

# Configure Kibana in DNA Center for Log Visualization

## Contents

---

### [Introduction](#)

### [Prerequisites](#)

[Requirements](#)

[Components Used](#)

### [Background Information](#)

### [Configure Kibana for log visualization](#)

[Add fields in Kibana](#)

[Add and edit filters in Kibana](#)

[Get logs from a specific date](#)

### [Use cases with Lucene](#)

[Get logs for a specific service](#)

[Get logs that contain a specific word](#)

[Mix and match your search](#)

[Search two different services at the same time for an error](#)

### [Reference](#)

---

## Introduction

This document describes how to use Kibana in order to search specific logs among different Cisco DNA Center services.

## Prerequisites

### Requirements

You must have access Cisco DNA Center through GUI with ADMIN ROLE also, you must be familiar with the names and use of Cisco DNA Center services.

### Components Used

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

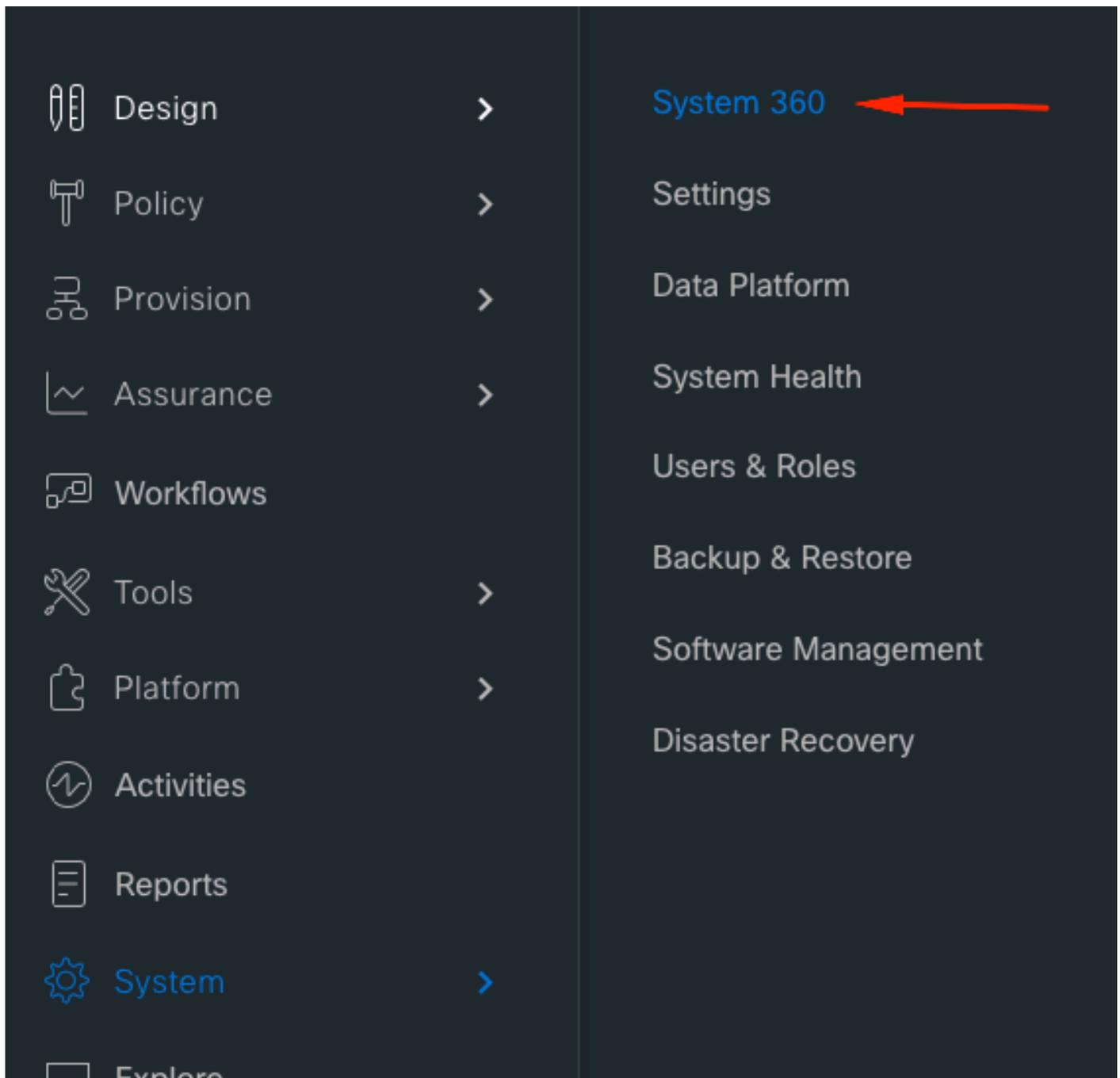
## Background Information

Kibana is an open source data visualization plugin for Elasticsearch. It provides visualization capabilities on

top of the content indexed on an Elasticsearch cluster that are available in Cisco DNA Center.

You can access Kibana in two ways:

- <https://<Cisco DNA Center ip>/kibana>
- **Main Menu > System > System 360 -> Cluster Tools -> Log Explorer**



# Cluster Tools

As of Sep 27, 2023 2:42 PM

Monitoring



Log Explorer



Default Kibana web page

Home

## Add Data to Kibana

Use these solutions to quickly turn your data into pre-built dashboards and monitoring systems.



### APM

APM automatically collects in-depth performance metrics and errors from inside your applications.

[Add APM](#)



### Logging

Ingest logs from popular data sources and easily visualize in preconfigured dashboards.

[Add log data](#)



### Metrics

Collect metrics from the operating system and services running on your servers.

[Add metric data](#)



