Configure and Troubleshoot Secure Access (SSE) Intgration on Catalyst SD-WAN

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Introduction

This document describes how to configure the active-active SSE integration on Catalyst SD-WAN and guides troubleshooting it.

Prerequisites

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Cisco Software-Defined Wide Area Network (SD-WAN)
- Configuration Groups
- · Policy Groups

Components Used

The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

- C8000V version17.15.02
- vManage version 20.15.02

Cisco Secure Access account

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Cisco Secure Access

Cisco Secure Access is a cloud-based Security Service Edge (SSE) solution that converges multiple network security services, delivering them from the cloud to support a hybrid workforce. Cisco SD-WAN Manager leverages REST APIs to retrieve policy information from Cisco Secure Access and distributes this information to Cisco IOS XE SD-WAN devices. This integration enables seamless, transparent, and secure Direct Internet Access (DIA) for users, allowing them to connect from any device, anywhere, securely.

Cisco SSE allows SD-WAN devices to establish connections with SSE providers using IPSec tunnels. This document is intended for users of Cisco Secure Access.

Preliminary configurations

• Enable Domain Lookup for the Device: Navigate to Configuration Groups > System Profile > Global and enable Domain Lookup.



Note: By default, Domain Lookup is disabled.

- Configure DNS: The Router can resolve DNS and access the internet on VPN 0.
- Configure NAT DIA: The DIA configuration needs to be present on the router where the SSE tunnel is created.

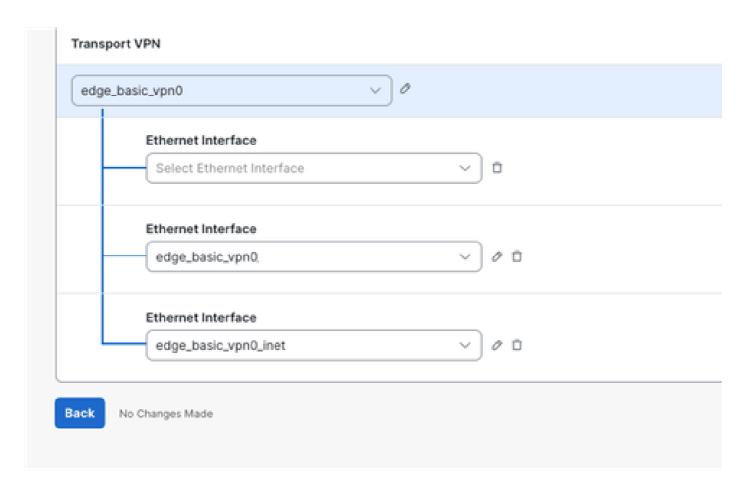
Create Loopback Interfaces

If both tunnels in an Active/Active configuration connect to the same destination data center and use the same WAN interface as the source, then two loopback IP addresses need to be created.

