

IOS Router as Easy VPN Server Using Configuration Professional Configuration Example

Document ID: 112037

Contents

Introduction

Prerequisites

- Components Used
- Install Cisco CP
- Router Configuration to Run Cisco CP
- Requirements
- Conventions

Configure

- Network Diagram
- Cisco CP – Easy VPN Server Configuration
- CLI Configuration

Verify

- Easy VPN Server – show Commands

Troubleshoot

Related Information

Introduction

This document describes how to configure a Cisco IOS[®] Router as an Easy VPN (EzVPN) Server using Cisco Configuration Professional (Cisco CP) and the CLI. The Easy VPN Server feature allows a remote end user to communicate using IP Security (IPsec) with any Cisco IOS Virtual Private Network (VPN) gateway. Centrally managed IPsec policies are "pushed" to the client device by the server, minimizing configuration by the end user.

For more information on Easy VPN Server refer to the Easy VPN Server section of Secure Connectivity Configuration Guide Library, Cisco IOS Release 12.4T.

Prerequisites

Components Used

The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

- Cisco 1841 Router with Cisco IOS Software Release 12.4(15T)
- Cisco CP Version 2.1

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, make sure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

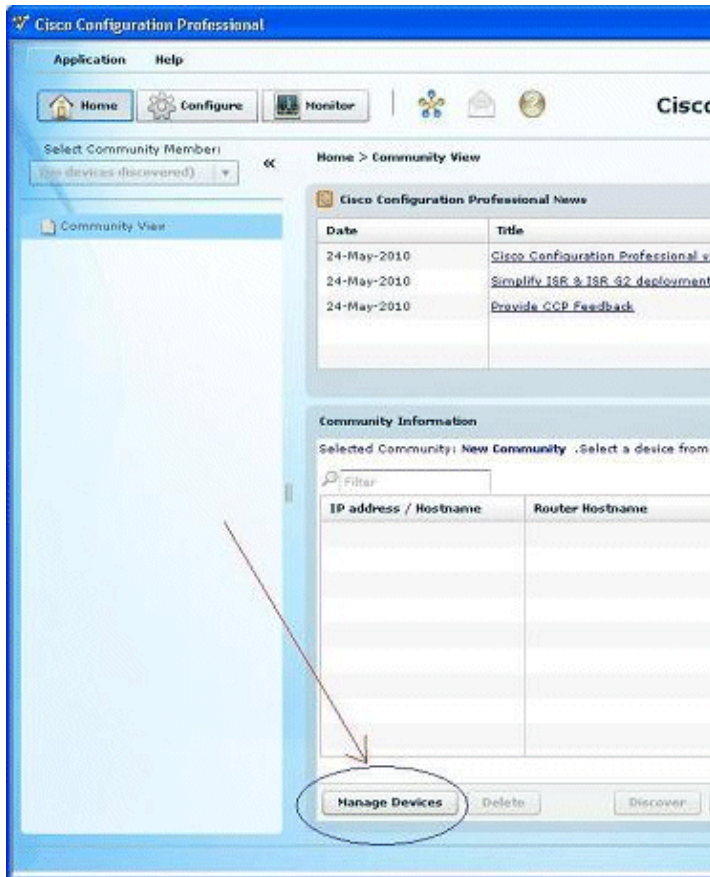
Install Cisco CP

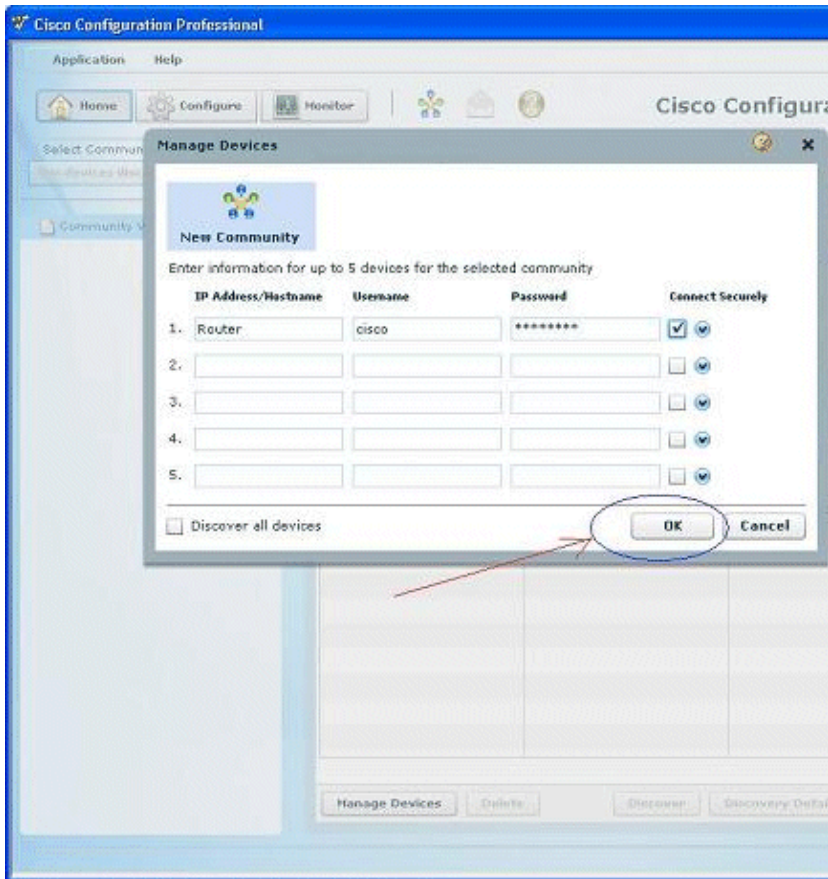
Perform these steps in order to install Cisco CP:

1. Download Cisco CP V2.1 from the Cisco Software Center (registered customers only) and install it on your local PC.

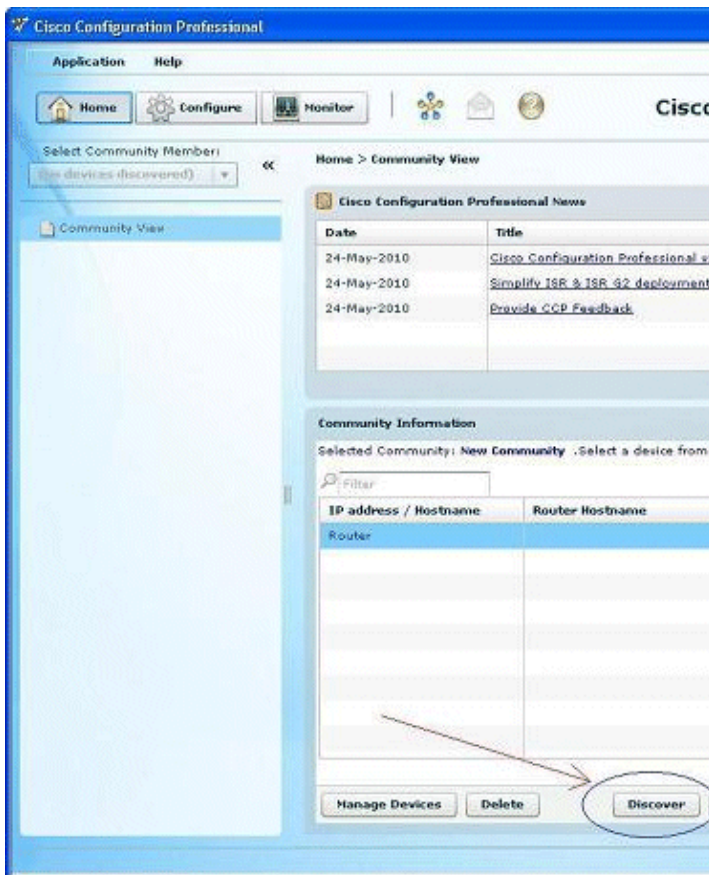
The latest version of Cisco CP can be found at the Cisco CP website.

2. Launch Cisco CP from your local PC through **Start > Programs > Cisco Configuration Professional Professional (CCP)** and choose the **Community** which has the router you want to configure.





3. In order to discover the device you want to configure, highlight the router and click **Discover**.



Note: For information on the Cisco router models and IOS releases that are compatible to Cisco CP v2.1, refer

to the Compatible Cisco IOS releases section.

Note: For information on the PC requirements that runs Cisco CP v2.1, refer to the System Requirements section.

