

# APIC SSD Replacement

## Contents

---

[Objective](#)

[Common Symptoms](#)

[Are your APIC SSDs affected - How to Check?](#)

[Check List prior to SSD replacement](#)

[SSD Replacement Procedure](#)

[Step 1](#)

[Step 2](#)

[Step 3](#)

[For CIMC release 3.0\(3\) or newer](#)

[For CIMC release prior 3.0\(3\)](#)

[Step 4](#)

[Step 5](#)

[Field Notices / Bug references](#)

---

## Objective

The endurance of Application Policy Infrastructure Controller (APIC) Solid State Drives (SSDs) is worn out over the course of high usage for specific type of SSDs. This leads to slow SSD writes, and the SSD can become read-only. When the SSD drive is degraded, it can cause CPU spikes in APIC services.

Field Notice: [FN - 64329](#) recommends that all APIC SSDs with product ID APIC-SD120G0KS2-EV and / or APIC-SD120GBKS4-EV should be replaced, regardless of percent utilized, with a new Enterprise level SSD - Part Number UCS-SD200G12S3-EP.

This document outlines the procedure on how identify the APIC SSD product ID and how to replace the SSD on the APICs affected by the field notice .

It will supplement the existing SSD replacement docs listed below

[Cisco APIC SSD Replacement Release 3.x and Earlier](#)

[Cisco APIC SSD Replacement Release 4.x and Later](#)

## Common Symptoms

In ACI releases starting 2.3, there is also a fault generated in the APIC to let you know when you are getting close to an SSD Endurance issue.

F2730: fltEqptStorageWearout-Warning

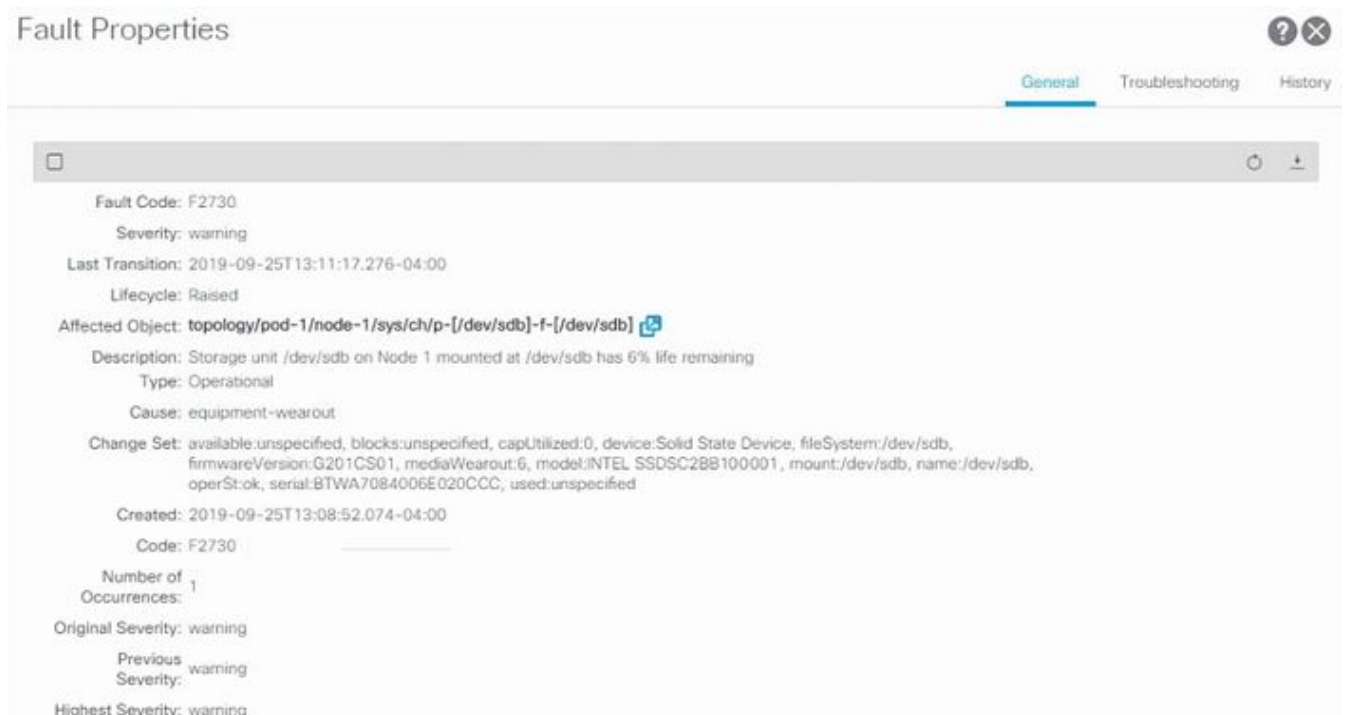
F2731: fltEqptStorageWearout-Major

F2732: fltEqptStorageWearout-Critical

### Example:

Fault F2730: "Storage unit /dev/sdb on Node x mounted at /dev/sdb has x% life remaining [This fault

will provide the SSD serial number ]”.



*Fault F2730*

This specific SSD endurance issue exists in two types of SSD which have product ID APIC-SD120G0KS2-EV and/or APIC-SD120GBKS4-EV.

Cisco recommends that you replace these SSDs, regardless of percent utilized, with a new Enterprise level SSD.

## Are your APIC SSDs affected - How to Check?

To Identify if the APIC SSD product ID is affected by the field notice, get the SSD SN from the CIMC GUI.

### For CIMC 3.0(3) or newer

Log in to Cisco IMC GUI.

a- Expand the CIMC menu with the Toggle Navigation (top left corner), Storage, Cisco 12G SAS Modular Raid Controller

b - Click On Physical Drive Info

c - On the left side, Physical drives, select PD-1 (it should be the SSD)

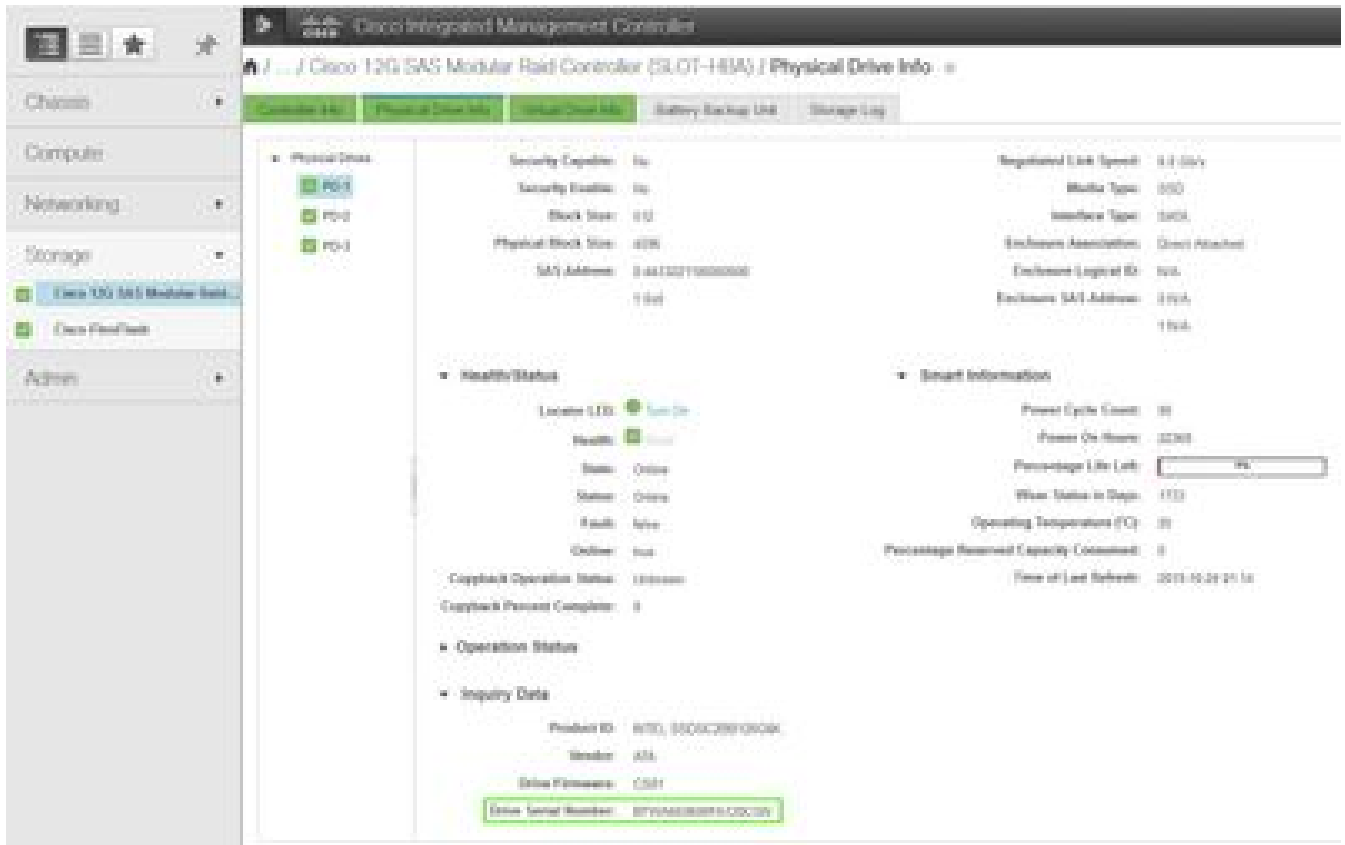
d - General, Media Type should be SSD

e - Inquiry Data, Drive Serial Number and copy the serial number

f - Paste the SSD serial number in the following website and check if the SSD serial number matches the affected Product ID

g- You can also check the "Percentage Life Left" from the screen below to show the usage.

