

# Configure Split Exclude for AnyConnect FlexVPN Using ISE

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## Introduction

This document describes the procedure to configure split-exclude using ISE for IKEv2 AnyConnect connection to a Cisco IOS® XE router.

## Prerequisites

### Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Experience with AnyConnect IPsec configuration on a router
- Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE) configuration
- Cisco Secure Client (CSC)
- RADIUS protocol

### Components Used

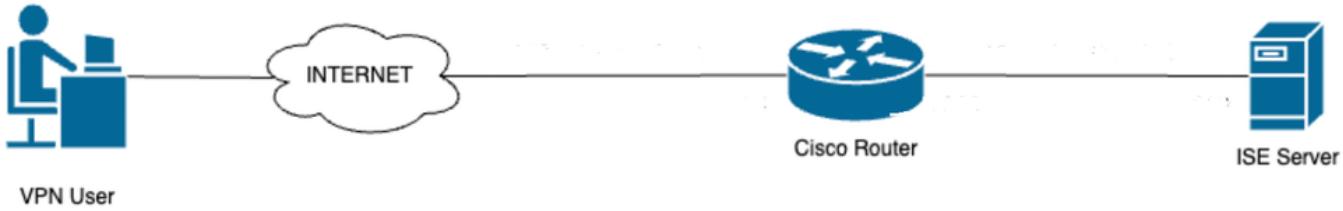
The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

- Cisco Catalyst 8000V (C8000V) - 17.12.04
- Cisco Secure Client - 5.0.02075
- Cisco ISE - 3.2.0
- Windows 10

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

# Configure

## Network Diagram



*Network Diagram*

## Configurations

In order to complete the configuration, take into consideration these sections.

### Router Configuration

1. Configure a RADIUS server for authentication and local authorization on the device:

```
radius server ISE
address ipv4 10.127.197.105 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
timeout 120
key cisco123

aaa new-model
aaa group server radius FlexVPN_auth_server
server name ISE

aaa authentication login FlexVPN_auth group FlexVPN_auth_server
aaa authorization network a-eap-author-grp local
```

2. Configure a trustpoint to install the router certificate. Since the local authentication of the router is type RSA, the device requires that the server authenticates itself using a certificate. You can refer to [Certificate Enrollment for a PKI -1](#) and [Certificate Enrollment for a PKI -2](#) for more details on the certificate creation:

```
crypto pki trustpoint flex
enrollment terminal
ip-address none
subject-name CN=flexserver.cisco.com
revocation-check none
rsakeypair flex1
hash sha256
```

3. Define an IP local pool to assign addresses to AnyConnect VPN clients upon successful AnyConnect connection:

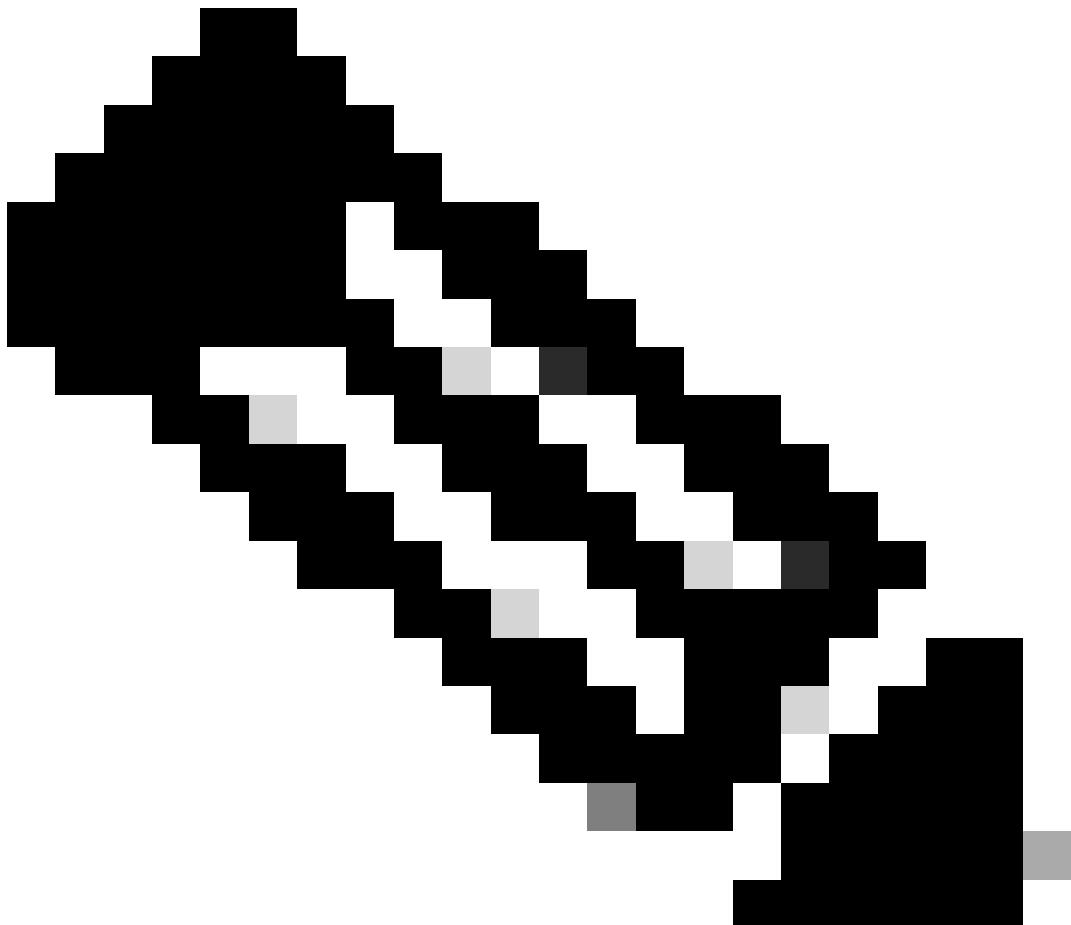
```
ip local pool ACPool 172.16.10.5 172.16.10.30
```