Router Configuration to Run Cisco CP

Perform these configuration steps in order to run Cisco CP on a Cisco router:

1. Connect to your router using Telnet, SSH, or through the console.

Enter global configuration mode using this command:

```
Router(config)#enable
Router(config)#
```

2. If HTTP and HTTPS are enabled and configured to use nonstandard port numbers, you can skip this step and simply use the port number already configured.

Enable the router HTTP or HTTPS server using these Cisco IOS Software commands:

```
Router(config)# ip http server
Router(config)# ip http secure-server
Router(config)# ip http authentication local
```

3. Create a user with privilege level 15:

```
Router(config)# username <username> privilege 15 password 0 <password>
```

Note: Replace *<username>* and *<password>* with the username and password that you want to configure.

4. Configure SSH and Telnet for local log in and privilege level 15.

```
Router(config)# line vty 0 4
Router(config-line)# privilege level 15
Router(config-line)# login local
Router(config-line)# transport input telnet
Router(config-line)# transport input telnet ssh
Router(config-line)# exit
```

5. (Optional) Enable local logging to support the log monitoring function:

```
Router(config)# logging buffered 51200 warning
```

Requirements

This document assumes that the Cisco router is fully operational and configured to allow Cisco CP to make configuration changes.

For complete information on how to start using Cisco CP, refer to Getting Started with Cisco Configuration Professional.

Conventions

Refer to the Cisco Technical Tips Conventions for more information on document conventions.

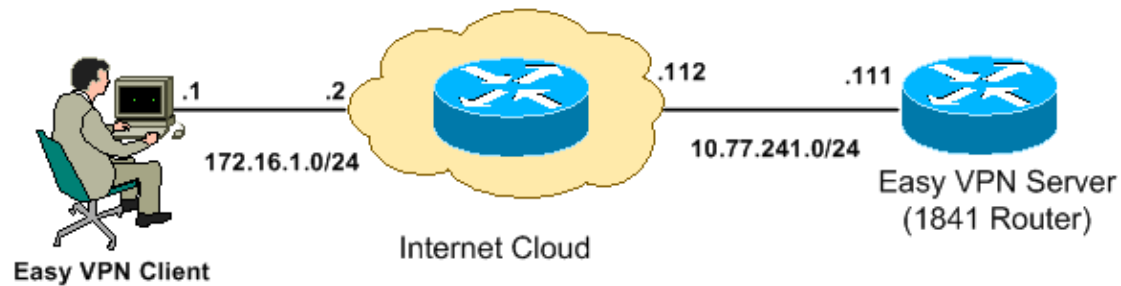
Configure

In this section, you are presented with the information to configure the basic settings for a router in a network.

Note: Use the Command Lookup Tool (registered customers only) to obtain more information on the commands used in this section.

Network Diagram

This document uses this network setup:



Note: The IP addressing schemes used in this configuration are not legally routable on the Internet. They are RFC 1918 [↗](#) addresses which have been used in a lab environment.

Cisco CP – Easy VPN Server Configuration

Perform these steps in order to configure the Cisco IOS router as an Easy VPN Server:


1. Choose **Configure > Security > VPN > Easy VPN Server > Create Easy VPN Server** and click **Launch Easy VPN Server Wizard** in order to configure the Cisco IOS router as an Easy VPN Server:

VPN

Create Easy VPN Server Edit Easy VPN Server

Cisco CP can guide you through Easy VPN Server configuration tasks.

Use Case Scenario



Use this option to configure this router as an Easy VPN Server. To complete the configuration, you must know the different group policies to which the clients can connect and their attributes.

Launch Easy VPN Server Wizard

2. Click **Next** in order to proceed with the **Easy VPN Server** configuration.

Easy VPN Server Wizard

VPN Wizard

Welcome to the Easy VPN Server Wizard

This wizard will guide you through configuring of an Easy VPN Server on this router. An Easy VPN Server allows a remote end user to use IP Security (IPSec) when communicating with a Cisco IOS Virtual Private Network (VPN) gateway. Centrally managed IPSec policies are "pushed" to the client by the server, minimizing configuration by the end user.

This wizard will guide you in performing the following tasks to successfully configure an Easy VPN Server on this router:

- * Configuring virtual template interface and authentications.
- * Configuring IKE policies.
- * Configuring an IPSec transform set.
- * Configuring a group policy lookup method.
- * Configuring user authentication.
- * Configuring external RADIUS server details.
- * Configuring group policies on the local router.
- * Configuring Cisco Tunneling Control Protocol (CTCP) optionally.

< Back Next > Finish Cancel Help

3. In the resulting window, a **Virtual Interface** will be configured as a part of the Easy VPN Server configuration. Provide the **IP Address of the Virtual Tunnel Interface** and also choose the

Authentication method used for authenticating the VPN clients. Here, **Pre-shared Keys** is the authentication method used. Click **Next**:

Easy VPN Server Wizard - 10% Complete

VPN Wizard

Interface and Authentication

Interface

A virtual template interface will be created as part of this Easy VPN Server configuration. Any Cisco IOS feature that should be applied before encryption to the traffic going into the VPN tunnel can be configured on this interface.

IP Address of Virtual Tunnel interface

Unnumbered to New Loopback Interface

IP Address: 13.10.10.10

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 bits: 24

Unnumbered to: FastEthernet0/0 Details...

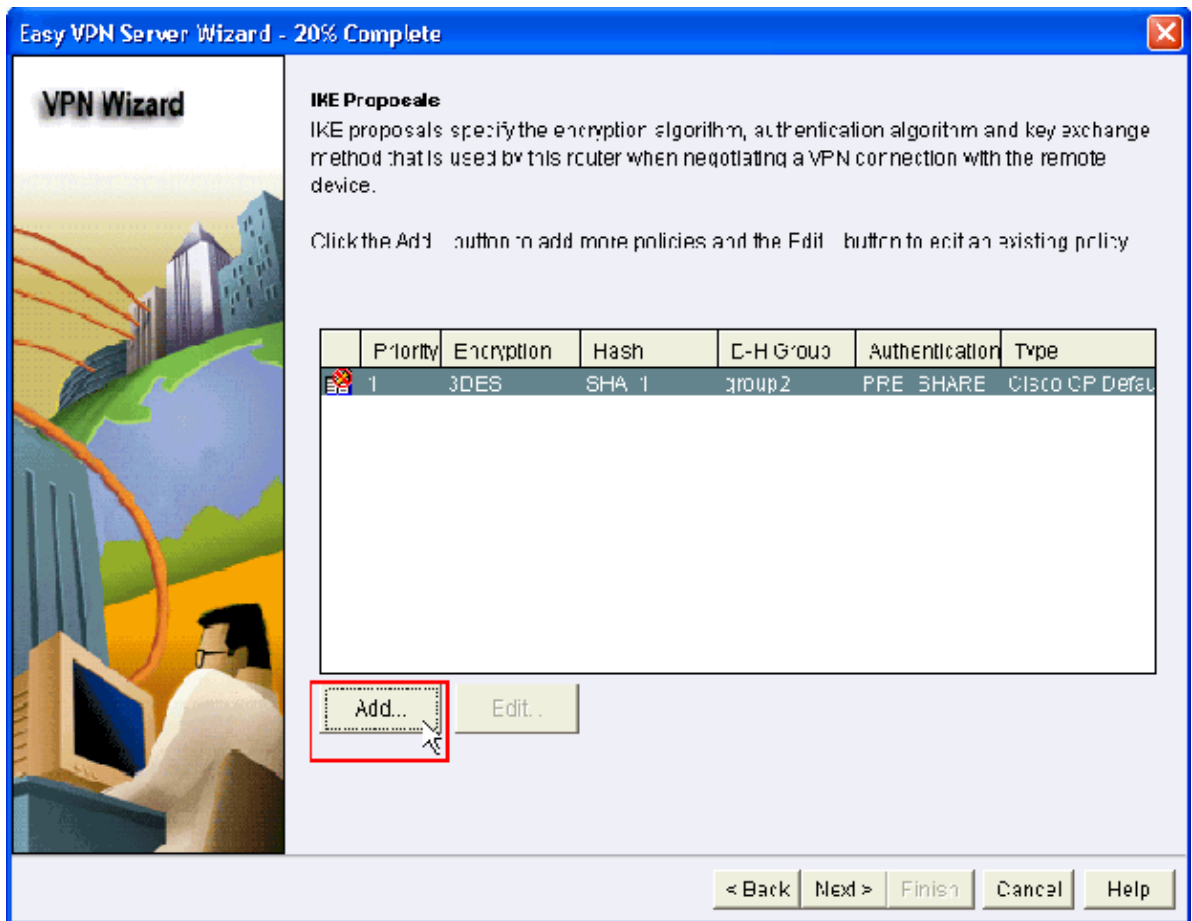
Authentication

Select the method used for authenticating VPN clients connecting to this Easy VPN Server.