### Security analytics

Centralize security events for interactive investigation in ready-to-go visualizations.

[Add security events](#)

---

**Add sample data**  
Load a data set and a Kibana dashboard

**Use Elasticsearch data**  
Connect to your Elasticsearch index

## Visualize and Explore Data



### Dashboard

Display and share a collection of visualizations and saved searches.



### Discover

Interactively explore your data by querying and filtering raw documents.



### Visualize

Create visualizations and aggregate data stores in your Elasticsearch indices.

## Manage and Administer the Elastic Stack



### Console

Skip cURL and use this JSON interface to work with your data directly.



### Index Patterns

Manage the index patterns that help retrieve your data from Elasticsearch.



### Saved Objects

Import, export, and manage your saved searches, visualizations, and dashboards.

Didn't find what you were looking for?

[View full directory of Kibana plugins](#)

## Configure Kibana for log visualization

Navigate to the left bar menu and click on Discover:



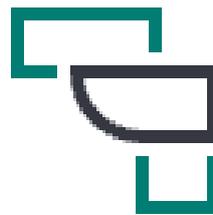
Home



Discover

# Add Data to Kibana

Use these solutions to quickly turn your data



APM

APM automatically collects in-

Kibana has several fields, which are highlighted in the next image:

Cisco DNA Center

428,100 hits

New Save Open Share Inspect

Filters Search KQL Last 15 minutes Show dates Refresh

logstash-\*

Selected fields

- ? \_source

Available fields

- @timestamp
- \_id
- \_index
- \_score
- \_type
- docker.container\_id
- kubernetes.container\_l...
- kubernetes.container\_l...
- kubernetes.container\_n...
- kubernetes.host
- kubernetes.labels.addon
- kubernetes.labels.contr...
- kubernetes.labels.drEn...
- kubernetes.labels.kube...
- kubernetes.labels.node...
- kubernetes.labels.passi...
- kubernetes.labels.pod-...
- kubernetes.labels.pod-...
- kubernetes.labels.rc-id
- kubernetes.labels.runtl...
- kubernetes.labels.servi...
- kubernetes.labels.state...
- kubernetes.labels.tier