#### 4. Create an IKEv2 local authorization policy:

The attributes defined in this policy along with the attributes pushed from Radius Server are applied to the users

```
crypto ikev2 authorization policy ikev2-auth-policy
pool ACPool
dns 8.8.8.8
```

---



**Note:** If the custom IKEv2 authorization policy is not configured, the default authorization policy called **default** is used for authorization. The attributes specified under the IKEv2 authorization policy can also be pushed via the RADIUS server. You need to push the split-exclude attribute from the RADIUS server.

---

5 (Optional). Create an IKEv2 proposal and policy (if not configured, smart defaults are used):

```
crypto ikev2 proposal IKEv2-prop1
  encryption aes-cbc-256
  integrity sha256
  group 19
```

```
crypto ikev2 policy IKEv2-pol
  proposal IKEv2-prop1
```

6 (Optional). Configure the transform-set (if not configured, smart defaults are used):

```
crypto ipsec transform-set TS esp-aes 256 esp-sha256-hmac
  mode tunnel
```

7. Configure a loopback interface with some dummy IP address. The Virtual-Access interfaces borrow the IP address from it:

```
interface Loopback100
  ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.255
```

8. Configure a Virtual template from which the virtual-access interfaces are cloned:

```
interface Virtual-Template100 type tunnel
  ip unnumbered Loopback100
  ip mtu 1400
```

9. Upload the AnyConnect client profile to the bootflash of the router and define the profile as given:

```
crypto vpn anyconnect profile acvpn bootflash:/acvpn.xml
```

10. Configure an IKEv2 profile that contains all the connection-related information:

```
crypto ikev2 profile prof1
  match identity remote key-id *$AnyConnectClient$*
  authentication local rsa-sig
  authentication remote eap query-identity
  pki trustpoint flex
  aaa authentication eap FlexVPN_auth
  aaa authorization group eap list a-eap-author-grp ikev2-auth-policy
```

```
aaa authorization user eap cached
virtual-template 100
anyconnect profile acvpn
```

These are used in the IKEv2 profile:

- **match identity remote key-id \*\$AnyConnectClient\$\*** - Refers to the identity of the client. AnyConnect uses \*\$AnyConnectClient\$\* as its default IKE identity of type **key-id**. However, this identity can be manually changed in the AnyConnect profile to match deployment needs.
- **authentication remote** - Mentions that EAP protocol must be used for client authentication.
- **authentication local** - Mentions that certificates must be used for local authentication.
- **aaa authentication eap** - During EAP authentication, the RADIUS server **FlexVPN\_auth** is used.
- **aaa authorization group eap list** - During the authorization, the network list **a-eap-author-grp** used with the authorization policy **ikev2-auth-policy**.
- **aaa authorization user eap cached** - Enables implicit user authorization.
- **virtual-template 100** - Defines which virtual template to clone.
- **anyconnect profile acvpn** - The client profile defined in Step 9. is applied here to this IKEv2 profile.

11. Configure the IPsec profile:

```
crypto ipsec profile AnyConnect-EAP
set transform-set TS
set ikev2-profile prof1
```

12. Add the IPsec profile to the virtual template:

```
interface Virtual-Template100 type tunnel
tunnel mode ipsec ipv4
tunnel protection ipsec profile AnyConnect-EAP
```

13. Disable the HTTP-URL based certificate lookup and HTTP server on the router:

```
no crypto ikev2 http-url cert
no ip http server
no ip http secure-server
```

14. Configure the SSL policy and specify the WAN IP of the router as the local address for downloading the profile:

```
crypto ssl policy ssl-server
pki trustpoint flex sign
ip address local 10.106.67.33 port 443

crypto ssl profile ssl_prof
match policy ssl-server
```

Snippet of the AnyConnect Client Profile (XML Profile):