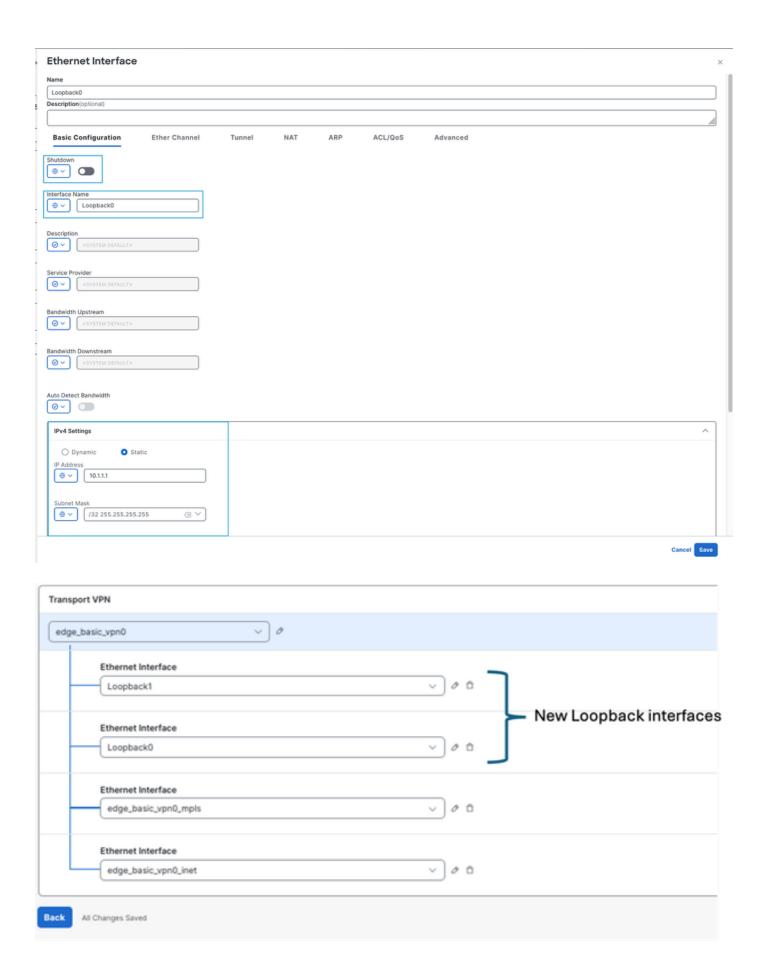


Note: When two tunnels are configured with the same source and destination, IKEv2 forms an identity pair consisting of a Local ID and a Remote ID. By default, the Local ID is the IP address of the tunnel's source interface. This identity pair must be unique and cannot be shared between two tunnels. To prevent confusion within the IKEv2 state, each tunnel uses a different loopback interface as its source. Although IKE packets are translated (NATed) on the DIA interface, the Local ID remains unchanged and retains the original loopback IP address.

- 1. Navigate to Configuration > Configuration Groups > Configuration Group Name> Transport & **Management Profile** > click on **Edit**.
- 2. Click on the**plus** sign (+) on the right side of the transport VPN Profile (main profile). This opens an**Add** Featuremenu located at the far right.
- 3. Click on **Ethernet Interface**. It adds a new internet interface under **Transport VPN**.



4. Create the two Loopback interfaces using RFC1918 IPv4 addresses, as the Loopback0 example in the picture.



5. After applying the loopback configuration, proceed to deploy the configuration change to the device. Notice that the provisioning status changes from 1/1 to 0/1.

Name	Туре	Profile	Provisioning Status ^{In Sync Devices / Associated Devices}	Origin	Updated By
Hub2-SIG	Single Router	4	△ 0/1	user	cisco

Configure New API Keys on SSE Portal

- 1. Access to the SSE Portal https://login.sse.cisco.com/
- 2. Navigate to **Admin** > **API Keys**

"cisco" Secure Access



Admin

×



Home



Experience Insights



Connect



Resources



Secure



Monitor

Account Settings

Accounts

Authentication

Management

API Keys

Third-party Integrations

Log Management

Subscription

Integrations

6. Copy the API key and Key Secret into a notepad and select ACCEPT AND CLOSE



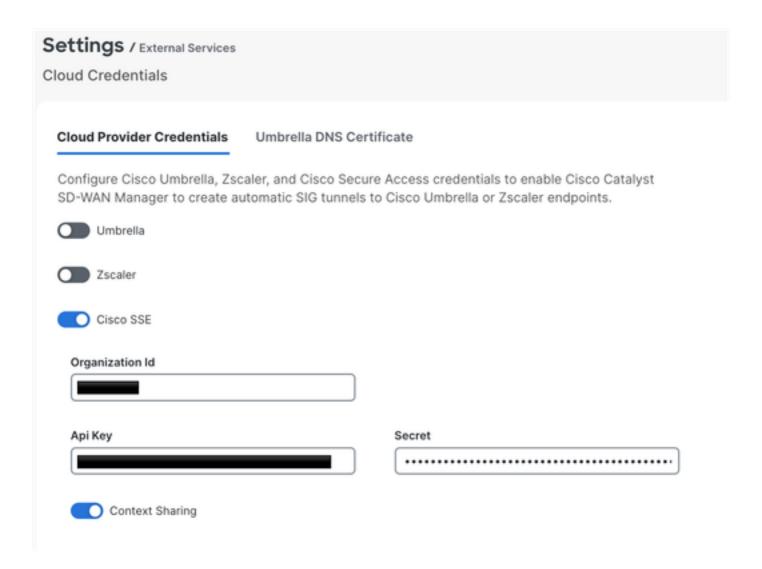
7. Under the URL https://dashboard.sse.cisco.com/#some-numbers#/admin/apikeys the**#some-numbers**# is your organisation ID. Copy that information into your notepad as well.



