

MPLS/VPN mit EIGRP auf Kundenseite - Konfigurationsbeispiel

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Dieses Dokument enthält eine Beispielkonfiguration für ein Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Virtual Private Network (VPN), wenn EIGRP (Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol) beim Kunden vorhanden ist.

Dieses Dokument enthält eine Beispielkonfiguration für EIGRP auf Kundenseite in einer MPLS/VPN-Umgebung. Diese Szenarien sind im Einzelnen:

- Zwei Verbindungsendpunkte (Connection Endpoints, CEs), die zu denselben autonomen EIGRP-Systemen gehören.
- Zwei CEs, die zu unterschiedlichen autonomen EIGRP-Systemen gehören.

Für beide Szenarien werden die Konfigurations- und Überprüfungsschritte angezeigt. Ein Beispiel für einen Routing-Austausch für beide beteiligten Protokolle - Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) und EIGRP - wird ebenfalls bereitgestellt.

Bei Verwendung mit MPLS können mehrere Standorte über die VPN-Funktion transparent über ein Service-Provider-Netzwerk miteinander verbunden werden. Ein Service-Provider-Netzwerk kann mehrere verschiedene IP-VPNs unterstützen. Jeder dieser Netzwerke erscheint für seine Benutzer als privates Netzwerk, das von allen anderen Netzwerken getrennt ist. Innerhalb eines

VPN kann jeder Standort IP-Pakete an einen anderen Standort im selben VPN senden.

Jedes VPN ist mit einer oder mehreren VPN Routing/Forwarding-Instanzen (VRFs) verknüpft. Eine VRF-Instanz besteht aus einer IP-Routing-Tabelle, einer abgeleiteten CEF-Tabelle (Cisco Express Forwarding) und einer Reihe von Schnittstellen, die diese Weiterleitungstabelle verwenden.

Der Router verwaltet eine separate Routing- und CEF-Tabelle für jede VRF-Instanz. Dadurch wird verhindert, dass Informationen außerhalb des VPN gesendet werden, und dasselbe Subnetz kann in mehreren VPNs verwendet werden, ohne dass doppelte IP-Adressprobleme auftreten.

Der Router, der Multiprotocol BGP (MP-BGP) verwendet, verteilt die VPN-Routing-Informationen über die erweiterten Communitys von MP-BGP.

Weitere Informationen zur Weitergabe von Updates über ein VPN finden Sie in diesen Dokumenten:

- [MPLS Virtual Private Networks-Konfiguration](#)
- [Paketfluss in einer MPLS-VPN-Umgebung](#)
- [Konfigurieren von grundlegendem MPLS mithilfe von OSPF](#)

Voraussetzungen

Anforderungen

Für dieses Dokument bestehen keine speziellen Anforderungen.

Verwendete Komponenten

Dieses Dokument ist nicht auf bestimmte Software- und Hardwareversionen beschränkt.

Die EIGRP-Funktion zwischen PE und CE in der MPLS/VPN-Umgebung wurde in den Cisco IOS® Software Releases 12.0(22)S und 12.2(15)T eingeführt.

Zugehörige Produkte

Diese Konfiguration kann auch mit den folgenden Routerreihen verwendet werden:

- Cisco 7200
- Cisco 7500
- Cisco 10000
- Cisco 10700
- Cisco 12000
- Cisco Performance Route Processor (PRP) der Serie 1200

Konventionen

Weitere Informationen zu Dokumentkonventionen finden Sie unter [Cisco Technical Tips Conventions](#) (Technische Tipps zu Konventionen von Cisco).

Hintergrundinformationen

EIGRP-Routen werden durch neue EIGRP-spezifische erweiterte Community-Attribute im Backbone des Service Providers in BGP-Routen konvertiert. Der Provider Edge (PE)-Router verwendet BGP, um die VPN-Routing-Informationen mithilfe der EIGRP-spezifischen erweiterten Community-Attribute zu verteilen, die an die BGP-Route angehängt werden. Die BGP-Routen werden durch die EIGRP-spezifischen erweiterten Community-Attribute zurück in EIGRP-Routen konvertiert, wenn sie den PE-Router erreichen, der mit dem CE-Router (Destination Customer Edge) verbunden ist.