<https://cway.cisco.com/sncheck/>



*Cisco IMC 3.0(4d)*

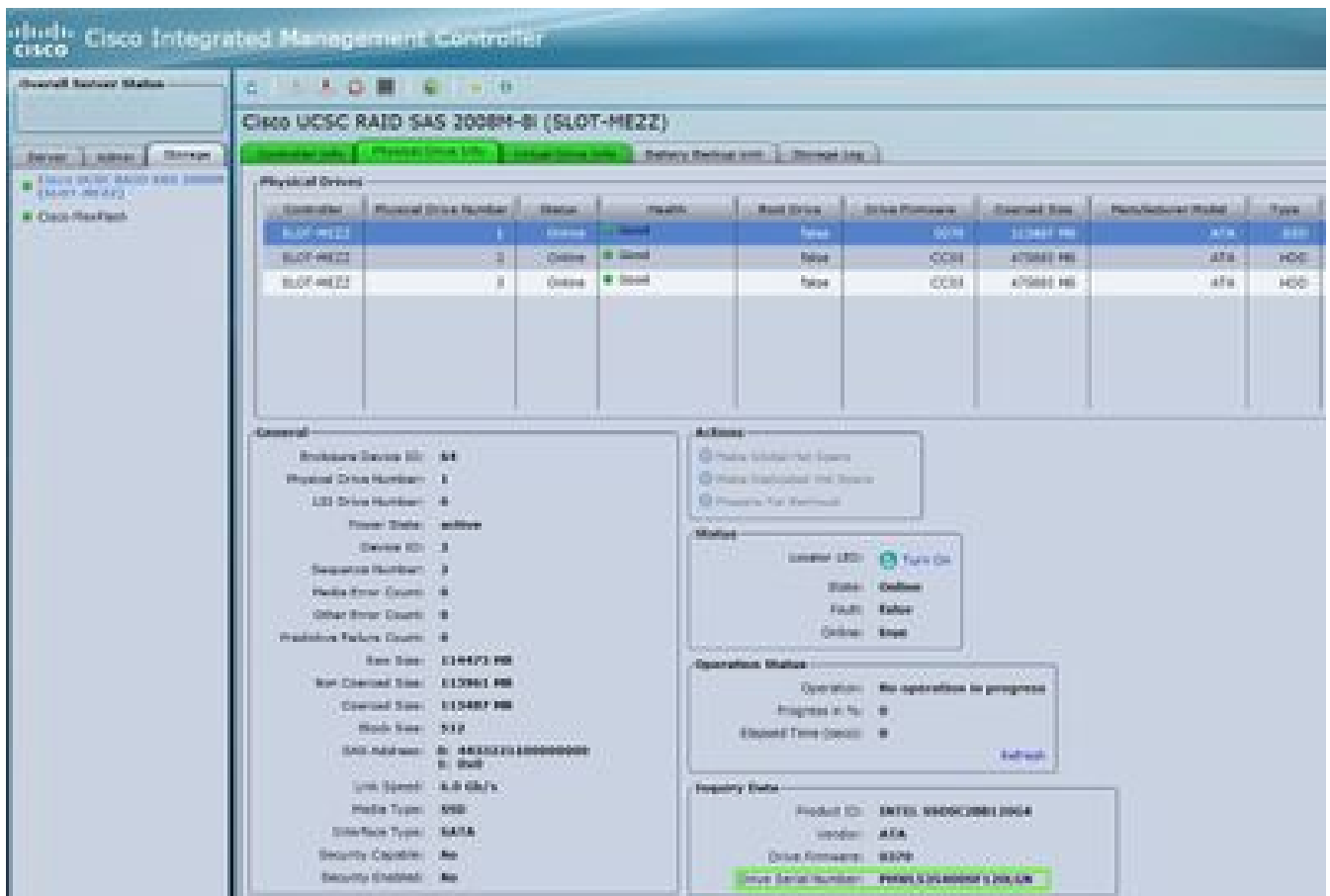
**Or**

**For CIMC release prior 3.0(3)**

Log in to Cisco IMC GUI.

- a- Select Storage, Cisco UCSC RAID SAS 200xx
- b - Click On Physical Drive Info
- c - Select the SSD from the Physical Drives list
- d - Inquiry Data, Drive Serial Number and copy the serial number
- e - Paste the SSD serial number in the following website and check if the SSD serial number matches the affected Product ID

<https://cway.cisco.com/sncheck/>



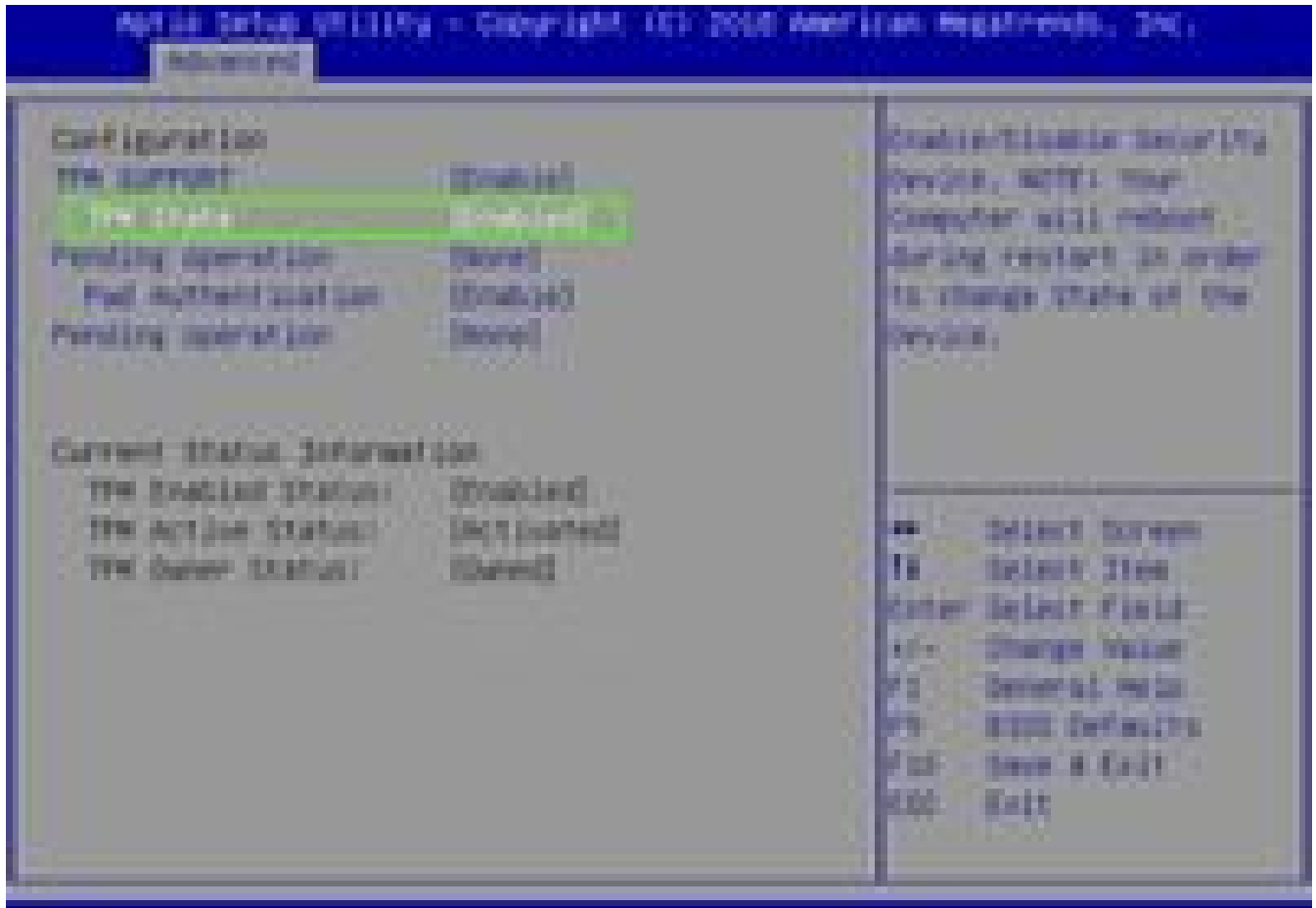
Cisco IMC 2.0(9c)

2 - If the APIC SSD SN matches the affected Product ID APIC-SD120G0KS2-EV and / or APIC-SD120GBKS4-EV, create a TAC case with the APIC SSD serial number and CDETS [CSCvc84794](#)

## Check List prior to SSD replacement

1. If your Cisco IMC release is earlier than 2.0(9c), you must upgrade the Cisco IMC software before replacing the solid-state drive (SSD). Refer to the Cisco IMC [release notes](#) of the target Cisco IMC release to determine the recommended upgrade path from your current release to the target release. Every ACI release has a recommended Cisco IMC release in the ACI [release notes](#). Follow the instructions in the current version of the Cisco Host Upgrade Utility (HUU) User Guide at this [link](#) to perform the upgrade.