Configure SSE on Catalyst Manager

Set up Cloud Credentials

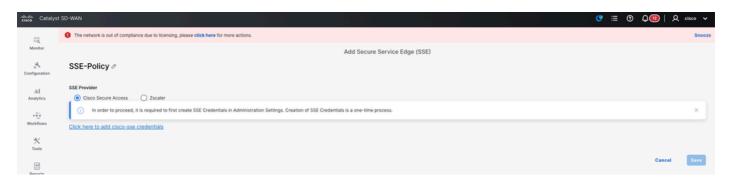
1. Navigate to **Administration** > **Settings** > **Cloud Credentials** > **Cloud Provider Credentials**, and enable **Cisco Secure Access** and enter the details.



2. **Optional:** You can enable context sharing for enhanced functionality. For more information, please refer to the Cisco SSE User Guide on context sharing.

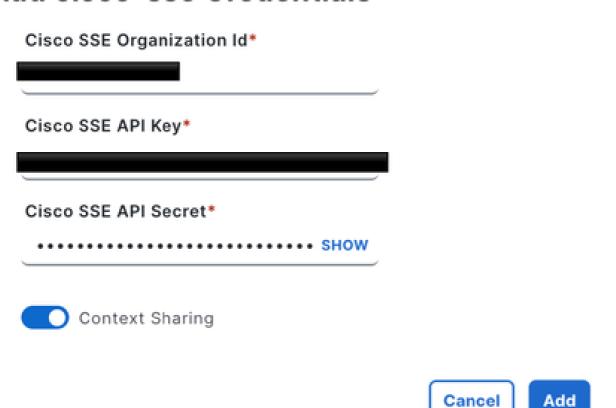
Configure SSE Tunnels Using Policy Group

On the SD-WAN Manager navigate to Configuration > Policy Groups > Secure Internet Gateway/Secure Service Edge and click on Add Secure Service Edge (SSE).



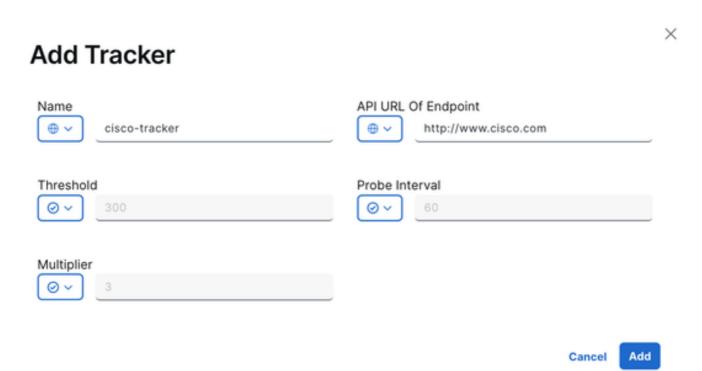
Note: If cloud credentials have not been configured yet, you can add them at this step. If credentials have already been configured, they are loaded automatically.

Add cisco-sse Credentials



X

1. Configure the SSE Tracker. In this example, the tracker URL is set to http://www.cisco.com, and the source IP address is assigned from one of the loopback interfaces.



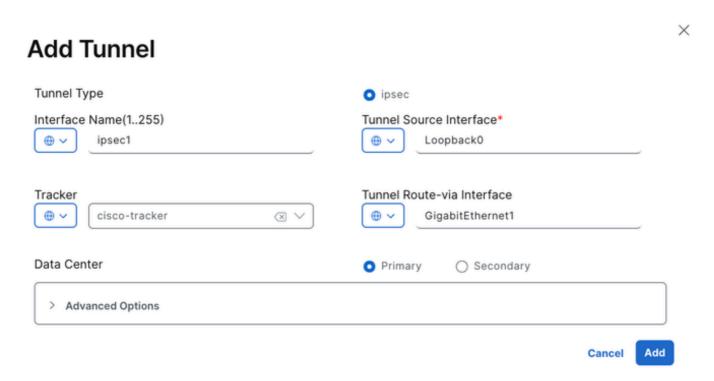


Optionally, since context sharing was enabled when the cloud credentials were configured, **VPN** is selected as the option in this example.

