

# WebVPN Capture Tool on the Cisco ASA 5500 Series Adaptive Security Appliance

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## [Introduction](#)

The Cisco ASA 5500 Series Adaptive Security Appliance includes a WebVPN capture tool that lets you log information about Web sites that do not display properly over a WebVPN connection. You can enable the capture tool from the Command Line Interface (CLI) of the security appliance. The data this tool records can help your Cisco customer support representative troubleshoot problems.

**Note:** When you enable the WebVPN capture tool, it has an impact on the performance of the security appliance. Be sure to disable the capture tool after you generate the output files.

## [Prerequisites](#)

### [Requirements](#)

Ensure that you meet this requirement before you attempt this configuration:

- Use the Command Line Interface (CLI) in order to configure the Cisco ASA 5500 Series Adaptive Security Appliance.

### [Components Used](#)

The information in this document is based on the Cisco ASA 5500 Series Adaptive Security Appliance that runs version 7.0.

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, make sure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

## [Conventions](#)

Refer to [Cisco Technical Tips Conventions](#) for more information on document conventions.

## [Configure](#)

In this section, you are presented with the information to configure the features described in this document.

**Note:** Use the [Command Lookup Tool](#) ([registered](#) customers only) to obtain more information on the commands used in this section.

### [WebVPN Capture Tool Output Files](#)

When the WebVPN capture tool is enabled, the capture tool stores the data from the first URL visited in these files:

- **original.000**—Contains the data exchanged between the security appliance and the web server.
- **mangled.000**—Contains the data exchanged between the security appliance and the browser.

For each subsequent capture, the capture tool generates additional matching **original.<nnn>** and **mangled.<nnn>** files and increments the file extensions. In this example, the output of the **dir** command displays three sets of files from three URL captures:

```
hostname#dir Directory of disk0:/ 2952 -rw- 10931 10:38:32 Jan 19 2005 config 6 -rw- 5124096
19:43:32 Jan 01 2003 cdisk.bin 3397 -rw- 5157 08:30:56 Feb 14 2005 ORIGINAL.000 3398 -rw-
6396 08:30:56 Feb 14 2005 MANGLED.000 3399 -rw- 4928 08:32:51 Feb 14 2005 ORIGINAL.001 3400 -
rw- 6167 08:32:51 Feb 14 2005 MANGLED.001 3401 -rw- 5264 08:35:23 Feb 14 2005 ORIGINAL.002
3402 -rw- 6503 08:35:23 Feb 14 2005 MANGLED.002 hostname#
```

### [Activate the WebVPN Capture Tool](#)

**Note:** The Flash File System has limitations when multiple files are opened for writing. The WebVPN capture tool can possibly cause file system corruption when multiple capture files are updated concurrently. If this failure should occur with the capture tool, contact the [Cisco Technical Assistance Center \(TAC\)](#).

In order to activate the WebVPN capture tool, use the **debug menu webvpn 67** command from privileged EXEC mode:

```
debug menu webvpn 67 <cmd> <user> <url>
```

Where:

- **cmd** is 0 or 1. 0 disables capture. 1 enables capture.
- **user** is the username to match for data capture.
- **url** is the URL prefix to match for data capture. Use one of these URL formats: Use **/http** to capture all data. Use **/http/0/<server/path>** to capture HTTP traffic to the server identified by **<server/path>**. Use **/https/0/<server/path>** to capture HTTPS traffic to the server identified by **<server/path>**.

Use the **debug menu webvpn 67 0** command in order to disable capture.

In this example, the WebVPN capture tool is enabled to capture HTTP traffic for user2 visiting Web site [wwwin.abcd.com/hr/people](http://wwwin.abcd.com/hr/people):

```
hostname#debug menu webvpn 67 1 user2 /http/0/wwwin.abcd.com/hr/people Mangle Logging: ON
Name: "user2" URL: "/http/0/wwwin.abcd.com/hr/people" hostname#
```

In this example, the WebVPN capture tool is disabled:

```
hostname#debug menu webvpn 67 0 Mangle Logging: OFF Name: "user2" URL:
"/http/0/wwwin.abcd.com/hr/people" hostname#
```

## [Locate and Upload the WebVPN Capture Tool Output Files](#)

Use the **dir** command in order to locate the WebVPN capture tool output files. This example shows the output of the **dir** command and includes the ORIGINAL.000 and MANGLED.000 files that were generated:

```
hostname#dir Directory of disk0:/ 2952 -rw- 10931 10:38:32 Jan 19 2005 config 6 -rw- 5124096
19:43:32 Jan 01 2003 cdisk.bin 3397 -rw- 5157 08:30:56 Feb 14 2005 ORIGINAL.000 3398 -rw-
6396 08:30:56 Feb 14 2005 MANGLED.000 hostname#
```

You can upload the WebVPN capture tool output files to another computer using the **copy flash** command. In this example, the ORIGINAL.000 and MANGLED.000 files are uploaded:

```
hostname#copy flash:/original.000 tftp://10/86.194.191/original.000 Source filename
[original.000]? Address or name of remote host [10.86.194.191]? Destination filename
[original.000]? !!!!!!! 21601 bytes copied in 0.370 secs hostname#copy flash:/mangled.000
tftp://10/86.194.191/mangled.000 Source filename [mangled.000]? Address or name of remote
host [10.86.194.191]? Destination filename [mangled.000]? !!!!!!! 23526 bytes copied in 0.380
secs hostname#
```

**Note:** In order to avoid possible file system corruption, do not allow the original.<nnn> and mangled.<nnn> files from previous captures to be overwritten. When you disable the capture tool, delete the old files in order to prevent corruption of the file system.

## [Verify](#)

There is currently no verification procedure available for this configuration.

## [Troubleshoot](#)

There is currently no specific troubleshooting information available for this configuration.

## [Related Information](#)

- [Cisco ASA 5500 Series Adaptive Security Appliance Configuration Guides](#)
- [Technical Support & Documentation - Cisco Systems](#)