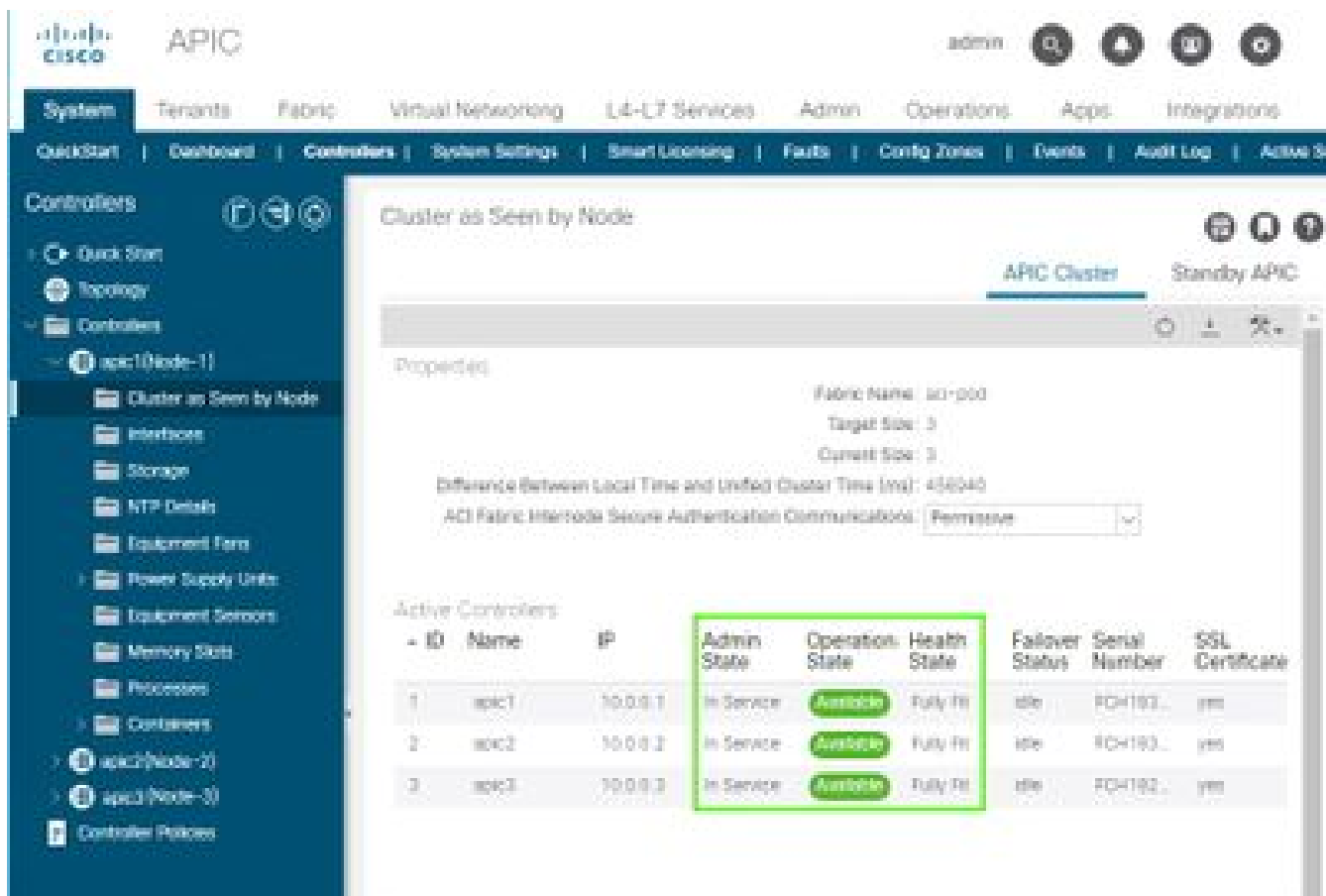
2. In the Cisco IMC BIOS, verify that the Trusted Platform Module (TPM) state is set to "Enabled." Using the KVM console to access the BIOS settings, you can view and configure the TPM state under Advanced > Trusted Computing > TPM State.



APIC BIOS via Cisco IMC KVM

Note: APIC will fail to boot if the TPM state is "Disabled."

- Obtain an ACI APIC .iso image from the [Cisco Software Download](#) site.
- This procedure should only be performed when there is at least one APIC with a healthy SSD in the cluster, that is fully fit. **If all the APIC controllers in the cluster have SSDs that have failed, open a case with the Cisco Technical Assistance Center (TAC).** Below snapshot is from a cluster that has all APICs in fully fit state.



APIC GUI 4.1(2g)

5. After the APIC SSD replacement, the APIC will have to be configured again and the following information will be needed [This information will be used in "SSD Replacement Procedure Step 4-d"]:

- Fabric name
- Number of controllers
- Controller ID
- IP address pool for tunnel endpoint addresses (TEP)
- IP address pool for bridge domain multicast address (GIPO)
- Management interface speed/duplex mode
- VLAN ID for infrastructure network
- IPv4/IPv6 addresses for the out-of-band management
- IPv4/IPv6 addresses of the default gateway
- Strong password check

Use Technote of the day: [How to find what configuration values were used during the setup of APIC1?](#)

## SSD Replacement Procedure

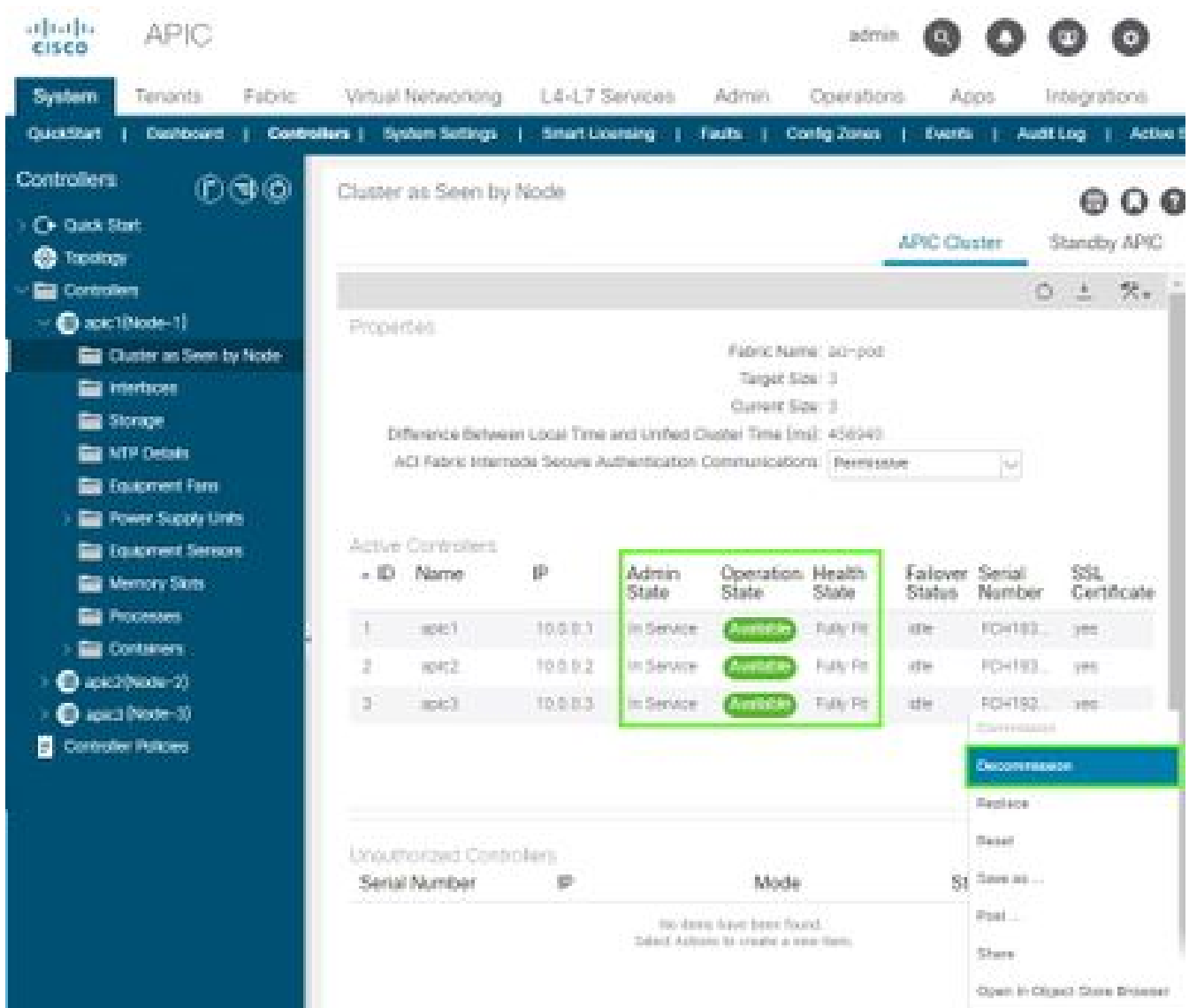
### Step 1

From another APIC in the cluster, decommission the APIC whose SSD is to be replaced.

a - On the menu bar, choose System > Controllers.

b - In the Navigation pane, expand Controllers > apic\_controller\_name > Cluster as Seen by Node. For the apic\_controller\_name, specify an APIC controller that is not being decommissioned.