Count

Sep 27, 2023 @ 17:13:58.423 - Sep 27, 2023 @ 17:28:58.423 — Auto

Time

\_source

```

> Sep 27, 2023 @ 17:27:48.663 log: 2023-09-27T23:27:48.662+0000 I NETWORK [conn254099] received client metadata from 127.0.0.1:48386
conn254099: { driver: { name: "nodejs", version: "2.2.36" }, os: { type: "Linux", name: "linux", architecture:
"x64", version: "5.4.0-139-generic" }, platform: "Node.js v12.16.1, LE, mongodb-core: 2.1.28" } stream: stdout
docker.container_id: 7ef2b92ac566143e8b33be01584ef65e8807ad29a5f158bd48074cb3d5ca2ed2
kubernetes.container_name: mongodb kubernetes.namespace_name: naglev-aystem kubernetes.pod_name: mongodb-0

> Sep 27, 2023 @ 17:27:48.249 log: 2023-09-27T23:27:48.248+0000 I NETWORK [conn254098] received client metadata from 127.0.0.1:48372
conn254098: { application: { name: "MongoDB Shell" }, driver: { name: "MongoDB Internal Client", version:
"4.2.11" }, os: { type: "Linux", name: "Ubuntu", architecture: "x86_64", version: "16.04" } } stream: stdout
docker.container_id: 7ef2b92ac566143e8b33be01584ef65e8807ad29a5f158bd48074cb3d5ca2ed2
kubernetes.container_name: mongodb kubernetes.namespace_name: naglev-aystem kubernetes.pod_name: mongodb-0

> Sep 27, 2023 @ 17:27:38.323 log: 2023-09-27T23:27:38.321+0000 I COMMAND [conn4516] command app-hosting.tasks command: find { find: "tasks",
filter: { currentState: { $in: [ "INSTALL_APP_IN_PROGRESS",
"INSTALL_APP_ACTIVATION_PAYLOAD_PREPARATION_IN_PROGRESS", "INSTALL_APP_AWAITING_FUSION_DEVICE_NOTIFICATION",
"INSTALL_APP_DEVICE_DISCOVERY_IN_PROGRESS", "INSTALL_APP_ENABLE_TOX_IN_PROGRESS", "UNINSTALL_APP_IN_PROGRESS",
"STOP_APP_IN_PROGRESS", "START_APP_IN_PROGRESS", "UPGRADE_APP_IN_PROGRESS",

> Sep 27, 2023 @ 17:27:37.565 log: 2023-09-27T23:27:37.564+0000 I NETWORK [conn254095] received client metadata from 10.60.5.239:33128
conn254095: { driver: { name: "PyMongo", version: "3.11.3" }, os: { type: "Linux", name: "Linux", architecture:
"x86_64", version: "5.4.0-139-generic" }, platform: "CPython 3.6.9.final.0" } stream: stdout
docker.container_id: 7ef2b92ac566143e8b33be01584ef65e8807ad29a5f158bd48074cb3d5ca2ed2
kubernetes.container_name: mongodb kubernetes.namespace_name: naglev-aystem kubernetes.pod_name: mongodb-0

> Sep 27, 2023 @ 17:27:37.476 log: 2023-09-27T23:27:37.475+0000 I NETWORK [conn254091] received client metadata from 10.60.5.239:33882
conn254091: { driver: { name: "PyMongo", version: "3.11.3" }, os: { type: "Linux", name: "Linux", architecture:
"x86_64", version: "5.4.0-139-generic" }, platform: "CPython 3.6.9.final.0" } stream: stdout
docker.container_id: 7ef2b92ac566143e8b33be01584ef65e8807ad29a5f158bd48074cb3d5ca2ed2
kubernetes.container_name: mongodb kubernetes.namespace_name: naglev-aystem kubernetes.pod_name: mongodb-0

```

## Add fields in Kibana

### Navigate to Filters > Available fields

The fields that you must need to add for logs visualization are:

- **Kubernetes.labels.serviceName** - Service that displays the specific log
- **Log** - Raw content of the log

Click on the add button

t kubernetes.labels.serviceName **add**

Ensure that you have the next configuration:

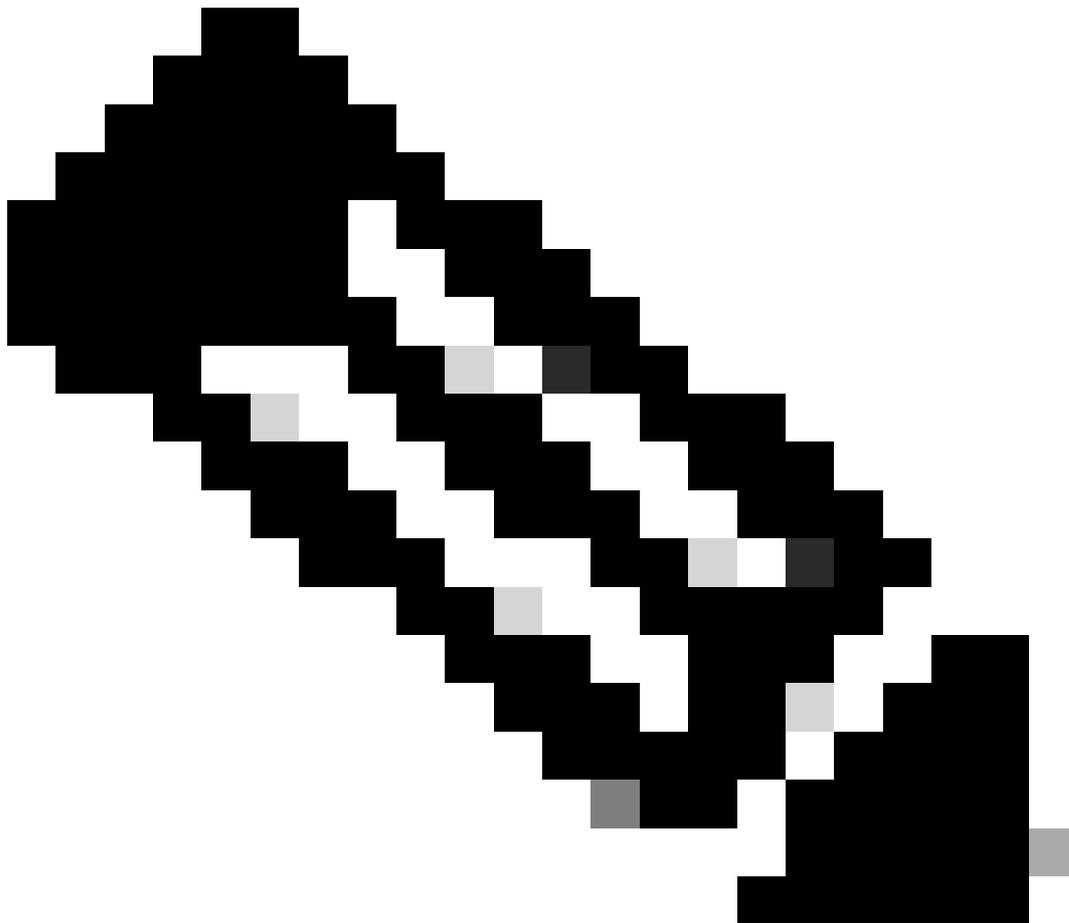
logstash-\*



## Selected fields

t kubernetes.labels.serviceName

t log



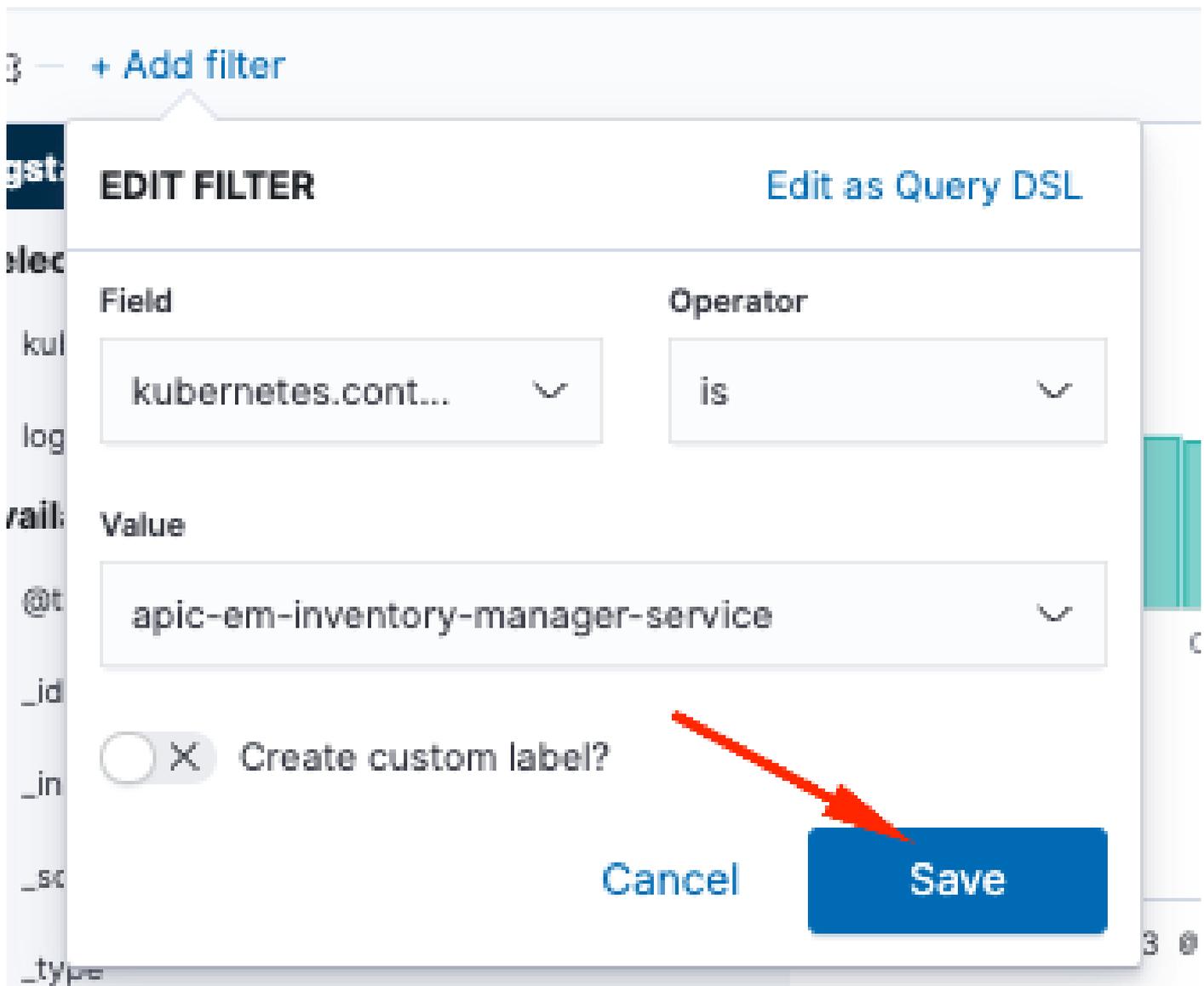
**Note:** Time field is added by default.

## Add and edit filters in Kibana

In order to add a filter, perform the next activity:

- Click in **Add filter**
- **Field** select: **Kubernetes.labels.serviceName**
- **Operator** select: **is**
- **Value**: select the service of your interest
- Click in **Save** button

Take a look the next example where the service selected is apic-em-inventory-manager-service:



The screenshot shows the 'EDIT FILTER' dialog in Kibana. At the top left, there is a '+ Add filter' button. The dialog title is 'EDIT FILTER' with a link 'Edit as Query DSL' to the right. Below the title, there are three dropdown menus: 'Field' (selected: kubernetes.cont...), 'Operator' (selected: is), and 'Value' (selected: apic-em-inventory-manager-service). At the bottom left, there is a toggle switch for 'Create custom label?' which is currently turned off. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Cancel' and 'Save'. A red arrow points to the 'Save' button.

You can add more filters as you need.

The next example, a new filter was added where the Field:log, operator:is and Value: error:

**EDIT FILTER** Edit as Query DSL

---

**Field** log **Operator** is

**Value** error

X Create custom label?