In dieser Tabelle werden die erweiterten Community-Attribute beschrieben, die an BGP-Routen angehängt und zum Übertragen von EIGRP-Informationen über das Backbone des Service Providers verwendet werden.

EIGRP-Attribut	Typ	Verwendung	Wert
Allgemeine	0 x 88 00	Allgemeine Routeninformationen zu EIGRP	Routen-Flag und -Tag
Kennzahl	0 x 88 01	EIGRP Route Metric Information und Autonomous System	Autonomes System und Verzögerung
	0 x 88 02	EIGRP-Routenmetrik-Informationen	Zuverlässigkeit, Next Hop und Bandbreite
	0 x 88 03	EIGRP-Routenmetrik-Informationen	Reserve, Last und Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU)
Extern	0 x 88 04	EIGRP - Externe Routeninformationen	Remote Autonomous System und Remote ID
	0 x 88 05	EIGRP - Externe Routeninformationen	Remote Protocol und Remote Metrics

Szenario 1: Konfigurieren eines einzelnen EIGRP-Autonomous-Systems

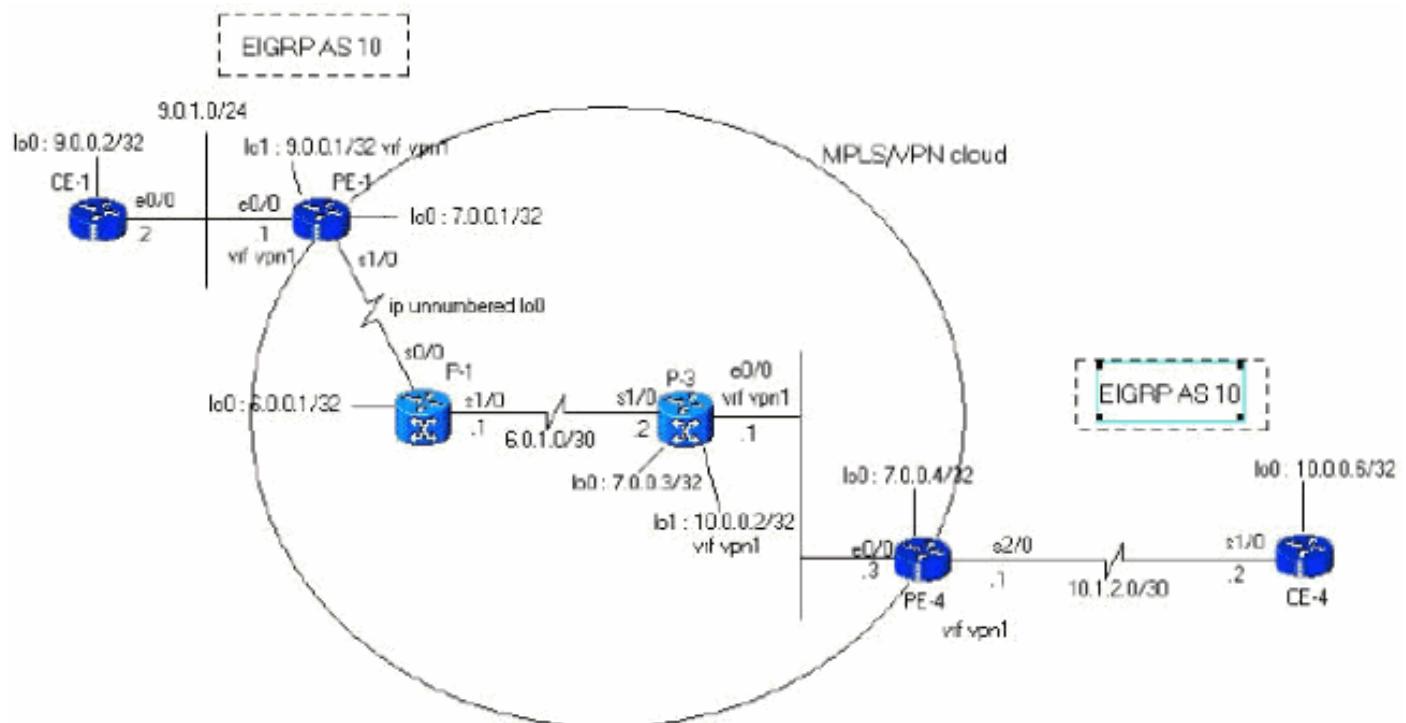
In diesem Abschnitt erhalten Sie Informationen zum Konfigurieren der in diesem Dokument

beschriebenen Funktionen.

