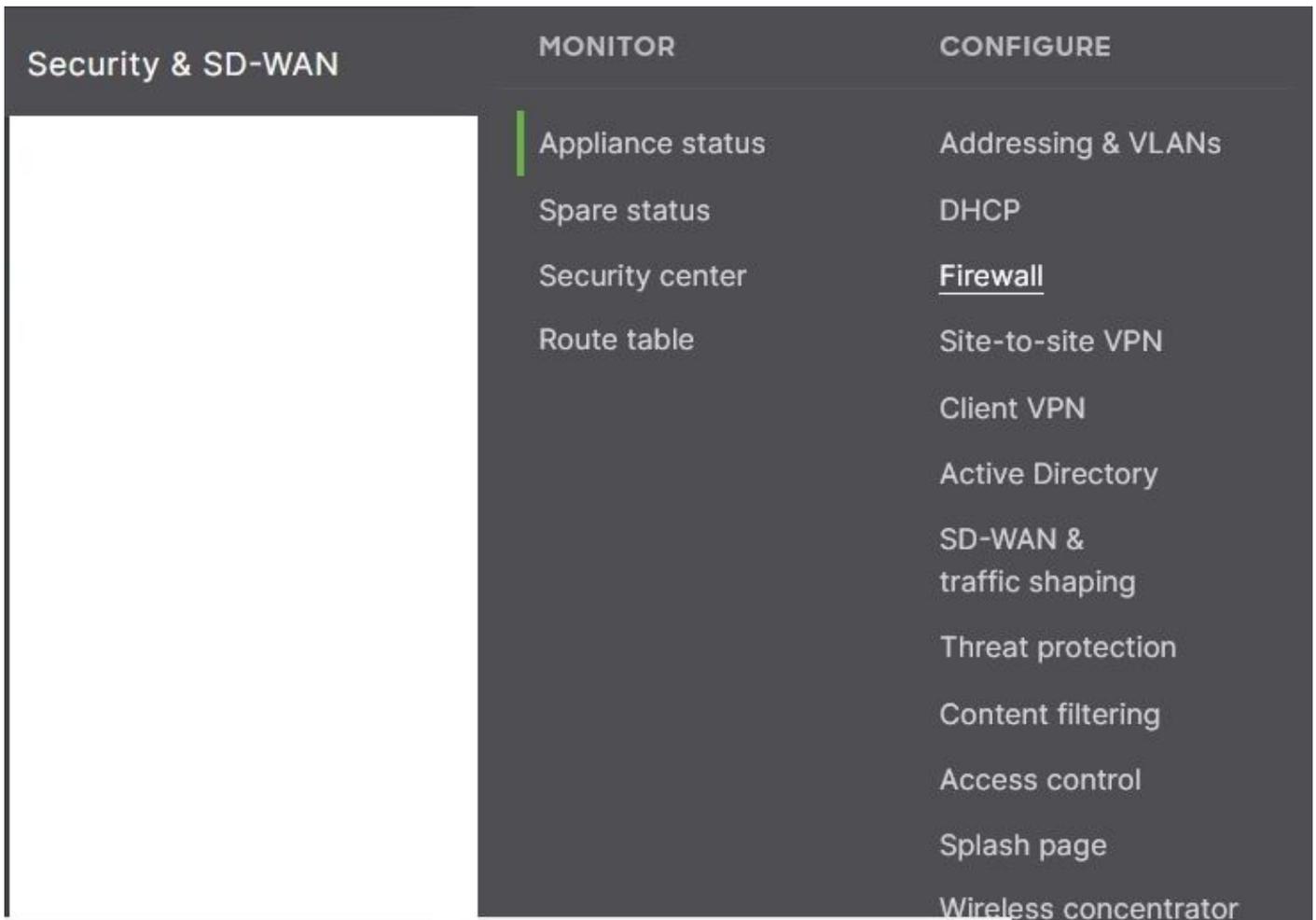
Components Used

This document is not restricted to specific software and hardware versions.