- c - In the Work pane, verify that the Health State in the Active Controllers summary table indicates the cluster is Fully Fit before continuing.
- d - In the same Work pane, select the controller to be decommissioned and click Actions > Decommission.
- e - Click Yes. The decommissioned controller displays Unregistered in the Operational State column. The controller is then taken out of service and is no longer visible in the Work pane.



APIC GUI 4.1(2g)

## Step 2

Physically remove the old SSD, if any, and add the new SSD.

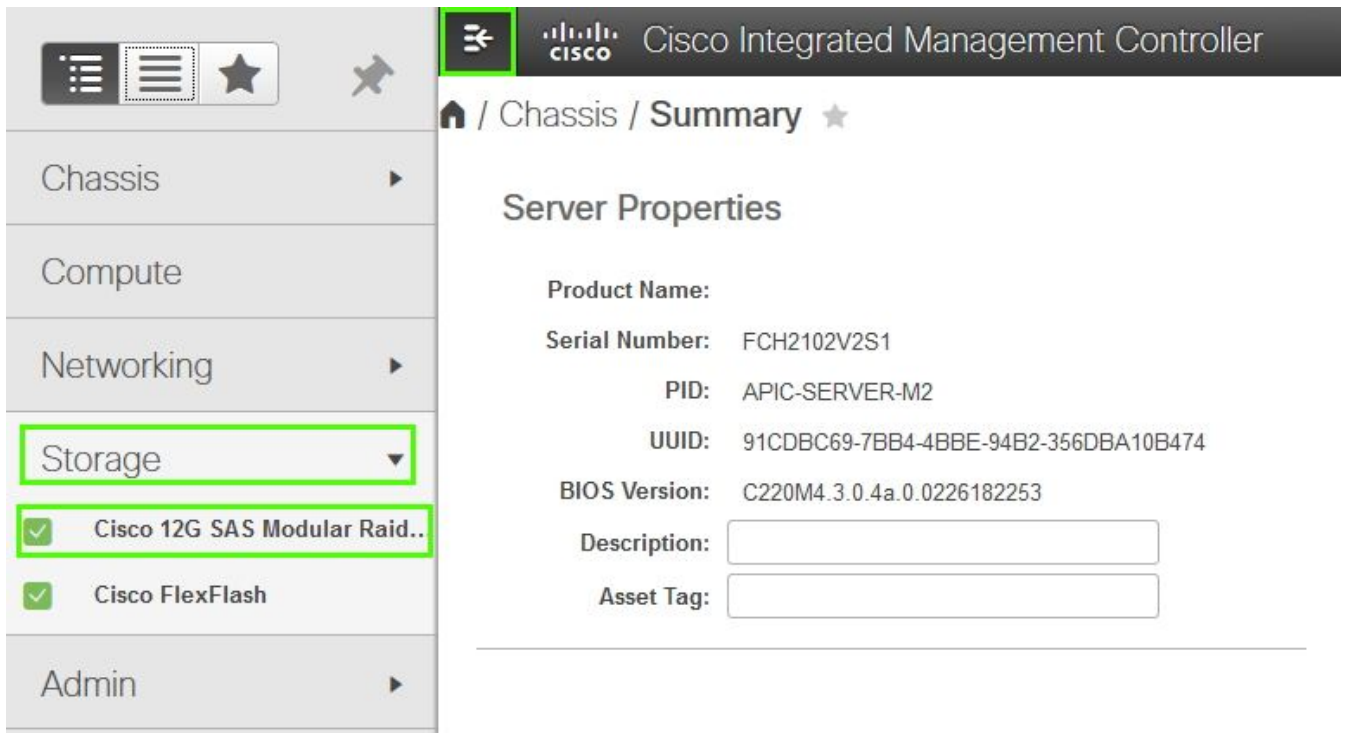
## Step 3

In the Cisco IMC, create a RAID volume using the newly installed SSD.

### For CIMC release 3.0(3) or newer

- a - Log in to Cisco IMC.

b - Expand the CIMC menu with the Toggle Navigation (top left corner), Storage, Cisco 12G SAS Modular Raid Controller



Cisco IMC 3.0(4d)

c - Click 'Clear Foreign Config' and select ok (if selectable)

d - Click Create Virtual Drive from Unused Physical Drives



Cisco IMC 3.0(4d)

e - RAID Level, select 0 from the drop-down list

f - Create Drive groups, Select the Physical Drive and move it to the Drive Groups

g - Virtual Drive Properties, select Create Virtual Drive



Create Virtual Drive from Unused Physical Drives

RAID Level:  Enable Full Disk Encryption: ☐

Create Drive Groups

Physical Drives

ID	Size(MB)	Model	Interface	Type
No data available				

Selected 0 / Total 0

Drive Groups

Name
<input type="checkbox"/> DG [1]

Virtual Drive Properties

Name:

Access Policy:

Read Policy:

Cache Policy:

Disk Cache Policy:

Write Policy:

Strip Size (MB):

Size:  MB

Generate XMLAPI Request  Close

Cisco CIMC 3.0(4d)

h - Still in the Storage, Cisco 12G SAS Modular Raid Controller, select Virtual Drive info

i - Identify the Virtual drive with the RAID Level as RAID 0, select it, then click Initialize followed by Fast Initialize from the drop down and selecting Initialize VD

Cisco Integrated Management Controller

... / Cisco 12G SAS Modular Raid Controller (SLOT-HBA) / Virtual Drive Info

Controller Info Physical Drive Info Virtual Drive Info Battery Backup Unit Storage Log

Virtual Drives

Virtual Drive Number	Name	Size	RAID Level
<input type="checkbox"/> 0	NA	1143455 MB	RAID 1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1	RAID0_1	189781 MB	RAID 0

Initialize Virtual Drive

Are you sure you want to initialize the virtual drive - RAID0\_1?

Initialize Type:

Cancel

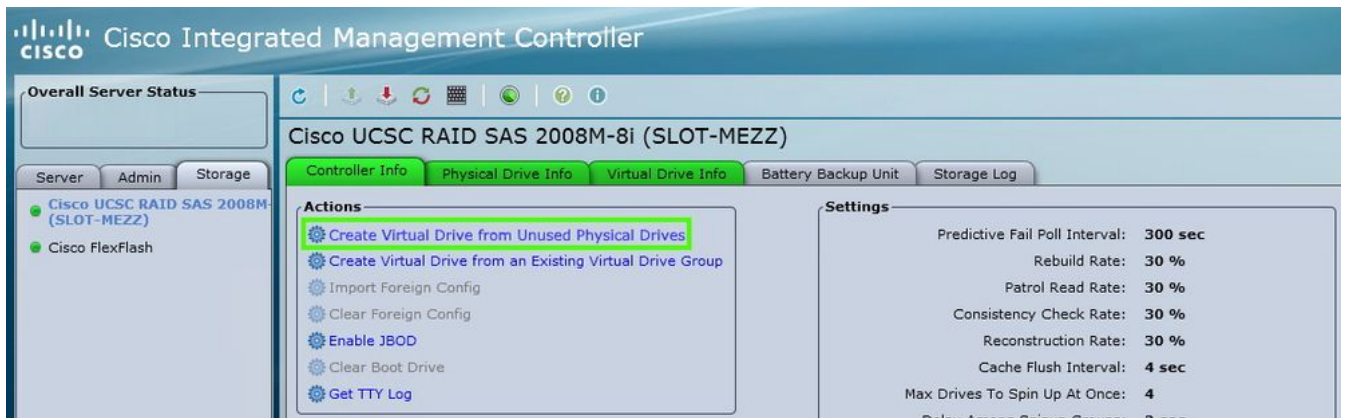
Cisco CIMC 3.0(4d)

**For CIMC release prior 3.0(3)**

a - Log in to Cisco IMC.