Prior to Cisco IOS XE 16.9.1, automatic profile downloads from the headend is not available. Post 16.9.1, it is possible to download the profile from the headend.

```
<#root>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<AnyConnectProfile xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap/encoding/" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
<ClientInitialization>
<UseStartBeforeLogon UserControllable="true">false</UseStartBeforeLogon>
<AutomaticCertSelection UserControllable="true">false</AutomaticCertSelection>
<ShowPreConnectMessage>false</ShowPreConnectMessage>
<CertificateStore>All</CertificateStore>
<CertificateStoreMac>All</CertificateStoreMac>
<CertificateStoreOverride>false</CertificateStoreOverride>
<ProxySettings>Native</ProxySettings>
<AllowLocalProxyConnections>true</AllowLocalProxyConnections>
<AuthenticationTimeout>12</AuthenticationTimeout>
<AutoConnectOnStart UserControllable="true">false</AutoConnectOnStart>
<MinimizeOnConnect UserControllable="true">true</MinimizeOnConnect>
<LocalLanAccess UserControllable="true">false</LocalLanAccess>
<DisableCaptivePortalDetection UserControllable="true">false</DisableCaptivePortalDetection>
<ClearSmartcardPin UserControllable="true">true</ClearSmartcardPin>
<IPProtocolSupport>IPv4,IPv6</IPProtocolSupport>
<AutoReconnect UserControllable="false">true
<AutoReconnectBehavior UserControllable="false">ReconnectAfterResume</AutoReconnectBehavior>
</AutoReconnect>
<AutoUpdate UserControllable="false">true</AutoUpdate>
<RSASecurIDIntegration UserControllable="false">Automatic</RSASecurIDIntegration>
<WindowsLogonEnforcement>SingleLocalLogon</WindowsLogonEnforcement>
<WindowsVPNEstablishment>AllowRemoteUsers</WindowsVPNEstablishment>
<AutomaticVPNPolicy>false</AutomaticVPNPolicy>
<PPPExclusion UserControllable="false">Disable
<PPPExclusionServerIP UserControllable="false"></PPPExclusionServerIP>
</PPPExclusion>
<EnableScripting UserControllable="false">false</EnableScripting>
<EnableAutomaticServerSelection UserControllable="false">false
<AutoServerSelectionImprovement>20</AutoServerSelectionImprovement>
<AutoServerSelectionSuspendTime>4</AutoServerSelectionSuspendTime>
</EnableAutomaticServerSelection>
<RetainVpnOnLogoff>false
</RetainVpnOnLogoff>
<AllowManualHostInput>true</AllowManualHostInput>
</ClientInitialization>
<ServerList>
<HostEntry>

<HostName>
Flex
</HostName>
<HostAddress>
flexserver.cisco.com
</HostAddress>
<PrimaryProtocol>IPsec
<StandardAuthenticationOnly>true
```

```
<AuthMethodDuringIKENegotiation>
```

```
EAP-MD5
```

```
</AuthMethodDuringIKENegotiation>
</StandardAuthenticationOnly>
</PrimaryProtocol>
</HostEntry>
</ServerList>
</AnyConnectProfile>
```

## Identity Services Engine (ISE) Configuration

1. Register the router as a valid network device on ISE and configure the shared secret key for RADIUS. For this, navigate to **Administration > Network Resources > Network Devices**. Click **Add** to configure the router as a AAA client:

The screenshot shows the 'Add Network Device' form in the Cisco ISE interface. The device is named '8kv-33'. The IP address is set to 10.106.67.33. The device profile is set to Cisco C8000v, model name is C8000v, and software version is 17.12.4. The location is set to All Locations. Under RADIUS Authentication Settings, the protocol is set to RADIUS and the shared secret is specified. Other settings like IPSEC (No) and Device Type (All Device Types) are also visible.

*Add Network Device*

2. Create identity groups:

Define identity groups to associate users with similar characteristics and who share similar permissions. These are used in the next steps. Navigate to **Administration > Identity Management > Groups > User Identity Groups**, then click **Add**:

User Identity Groups > AC\_Split\_test

Identity Group

\* Name: AC\_Split

Description:

Save Reset

Create Identity Group

### 3. Associate users to identity groups:

Associate users to the right identity group. Navigate to **Administration > Identity Management > Identities > Users**.



### 4. Create Policy Set:

Define a new policy set and define the conditions that match the policy. In this example, all device types are allowed under the conditions. To do this, navigate to **Policy>Policy sets**:

Status	Policy Set Name	Description	Conditions	Allowed Protocols / Server Sequence	Hits	Actions	View
<input type="text"/> Search							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AnyConnect_C8000v_Policy		DEVICE-Device Type EQUALS All Device Types	Default Network Access		4	

Create Policy Set

### 5. Create an Authorization Policy:

Define a new Authorization Policy with the required conditions to match the policy. Ensure to include the identity groups created in step 2 as a condition.