2. Click on Add Tunnel



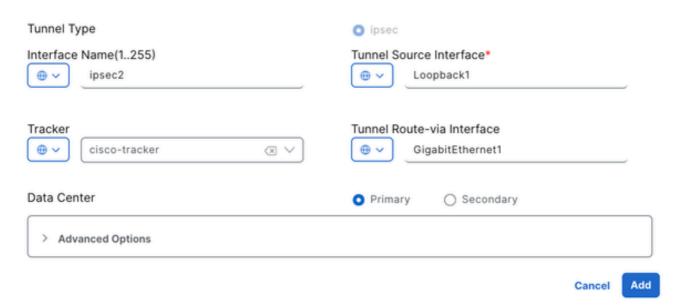
3. In this example, the Loopback0 interface is used as the tunnel source, while the GigabitEthernet1 interface serves as the WAN interface to route traffic.



Since the tracker was configured in this example, the setting is changed to **Global**, and the preconfigured **cisco-tracker** is selected.

4. For the second tunnel, repeat the same steps using the same parameters, but change the Interface Name from ipsec1 to ipsec2, and the Source Interface Name to Loopback1.

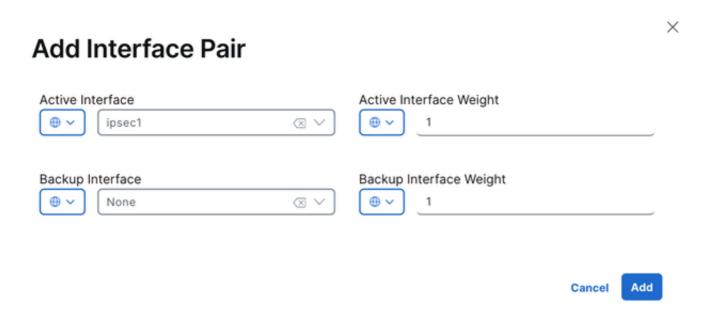
Add Tunnel



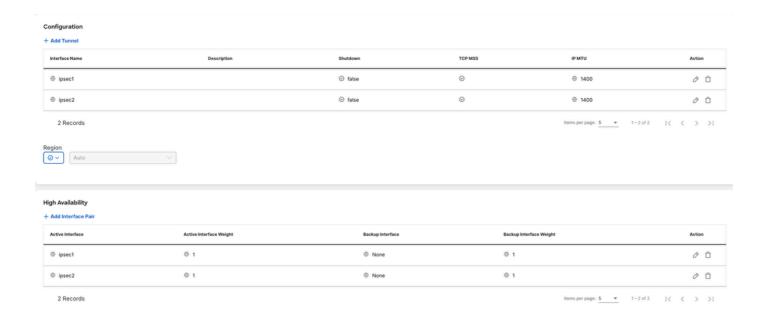
X

Both tunnels are configured to be active simultaneously, without a backup.

- 5. Click on Add Interface Pair.
- 6. Click on Add. The active interface is set to ipsec1, and no backup interface is specified.



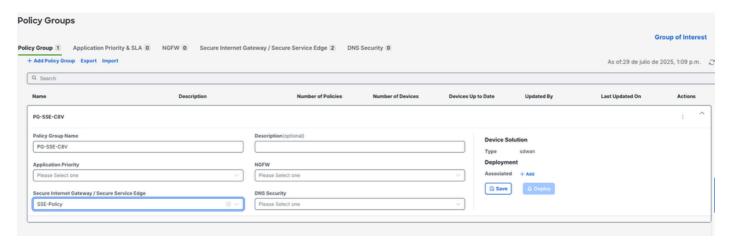
7. The same operation is repeated for the second tunnel, ipsec2.