Hinweis: Verwenden Sie das [Command Lookup Tool](#) (nur registrierte Kunden), um weitere Informationen zu den in diesem Abschnitt verwendeten Befehlen zu erhalten.

Netzwerkdiagramm

In diesem Abschnitt wird diese Netzwerkeinrichtung verwendet:



Konfigurationen

In diesem Abschnitt werden folgende Konfigurationen verwendet:

PE-1

```
PE-1#show run
Building configuration...
ip cef
!--- vpn1 commands. ip vrf vpn1 !--- Enables the VPN
routing and forwarding (VRF) routing table. !--- This
command can be used in global or !--- router
configuration mode. rd 100:1 !--- Route distinguisher
creates routing and forwarding !--- tables for a VRF.
route-target export 100:1 !--- Creates lists of import
and export route-target extended !--- communities for
the specified VRF. route-target import 100:1 ! interface
Loopback0 ip address 7.0.0.1 255.255.255.255 no ip
directed-broadcast ! interface Ethernet0/0 ip vrf
forwarding vpn1 !--- Associates a VRF instance with an
interface or subinterface. ip address 9.0.1.1
255.255.255.0 no ip directed-broadcast ! router eigrp 1
! address-family ipv4 vrf vpn1
!--- To enter address family configuration mode !--- for
configuring EIGRP routing sessions, !--- that use
standard VPN version 4 address prefixes. redistribute
```

```

bgp 1
!--- Enables redistribution of bgp into this specific
instance of EIGRP. network 9.0.0.0 default-metric 10000
1 255 1 1500
no auto-summary
autonomous-system 10
!--- Defines the autonomous system number for this
specific instance of EIGRP. exit-address-family ! router
bgp 1 no bgp default ipv4-unicast bgp log-neighbor-
changes neighbor 7.0.0.4 remote-as 1 !--- Adds an entry
to the BGP or multiprotocol BGP neighbor table. neighbor
7.0.0.4 update-source Loopback0 !--- Enables BGP
sessions to use a specific operational !--- interface
for TCP connections. ! address-family vpnv4 !--- To
enter address family configuration mode !--- for
configuring routing sessions, such as BGP, !--- that use
standard VPN version 4 address prefixes. neighbor
7.0.0.4 activate neighbor 7.0.0.4 send-community both !-
-- Sends the community attribute to a BGP neighbor. no
auto-summary exit-address-family ! address-family ipv4
neighbor 7.0.0.4 activate exit-address-family ! address-
family ipv4 vrf vpn1 redistribute eigrp 10
!--- Enables redistribution of EIGRP AS 10 into BGP. no
auto-summary no synchronization exit-address-family !
end

```

PE-4

```

PE-4#show running-config
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 2439 bytes
!
ip cef
ip vrf vpn1
rd 100:1
route-target export 100:1
route-target import 100:1
!
!
interface Loopback0
ip address 7.0.0.4 255.255.255.255
no ip directed-broadcast
!
interface Ethernet0/0
ip address 6.0.2.3 255.255.255.0
no ip directed-broadcast
tag-switching ip
!
!
interface Serial2/0
ip vrf forwarding vpn1
ip address 10.1.2.1 255.255.255.252
no ip directed-broadcast
!
router eigrp 1
!
address-family ipv4 vrf vpn1
redistribute bgp 1
network 10.0.0.0
default-metric 10000 1 255 1 1500
no auto-summary
autonomous-system 10
exit-address-family