AnyConnect\_C8000v\_Policy

DEVICE-Device Type EQUALS All Device Types

Default Network Access

Authorization Policy (1)

Authorization Policy - Local Exceptions

Authorization Policy - Global Exceptions

Authorization Policy (2)

AC\_Split\_Users

Default

DenyAccess

Create Authorization Policy

Library

Search by Name

Editor

DEVICE-Device Type

Equals All Device Types

IdentityGroup-Name

Equals User Identity Groups:AC\_Split

Set to 'Is not'

Duplicate Save

Close Use

Choose Conditions in Authorization Policy

## 6. Create an Authorization Profile:

The authorization profile includes the actions that are taken when the authorization policy is matched. Create a new Authorization Profile that includes the next attributes:

Access Type = ACCESS\_ACCEPT

cisco-av-pair = ipsec:split-exclude= ipv4 <ip\_network>/<subnet\_mask>

**Results**

Status	Rule Name	Conditions	Profiles	Security Groups	Hits
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	AC_Split_Users	AND DEVICE-Device Type EQUALS All Device Types IdentityGroup-Name EQUALS User Identity Groups:AC_Split	Select from list	Select from list	4
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Default		Create a New Authorization Profile	Select from list	0

Create New Authorization Profile

## Authorization Profile

\* Name **AC\_Router\_Split**

Description **Split exclude for AC users**

\* Access Type **ACCESS\_ACCEPT**

Network Device Profile **Cisco**

Service Template

Track Movement

Agentless Posture

Passive Identity Tracking

Authorization Profile Config

### Advanced Attributes Settings

**Cisco:cisco-av-pair** = **ipsec:split-exclude= ipv4 ...**

**Cisco:cisco-av-pair** = **ipsec:split-exclude= ipv4 ...**

**ipsec:split-exclude= ipv4  
192.168.2.0/255.255.255.0**

### Attributes Details

Access Type = ACCESS\_ACCEPT

cisco-av-pair = ipsec:split-exclude= ipv4 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0

cisco-av-pair = ipsec:split-exclude= ipv4 192.168.2.0/255.255.255.0

Configure Attributes in Authorization Profile

7. Review the Authorization Profile configuration.

Authorization Profiles > AC\_Router\_Split

**Authorization Profile**

\* Name: AC\_Router\_Split

Description: Split exclude for AC users

\* Access Type: ACCESS\_ACCEPT

Network Device Profile: Cisco

Service Template: (checkbox)

Track Movement: (checkbox)

Agentless Posture: (checkbox)

Passive Identity Tracking: (checkbox)

> Common Tasks

< Advanced Attributes Settings

- Cisco:cisco-av-pair = ipsec:split-exclude= ipv4 ...
- Cisco:cisco-av-pair = ipsec:split-exclude= ipv4 ...

< Attributes Details

Access Type = ACCESS\_ACCEPT  
cisco-av-pair = ipsec:split-exclude= ipv4 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0  
cisco-av-pair = ipsec:split-exclude= ipv4 192.168.2.0/255.255.255.0

Review the Authorization Profile Config

8. This is the Authorization policy in Policy Set configuration after selecting required profiles:

AnyConnect\_C8000v\_Policy

DEVICE-Device Type EQUALS All Device Types

Default Network Access

> Authentication Policy (1)

> Authorization Policy - Local Exceptions

> Authorization Policy - Global Exceptions

< Authorization Policy (2)

Status	Rule Name	Conditions	Profiles	Security Groups	Hits	Actions
Green checkmark	AC_Split_Users	AND DEVICE-Device Type EQUALS All Device Types IdentityGroup-Name EQUALS User Identity Groups:AC_Split	AC_Router_Split (highlighted with red box)	Select from list	4	
Green checkmark	Default		DenyAccess	Select from list	0	