8. Save the configuration.

Configure Policy Group

1. You can just select the policy previously created within the policy group and save.

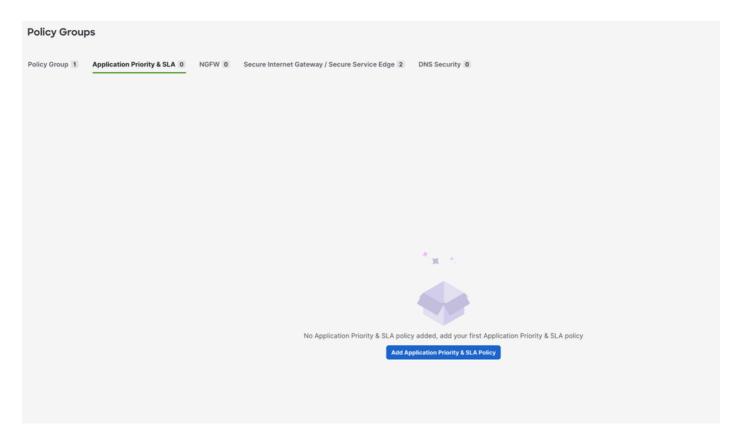


2. Once the device or devices have been associated with the policy group, proceed to deploy the policy group.



Configure Policy Group to Redirect Traffic to SSE

- 1. On the SD-WAN Manager, navigate to **Configuration** > **Policy Groups** > **Application Priority & SLA**.
 - Select Add Application Priority & SLA Policy
 - Specify a name for the policy.

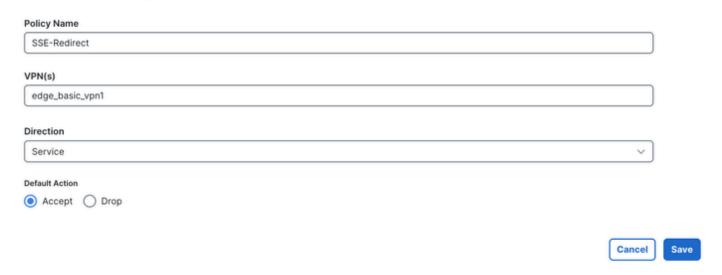


2. Once the new policy is displayed, select the **Advanced Layout** toggle.

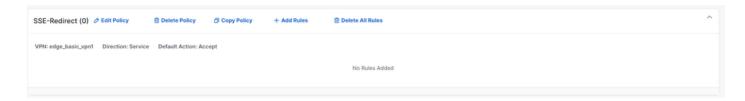


- 3. Select Add Traffic Policy List.
 - Configure the VPNs to redirect traffic to the SSE tunnel.
 - Set the **Direction** and the **Default Action** as needed and **save**.

