Configure Passive Authentication with Remote Access VPN login on Firepower Device Manager

Contents

Introduction Prerequisites Requirements Components Used Background Information Configuration Verification Troubleshoot Related information

Introduction

This document describes how to configure Passive Authentication on the Firepower Threat Defense (FTD) via the Firepower Device Manager (FDM) with Remote Access VPN logins (RA VPN) with AnyConnect.

Prerequisites

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Firepower Device Manager.
- Remote Access VPN.
- Identity Policy.

Components Used

The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

- Firepower Threat Defense (FTD) version 7.0
- Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client version 4.10
- Active Directory (AD)

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Background Information

Identity Policy can detect users that are associated with a connection. The method used is Passive Authentication since the user identity is obtained from other authentication services (LDAP).

In FDM, Passive Authentication can work with two different options:

- Remote Access VPN logins
- Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE)

Configuration

Network Diagram



This section describes how to configure Passive Authentication on FDM.

Step 1. Configure the Identity Source

Whether you collect user identity actively (by the prompt for user authentication) or passively, you need to configure the Active Directory (AD) server that has the user identity information.

Navigate to Objects>Identity Services and select the option AD to add the Active Directory.

Add the Active Directory configuration:

Identity Realm is used for Identity Policies and Remote Access VPN. Any changes impact all features that use this realm.

Name	Туре	
AnyConnect_LDAP	Active Directory (AD)	~
Directory Username	Directory Password	
brazil		
e.g. user@example.com		
Base DN	AD Primary Domain	
CN=Users,dc=cmonterr,dc=local	cmonterr.local	
e.g. ou=user, dc=example, dc=com	e.g. example.com	
Directory Server Configuration		
192.168.26.202:389		Test 👻
Add another configuration		
	CANCEL	ОК

Step 2. Configure the RA VPN

Remote Access VPN configuration can be reviewed in this link

Step 3. Configure the Authentication Method for RA VPN users

In the RA VPN configuration, select the authentication method. The Primary Indeity Source for User Authentication must be the AD.

Primary Identity Source			
Authentication Type			
AAA Only	~		
Primary Identity Source for User Authentica	tion	Fallback Local Identity Source 🔔	
AnyConnect_LDAP	~	LocalIdentitySource	~
 Strip Identity Source server from userna Strip Group from Username 	ame		

Note: In the Global Settings of the RA VPN, uncheck the Bypass Access Control Policy for

decrypted traffic (**sysopt permit-vpn**) option to allow the possibility to use Access Control Policy to inspect traffic which comes from the AnyConnect users.

Certificate of Device Identity	Outside Interface	
AnyConnect_VPN ~	outside (GigabitEthern	net0/0) 🗸
Fully-qualified Domain Name for the Outside Interf	face	Port
fdm.ravpn		443
e.g. ravpn.example.com		e.g. 8080
Decrypted VPN traffic is subjected to access control policy policy for decrypted traffic option bypasses the access control Bypass Access Control policy for decrypted to NAT Exempt Nation Interfaces The interfaces through which remote access VPN users can connect to the internal networks inside (GigabitEthernet0/1)	Inside Networks The internal networks remote and address pools must ma both. FDM_Local_networks	the Bypass Access Control ss VPN, the VPN Filter ACL te access VPN users are ons of the internal networks tch, either IPv4, IPv6, or

Step 4. Configure the Identity Policy for Passive Authentication

You need to create the Identity policy in order to configure Passive authentication, the policy must have the below elements:

- AD Identity Source: The same you add in step number 1
- Action: PASSIVE AUTH

In order to configure the Identity rule, navigate to**Policies**>Identity >select[+]button to add a new Identity rule.

• Define the source and destination subnets where passive authentication applies.

Order Title 1 ~ AnyConnect	AD Identity Source	Action Passive Auth	PASSIVE AUTHENTICATION For all types of connections, obta authentication services without p	in user identity from other rompting for username and password.		
Source / Destination	burce / Destination		With Identity Sources			
SOURCE		DESTINATION				
Zones + Networks	+ Ports	+ Zones	+ Networks	+ Ports +		
ANY ANY	ANY	ANY	ANY	ANY		

Step 5. Create the Access Control Rule into the Access Control Policy

Configure the Access Control rule to allow or block traffic based on users.

Г				SOURCE			DESTINATION							
	н	NAME	ACTION	ZONES	NETWORKS	PORTS	ZONES	NETWORKS	PORTS	APPLICATIONS	URLS	USERS		ACTIONS
>	1	Inside_Outside	Allow	inside_zone	ANY	ANY	outside_zone	ANY	ANY	ANY	ANY	brazil	S. C.	

In order to configure the users or users group to have passive authentication, select the Users tab. You can add a user group or individual user.