```

```

!
router bgp 1
no bgp default ipv4-unicast
bgp log-neighbor-changes
neighbor 7.0.0.1 remote-as 1
neighbor 7.0.0.1 update-source Loopback0
no auto-summary
!
address-family vpnv4
neighbor 7.0.0.1 activate
neighbor 7.0.0.1 send-community extended
no auto-summary
exit-address-family
!
address-family ipv4
redistribute connected
neighbor 7.0.0.1 activate
no auto-summary
no synchronization
exit-address-family
!
address-family ipv4 vrf vpn1
redistribute eigrp 10
no auto-summary
no synchronization
network 13.0.0.1 mask 255.255.255.255
exit-address-family
!
end

```

Überprüfen

Verwenden Sie zum Verifizieren Ihrer Konfiguration einen schrittweisen Ansatz, und überprüfen Sie diese Punkte in der richtigen Reihenfolge. Gehen Sie wie folgt vor:

1. Überprüfen Sie, ob die EIGRP-Instanz für die gewünschte Schnittstelle konfiguriert ist.
Überprüfen Sie den Befehl **vrf** und den Befehl **eigrp** für das Netzwerk unter der richtigen **address-family**. In diesem Beispiel wird die VRF-Instanz "vpn1" genannt.

```

PE-1#show ip vrf vpn1
      Name                               Default RD          Interfaces
      vpn1                             100:1           Ethernet0/0

```

```

PE-1#show ip eigrp vrf vpn1 interfaces
  IP-EIGRP interfaces for process 10
      Xmit Queue   Mean    Pacing Time   Multicast   Pending
  Interface   Peers Un/Reliable SRTT   Un/Reliable Flow Timer Routes
  Et0/0        1       0/0     103        0/10        416         0
PE-1#

```

2. Überprüfen Sie, ob die EIGRP-Nachbarschaft eingerichtet ist. In diesem Beispiel sehen Sie, dass 9.0.1.2 (CE-1) ein Nachbar ist.

```

PE-1#show ip eigrp vrf vpn1 neighbors
  IP-EIGRP neighbors for process 10
      H   Address           Interface      Hold Uptime      SRTT      RTO   Q   Seq Type
                  (sec)          (ms)          Cnt Num
      0   9.0.1.2          Et0/0          13 00:30:19  103     618   0   9
PE-1#

```

3. Überprüfen Sie, ob die EIGRP-Topologietabelle die über EIGRP (9.0.0.2/32) erfassten lokalen Subnetze enthält.

In diesem Beispiel sehen Sie, dass die EIGRP-Topologietabelle auch Subnetze enthält, die im MPLS/VPN-Backbone erfasst wurden (10.1.2.0/30). Die Subnetze werden wie bei **Redistributed (Neu verteilt)** angezeigt und haben einen angegebenen Abstand von 0.

```
PE-1#show ip eigrp vrf vpn1 topology
IP-EIGRP Topology Table for AS(10)/ID(9.0.0.1) Routing Table: vpn1
Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R - Reply,
       r - Reply status
P 10.1.3.0/24, 1 successors, FD is 2195456
      via Redistributed (2195456/0)
P 9.0.1.0/24, 1 successors, FD is 281600
      via Connected, Ethernet0/0
P 9.0.0.1/32, 1 successors, FD is 128256
      via Connected, Loopback1
P 10.1.2.0/30, 1 successors, FD is 2169856
      via Redistributed (2169856/0)
P 9.1.0.2/32, 1 successors, FD is 45867776
      via 9.0.1.2 (45867776/45842176), Ethernet0/0
P 9.0.0.2/32, 1 successors, FD is 409600
      via 9.0.1.2 (409600/128256), Ethernet0/0
P 10.0.0.6/32, 1 successors, FD is 2297856
      via Redistributed (2297856/0)
P 13.0.0.1/32, 1 successors, FD is 256256
      via Redistributed (256256/0)

PE-1#
```