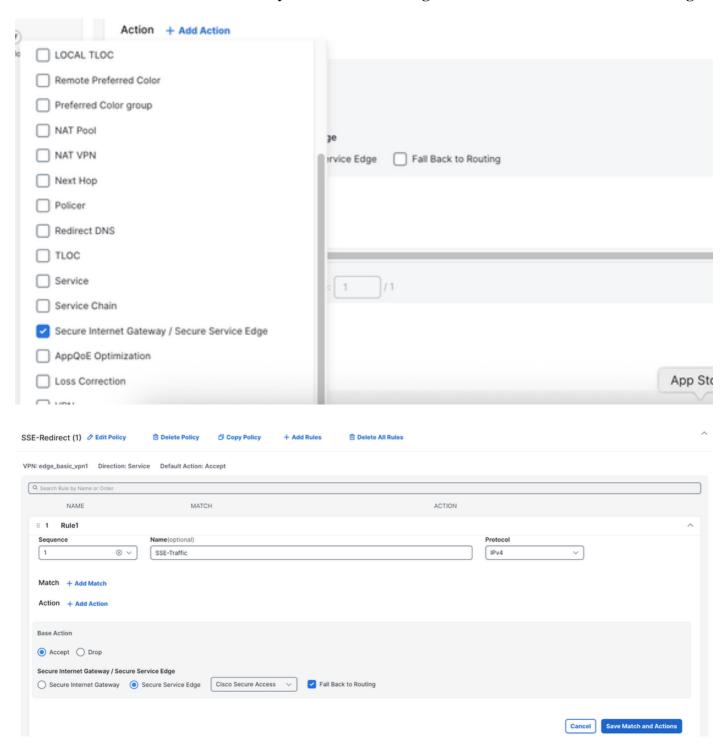
Edit Traffic Policy List



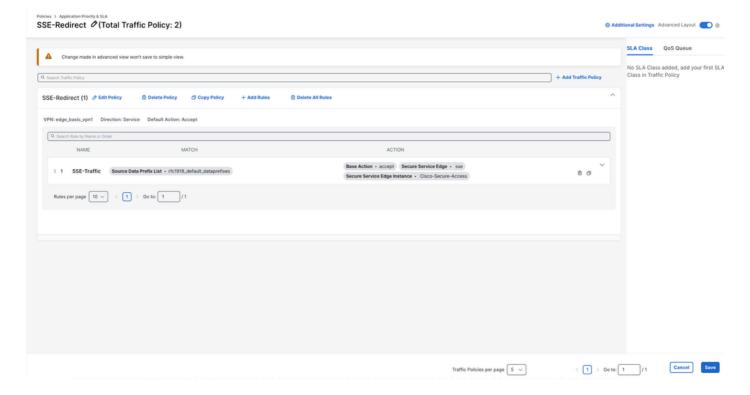
4. Select + Add Rule.



- 5. Configure your match traffic criteria to redirect traffic to the SSE.
- 6. Select Accept as the base action, then click on + Action.
- 7. Look for the Secure Internet Gateway / Secure Service Edge action and set it to Secure Service Edge.



8. Click on Save Match and Actions



- 9. Click on Save.
- 10. Navigate to **Configuration > Policy Groups** and select the **Application Priority** policy you just created. **Save** and then **Deploy**.



Verify

Manager

1. **Monitor** > **Logs** > **Audit Logs** and search for "sse".



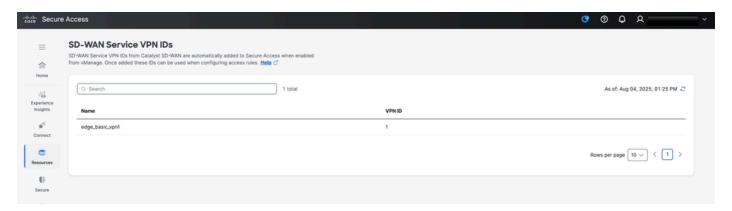
2. You can verify if the context sharing VPN is enabled successfully by checking the Manager.



Secure Access Dashboard

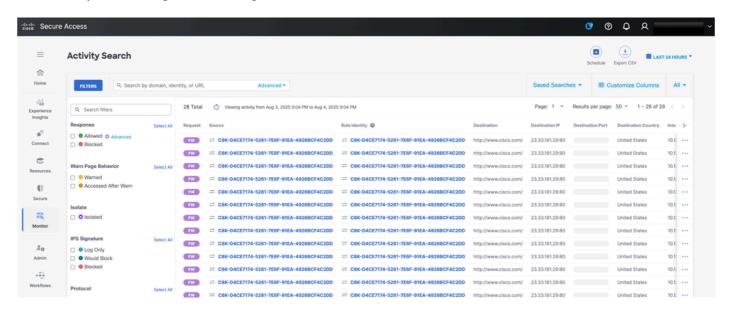
Context Sharing

You can verify if the context sharing VPN is enabled successfully by checking the SSE dashboard, **Resources** > **SD-WAN Service VPN IDs**



Tunnel Up

When the tunnel is up and the tracker is operational with traffic flowing through the tunnel, you can validate this by navigating to **Monitor** > **Activity Search**. On this screen, you see traffic passing through the tunnel, such as requests to www.cisco.com generated by the tracker. This visibility confirms that the tracker is up and actively monitoring traffic through the tunnel



Comand Line Interface (CLI) Commands

<#root>

Hub2-SIG#show sse all

SSE Instance Cisco-Secure-Access

Tunnel name : Tunnel16000001

Site id: 2

Tunnel id: 655184839

SSE tunnel name: C8K-D4CE7174-5261-7E6F-91EA-4926BCF4C2DD

HA role: Active
Local state: Up

Tracker state: Up

Destination Data Center: 44.217.195.188

Tunnel type: IPSEC

Provider name: Cisco Secure Access

Context sharing: CONTEXT_SHARING_SRC_VPN

Related Information

- Configure Context Sharing SD-WAN
- Cisco Secure Access Integration with SD-Routing
- Technical Support & Documentation Cisco Systems