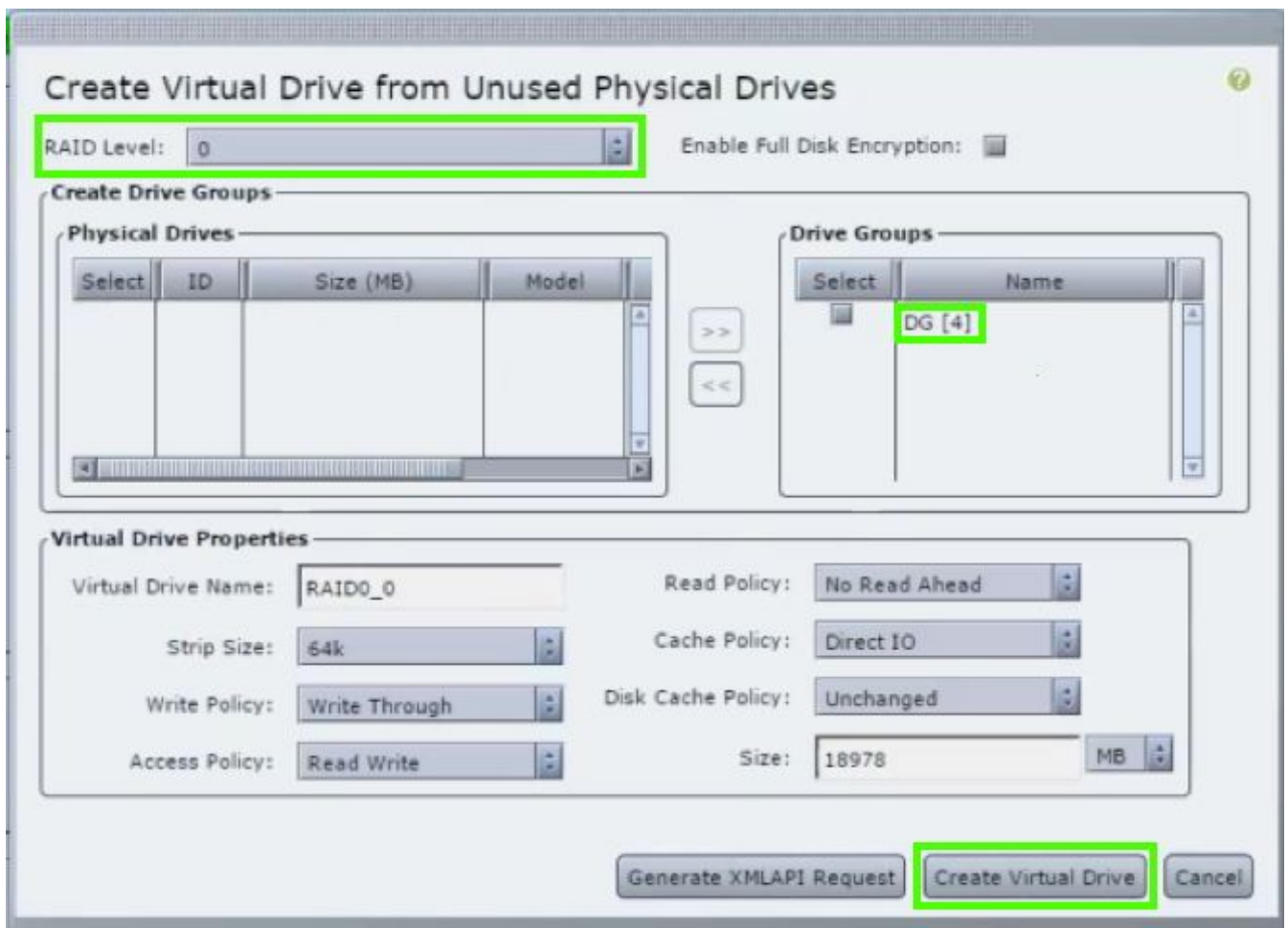
b - Choose Storage > Physical Drive. Select the newly added physical drive.

- c - Choose Storage > Controller Drive Info, and click Clear Foreign Config (if selectable).
- d - Click OK.
- e - Choose Storage Controller Drive Info, and click Create Virtual Drive from Unused Physical Drives.



*Cisco IMC 2.0(9c)*

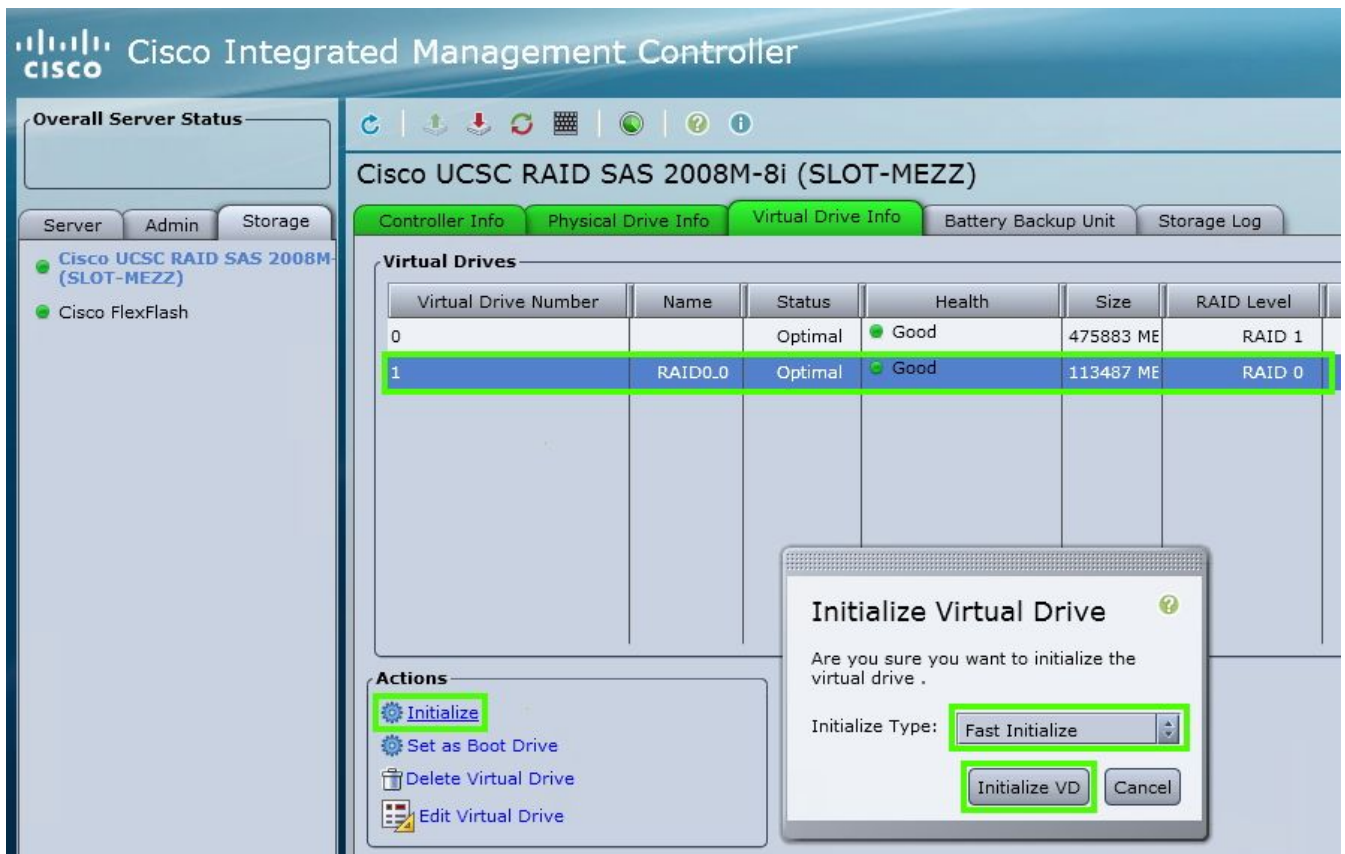
- f - Select 0 from the Raid Level drop-down list.
- g - Click Create Virtual Drive.



*Cisco IMC 2.0(9c)*

- h - Select the newly created virtual drive and click Initialize.

i - Select the Initialize Type from the drop-down list and click Fast Initialize.