4. Wenn Subnetze fehlen, stellen Sie sicher, dass sie sich in der BGP-Tabelle befinden. Verwenden Sie hierzu die **show**-Befehle für eine bestimmte VRF-Instanz. Wenn die Neuverteilung zwischen BGP und EIGRP nicht richtig konfiguriert ist, wird das Subnetz möglicherweise in einer Tabelle und nicht in der anderen angezeigt.

```
PE-1#show ip bgp vpnv4 vrf vpn1
BGP table version is 45, local router ID is 7.0.0.1
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal,
               S Stale
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
Network          Next Hop        Metric LocPrf Weight Path
Route Distinguisher: 100:1 (default for vrf vpn1)
*> 9.0.0.1/32      0.0.0.0            0        32768 ??
*> 9.0.0.2/32      9.0.1.2          409600    32768 ??
*> 9.0.1.0/24      0.0.0.0            0        32768 ??
*> 9.1.0.2/32      9.0.1.2          45867776   32768 ??
*>i10.0.0.6/32     7.0.0.4          2297856   100      0 ?
*>i10.1.2.0/30     7.0.0.4            0        100      0 ?
*>i10.1.3.0/24     7.0.0.4          2195456   100      0 ?
*>i13.0.0.1/32     7.0.0.4            0        100      0 i

PE-1#
```

```
PE-1#show ip bgp vpnv4 vrf vpn1 9.0.0.1 255.255.255.255
BGP routing table entry for 100:1:9.0.0.1/32, version 12
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table vpn1)
      Advertised to update-groups:
      1
      Local
      0.0.0.0 (via vpn1) from 0.0.0.0 (7.0.0.1)
      Origin incomplete, metric 0, localpref 100, weight 32768,
      valid, sourced, best
      Extended Community: RT:100:1 0x8800:32768:0 0x8801:10:128000
      0x8802:65280:256 0x8803:65281:1514

PE-1#
```

```
PE-1# show ip bgp vpnv4 vrf vpn1 10.1.2.0 255.255.255.252
BGP routing table entry for 100:1:10.1.2.0/30, version 40
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table vpn1)
```

```

Not advertised to any peer
Local
  7.0.0.4 (metric 139) from 7.0.0.4 (7.0.0.4)
    Origin incomplete, metric 0, localpref 100, valid, internal,
best
  Extended Community: RT:100:1 0x8800:32768:0 0x8801:10:512000
  0x8802:65280:1657856 0x8803:65281:1500

```

Auf dem Remote-PE müssen dieselben **show**-Befehle verwendet werden. In diesem Beispiel ist der Remote-PE-Router PE-4:

```
PE-4#show ip eigrp vrf vpn1 interfaces
```

IP-EIGRP interfaces for process 10							
Interface	Peers	Xmit Queue Un/Reliable	Mean SRTT	Pacing Time Un/Reliable	Multicast Flow Timer	Pending Routes	
Se1/0	0	0/0		0/10	0	0	
Se2/0	1	0/0	100	0/15	415	0	

```
PE-4#show ip eigrp vrf vpn1 neighbors
```

IP-EIGRP neighbors for process 10							
H	Address	Interface	Hold (sec)	Uptime (ms)	SRTT	RTO	Q Seq Type Cnt Num
0	10.1.2.2	Se2/0	10	00:18:57	100	600	0 2

```
PE-4#show ip eigrp vrf vpn1 topology
```

IP-EIGRP Topology Table for AS(10)/ID(13.0.0.1) Routing Table: vpn1							
Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R - Reply, r - Reply status							
P	10.1.3.0/24	1 successors, FD is 2195456					
		via 10.1.2.2 (2195456/281600), Serial2/0					
P	9.0.0.1/32	1 successors, FD is 128256					
		via Redistributed (128256/0)					
P	9.0.1.0/24	1 successors, FD is 281600					
		via Redistributed (281600/0)					
P	10.1.2.0/30	1 successors, FD is 2169856					
		via Connected, Serial2/0					
P	9.1.0.2/32	1 successors, FD is 45867776					
		via Redistributed (45867776/0)					
P	9.0.0.2/32	1 successors, FD is 409600					
		via Redistributed (409600/0)					
P	10.0.0.6/32	1 successors, FD is 2297856					
		via 10.1.2.2 (2297856/128256), Serial2/0					
P	13.0.0.1/32	1 successors, FD is 256256					
		via Redistributed (256256/0)					

```
PE-4#show ip bgp vpnv4 vrf vpn1
```