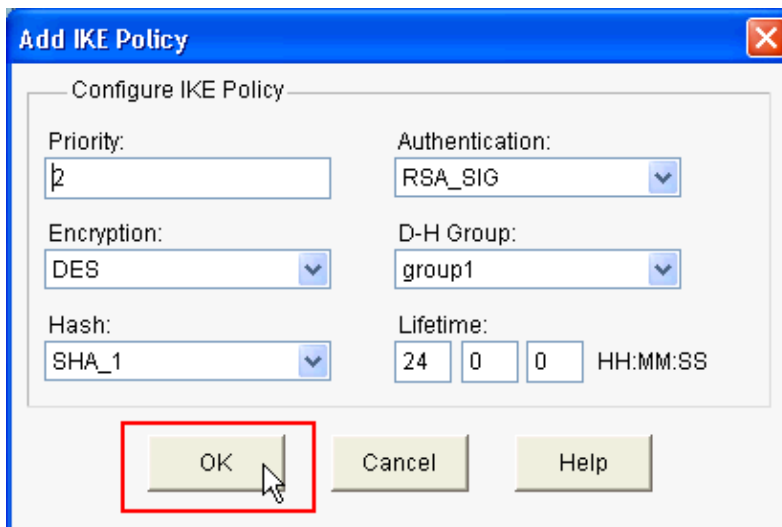
Pre-shared Keys Digital Certificates Built-in

< Back Next > Finish Cancel Help

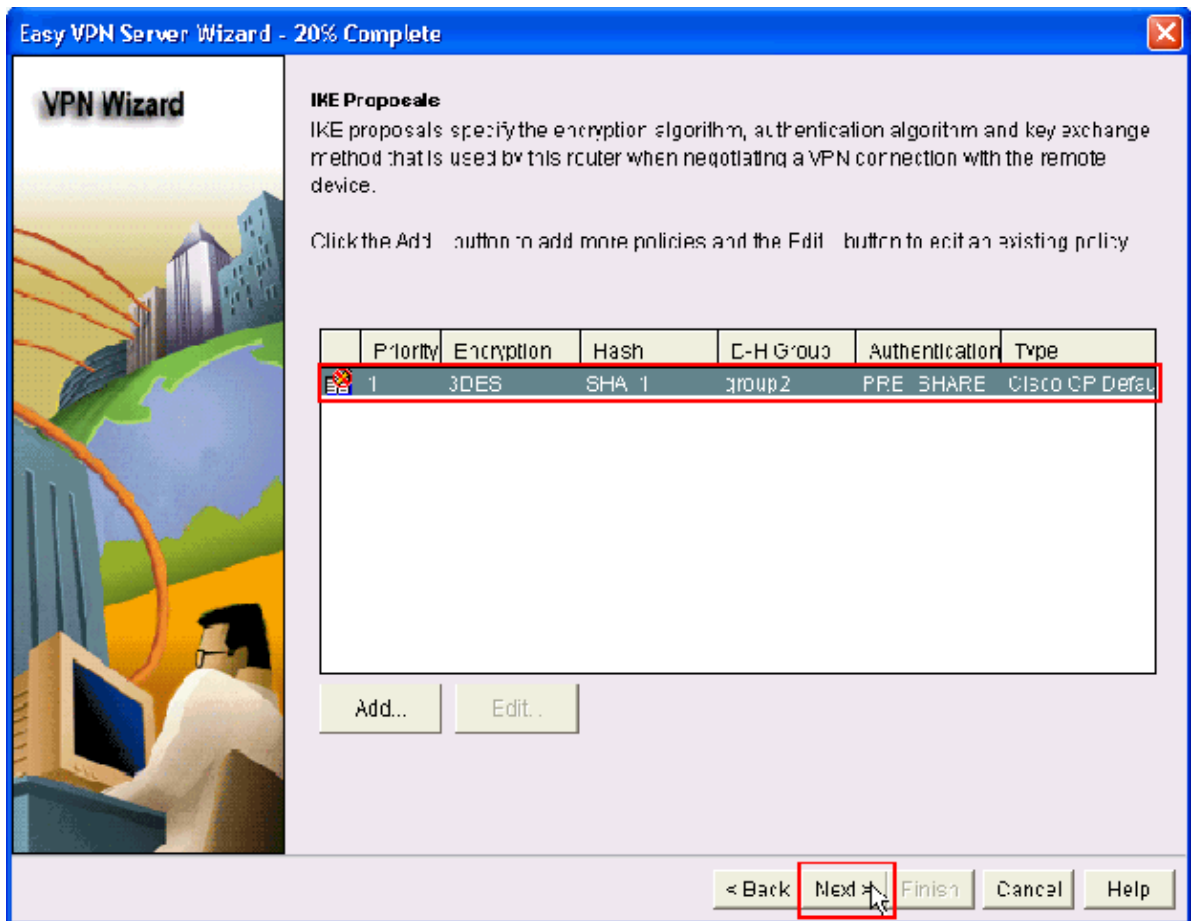
4. Specify the **Encryption algorithm, authentication algorithm and key exchange method** to be used by this router when negotiating with the remote device. A default IKE policy is present on the router which can be used if required. If you want to add a new IKE policy, click Add.



5. Provide **Encryption Algorithm, Authentication Algorithm, and the Key Exchange method** as shown here, then click **OK**:

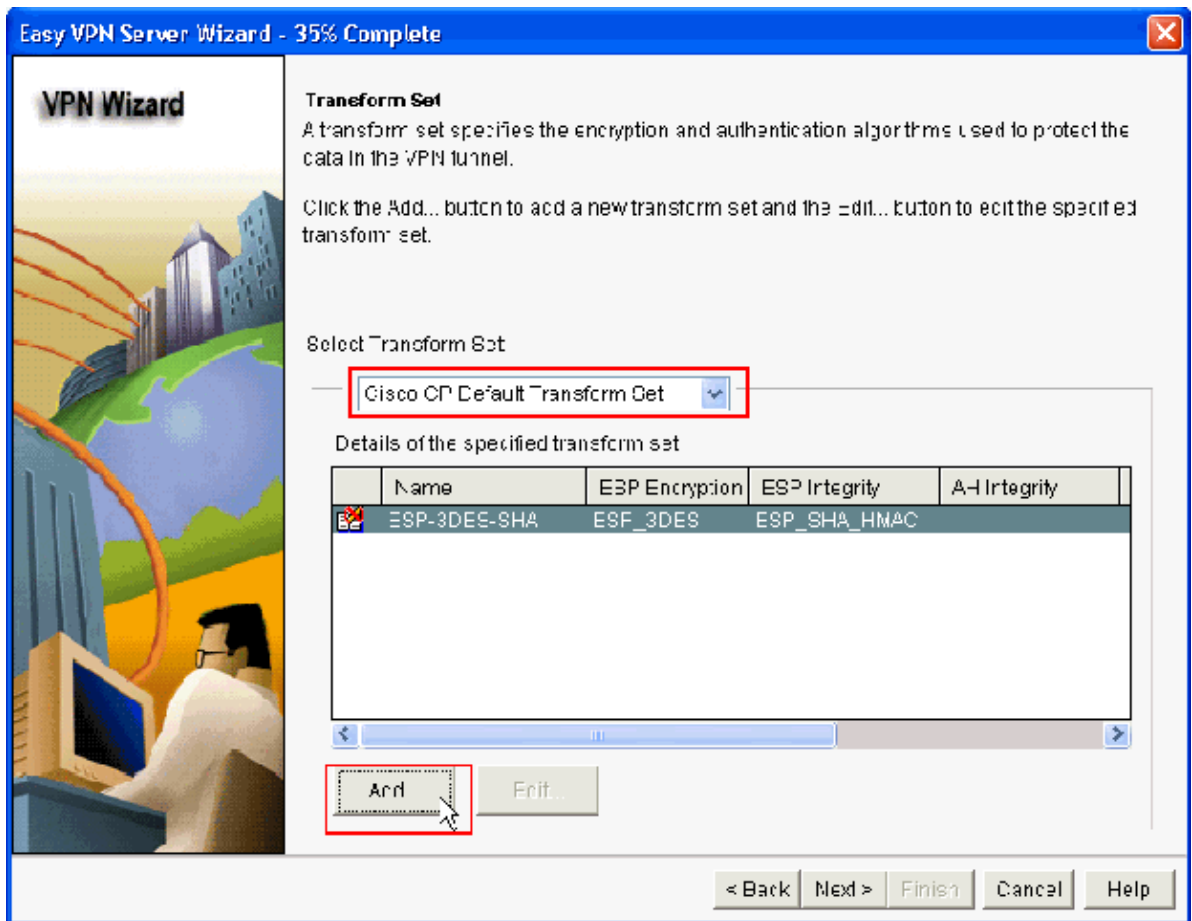


6. The **Default IKE policy** is used in this example. As a result, choose the default IKE policy and click **Next**.

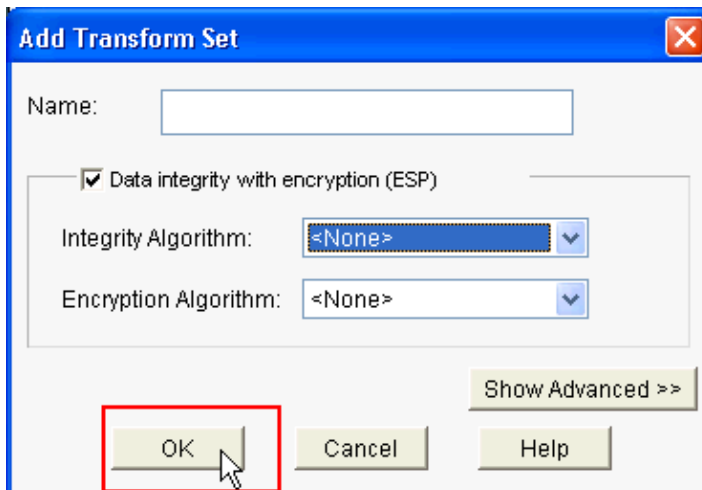


7. In the new window, the **Transform Set** details should be provided. The Transform Set specifies the **Encryption** and **Authentication** algorithms used to protect **Data in VPN Tunnel**. Click **Add** to provide these details. You can add any number of Transform Sets as needed when you click **Add** and provide the details.

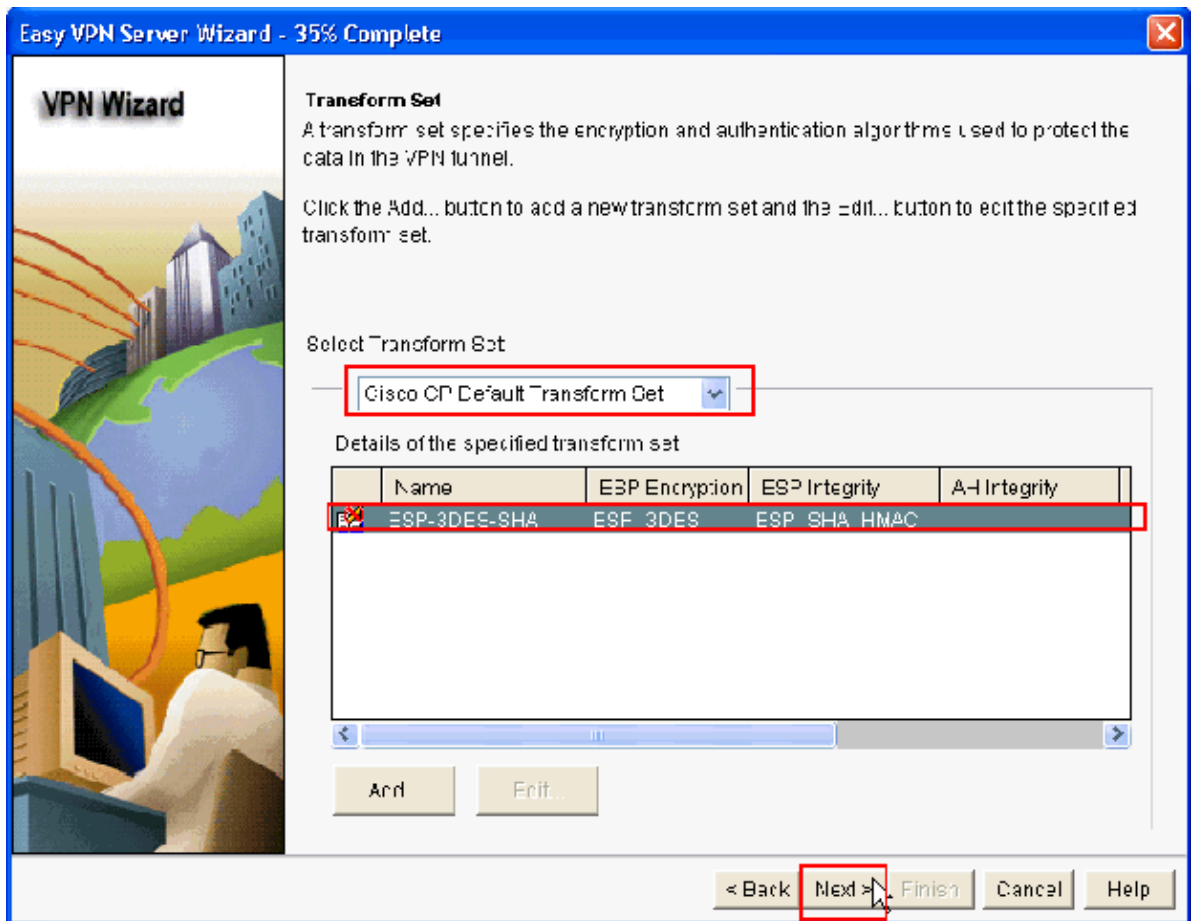
Note: **CP Default Transform Set** is present by default on the router when configured using **Cisco CP**.



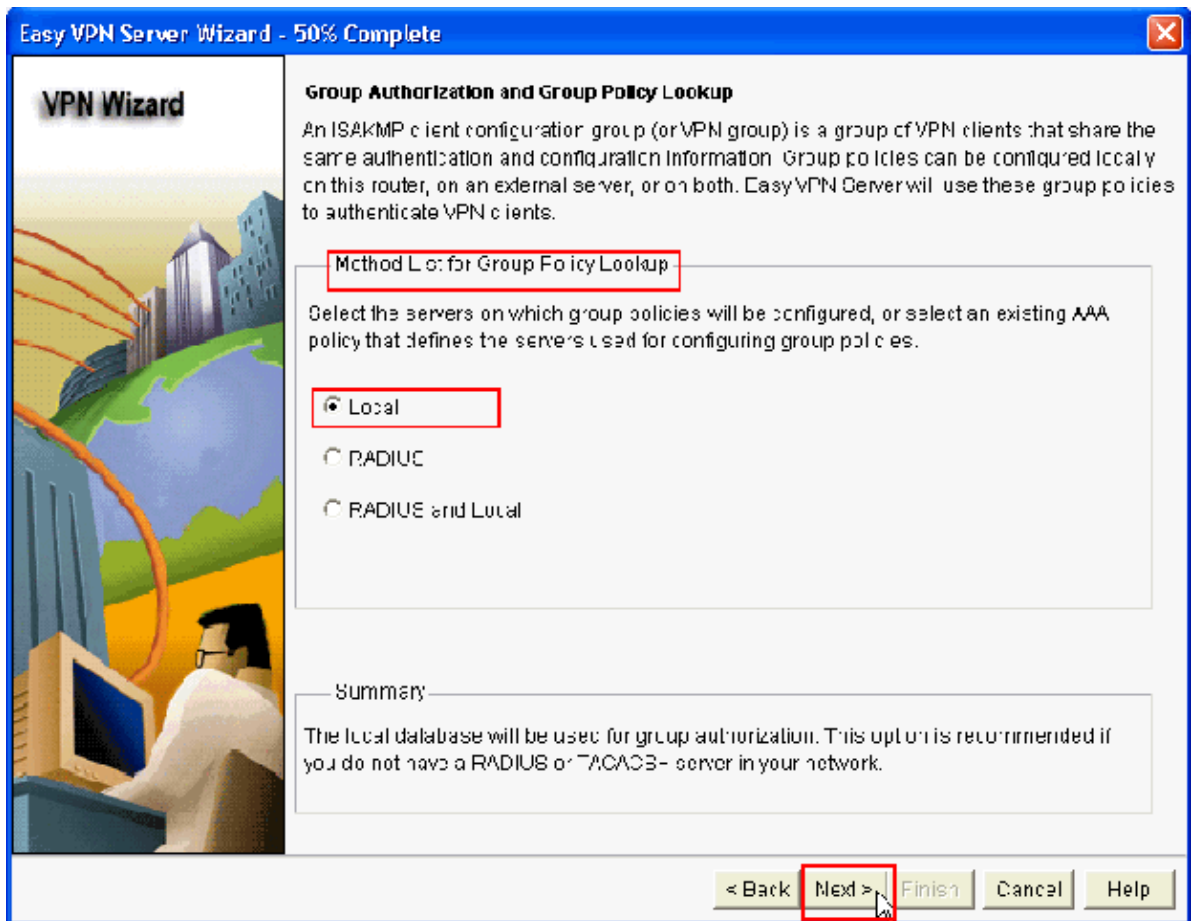
8. Provide the **Transform Set** details (**Encryption and Authentication Algorithm**) and click **OK**.