Order Title	Action	
1 V Inside_Outside_Rule	Allow	
Source/Destination Applications URLs	Users Intrusion Policy File poli	Logging
AVAILABLE USERS		Lt CONTROLLING ACCESS FOR USERS AND USER GROUPS
▼ Filter		If you configure identity policies to establish user identity based on source IP address, you can control access based on user name or user group membership. By controlling access based on user identity, you can apply the appropriate access controls whether the user changes
Identity Sources Groups Users		workstations or obtains a different address through DHCP. If you base rules on group membership, user network access changes as users change roles in your organization, moving
AnyConnect_LDAP \ administrator	*	from one group to another.
S 1 AnyConnect_LDAP \ brazil		
AnyConnect_LDAP \ calo-maintenance		

Deploy the changes.

Verification

Verify that the test connection with the AD is successful

Identity Realm is used for Identity Policies and Remote a this realm.	Access VPN. Any changes impact all features that use
Name	Туре
AnyConnect_LDAP	Active Directory (AD)
Directory Username	Directory Password
brazil	
e.g. user@example.com	
Base DN	AD Primary Domain
CN=Users,dc=cmonterr,dc=local	cmonterr.local
e.g. ou=user, dc=example, dc=com	e.g. example.com
Directory Server Configuration	
192.168.26.202:389	*
Hostname / IP Address	Port
192.168.26.202	389
e.g. ad.example.com	
Interface	
inside (GigabitEthernet0/1)	
Encryption	Trusted CA certificate
NONE ~	Please select a certificate
TEST ✓ Connection to realm is successful Add another configuration	
	CANCEL OK

Verify that the remote user can log in with the AnyConnect client with their AD credentials.

3	Cisco Ang	yConnect 192.168.27.44
	Group: Username: Password:	Anyconnect V brazil
		OK Cancel
🕙 Cisco	AnyConne	t Secure Mobility Client 🗕 🗖 🗙

	VPN: Connected to 192.168.27.44. 192.168.27.44	~	Disconnect
00:00:58			IPv4
\$ (i)			uluilu cisco

Verify that the user gets an IP address of the VPN pool

```
firepower# show vpn-sessiondb anyconnect filter name brazil
Session Type: AnyConnect
                brazil
                                         Index
                                                         23
Username
                                                        192.168.27.40
              : 192.168.19.1
                                         Public IP
Assigned IP
Protocol
                AnyConnect-Parent SSL-Tunnel
License
               AnyConnect Premium
               AnyConnect-Parent: (1)none
                                              SSL-Tunnel: (1)AES-GCM-256
Encryption
               AnýConnect-Parent: (1)none SSL-Tunnel: (1)SHA384
15818 Bytes Rx : 2494
Hashing
              : 15818
Bytes Tx
Group Policy : DfltGrpPolicy
                                         Tunnel Group : Anyconnect
              : 13:22:20 UTC Wed Jul 21 2021
Login Time
Duration
              : Oh:00m:13s
               0h:00m:00s
Inactivity
VLAN Mapping
               N/A
                                         VLAN
                                                       : none
                00000000001700060f81f8c
Audt Sess ID
Security Grp : none
                                         Tunnel Zone
firepower#
```

Troubleshoot

You can use the **user_map_query.pl**script to validate that the FDM has the user ip mapping

```
root@firepower:~# user_map_query.pl -u brazil
WARNING: This script was not tested on this major version (7.0.0)! The results may be unexpected.
Current Time: 07/21/2021 13:23:38 UTC
Getting information on username(s)...
User #1: brazil
                 07/21/2021 13:22:20 UTC
  for_policy: 1
_____
             Database
 _____
##) IP Address
1) ::ffff:192.168.19.1
##) Group Name (ID)
1) Domain Users (11)
root@firepower:~# user_map_query.pl -i 192.168.19.1
WARNING: This script was not tested on this major version (7.0.0)! The results may be unexpected.
Current Time: 07/21/2021 13:23:50 UTC
Getting information on IP Address(es)...
IP #1: 192.168.19.1
             Database
##) Username (ID)
1) brazil (5)
    for_policy: 1
    Last Seen: 07/21/2021 13:22:20 UTC
root@firepower:~#
```

