Verify Duplicate Email in Queue Issue

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Introduction

This document describes how to verify if there are legitimate duplicate emails in a queue.

Prerequisites

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of the following topics:

- Cisco Webex Contact Center
- MultiMedia (Chat and Email) Channels

Components Used

• MM Monitor

Note: This document is targeted towards customers and partners who have deployed Webex Contact Center to their network infrastructure.

Problem

Sometimes an email is polled multiple times and results in 1 source email populating in the queue twice.

Solution

- 1. Identify which queues are suspected to have duplicate emails
- 2. Open the Queue in question by clicking on that queue in MM monitor
- 3. Highlight and copy the entire content of the queue and paste it directly into an excel file
- 4. Data needs to be cleaned up a little bit. The very first row likes to copy over shifted by one

column. Highlight the first row and paste it back in so that all of the email addresses are in the same column

5. Now that all of the email addresses are in the same column highlight the entire column and copy. Then open a new sheet and left click column A then right-click > **Paste Values**. This clears formatting issues

6. Insert a new row in row 1 above the data and title it addresses

7. Highlight the entire column again and on the top menu bar navigate to **Insert > Pivot Table**

A B C D	E F G H	I I	J	K	L	М	N	0	Р	Q	
1 addresses											
2 example1@gmail.com											
3 example2@gmail.com	Create PivotTable		?	×							
4 example2@gmail.com											
5 example3@gmail.com	Choose the data that you want to analyze										
6 example3@gmail.com	Select a table or range										
7 example3@gmail.com	Table/Range: Sheet2!\$A:\$A										
8	Use an external data source										
9											
10	Choose Connection										
11	Connection name:										
12	Use this workbook's Data Model										
13	Choose where you want the PivotTable r										
14	New Worksheet										
15	Existing Worksheet										
16	Location: Sheet2ISCS1			+							
17	Tormore Disconses										
18	Choose whether you want to analyze mu										
19	Add this data to the Data Model										
20	-	OK		ancel							
21	-	UK		ancer							
22											
23											
24											
Sheet1 Sheet2 (+)			•							Þ	

8. As seen in the screenshot, select the output of this pivot table to appear on the existing spreadsheet and select a location for the output. C1 is a good option and click Ok.

9. The **Pivot Table Fields** box for the pivot table is created. Drag the **addresses** title to **Rows** and **Values** boxes as seen in the screenshot below:

C	a – i X –	f _x R	ow Labels									^
	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	н	I 🔺			
1	addresses		Row Labels	Count of addresses	6					PivotTable F	ields	▼ X
2	example1@gmail.com		example1@gmail.com		1					Choose fields to	m	Drag fields between areas
3	example2@gmail.com		example2@gmail.com		2					add to report:	\$\$° ₹	below:
4	example2@gmail.com		example3@gmail.com		3						0	
5	example3@gmail.com		(blank)							Search	2	Filters
6	example3@gmail.com		Grand Total		6					- addresses		
7	example3@gmail.com									✓ addresses		
8										More Tables		
9												
10												III Columns
11												
12												
13	1											
14	4											=
15	i											= Rows
16	i											addresses 🔻
17	·											
18	1											
19												Σ Values
20	1											
21												Count of addresses 🔻
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24									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Sheet1 Sheet	2 (+	9		•				Þ			Defer Layou Update
									Display 9	settings 🏢 🔲	–	+ 100%

This creates a table of the email addresses from the column and the number of times that address is shown.

10. Sort this list from highest to lowest. Right-click on the first example and select sort as shown below:

	А	В	С		Cum	он - <u></u>	1 🗄	Н	1		
1	addresses		Row Labels	Count of	В	$I \equiv \checkmark \cdot \land \land$	Ś				Π
2	example1@gmail.com		example1@gmail.com			1	_				
3	example2@gmail.com		example2@gmail.com		Ē	<u>С</u> ору					
4	example2@gmail.com		example3@gmail.com		8-	Format Cells					
5	example3@gmail.com		(blank)			Number Franzist					
6	example3@gmail.com		Grand Total			Number Forma <u>t</u>					
7	example3@gmail.com				Ŀ	<u>R</u> efresh					
8						<u>S</u> ort →	▶ <mark>2↓ Sort Smallest to Largest</mark>				
9					×	Remove "Count of addresses"	Z Sort Largest to Smalle			Н	
11						Summarize Valuer By	Mara Sart Ontions			н	
12						Summanze values by	<u>More son Options</u>			4	
13						Show Values As				+	
14					Î 🖶	Value Field Setti <u>ng</u> s				\square	
15						PivotTable Options					
16					=	Hide Field List					
17				1	Ш						
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21											
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23											
24											-
	Sheet1 Sheet2	+				÷ •				►	

This approach makes things faster when there are hundreds of emails in the queue.

11. Now copy the email address with multiple emails and paste this address in the search box for the queue in MM Monitor.

12. To verify that the email is in fact a duplicate ensure that the subjects AND the body of the emails are the same. From the queue, you can see the subjects are identical. To verify if the body of the emails is the same, click on each one and read the first sentence or two and move on to the next one. Based on this check, we can identify if they are identical

13. If there are one or more emails that appear to be the same, take the source account for the email and it needs to be accessed to verify if there is only 1 email. There are instances where emails are sent twice by the sender. If there are two emails back to back from the customer that should reflect in the queue, this isolates genuine multiple emails from same sender.

It is a duplicate email only if there is 1 email in the source account and 2 or more in the queue.