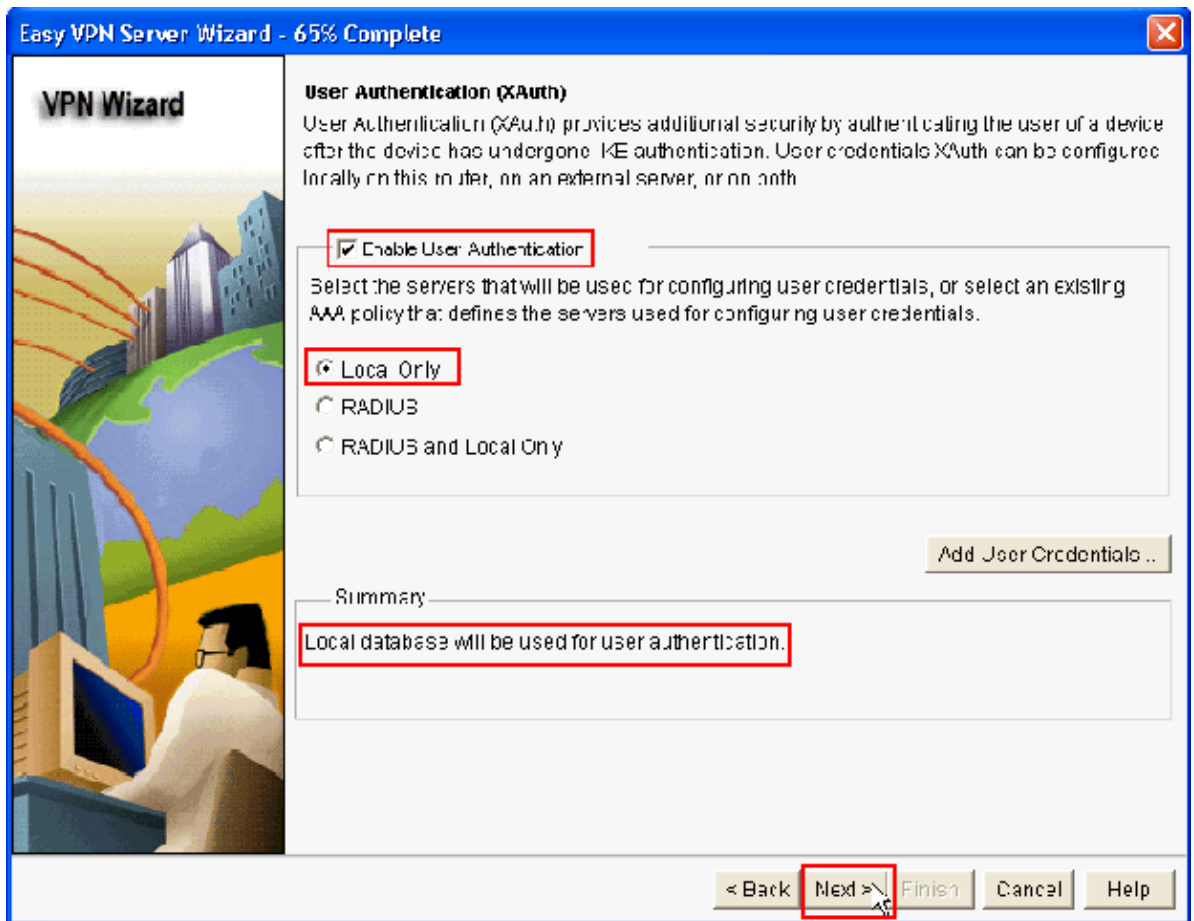
9. The **Default Transform Set** named **CP Default Transform Set** is used in this example. As a result, choose the default Transform Set and click **Next**.



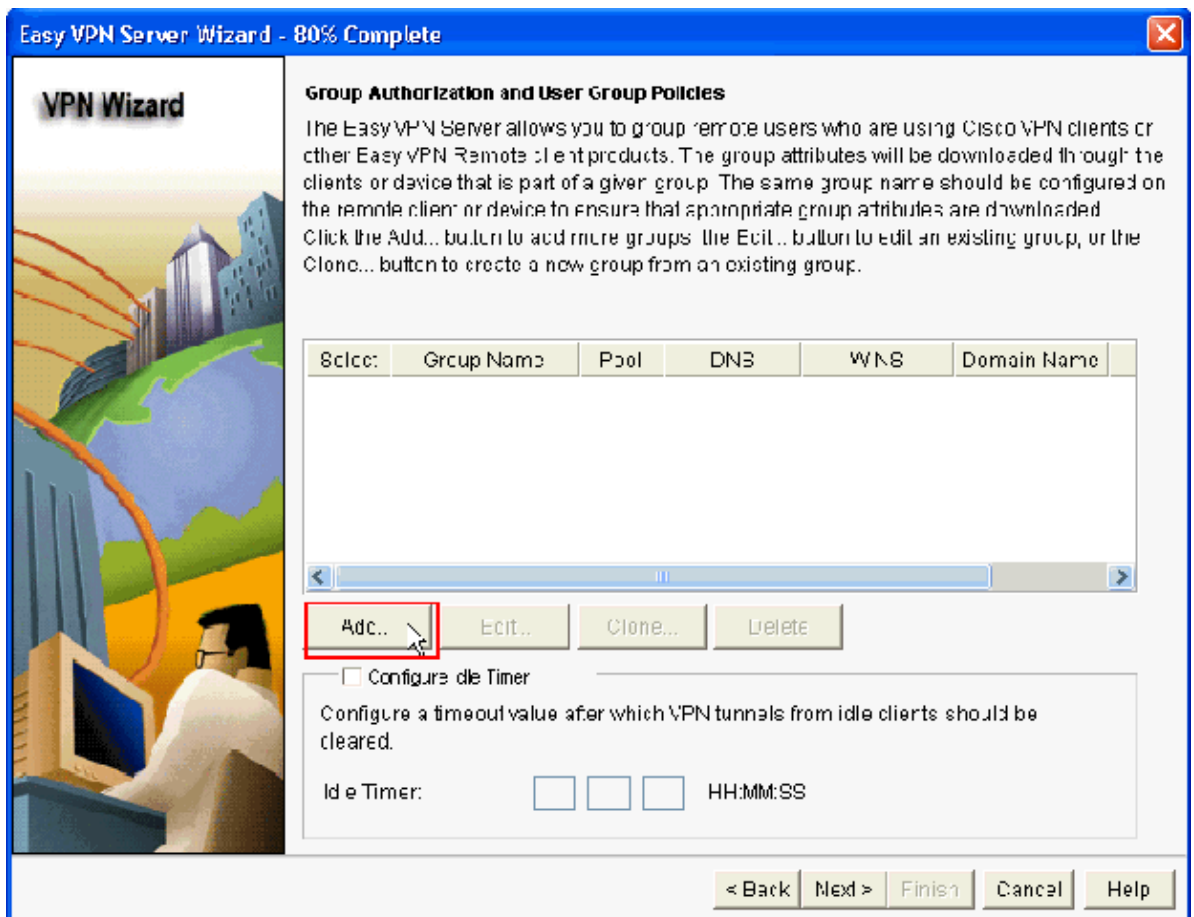
10. In the new window, choose the server on which the group policies will be configured which can be either **Local** or **RADIUS** or both **Local and RADIUS**. In this example, we use **Local server** to configure group policies. Choose **Local** and click **Next**.



11. Choose the server to be used for User Authentication in this new window which can be either **Local Only** or **RADIUS** or both **Local Only and RADIUS**. In this example we use **Local server** to configure User credentials for authentication. Make sure the check box next to **Enable User Authentication** is checked. Choose **Local Only** and click **Next**.



12. Click **Add** to create a new group policy and to add the remote users in this group.



13. In the **Add Group Policy** window, provide the group name in the space provide for **Name of This Group** (**cisco** in this example) along with **Pre-shared key**, and the **IP Pool** (the **Starting IP address** and **Ending IP address**) information as shown and click **OK**.

Note: You can create a new IP pool or use an existing IP pool if present.