On clish mode you can configure:

system support identity-debugto verify if redirection is successful.

```
> system support identity-debug
Enable firewall-engine-debug too? [n]: y
Please specify an IP protocol:
Please specify a client IP address: 192.168.19.1
Please specify a client port:
Please specify a server IP address:
Please specify a server port:
Monitoring identity and firewall debug messages
192.168.19.1-62757 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 Starting authentication (sfAuthCheckRules
params) with zones 2 -> 2, port 62757 -> 53, geo 14467064 -> 14467082
192.168.19.1-62757 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 Retrieved ABP info:
192.168.19.1-62757 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 abp src
192.168.19.1-62757 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 abp dst
192.168.19.1-62757 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 matched auth rule id = 130027046 user_id = 5
realm_id = 3
192.168.19.1-62757 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 new firewall session
192.168.19.1-62757 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 using HW or preset rule order 2,
'Inside_Outside_Rule', action Allow and prefilter rule 0
192.168.19.1-62757 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 HitCount data sent for rule id: 268435458,
192.168.19.1-62757 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 allow action
192.168.19.1-62757 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 Starting authentication (sfAuthCheckRules params)
with zones 2 -> 2, port 62757 -> 53, geo 14467064 -> 14467082
192.168.19.1-62757 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 Retrieved ABP info:
192.168.19.1-62757 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 abp src
192.168.19.1-62757 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 abp dst
192.168.19.1-62757 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 matched auth rule id = 130027046 user_id = 5
realm_id = 3
192.168.19.1-62757 > 8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 new firewall session
192.168.19.1-62757 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 using HW or preset rule order 2,
'Inside_Outside_Rule', action Allow and prefilter rule 0
192.168.19.1-62757 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 HitCount data sent for rule id: 268435458,
192.168.19.1-62757 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 allow action
192.168.19.1-53015 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 Starting authentication (sfAuthCheckRules
params) with zones 2 -> 2, port 53015 -> 443, geo 14467064 -> 14467082
192.168.19.1-53015 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 Retrieved ABP info:
192.168.19.1-53015 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 abp src
192.168.19.1-53015 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 abp dst
192.168.19.1-53015 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 matched auth rule id = 130027046 user_id = 5
realm_id = 3
192.168.19.1-53015 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 new firewall session
192.168.19.1-53015 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 using HW or preset rule order 2,
'Inside_Outside_Rule', action Allow and prefilter rule 0
192.168.19.1-53015 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 HitCount data sent for rule id: 268435458,
192.168.19.1-53015 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 allow action
192.168.19.1-52166 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 1 deleting firewall session flags = 0x10001,
fwFlags = 0x102, session->logFlags = 010001
192.168.19.1-65207 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 Starting authentication (sfAuthCheckRules
params) with zones 2 -> 2, port 65207 -> 53, geo 14467064 -> 14467082
192.168.19.1-65207 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 Retrieved ABP info:
192.168.19.1-65207 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 abp src
192.168.19.1-65207 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 abp dst
192.168.19.1-65207 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 matched auth rule id = 130027046 user_id = 5
realm_id = 3
192.168.19.1-65207 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 new firewall session
192.168.19.1-65207 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 using HW or preset rule order 2,
'Inside_Outside_Rule', action Allow and prefilter rule 0
192.168.19.1-65207 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 HitCount data sent for rule id: 268435458,
192.168.19.1-65207 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 allow action
192.168.19.1-65207 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 Starting authentication (sfAuthCheckRules params)
```

```
with zones 2 -> 2, port 65207 -> 53, geo 14467064 -> 14467082
192.168.19.1-65207 > 8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 Retrieved ABP info:
192.168.19.1-65207 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 abp src
192.168.19.1-65207 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 abp dst
192.168.19.1-65207 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 matched auth rule id = 130027046 user_id = 5
realm_id = 3
192.168.19.1-65207 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 new firewall session
192.168.19.1-65207 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 using HW or preset rule order 2,
'Inside_Outside_Rule', action Allow and prefilter rule 0
192.168.19.1-65207 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 HitCount data sent for rule id: 268435458,
192.168.19.1-65207 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 allow action
192.168.19.1-65209 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 Starting authentication (sfAuthCheckRules params)
with zones 2 -> 2, port 65209 -> 53, geo 14467064 -> 14467082
192.168.19.1-65209 > 8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 Retrieved ABP info:
192.168.19.1-65209 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 abp src
192.168.19.1-65209 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 abp dst
192.168.19.1-65209 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 matched auth rule id = 130027046 user_id = 5
realm_id = 3
192.168.19.1-65209 > 8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 new firewall session
192.168.19.1-65209 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 using HW or preset rule order 2,
'Inside_Outside_Rule', action Allow and prefilter rule 0
192.168.19.1-65209 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 HitCount data sent for rule id: 268435458,
