

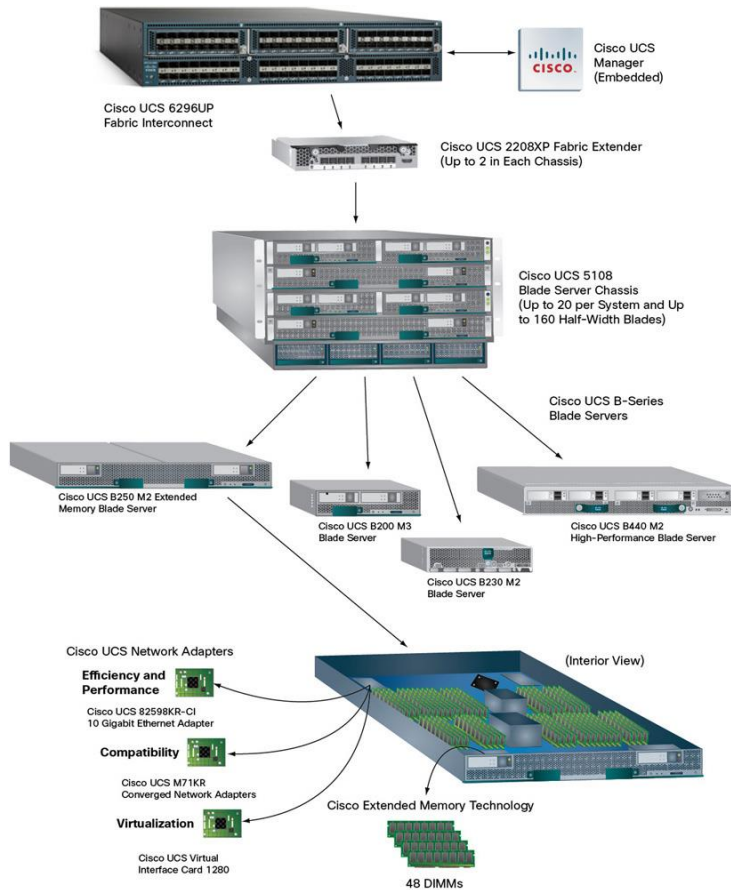
Cisco UCS 2200 Series Fabric Extenders



Cisco Unified Computing System Overview

The Cisco Unified Computing System™ (Cisco UCS™) is a next-generation data center platform that unites compute, network, storage access, and virtualization resources into a cohesive system designed to reduce total cost of ownership (TCO) and increase business agility. The system integrates a low-latency, lossless 10 Gigabit Ethernet unified network fabric with enterprise-class, x86-architecture servers. The system is an integrated, scalable, multichassis platform in which all resources participate in a unified management domain (Figure 1).

Figure 1. The Cisco Unified Computing System Is a Highly Available Cohesive Architecture



Product Overview

Cisco UCS 2200 Series Fabric Extenders bring the unified fabric into the blade server enclosure, providing multiple 10 Gigabit Ethernet connections between blade servers and the fabric interconnect, simplifying diagnostics, cabling, and management. It is a second-generation I/O module (IOM) that shares the same form factor with the first-generation Cisco UCS 2100 Series Fabric Extenders IOM and is backward-compatible with the shipping Cisco UCS 5108 Blade Server Chassis.

The Cisco UCS 2200 Series extends the I/O fabric between the Cisco UCS 6100 and 6200 Series Fabric Interconnects and the Cisco UCS 5100 Series Blade Server Chassis, enabling a lossless and deterministic Fibre Channel over Ethernet (FCoE) fabric to connect all blades and chassis together. Since the fabric extender is similar to a distributed line card, it does not perform any switching and is managed as an extension of the fabric interconnects. This approach removes switching from the chassis, reducing overall infrastructure complexity and enabling Cisco UCS to scale to many chassis without multiplying the number of switches needed, reducing TCO and allowing all chassis to be managed as a single, highly available management domain.

The Cisco UCS 2200 Series also manages the chassis environment (the power supply and fans as well as the blades) in conjunction with the fabric interconnect. Therefore, separate chassis management modules are not required.

Cisco UCS 2200 Series Fabric Extenders fit into the back of the Cisco UCS 5100 Series chassis. Each Cisco UCS 5100 Series chassis can support up to two fabric extenders, allowing increased capacity and redundancy (Figure 2).