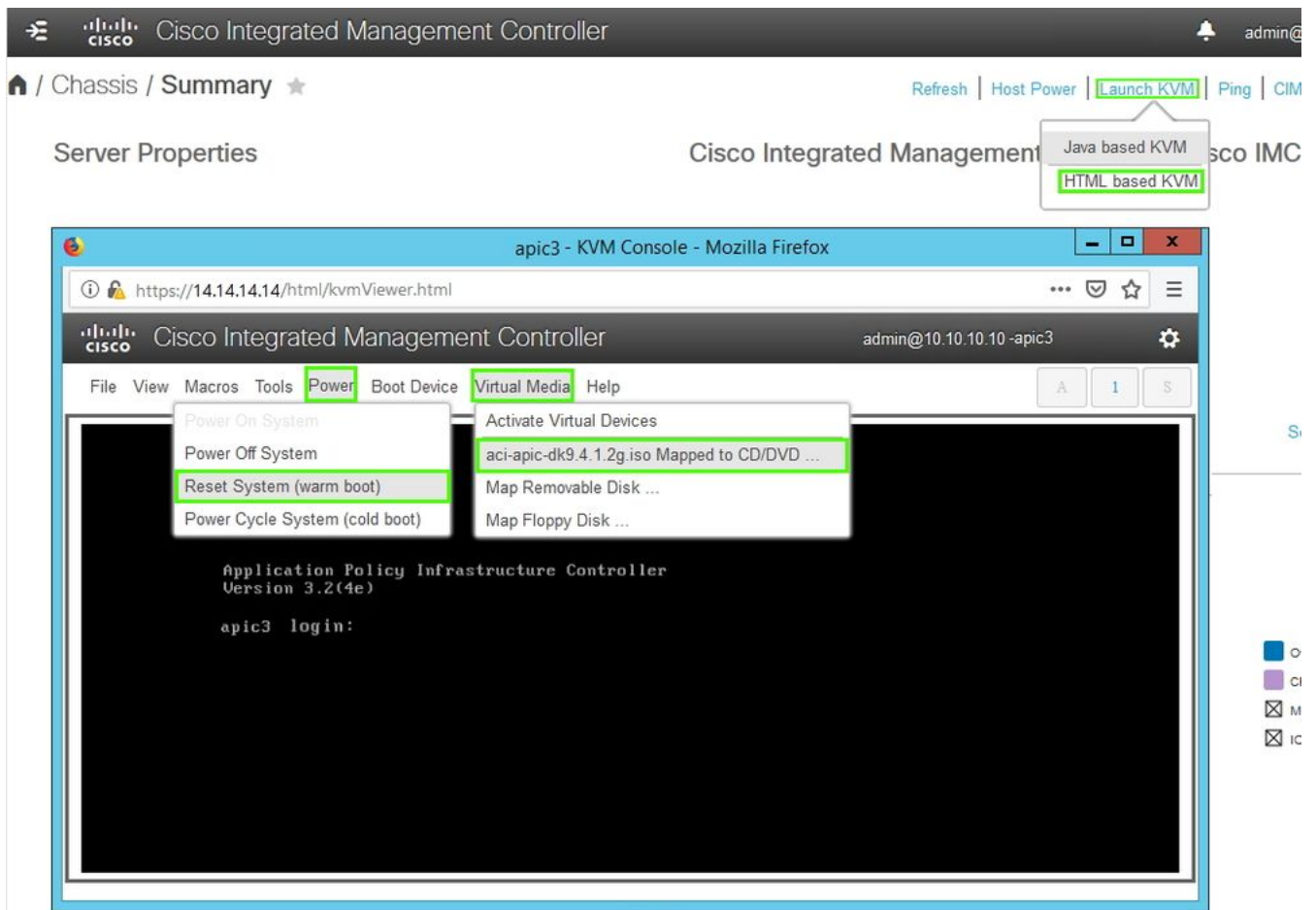
Cisco IMC 2.0(9c)

## Step 4

In the Cisco IMC, install the APIC image using the virtual media. In this step, the SSD is partitioned and the APIC software is installed on the HDD.

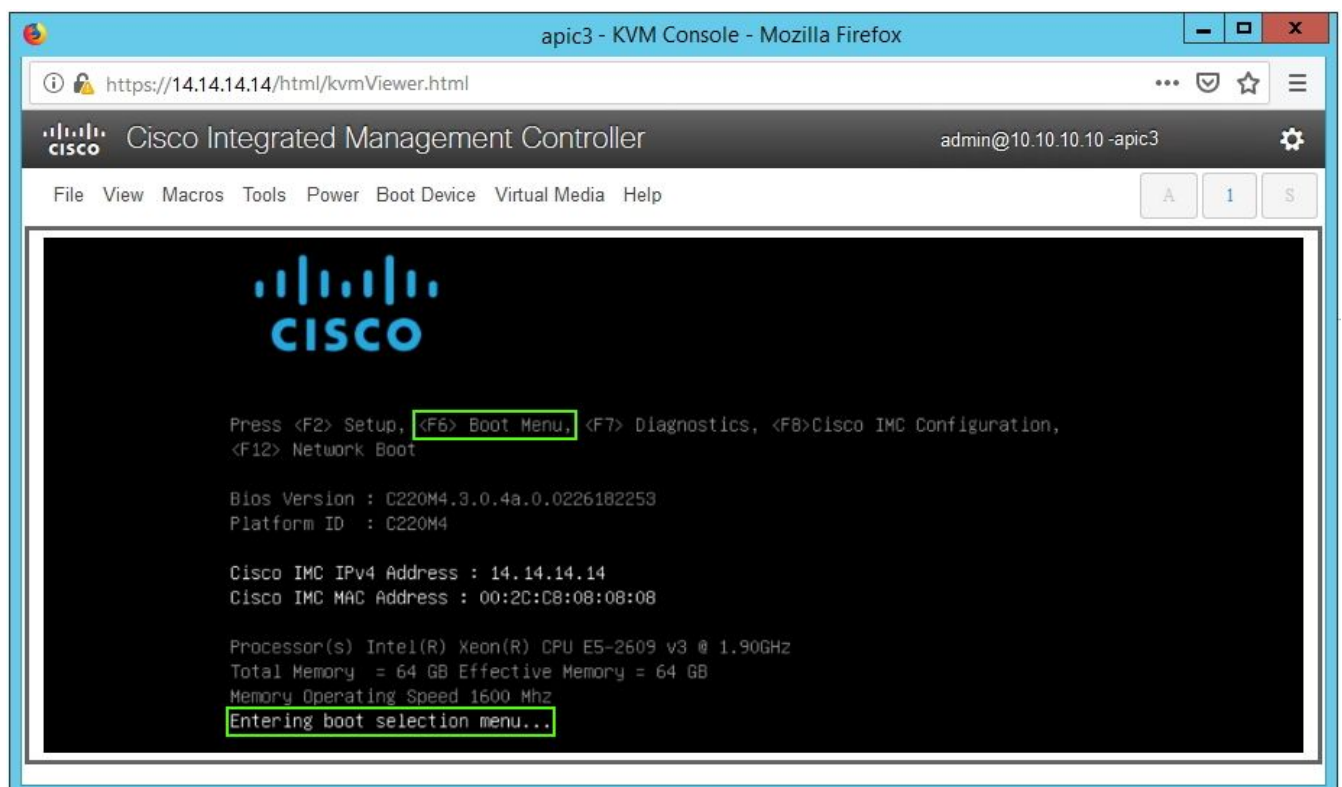
NOTE: For a fresh install of Cisco APIC Release 4.x or later, see the Cisco APIC Installation, Upgrade, and Downgrade Guide.