192.168.19.1-65209 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 allow action
192.168.19.1-65211 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 Starting authentication (sfAuthCheckRules
params) with zones 2 -> 2, port 65211 -> 53, geo 14467064 -> 14467082
192.168.19.1-65211 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 Retrieved ABP info:
192.168.19.1-65211 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 abp src
192.168.19.1-65211 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 abp dst
192.168.19.1-65211 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 matched auth rule id = 130027046 user_id = 5
realm_id = 3
192.168.19.1-65211 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 new firewall session
192.168.19.1-65211 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 using HW or preset rule order 2,
'Inside_Outside_Rule', action Allow and prefilter rule 0
192.168.19.1-65211 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 HitCount data sent for rule id: 268435458,
192.168.19.1-65211 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 allow action
192.168.19.1-61823 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 Starting authentication (sfAuthCheckRules
params) with zones 2 -> 2, port 61823 -> 53, geo 14467064 -> 14467082
192.168.19.1-61823 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 Retrieved ABP info:
192.168.19.1-61823 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 abp src
192.168.19.1-61823 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 abp dst
192.168.19.1-61823 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 matched auth rule id = 130027046 user_id = 5
realm_id = 3
192.168.19.1-61823 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 new firewall session
192.168.19.1-61823 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 using HW or preset rule order 2,
'Inside_Outside_Rule', action Allow and prefilter rule 0
192.168.19.1-61823 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 HitCount data sent for rule id: 268435458,
192.168.19.1-61823 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 allow action
192.168.19.1-61823 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 Starting authentication (sfAuthCheckRules params)
with zones 2 -> 2, port 61823 -> 53, geo 14467064 -> 14467082
192.168.19.1-61823 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 Retrieved ABP info:
192.168.19.1-61823 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 abp src
192.168.19.1-61823 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 abp dst
192.168.19.1-61823 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 matched auth rule id = 130027046 user_id = 5
realm_id = 3
192.168.19.1-61823 > 8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 new firewall session
192.168.19.1-61823 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 using HW or preset rule order 2,
'Inside_Outside_Rule', action Allow and prefilter rule 0
192.168.19.1-61823 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 HitCount data sent for rule id: 268435458,
192.168.19.1-61823 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 allow action
192.168.19.1-57747 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 deleting firewall session flags = 0x10001,
fwFlags = 0x102, session->logFlags = 010001
192.168.19.1-57747 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 Logging EOF as part of session delete with
rule_id = 268435458 ruleAction = 2 ruleReason = 0
192.168.19.1-57747 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 deleting firewall session flags = 0x10001, fwFlags
```

```
= 0x102, session->logFlags = 010001
192.168.19.1-57747 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 Logging EOF as part of session delete with rule_id
= 268435458 ruleAction = 2 ruleReason = 0
192.168.19.1-53038 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 Starting authentication (sfAuthCheckRules
params) with zones 2 -> 2, port 53038 -> 443, geo 14467064 -> 14467082
192.168.19.1-53038 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 Retrieved ABP info:
192.168.19.1-53038 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 abp src
192.168.19.1-53038 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 abp dst
192.168.19.1-53038 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 matched auth rule id = 130027046 user_id = 5
realm id = 3
192.168.19.1-53038 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 new firewall session
192.168.19.1-53038 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 using HW or preset rule order 2,
'Inside_Outside_Rule', action Allow and prefilter rule 0
192.168.19.1-53038 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 HitCount data sent for rule id: 268435458,
192.168.19.1-53038 > 20.42.0.16-443 6 AS 1-1 I 0 allow action
192.168.19.1-57841 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 deleting firewall session flags = 0x10001,
fwFlags = 0x102, session->logFlags = 010001
192.168.19.1-57841 > 72.163.47.11-53 17 AS 1-1 I 1 Logging EOF as part of session delete with
rule_id = 268435458 ruleAction = 2 ruleReason = 0
192.168.19.1-57841 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 deleting firewall session flags = 0x10001, fwFlags
= 0x102, session->logFlags = 010001
192.168.19.1-57841 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 Logging EOF as part of session delete with rule_id
= 268435458 ruleAction = 2 ruleReason = 0
192.168.19.1-64773 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 Starting authentication (sfAuthCheckRules params)
with zones 2 -> 2, port 64773 -> 53, geo 14467064 -> 14467082
192.168.19.1-64773 > 8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 Retrieved ABP info:
192.168.19.1-64773 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 abp src
192.168.19.1-64773 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 abp dst
192.168.19.1-64773 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 matched auth rule id = 130027046 user_id = 5
realm_id = 3
192.168.19.1-64773 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 new firewall session
192.168.19.1-64773 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 using HW or preset rule order 2,
'Inside_Outside_Rule', action Allow and prefilter rule 0
192.168.19.1-64773 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 HitCount data sent for rule id: 268435458,
192.168.19.1-64773 > 8.8.8.8-53 17 AS 1-1 I 0 allow action
```

Related information

Configure Remote Access VPN on FTD Managed by FDM

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/anyconnect-secure-mobility-client/215532configure-remote-access-vpn-on-ftd-manag.html