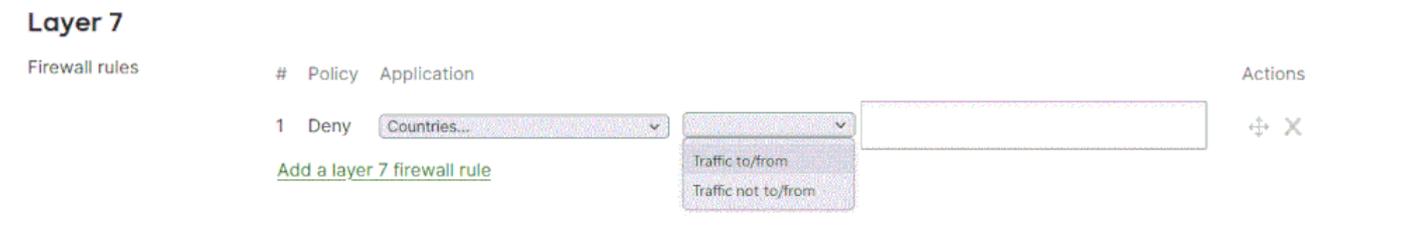
The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Configure Layer 7 Geo-location Restriction

1. Log in to the Meraki dashboard.
2. Navigate to the device or the HUB MX where you want to apply your Layer 7 firewall rule.
3. Navigate to **Security > SD-WAN > Configure > Firewall**.



4. Navigate to the Layer 7 rule where you can apply Deny rule for countries with traffic to/from and Not to/from as per the requirement.



5. Here, you have two options to choose where you can restrict the traffic from different geolocation-selected countries. You can add policies for multiple countries also in the same rule.

Layer 7

Firewall rules

#	Policy	Application	Actions
1	Deny	Countries... Traffic to/from	+

[Add a layer 7 firewall rule](#)

- Afghanistan
- Aland Islands
- Albania
- Algeria
- American Samoa
- Andorra
- Angola
- Anguilla
- Antarctica
- Antigua and Barbuda

Layer 7

Firewall rules

#	Policy	Application	Actions
1	Deny	Countries... Traffic not to/from	+

[Add a layer 7 firewall rule](#)

- Afghanistan
- Aland Islands
- Albania
- Algeria
- American Samoa
- Andorra
- Angola
- Anguilla
- Antarctica
- Antigua and Barbuda

Verify and Troubleshoot

1. You need to verify the problematic application IP and the domain location they are hosted and users in the Meraki network are not able to use the services for that application.

For that, you can search in any IP locator available over the Internet and then you need to compare the same with the geo IP service that Meraki utilizes through the MaxMind website as mentioned in the link; <https://www.maxmind.com/en/geoup-demo>.

2. Also, you have to verify the Meraki MX layer 7 rule that is defined with the hosted country name and allowed traffic.

Here, you must ensure the hosted country location is correctly defined in maxmind.com as Meraki only uses the location service mentioned here.

GeoIP2 Databases Demo

Show Sidebar >

IP Addresses

Enter up to 25 IP addresses separated by spaces or commas. You can also [test your own IP address](#).

Submit

3. Sometimes MaxMind reflects a wrong update of the hosted location of a particular IP and in that case, you have to contact the Cisco Meraki Support team and need to get this corrected from MaxMind.

4. In such cases as a quick workaround, you can define the location which reflects in maxmind.com to the Meraki MX layer7 FW rules on a temporary basis.

Related Information

- https://documentation.meraki.com/General_Administration/Cross-Platform_Content/Layer_3_and_7_Firewall_Processing_Order
- For Meraki Support Case - Raise it through the Meraki dashboard or reach them over call. Check here; <https://meraki.cisco.com/meraki-support/overview/#tabs>
- [Technical Support & Documentation - Cisco Systems](#)