BGP table version is 61, local router ID is 7.0.0.4							
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best, i - internal, S Stale							
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete							

Network	Next Hop	Metric	LocPrf	Weight	Path
Route Distinguisher: 100:1 (default for vrf vpn1)					
*>i9.0.0.1/32	7.0.0.1	0	100	0	? ?
*>i9.0.0.2/32	7.0.0.1	409600	100	0	? ?
*>i9.0.1.0/24	7.0.0.1	0	100	0	? ?
*>i9.1.0.2/32	7.0.0.1	45867776	100	0	? ?
*> 10.0.0.6/32	10.1.2.2	2297856		32768	? ?
*> 10.1.2.0/30	0.0.0.0	0		32768	? ?
*> 10.1.3.0/24	10.1.2.2	2195456		32768	? ?
*> 13.0.0.1/32	0.0.0.0	0		32768	i

```
PE-4#show ip bgp vpnv4 vrf vpn1 9.0.0.1 255.255.255.255
```

BGP routing table entry for 100:1:9.0.0.1/32, version 45							
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table vpn1)							

```

Not advertised to any peer
Local
  7.0.0.1 (metric 139) from 7.0.0.1 (7.0.0.1)
    Origin incomplete, metric 0, localpref 100, valid, internal,
    best
      Extended Community: RT:100:1 0x8800:32768:0 0x8801:10:128000
      0x8802:65280:
      256 0x8803:65281:1514

PE-4#show ip bgp vpnv4 vrf vpn1 10.1.2.0 255.255.255.252
BGP routing table entry for 100:1:10.1.2.0/30, version 56
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table vpn1)
  Advertised to update-groups:
    1
      Local
        0.0.0.0 (via vpn1) from 0.0.0.0 (7.0.0.4)
          Origin incomplete, metric 0, localpref 100, weight 32768,
          valid, sourced,
          best
            Extended Community: RT:100:1 0x8800:32768:0 0x8801:10:512000
            0x8802:65280:
            1657856 0x8803:65281:1500

PE-4#
CE-1#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
Gateway of last resort is not set
  9.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
C      9.0.1.0/24 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
D      9.0.0.1/32 [90/409600] via 9.0.1.1, 1d02h, Ethernet0/0
C      9.1.0.2/32 is directly connected, Loopback1
C      9.0.0.2/32 is directly connected, Loopback0
  10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 3 subnets, 3 masks
D      10.1.3.0/24 [90/2221056] via 9.0.1.1, 1d02h, Ethernet0/0
D      10.1.2.0/30 [90/2195456] via 9.0.1.1, 1d02h, Ethernet0/0
D      10.0.0.6/32 [90/2323456] via 9.0.1.1, 1d02h, Ethernet0/0
  13.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets
D EX    13.0.0.1 [170/281856] via 9.0.1.1, 1d02h, Ethernet0/0

```

Fehlerbehebung

In diesem Abschnitt werden Informationen über die eigrp-Abfrage, die der PE erhält, und das entsprechende BGP-Update, das über die MPLS/VPN-Cloud gesendet wird, bereitgestellt. Dies erfolgt für das Subnetz 10.0.0.6/32, das direkt mit dem Router CE-4 auf der rechten Seite des Diagramms verbunden ist. Ein 'shut' und 'no shutdown' an der Loopback-Schnittstelle auf CE-4 zusammen mit dem entsprechenden Debugbefehl helfen Ihnen, die Tigger zu verstehen.