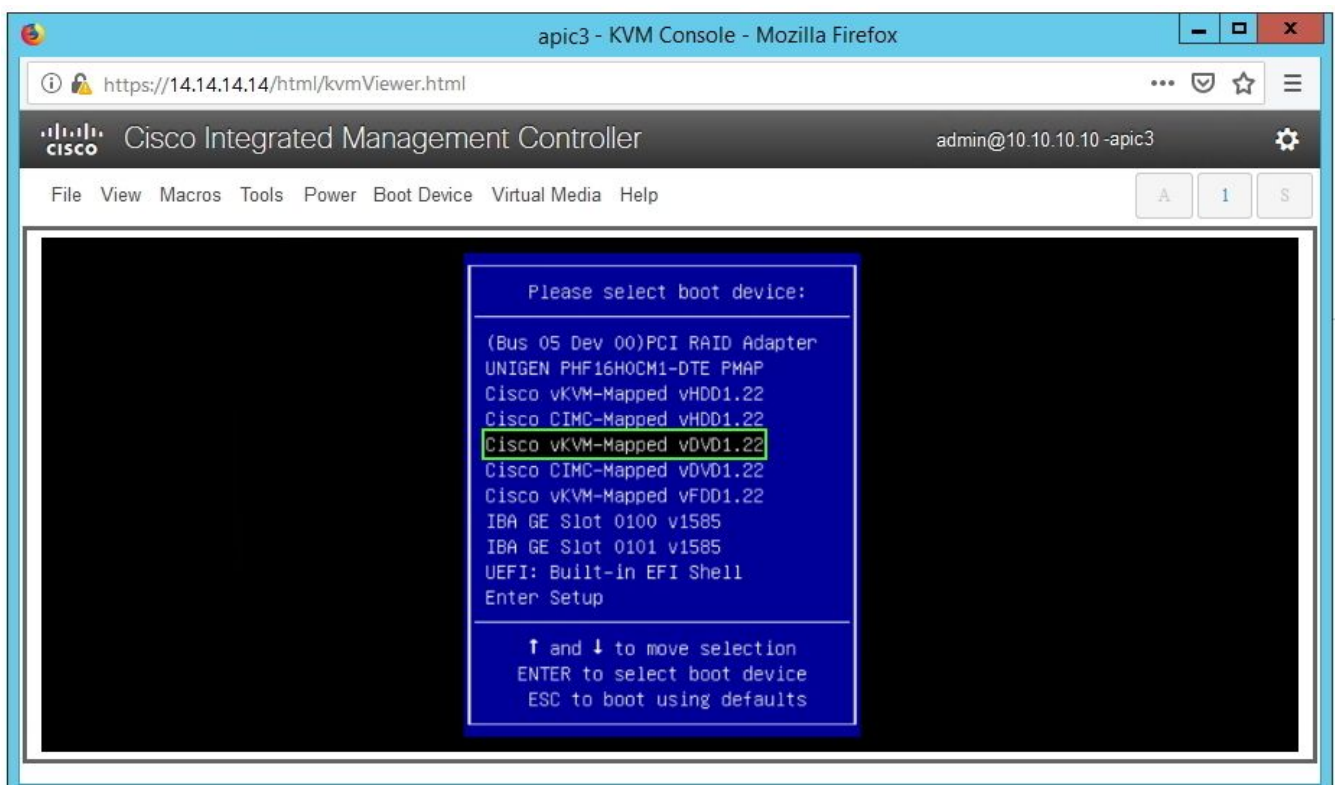
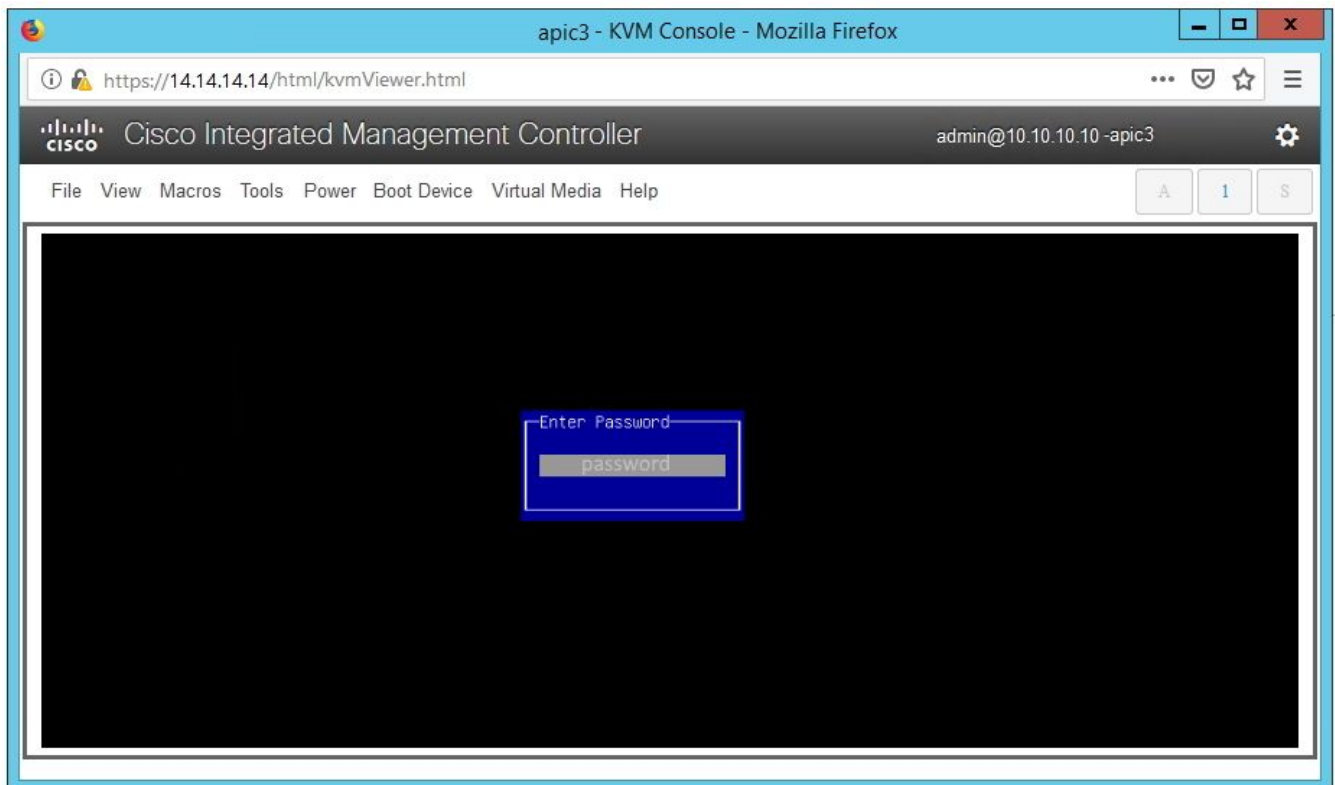
- a - Mount the APIC .iso image using the Cisco IMC vMedia functionality.
- b - Boot or power cycle the APIC controller.



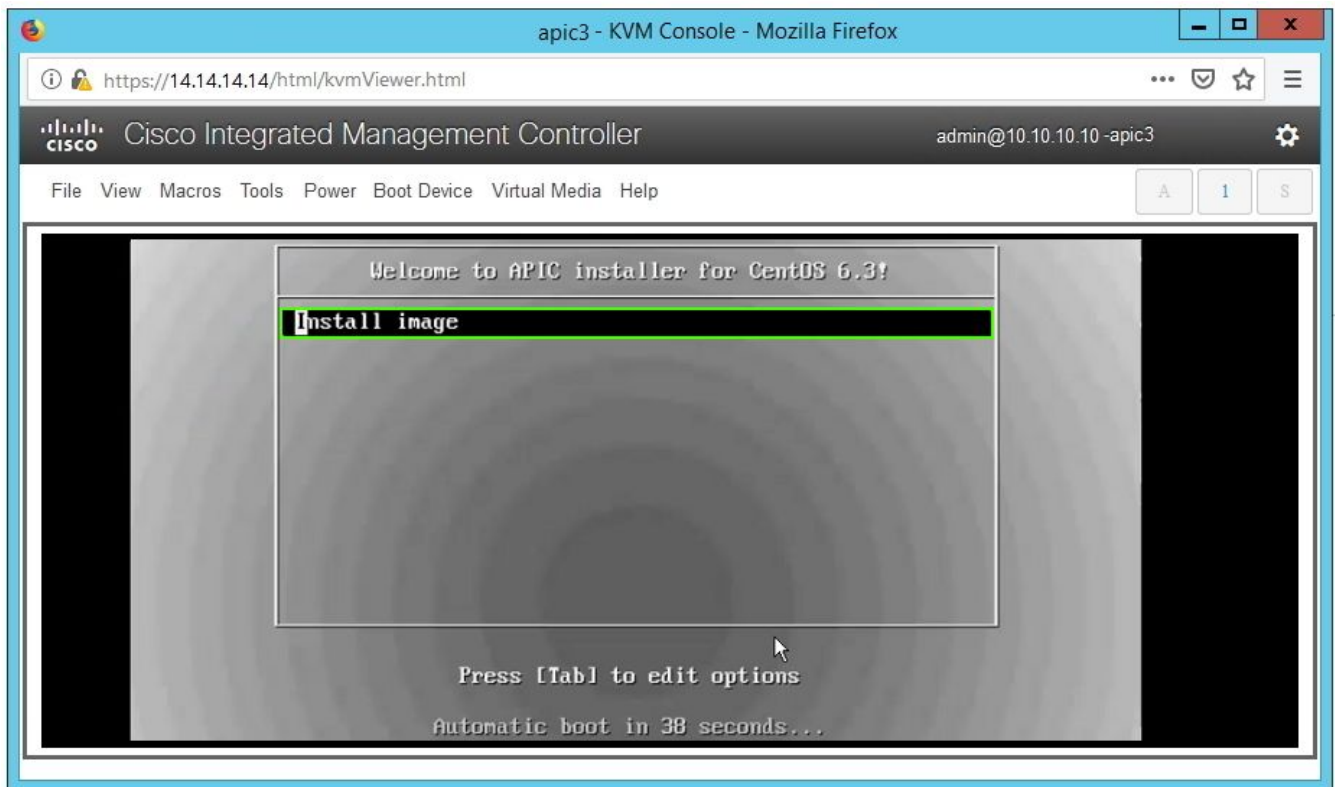
Cisco IMC 3.0(4d)

c - During the boot process press F6 to select the Cisco vKVM-Mapped vDVD as the one-time boot device. You may be required to enter the BIOS password. The default password is 'password'.