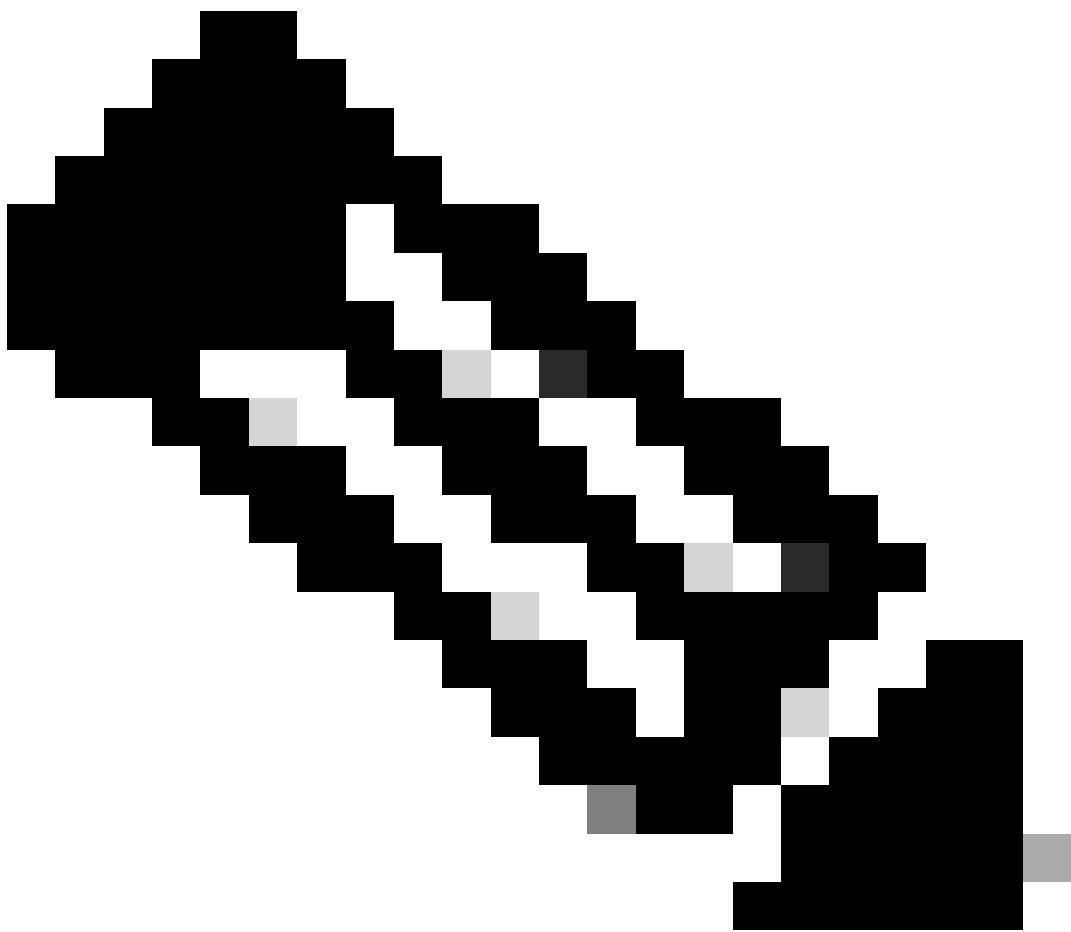
Results

Search

Reset Save

Final Authorization Policy Config

With this configuration example, you can exclude networks from passing through VPN through ISE configuration based on the identity group the user belongs to.