Add Group Policy

General | DNS/WINS | Split Tunneling | Client Settings | XAuth Options | Client Update

Name of This Group:

Pre-shared Keys

Specify the key that will be used to authenticate the clients associated with this group.

Current Key: <None>

Enter new pre-shared key:

Reenter new pre-shared key:

Pool Information

Specify a local pool containing a range of addresses that will be used to allocate an internal IP address to a client.

Create a new pool Select from an existing pool

Starting IP address:

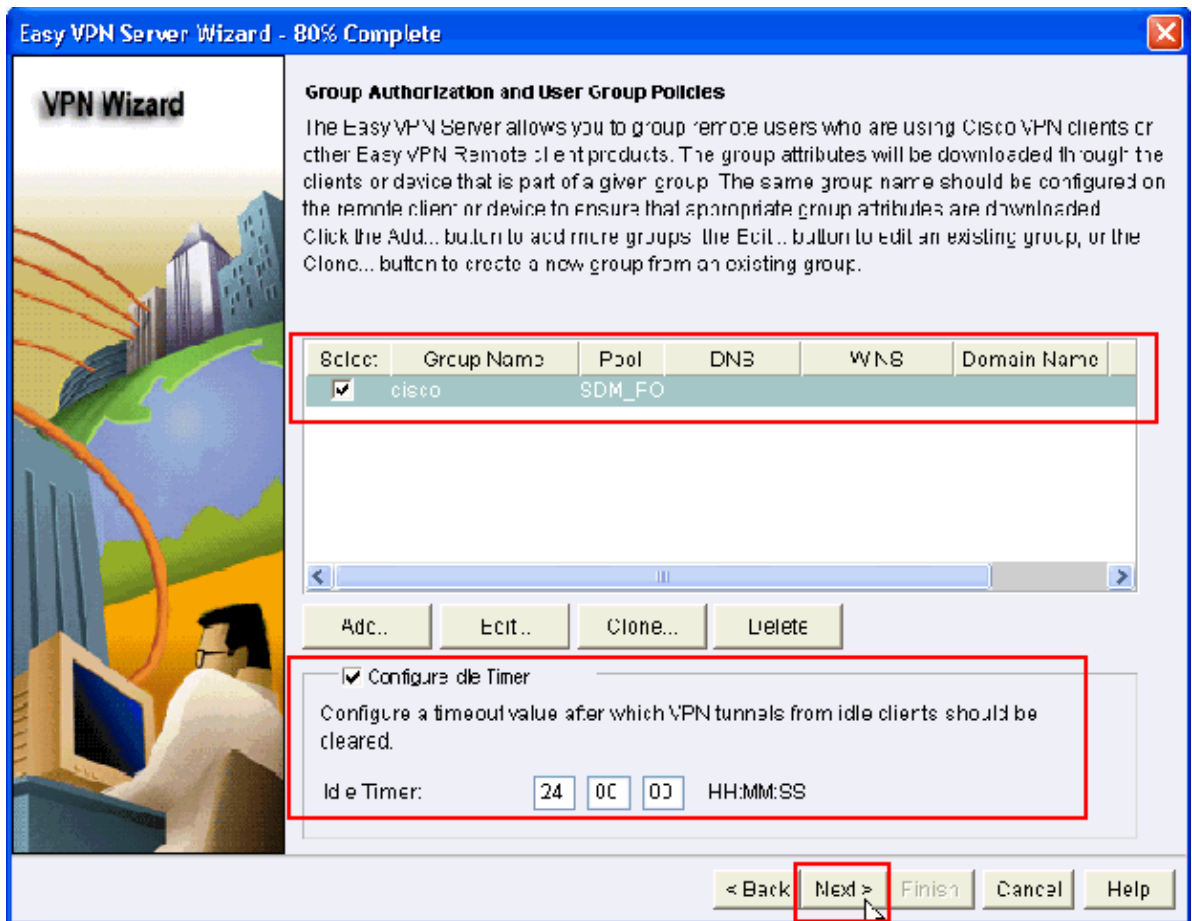
Ending IP address:

Enter the subnet mask that should be sent to the client along with the IP address.

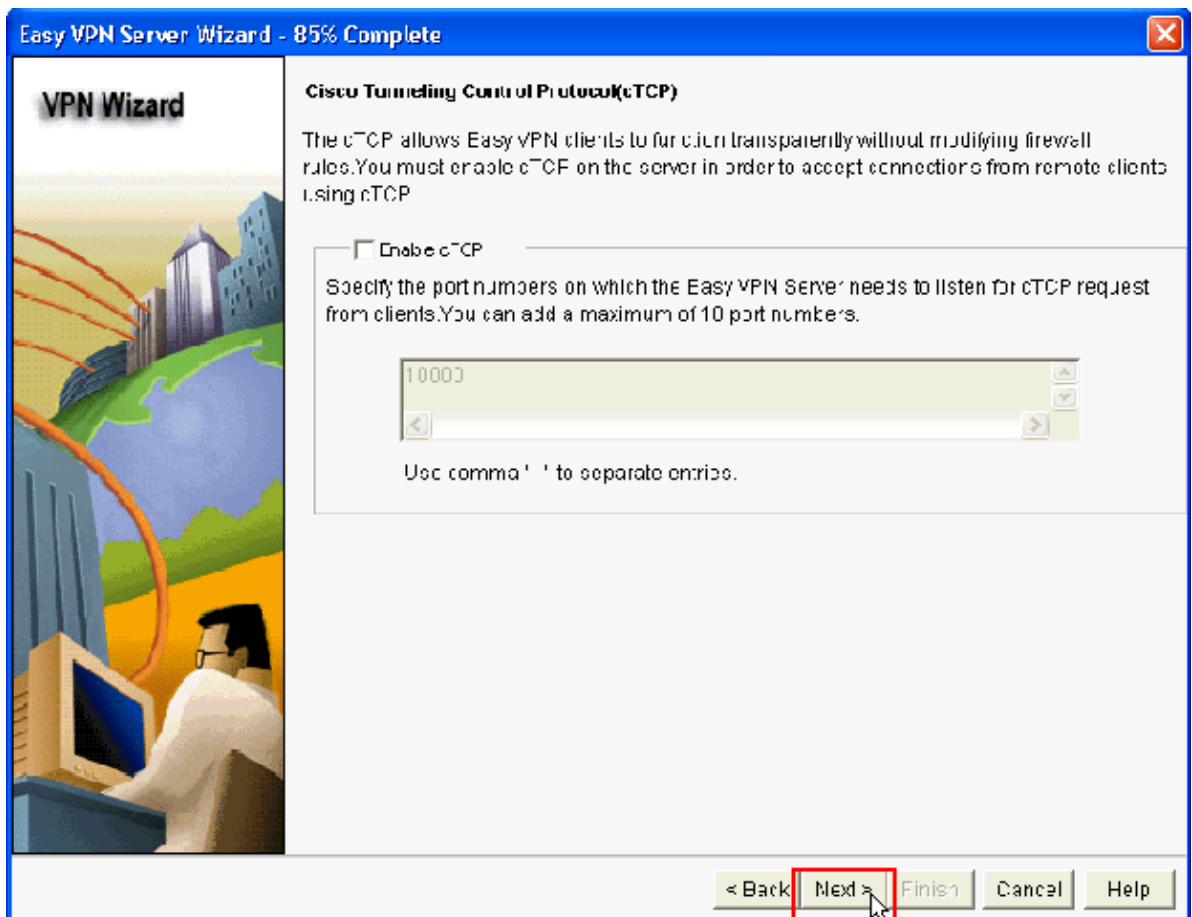
Subnet Mask: (Optional)

Maximum Connections Allowed:

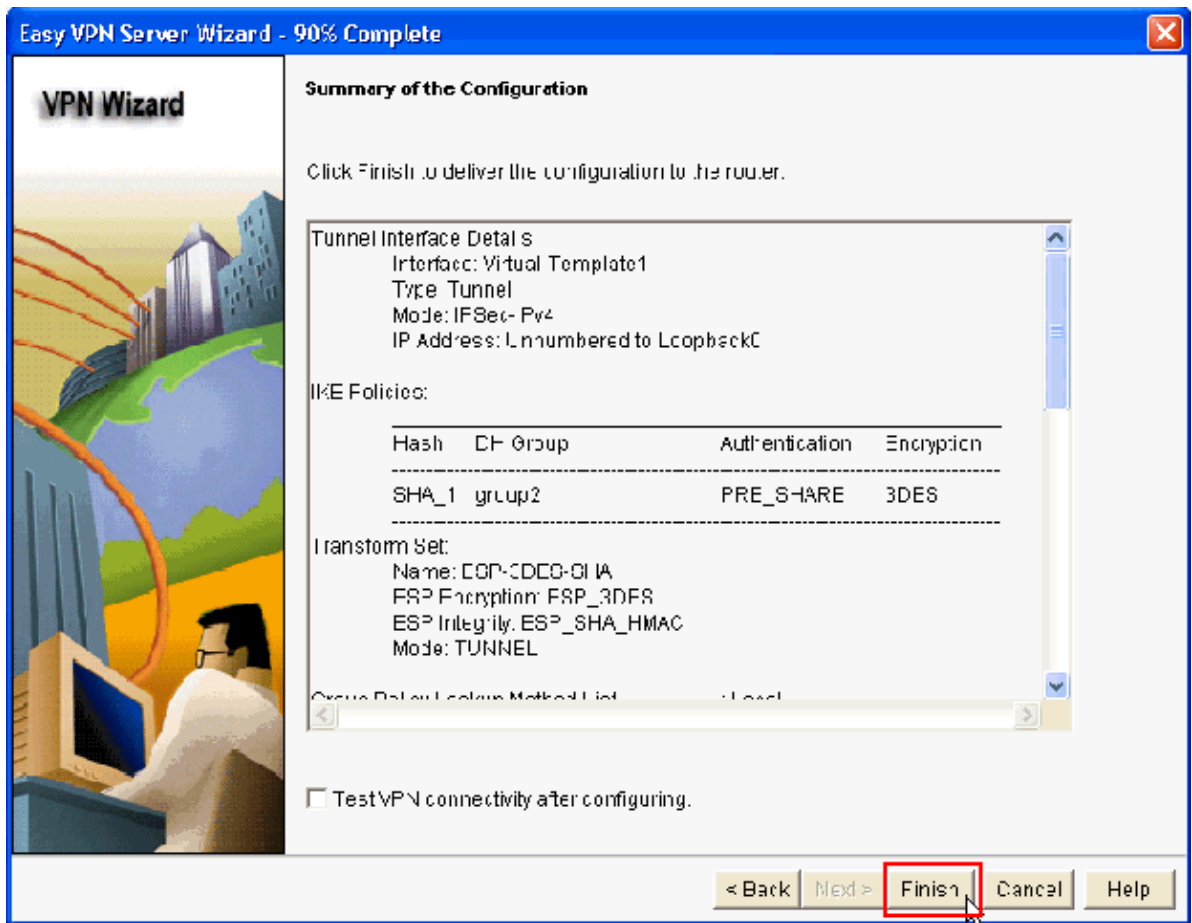
14. Now choose the new **Group Policy** created with the name **cisco** and then click the check box next to **Configure Idle Timer** as required in order to configure the **Idle Timer**. Click **Next**.



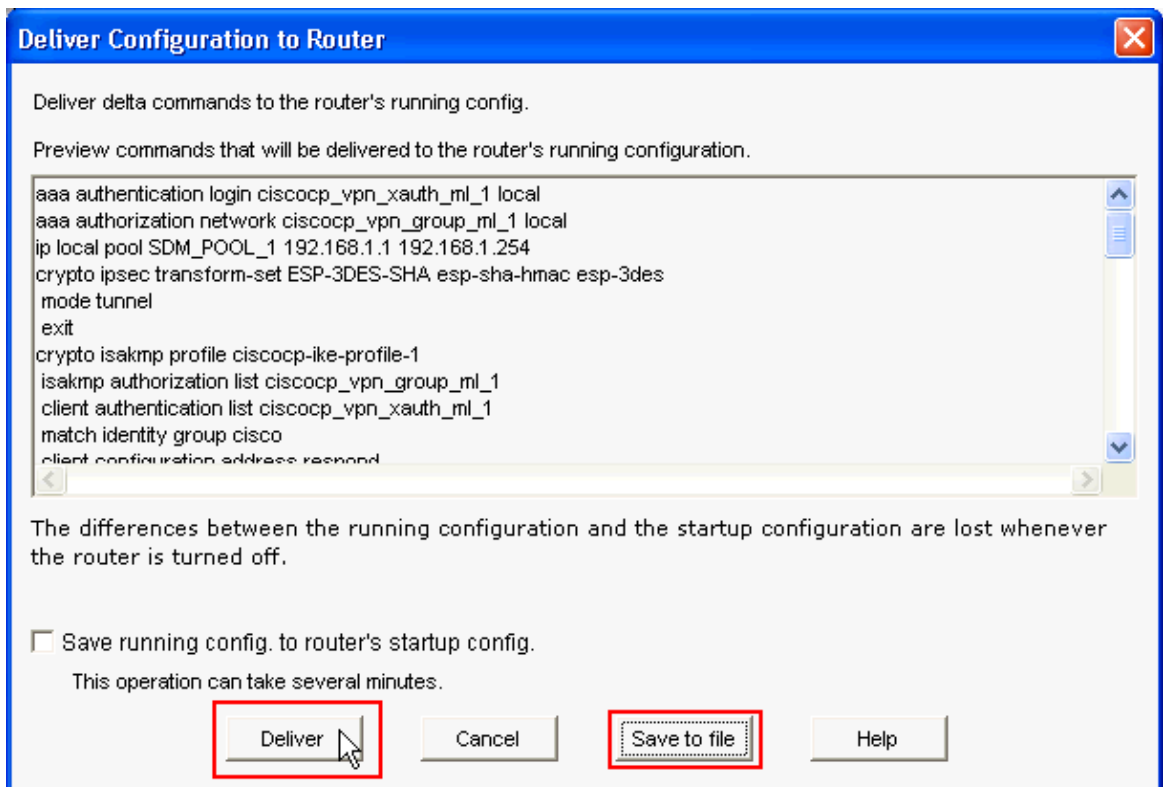
15. Enable Cisco Tunneling Control Protocol (cTCP) if required. Otherwise, click Next.



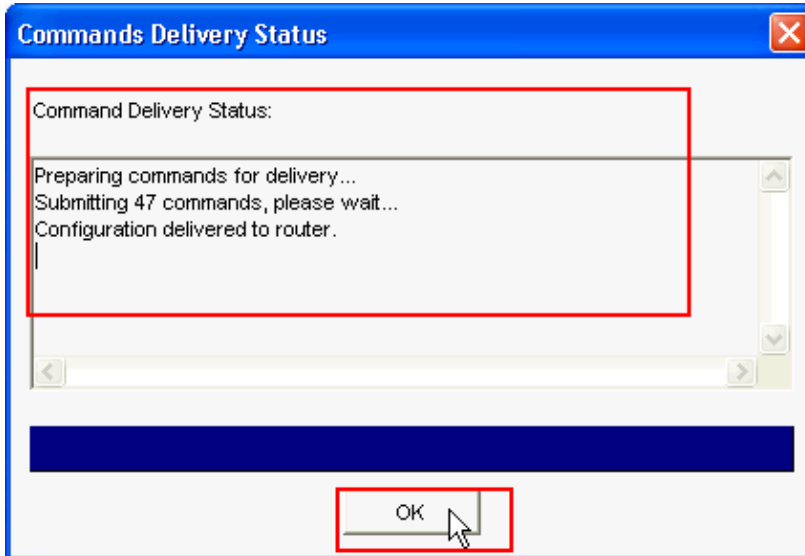
16. Review the **Summary of the Configuration**. Click **Finish**.