Cancel Save

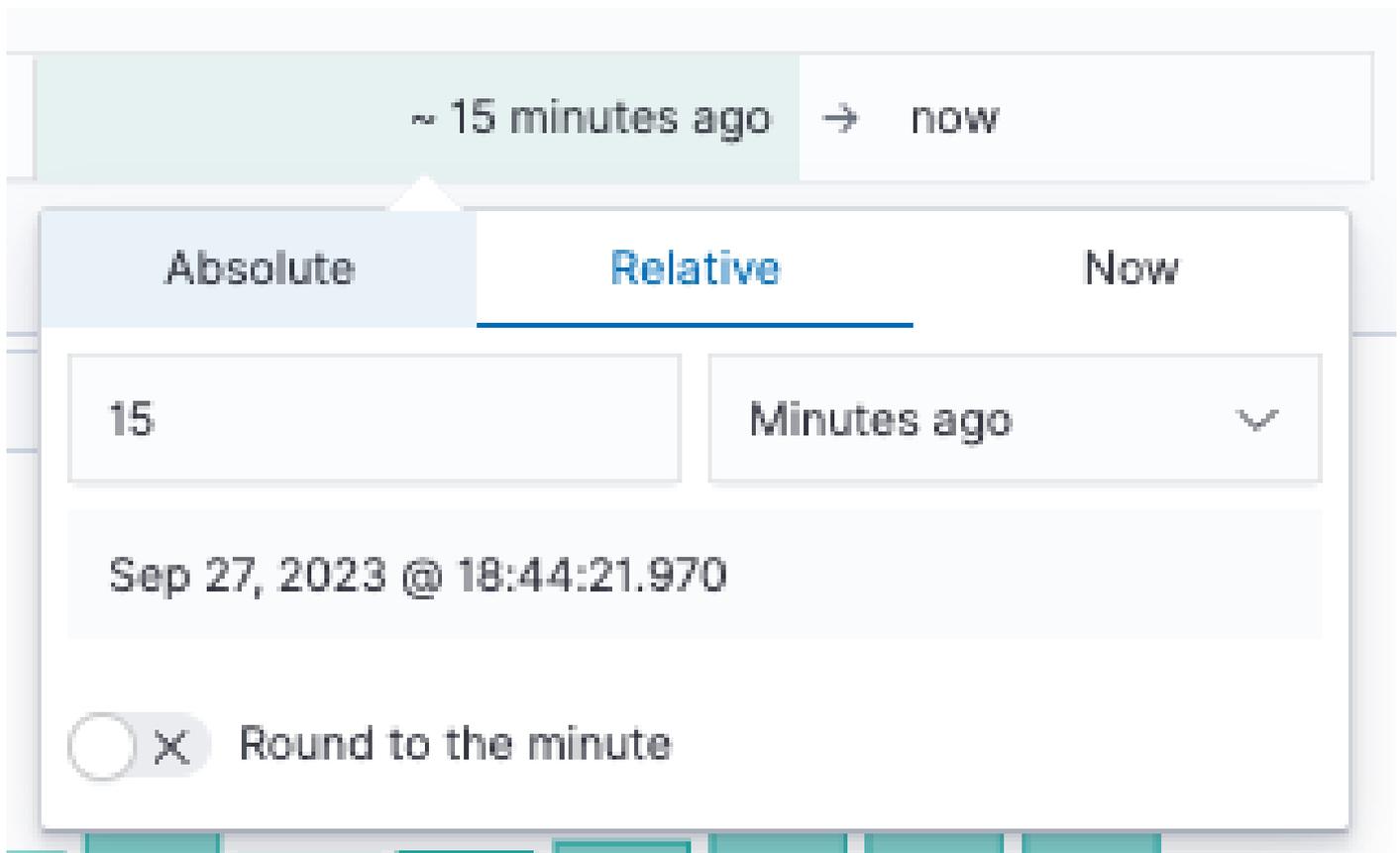
**Get logs from a specific date**

You can add a time element to your search criteria.

KQL 📅 ~ 15 minutes ago → now

03 — Auto

Use one of the next options from the Time Range field:



- **Absolute** - From a specific date to another specific date.
- **Relative** - From the last X minutes, hours, days, or weeks to a specific date.
- **Now** - Setting the time to "now" means that on every refresh this time is going to be set to the time of the refresh.

## Use cases with Lucene

Lucene is a high-performance, full-featured text search engine library. It is a technology suitable for nearly any application that requires full-text search.