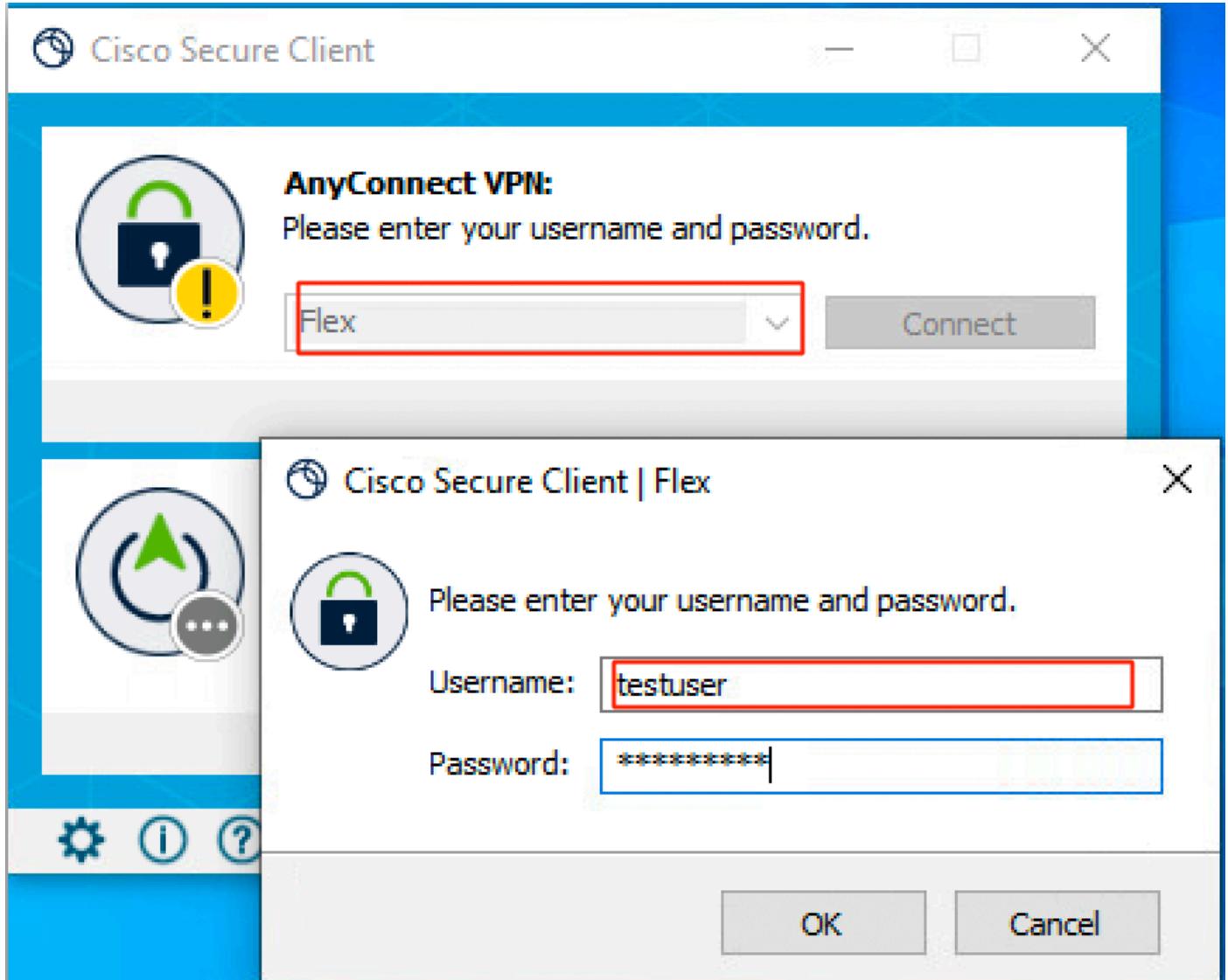


**Note:** Only one split-exclude subnet can be pushed to client PC when using Cisco IOS XE headend for a RA VPN connection. This has been addressed by Cisco bug ID [CSCwj38106](#) and multiple split-exclude subnets can be pushed from 17.12.4. Refer to the bug for more details on Fixed versions.

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## Verify

1. In order to test the authentication, **connect** to the C8000V from the PC of the user through AnyConnect and **enter** the credentials.



*Log in to AnyConnect*

2. Once the connection is established, click the **gear icon** (lower left corner) and navigate to **AnyConnect VPN > Statistics**. Confirm the Tunnel Mode to be Split Exclude.

Cisco Secure Client

# Secure Client

The screenshot shows the Cisco Secure Client application window. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'Status Overview' and two main sections: 'AnyConnect VPN' (selected) and 'ISE Posture'. Below these are buttons for 'Diagnostics' and 'Collect diagnostic information for all installed components'. The main pane is titled 'Virtual Private Network (VPN)' and contains tabs for 'Preferences', 'Statistics', 'Route Details', 'Firewall', and 'Message History'. The 'Route Details' tab is active. It displays 'Connection Information' and 'Address Information' sections. The 'Address Information' section is highlighted with a red box. The 'Connection Information' section shows:

State:	Connected
Tunnel Mode (IPv4):	Split Exclude
Tunnel Mode (IPv6):	Drop All Traffic
Dynamic Tunnel Exclusion:	None
Dynamic Tunnel Inclusion:	None
Duration:	00:00:44
Session Disconnect:	None
Management Connection State:	Disconnected (user tunnel active)

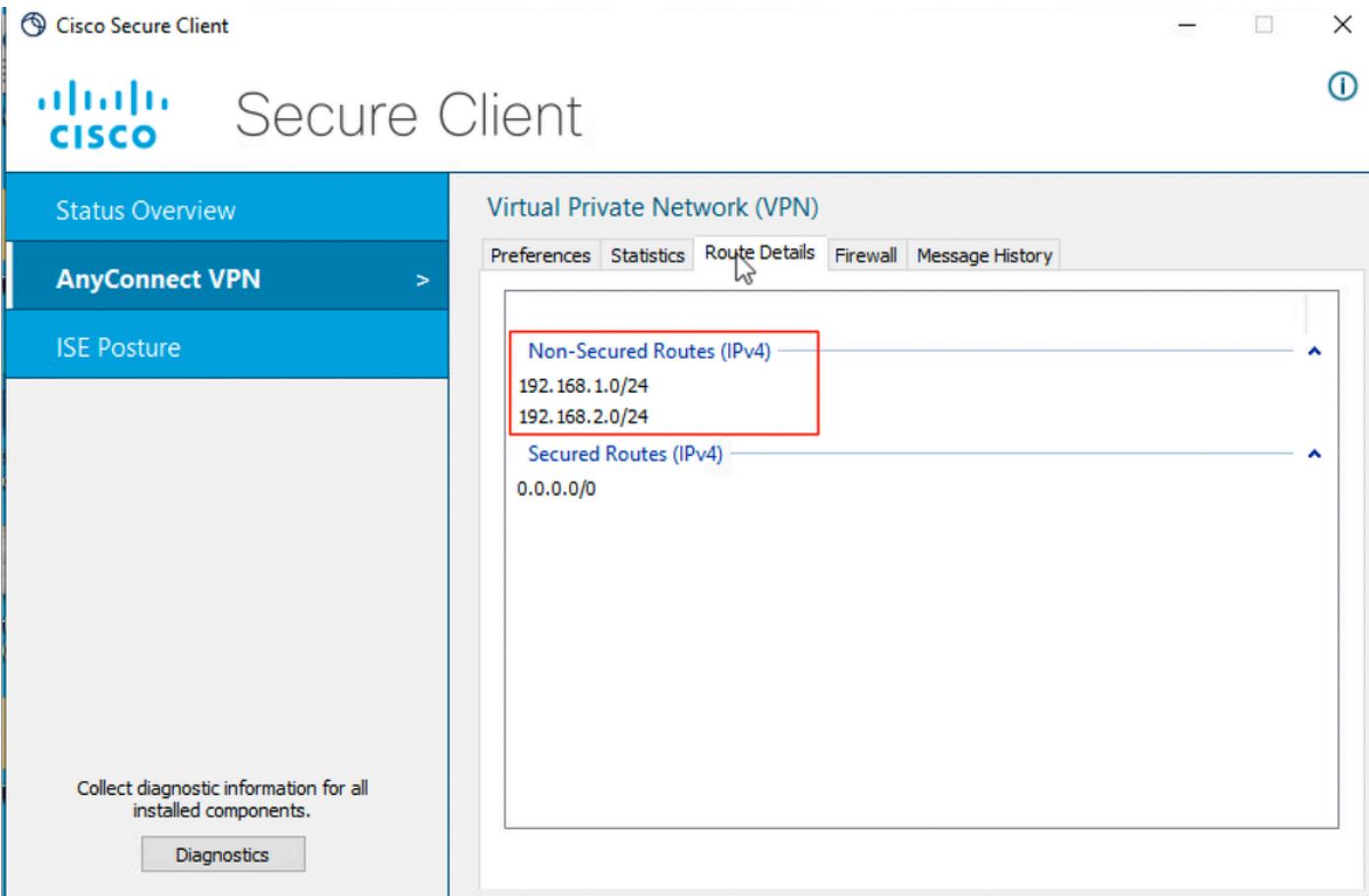
The 'Address Information' section shows:

Client (IPv4):	172.16.10.9
Client (IPv6):	Not Available
Server:	10.106.67.33

At the bottom right are 'Reset' and 'Export Stats' buttons.

Validate the Statistics

Navigate to **AnyConnect VPN > Route details** and confirm the information displayed corresponds to the secure routes and non-secure routes.



Validate the Route Details

You can also verify the connection details on the VPN headend:

1. IKEv2 parameters

```
<#root>
8kv#
show crypto ikev2 sa detail
```

```
IPv4 Crypto IKEv2 SA
```

```
Tunnel-id Local Remote fvrf/ivrf Status
```

```
1 10.106.67.33/4500 10.106.50.91/55811 none/none READY
```

```
Encr: AES-CBC, keysize: 256, PRF: SHA256, Hash: SHA256, DH Grp:19, Auth sign: RSA, Auth verify: EAP
```

```
Life/Active Time: 86400/22 sec
```

CE id: 1012, Session-id: 6

Local spi: E8C6C5EEF0F0EF72 Remote spi: 7827644A7CA8F1A5

Status Description: Negotiation done

Local id: 10.106.67.33

Remote id: \*\$AnyConnectClient\$\*

Remote EAP id: testuser

Local req msg id: 0 Remote req msg id: 6

Local next msg id: 0 Remote next msg id: 6

Local req queued: 0 Remote req queued: 6

Local window: 5 Remote window: 1

DPD configured for 0 seconds, retry 0

Fragmentation not configured.

Dynamic Route Update: disabled

Extended Authentication configured.

NAT-T is detected outside

Cisco Trust Security SGT is disabled

Assigned host addr: 172.16.10.10

Initiator of SA : No

Post NATed Address : 10.106.67.33

PEER TYPE: Other

IPv6 Crypto IKEv2 SA

2. This is the crypto session detail for the VPN session:

<#root>

8kv#

show crypto session detail

Crypto session current status

Code: C - IKE Configuration mode, D - Dead Peer Detection

K - Keepalives, N - NAT-traversal, T - cTCP encapsulation

X - IKE Extended Authentication, F - IKE Fragmentation

R - IKE Auto Reconnect, U - IKE Dynamic Route Update

S - SIP VPN

Interface: Virtual-Access1

Profile: prof1

Uptime: 00:00:44

Session status: UP-ACTIVE

Peer: 10.106.50.91 port 55811 fvrf: (none) ivrf: (none)

```
Phase1_id: *$AnyConnectClient$*

Desc: (none)

Session ID: 16

IKEv2 SA: local 10.106.67.33/4500 remote 10.106.50.91/55811 Active

Capabilities:NX connid:1 lifetime:23:59:16

IPSEC FLOW: permit ip 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0 host 172.16.10.10

Active SAs: 2, origin: crypto map
```

```
Inbound: #pkts dec'ed 114 drop 0 life (KB/Sec) 4607987/3556
```

```
Outbound: #pkts enc'ed 96 drop 0 life (KB/Sec) 4608000/3556
```

3. Verify on ISE live logs.

## Troubleshoot

On Cisco Router:

1. Use the IKEv2 and IPsec debugs to verify the negotiation between the headend and the client.

```
debug crypto condition peer ipv4 <public_ip>
debug crypto ikev2
debug crypto ikev2 packet
debug crypto ikev2 error
debug crypto ikev2 internal
debug crypto ipsec
debug crypto ipsec error
```

2. Use AAA debugs to verify the assignment of local and/or remote attributes.

```
debug aaa authorization
debug aaa authentication
debug radius authentication
```

On ISE:

Use the RADIUS live logs by navigating to **Operations > Live logs**.