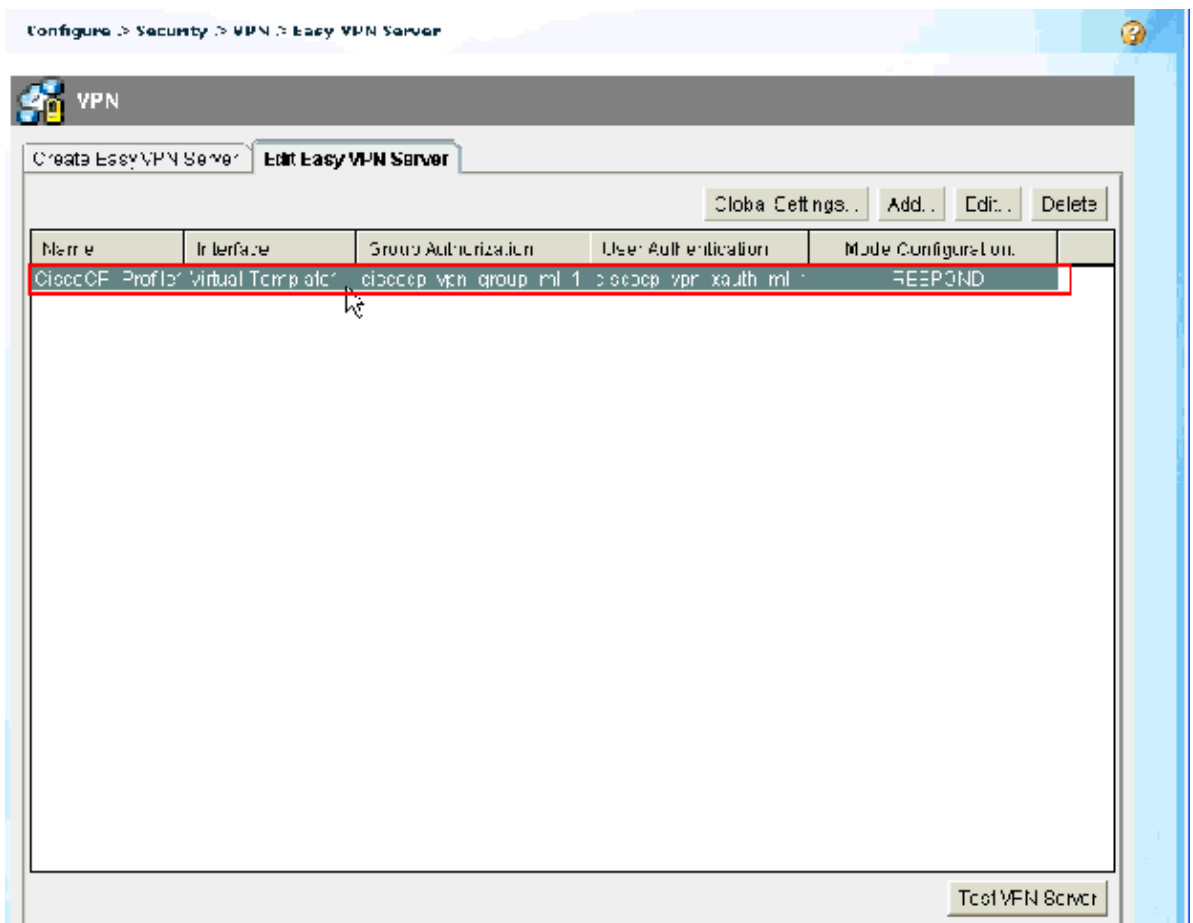
17. In the **Deliver Configuration to Router** window, click **Deliver** to deliver the configuration to the router. You can click on **Save to file** to save the configuration as a file on the PC.



18. The **Command Delivery Status** window shows the delivery status of the commands to the router. It appears as **Configuration delivered to router**. Click **OK**.



19. You can see the newly created Easy VPN Server. You can edit the existing server by choosing **Edit Easy VPN Server**. This completes the Easy VPN Server configuration on the Cisco IOS Router.



CLI Configuration

Router Configuration
Router#show run

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 2069 bytes

!

```
version 12.4
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log datetime msec
no service password-encryption
hostname Router
boot-start-marker
boot-end-marker
```

```
no logging buffered
enable password cisco
```

*!---AAA enabled using aaa newmodel command. Also
AAA Authentication and Authorization are enabled---!*

aaa new-model

```
!
!  
aaa authentication login ciscocp_vpn_xauth_ml_1 local  
aaa authorization network ciscocp_vpn_group_ml_1 local
```

!

!

```
aaa session-id common
```

```
ip cef
```

!

!

!

!

```
ip domain name cisco.com
```

!

```
multilink bundle-name authenticated
```

!

!

!--- Configuration for IKE policies.

!--- Enables the IKE policy configuration (config-isakmp)

!--- command mode, where you can specify the parameters that

*!--- are used during an IKE negotiation. Encryption and Policy details are hidden
as the default values are chosen.*

crypto isakmp policy 1

```
  encr 3des
```

```
  authentication pre-share
```

```
  group 2
```

```
crypto isakmp keepalive 10
```

!

```
crypto isakmp client configuration group cisco
```

```
  key cisco123
```

```
  pool SDM_POOL_1
```

```
crypto isakmp profile ciscocp-ike-profile-1
```

```
  match identity group cisco
```

```
  client authentication list ciscocp_vpn_xauth_ml_1
```

```
  isakmp authorization list ciscocp_vpn_group_ml_1
```

```
  client configuration address respond
```

```
  virtual-template 1
```

!

!

!--- Configuration for IPsec policies.

!--- Enables the crypto transform configuration mode,

!--- where you can specify the transform sets that are used

!--- during an IPsec negotiation.

```
crypto ipsec transform-set ESP-3DES-SHA esp-3des esp-sha-hmac
!
crypto ipsec profile CiscoCP_Profile1
  set security-association idle-time 86400
  set transform-set ESP-3DES-SHA
  set isakmp-profile cisco-cp-ike-profile-1
!
!
!
```

*!--- RSA certificate generated after you enable the
!--- ip http secure-server command.*

```
crypto pki trustpoint TP-self-signed-1742995674
  enrollment selfsigned
  subject-name cn=IOS-Self-Signed-Certificate-1742995674
  revocation-check none
  rsa-key-pair TP-self-signed-1742995674
```

!--- Create a user account named cisco123 with all privileges.

```
username cisco123 privilege 15 password 0 cisco123
archive
  log config
  hidekeys
!
!
```

!--- Interface configurations are done as shown below---

```
interface Loopback0
  ip address 10.10.10.10 255.255.255.0
!
interface FastEthernet0/0
  ip address 10.77.241.111 255.255.255.192
  duplex auto
  speed auto
!
interface Virtual-Template1 type tunnel
  ip unnumbered Loopback0
  tunnel mode ipsec ipv4
  tunnel protection ipsec profile CiscoCP_Profile1
!
```

!--- VPN pool named SDM_POOL_1 has been defined in the below command---

```
ip local pool SDM_POOL_1 192.168.1.1 192.168.1.254
```

!--- This is where the commands to enable HTTP and HTTPS are configured.

```
ip http server
ip http authentication local
ip http secure-server
!
!
!
!
control-plane
!
line con 0
line aux 0
```

```

!--- Telnet enabled with password as cisco.

line vty 0 4
 password cisco
 transport input all
 scheduler allocate 20000 1000
!
!
!
end

```

Verify

Easy VPN Server – show Commands

Use this section to confirm that your configuration works properly.

- **show crypto isakmp sa** Shows all current IKE SAs at a peer.

```

Router#show crypto isakmp sa

IPv4 Crypto ISAKMP SA
dst          src          state          conn-id slot status
10.77.241.111 172.16.1.1    QM_IDLE       1003      0  ACTIVE

```

- **show crypto ipsec sa** Shows all current IPsec SAs at a peer.

```

Router#show crypto ipsec sa
          interface: Virtual-Access2
          Crypto map tag: Virtual-Access2-head-0, local addr 10.77.241.111

protected vrf: (none)
local  ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0/0/0)
remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.1.3/255.255.255.255/0/0)
current_peer 172.16.1.1 port 1086
  PERMIT, flags={origin_is_acl,}
  #pkts encaps: 28, #pkts encrypt: 28, #pkts digest: 28
  #pkts decaps: 36, #pkts decrypt: 36, #pkts verify: 36
  #pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
  #pkts not compressed: 0, #pkts compr. failed: 0
  #pkts not decompressed: 0, #pkts decompress failed: 0
  #send errors 0, #recv errors 2

local crypto endpt.: 10.77.241.111, remote crypto endpt.: 172.16.1.1
path mtu 1500, ip mtu 1500, ip mtu idb FastEthernet0/0
current outbound spi: 0x186C05EF(409732591)

inbound esp sas:
  spi: 0x42FC8173(1123844467)
    transform: esp-3des esp-sha-hmac

```

Troubleshoot

The Output Interpreter Tool (registered customers only) (OIT) supports certain **show** commands. Use the OIT to view an analysis of **show** command output.

Note: Refer to Important Information on Debug Commands before you issue debug commands.

Related Information

- [IPSec Negotiation/IKE Protocols](#)
 - [Cisco Configuration Professional Quick Start Guide](#)
 - [Cisco Product Support Page – Routers](#)
 - [Technical Support & Documentation – Cisco Systems](#)
-

[Contacts & Feedback](#) | [Help](#) | [Site Map](#)

© 2014 – 2015 Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved. [Terms & Conditions](#) | [Privacy Statement](#) | [Cookie Policy](#) | [Trademarks of Cisco Systems, Inc.](#)

Updated: Jun 22, 2010

Document ID: 112037