Navigate to search bar and disable KQL in order to enable Lucene:

## SYNTAX OPTIONS

The [Kibana Query Language](#) (KQL) offers a simplified query syntax and support for scripted fields. KQL also provides autocomplete if you have a Basic license or above. If you turn off KQL, Kibana uses Lucene.

Kibana Query Language



### Get logs for a specific service

Type the next query into the filter bar and press **Refresh** button

```
kubernetes.labels.serviceName:<service-name>
```

Take a look the next example with task-service:

```
kubernetes.labels.serviceName:task-service
```





## Available fields



### Aggregatable

### Searchable

### Type

### Field name

Hide missing fields

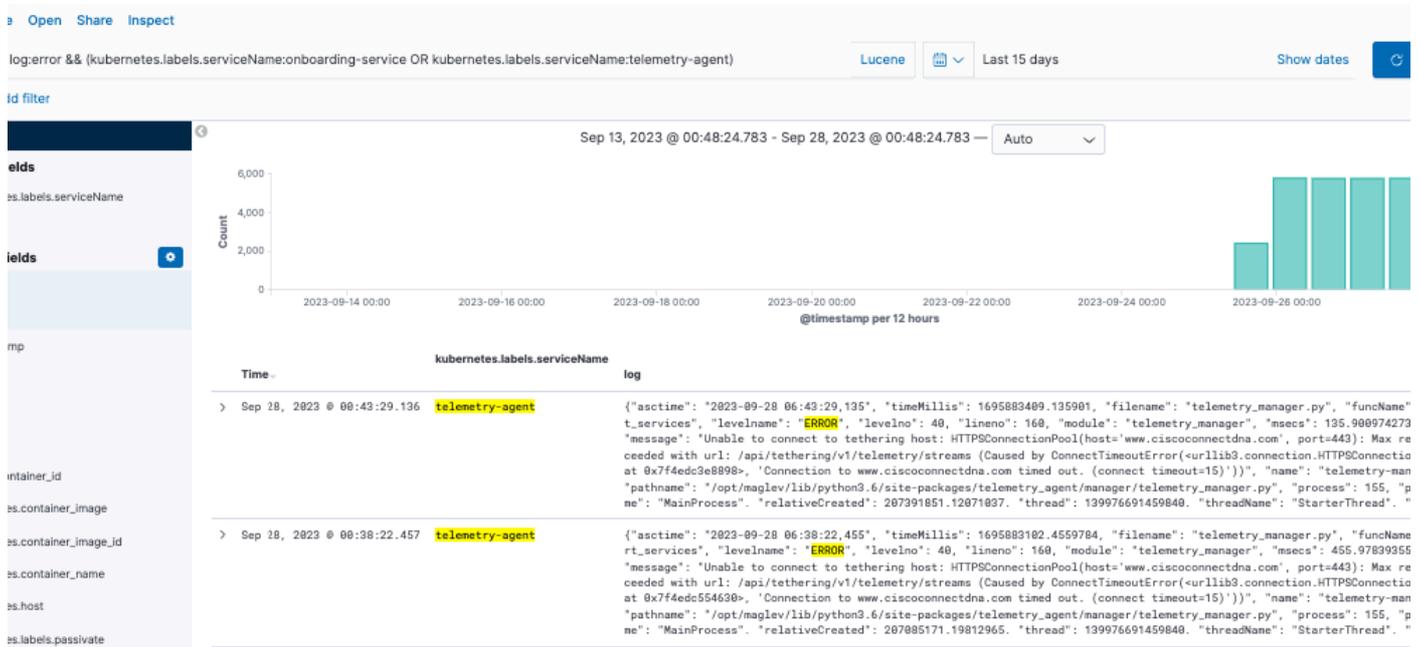
[Reset filters](#)

### Search two different services at the same time for an error

Include two or more services in your search criteria. Ensure that the services names are entered in

parenthesis and separate them with **OR**.

log:error && (kubernetes.labels.serviceName:onboarding-service OR kubernetes.labels.serviceName:telemetry-agent)



## Reference

- [Elastic search common options](#)
- [Apache Lucene - Query Parser Syntax](#)