Figure 2. Rear of Cisco UCS 5108 Blade Server Chassis with Two Cisco UCS 2208XP Fabric Extenders Inserted



Cisco UCS 2208XP Fabric Extender

The Cisco UCS 2208XP Fabric Extender (Figure 3) has eight 10 Gigabit Ethernet, FCoE-capable, Enhanced Small Form-Factor Pluggable (SFP+) ports that connect the blade chassis to the fabric interconnect. Each Cisco UCS 2208XP has thirty-two 10 Gigabit Ethernet ports connected through the midplane to each half-width slot in the chassis. Typically configured in pairs for redundancy, two fabric extenders provide up to 160 Gbps of I/O to the chassis.

Figure 3. Cisco UCS 2208XP Fabric Extender



Cisco UCS 2204XP Fabric Extender

The Cisco UCS 2204XP Fabric Extender (Figure 4) has four 10 Gigabit Ethernet, FCoE-capable, SFP+ ports that connect the blade chassis to the fabric interconnect. Each Cisco UCS 2204XP has sixteen 10 Gigabit Ethernet ports connected through the midplane to each half-width slot in the chassis. Typically configured in pairs for redundancy, two fabric extenders provide up to 80 Gbps of I/O to the chassis.

Figure 4. Cisco UCS 2204XP Fabric Extender



Cisco SingleConnect Technology

[Cisco SingleConnect Technology](#) is an easy, intelligent, and efficient way to connect and manage computing in the data center. Cisco SingleConnect unifies LAN, SAN, and systems management into one simplified link for rack servers, blade servers, and virtual machines.

SingleConnect is an end-to-end I/O architecture. It incorporates [Cisco Virtual Interface Cards](#), [Cisco UCS Fabric Interconnects](#), and Cisco Fabric Extender (FEX) Technology to connect every server on a single network fabric and on a single network layer. SingleConnect innovations dramatically simplify IT operations, reduce data center costs, and are exclusive to the Cisco Unified Computing System (Cisco UCS).

Cisco SingleConnect is one connection:

- For rack servers and blade servers
- For LAN, SAN, and systems management
- For physical servers and virtual machines

Features and Benefits

Table 1 summarizes the main features and benefits of the Cisco UCS 2200 Series.

Table 1. Features and Benefits

Feature	Benefit
Management by Cisco UCS Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reduces TCO by removing management modules from the chassis, making the chassis stateless• Provides a single, highly available management domain for all system chassis, reducing administrative tasks
Autoconfiguration	Simplifies operation by automatically synchronizing firmware levels between the fabric extenders and the interconnects
Unified fabric	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Decreases TCO by reducing the number of network interface cards (NICs), host bus adapters (HBAs), switches, and cables needed• Transparently encapsulates Fibre Channel packets into Ethernet
Automatic failover	Increases availability with an active-active data plane
Scalable bandwidth	Reduces TCO by optimizing overall system capacity to match actual workload demands
Environmental monitoring	Removes the need for chassis management modules
Lossless fabric	Provides a reliable, robust foundation for unifying LAN and SAN traffic on a single transport
Priority flow control (PFC)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Simplifies management of multiple traffic flows over a single network link• Supports different classes of service, allowing both lossless and classic Ethernet on the same fabric

Feature	Benefit
Systemwide bandwidth management	Helps enable consistent and coherent quality-of-service (QoS) management throughout the system
Cisco Data Center Virtual Machine Fabric Extender (VM-FEX) technology	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Helps enable a consistent operational model between virtual and physical environments Provides the same level of network visibility for virtualized and nonvirtualized environments Improves diagnostic and troubleshooting capabilities in a virtual environment Simplifies network and security policy enforcement when migrating virtual machines from one host to another
SFP+ ports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increases flexibility with a range of interconnect solutions, including copper Twinax cable for short runs and fiber for long runs Consumes less power per port than traditional solutions Helps enable cost-effective connections on fabric extenders with Cisco Fabric Extender Transceiver (FET) optics
Fabric PortChannel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides flexibility to bundle fabric ports in a PortChannel

Product Specifications

Cabling

Table 2 presents cabling specifications for the Cisco UCS 2200 Series.

Table 2. Cabling Specifications

Connector (Media)	Cable	Distance	Power (Each Side)	Transceiver Latency (Link)	Standard
SFP+ copper (CU)	Twinax	1, 3, and 5m	Approximately 0.1 watt (W)	Approximately 0.1 microsecond	SFF 8431
SFP+ FET	MM OM2 MM OM3 MM OM4	25 and 100m	1W	Approximately 0 microseconds	IEEE 802.3ae
SFP+ short-reach (SR) and multimode fiber (MMF)	MM OM2 MM OM3 MM OM4	82 and 300m	1W	Approximately 0 microseconds	IEEE 802.3ae
SFP+ long-reach (LR) MMF and SR	SMF	Up to 300m over SMF	1W	Approximately 0 microseconds	IEEE 802.3ae