## Working Scenario

This is the debug of the successful connection:

<#root>

```
*Oct 13 10:01:25.928: RADIUS/ENCODE(0000012D):Orig. component type = VPN IPSEC
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS/ENCODE(0000012D): dropping service type, "radius-server attribute 6 on-for
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS(0000012D): Config NAS IP: 0.0.0.0
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: vrfid: [65535] ipv6 tableid : [0]
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: idb is NULL
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS(0000012D): Config NAS IPv6: :::
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS/ENCODE(0000012D): acct_session_id: 4291
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS(0000012D): sending
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS/ENCODE: Best Local IP-Address 10.106.67.33 for Radius-Server 10.127.197.10
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: Message Authenticator encoded
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS(0000012D): Send Access-Request to 10.127.197.105:1812 id 1645/24, len 344
RADIUS: authenticator 85 AC BF 77 BF 42 0B C7 - DE 85 A3 9A AF 40 E5 DC
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: Service-Type [6] 6 Login [1]
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: Vendor, Cisco [26] 26
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: Cisco AVpair [1] 20 "service-type=Login"
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: Vendor, Cisco [26] 45

*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: Cisco AVpair [1] 39 "isakmp-phasel-id=*$AnyConnectClient$*"

*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: Calling-Station-Id [31] 14 "10.106.50.91"
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: Vendor, Cisco [26] 64
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: Cisco AVpair [1] 58 "audit-session-id=L2L40A6A4321Z02L40A6A325BZH1194CC58
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: User-Name [1] 10 "testuser"
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: Vendor, Cisco [26] 21
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: Cisco AVpair [1] 15 "coa-push=true"
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: EAP-Message [79] 24
RADIUS: 02 8E 00 16 04 10 8A 09 BB 0D 4B A9 D6 2B 59 1C C8 FE 1C 90 56 F5 [ K+YV]
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: Message-Authenticato[80] 18
RADIUS: 54 85 1B AC BE A8 DA EF 24 AE 4D 28 46 32 8C 48 [ T$M(F2H]
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: State [24] 90
RADIUS: 35 32 43 50 4D 53 65 73 73 69 6F 6E 49 44 3D 4C [52CPMSessionID=L]
RADIUS: 32 4C 34 30 41 36 41 34 33 32 31 5A 4F 32 4C 34 [2L40A6A4321Z02L4]
RADIUS: 30 41 36 41 33 32 35 42 5A 48 31 31 39 34 43 43 [0A6A325BZH1194CC]
RADIUS: 35 38 5A 4E 31 32 3B 33 30 53 65 73 73 69 6F 6E [58ZN12;30Session]
RADIUS: 49 44 3D 69 73 65 2D 70 73 6E 2F 35 31 37 31 33 [ID=ise-psn/51713]
RADIUS: 35 39 30 30 2F 33 38 3B [ 5900/38;]
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS: NAS-IP-Address [4] 6 10.106.67.33
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS(0000012D): Sending a IPv4 Radius Packet
*Oct 13 10:01:25.929: RADIUS(0000012D): Started 120 sec timeout

*Oct 13 10:01:25.998: RADIUS: Received from id 1645/24 10.127.197.105:1812, Access-Accept, len 239

RADIUS: authenticator BC 19 F2 EE 10 67 80 C5 - 9F D9 30 9A EA 7E 5E D3
*Oct 13 10:01:25.998: RADIUS: User-Name [1] 10 "testuser"
*Oct 13 10:01:25.998: RADIUS: Class [25] 67
RADIUS: 43 41 43 53 3A 4C 32 4C 34 30 41 36 41 34 33 32 [CACS:L2L40A6A432]
RADIUS: 31 5A 4F 32 4C 34 30 41 36 41 33 32 35 42 5A 48 [1Z02L40A6A325BZH]
RADIUS: 31 31 39 34 43 43 35 38 5A 4E 31 32 3A 69 73 65 [1194CC58ZN12:ise]
RADIUS: 2D 70 73 6E 2F 35 31 37 31 33 35 39 30 30 2F 33 [-psn/517135900/3]
```

```
RADIUS: 38 [ 8]
*Oct 13 10:01:25.998: RADIUS: EAP-Message [79] 6
RADIUS: 03 8E 00 04
*Oct 13 10:01:25.998: RADIUS: Message-Authenticato[80] 18
RADIUS: F9 61 C1 FD 6D 26 31 A2 89 04 72 BC DD 32 A9 29 [ am&lr2]
*Oct 13 10:01:25.998: RADIUS: Vendor, Cisco [26] 59

*Oct 13 10:01:25.998: RADIUS: Cisco AVpair [1] 53 "ipsec:split-exclude= ipv4 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0"

*Oct 13 10:01:25.998: RADIUS: Vendor, Cisco [26] 59

*Oct 13 10:01:25.998: RADIUS: Cisco AVpair [1] 53 "ipsec:split-exclude= ipv4 192.168.2.0/255.255.255.0"

*Oct 13 10:01:25.998: RADIUS(0000012D): Received from id 1645/24
RADIUS/DECODE: EAP-Message fragments, 4, total 4 bytes
8kv#
```

## References

- [Configure FlexVPN Headend for IKEv2 Remote Access Using Local User Database](#)
- [Configure AnyConnect Flexvpn with EAP and DUO Authentication](#)
- [Configure AnyConnect IKEv2 Remote Access with EAP-MD5](#)