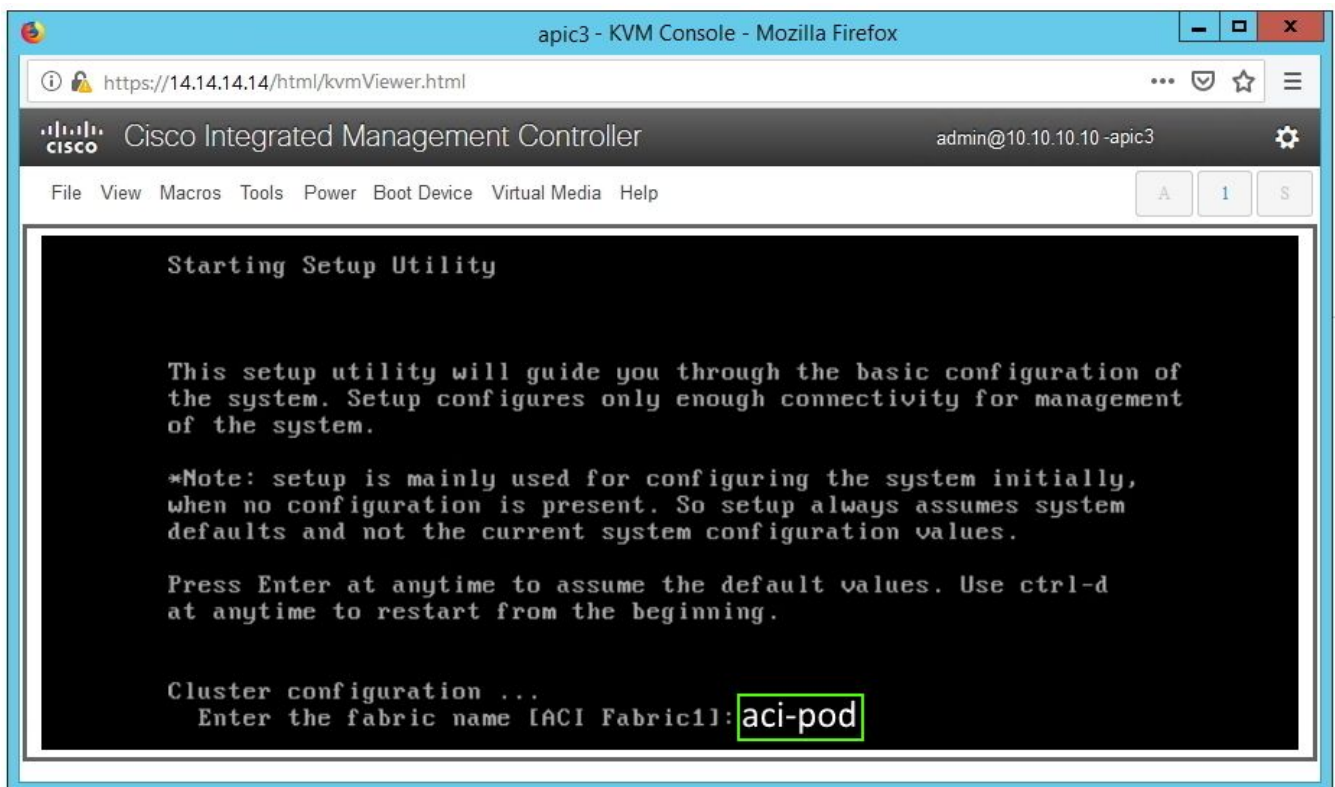






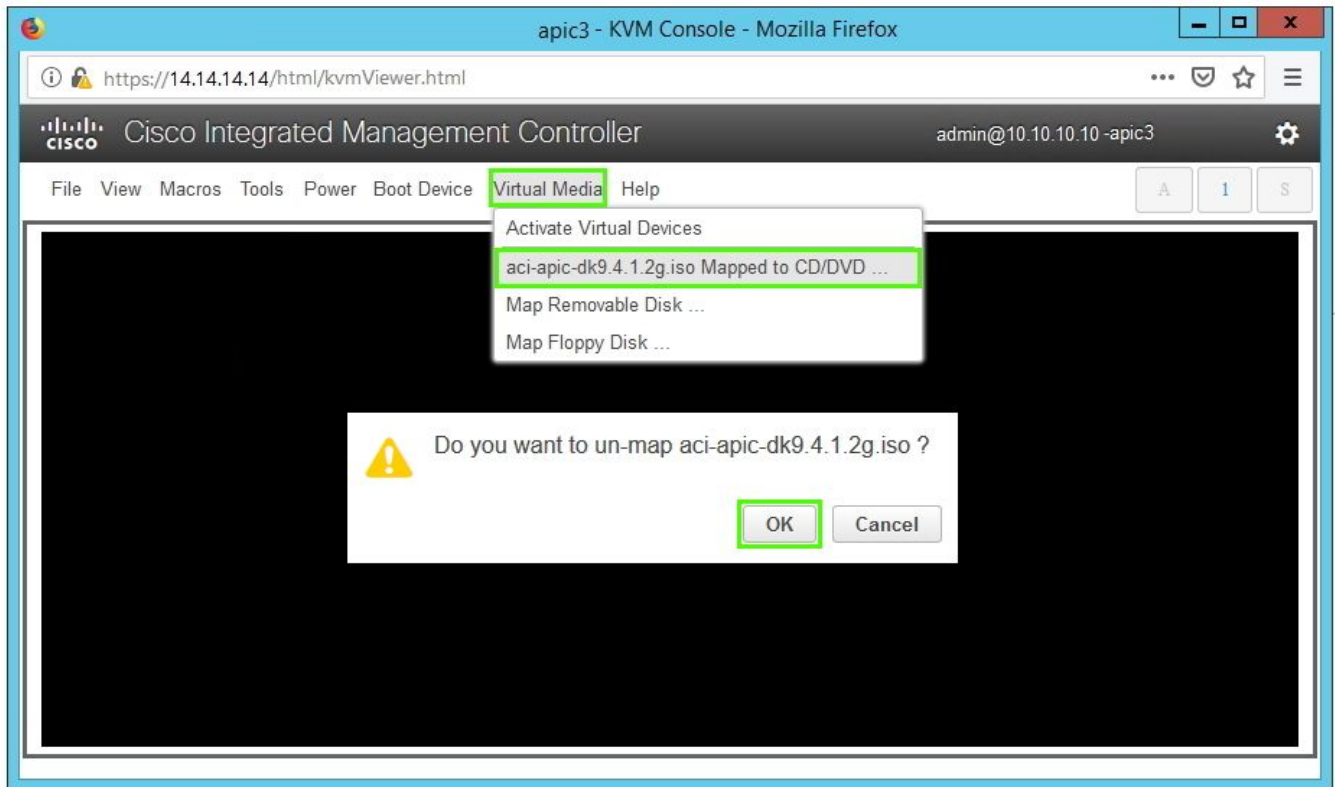
Cisco IMC 3.0(4d)

d - During the initial bringup, a configuration script runs. Follow the onscreen instructions to configure the initial settings of the APIC software. Use the information that was collected in check list before starting or use the Technote of the day: [How to find what configuration values were used during the setup of APIC1?](#)



Cisco IMC 3.0(4d)

e - After the installation is completed, un-map the virtual media mount.



*Cisco IMC 3.0(4d)*

## Step 5

From an APIC in the cluster, commission the decommissioned APIC.

- a - Select any other APIC that is part of the cluster. From the menu bar, choose System > Controllers.
- b - In the Navigation pane, expand Controllers > apic\_controller\_name > Cluster as Seen by Node. For the apic\_controller\_name, specify any active controller that is part of the cluster.
- c - From the Work pane, click the decommissioned controller that displays Unregistered in the Operational State column.
- d - From the Work pane, click Actions > Commission.
- e - In the Confirmation dialog box, click Yes.

The screenshot displays the Cisco APIC GUI. The top navigation bar includes tabs for System, Tenants, Fabric, Virtual Networking, L4-L7 Services, Admin, Operations, Apps, and Integrations. The left sidebar shows the 'Controllers' section expanded, with 'Cluster as Seen by Node' selected. The main content area is titled 'Cluster as Seen by Node' and shows properties for the cluster, including Fabric Name (aci-pod), Target Size (3), Current Size (3), and a table of active controllers. Controller 3 is highlighted in green, and a context menu is open over it with 'Commission' selected.

ID	Name	IP	Admin State	Operational State	Health State	Failover Status	Serial Number	SSL Certificate
1	apic1	10.0.0.1	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	idle	FCH1930...	yes
2	apic2	10.0.0.2	In Service	Available	Fully Fit	idle	FCH1933...	yes
3	apic3	0.0.0.0	Out of Service	Unregistered	Unknown			yes

APIC GUI 4.1(2g)

The commissioned controller displays the Health state as Fully-fit and the operational state as Available. The controller should now be visible in the Work pane.

## Field Notices / Bug references

[Field Notice: FN - 64329 - APIC SSD Degradation After High Percent Utilization of Solid State Drive - Hardware Upgrade Available](#)

[APIC SSD Degradation After High Percent Utilization of Solid State Drive | Fault F2730](#)