Performance

- Hardware forwarding at 640 Gbps
- Low-latency cut-through design, providing predictable, consistent traffic latency regardless of packet size, traffic pattern, or enabled features

Layer 2

- Layer 2 VLAN trunks
- IEEE 802.1Q VLAN encapsulation
- Support for up to 1024 VLANs and virtual SANs (VSANs)
- Support for Cisco Data Center VM-FEX architecture
- Jumbo frames on all ports (up to 9216 bytes)
- Pause frames (IEEE 802.3x)

QoS

- Layer 2 IEEE 802.1p (class of service [CoS])
- CoS-based egress queuing
- Egress strict-priority queuing
- Egress port-based scheduling: Weighted Round-Robin (WRR)
- Eight hardware queues per port

High Availability

- Up to two fabric extenders can work in the Cisco UCS 5100 Series Blade Server Chassis
- Active-active data-plane operation with failover
- Capability to fail over from one fabric extender to another in the event of a failure
- Active-passive management-plane operation
- Support for nonstop management-plane functions; if the active fabric extender fails, the passive fabric extender takes over the chassis management functions

Management

- Management of fabric extenders integrated into Cisco UCS Manager (please refer to the Cisco UCS Manager data sheet for more information about management interfaces)
- Capability to manage blade server chassis components such as power supplies, fans, and blades in conjunction with the fabric interconnect
- Firmware levels between the fabric extender and fabric interconnect always synchronized

Low-Latency, Lossless 10 Gigabit Ethernet Unified Network Fabric

- PFC (per-priority pause frame support)
- Data Center Bridging Exchange (DCBX) Protocol
- IEEE 802.1Qaz: Bandwidth management

Industry Standards

- IEEE 802.1p: CoS prioritization
- IEEE 802.1Q: VLAN tagging
- IEEE 802.3: Ethernet
- IEEE 802.3ad: Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)
- IEEE 802.3ae: 10 Gigabit Ethernet
- SFP+ support

Physical Specifications

SFP+ Optics

Cisco UCS products support 10 Gigabit Ethernet SFP+ copper Twinax cables for short distances and SFP+ optics for longer distances. SFP+ has several advantages compared to other 10 Gigabit Ethernet connectivity options, including:

- Small 10 Gigabit Ethernet form factor
- Optical interoperability with XENPAK, X2, and 10 Gigabit Small Form-Factor Pluggable (XFP) interface types
- Low power consumption
- Hot-swappable device

Environment

- Physical (height x width x depth): 7.64 x 1.36 x 7.2 in
- Operating temperature: 32 to 104°F (0 to 40°C)
- Nonoperating temperature: -40 to 158°F (-40 to 70°C)
- Humidity: 5 to 95% (noncondensing)
- Altitude: 0 to 10,000 ft (0 to 3000m)

Weight

- 2.5 lb (1.134 kg); Weight similar for Cisco UCS 2208XP and 2204XP IOMs

Regulatory Standards Compliance: Safety and EMC

Table 3 summarizes Cisco UCS 2200 Series regulatory compliance.

Table 3. Regulatory Standards Compliance: Safety and EMC

Specification	Description
Regulatory compliance	Products should comply with CE Markings according to directives 2004/108/EC and 2006/95/EC
Safety	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• UL 60950-1• CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1• EN 60950-1• IEC 60950-1• AS/NZS 60950-1• GB4943
EMC: Emissions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 47CFR Part 15 (CFR 47) Class A• AS/NZS CISPR22 Class A• CISPR22 Class A• EN55022 Class A• ICES003 Class A• VCCI Class A• EN61000-3-2• EN61000-3-3• KN22 Class A• CNS13438 Class A

Specification	Description
EMC: Immunity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EN50082-1 • EN61000-6-1 • EN55024 • CISPR24 • EN300386 • KN 61000-4 series
RoHS	The product is RoHS 5-compliant with exceptions for leaded ball grid array (BGA) balls and lead press-fit connectors

Warranty Information

Find warranty information at Cisco.com on the [Product Warranties](#) page.

Cisco Unified Computing Services

Using a unified view of data center resources, Cisco and our industry-leading partners deliver services that accelerate your transition to a unified computing environment. Cisco Unified Computing Services helps you quickly deploy your data center resources and optimize ongoing operations to better meet your business needs. For more information about these and other Cisco Data Center Services, visit <http://www.cisco.com/go/dcservices>.

For More Information

For more information about the Cisco UCS 2200 Series Fabric Extenders, visit <http://www.cisco.com/en/US/products/ps10278/index.html> or contact your local Cisco representative.



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