Aktualisieren der Propagation in einem einzigen autonomen System

Diese **Debug-Befehle** werden verwendet, um Subnetz-10.0.0.6/32 (Loopback-Adresse für CE-4)-Aktualisierungen zu verfolgen:

- **debugeigrp fsm**
- **Antwortanforderungs-Update für eigrp-Pakete debuggen**

- **debug ip eigrp 10 10.0.0.6 255.255.255.255**
- **debuggen ip bgp vpv4**
- **debuggen ip bgp update**

Dieses Beispiel zeigt einen zurückgenommenen EIGRP-Eintrag, nachdem ein **shutdown**-Befehl für die Loopback0-Schnittstelle auf CE-4 ausgeführt wurde:

```
PE-4
*Apr 30 08:36:59.913: DUAL: dual_rcvquery():10.0.0.6/32 via 10.1.2.2
metric 4294967295/4294967295, RD is 2297856
*Apr 30 08:36:59.913: DUAL: Find FS for dest 10.0.0.6/32. FD is 2297856,
RD is 2297856
*Apr 30 08:36:59.913: DUAL:      10.1.2.2 metric 4294967295/4294967295 not
found Dmin is 4294967295
*Apr 30 08:36:59.913: DUAL: Dest 10.0.0.6/32 (Split Horizon) not entering
active state.
*Apr 30 08:36:59.913: DUAL: Send reply about 10.0.0.6/32 to 10.1.2.2
*Apr 30 08:36:59.965: vpn: bgp_router, vpn ipv4 redistQ len = 1
*Apr 30 08:36:59.965: BGP(2): route 100:1:10.0.0.6/32 down
*Apr 30 08:36:59.965: BGP(2): no valid path for 100:1:10.0.0.6/32
*Apr 30 08:36:59.965: BGP(2): nettable_walker 100:1:10.0.0.6/32 no best path
*Apr 30 08:37:00.085: DUAL: Removing dest 10.0.0.6/32, nexthop 10.1.2.2
*Apr 30 08:37:00.085: DUAL: No routes. Flushing dest 10.0.0.6/32
*Apr 30 08:37:00.961: vpn: bgp_router, vpn ipv4 redistQ len = 1
*Apr 30 08:37:00.961: BGP(2): route 100:1:10.0.0.6/32 down
*Apr 30 08:37:01.993: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 computing updates, afi 2, neighbor
version 73, table version 74, starting at 0.0.0.0
*Apr 30 08:37:01.993: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 send unreachable 100:1:10.0.0.6/32
*Apr 30 08:37:01.993: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 send UPDATE 100:1:10.0.0.6/32 --
unreachable
*Apr 30 08:37:01.993: BGP(2): 1 updates (average = 45, maximum = 45)
*Apr 30 08:37:01.993: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 updates replicated for neighbors:
*Apr 30 08:37:01.993: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 update run completed, afi 2, ran for
0ms, neighbor version 74, start version 74, throttled to 74
*Apr 30 08:37:05.925: BGP: Import walker start version 73, end version
74*Apr 30 08:37:05.925: BGP: ... start import cfg version = 0
```

```
PE-1
*Apr 30 08:35:04.069: BGP(2): 7.0.0.4 rcv UPDATE about 100:1:10.0.0.6/32
-- withdrawn
*Apr 30 08:35:04.069: BGP: Withdraw path from 7.0.0.4
*Apr 30 08:35:04.069: BGP(2): no valid path for 100:1:10.0.0.6/32
*Apr 30 08:35:04.089: BGP(2): nettable_walker 100:1:10.0.0.6/32 no best path
*Apr 30 08:35:04.109: DUAL: dual_rcvupdate(): 10.0.0.6/32 via Redistributed
metric 4294967295/4294967295
*Apr 30 08:35:04.109: DUAL: Find FS for dest 10.0.0.6/32. FD is 2297856,
RD is 2297856
*Apr 30 08:35:04.109: DUAL:      0.0.0.0 metric 4294967295/4294967295 not
found Dmin is 4294967295
*Apr 30 08:35:04.109: DUAL: Dest 10.0.0.6/32 entering active state.
*Apr 30 08:35:04.109: DUAL: Set reply-status table. Count is 1.
*Apr 30 08:35:04.109: DUAL: Not doing split horizon
*Apr 30 08:35:04.137: EIGRP: Enqueueing QUERY on Ethernet0/0 iidbQ un/rely
0/1 serno 35-35
*Apr 30 08:35:04.169: EIGRP: Sending QUERY on Ethernet0/0
*Apr 30 08:35:04.169: AS 10, Flags 0x0, Seq 17/0 iidbQ 0/0 iidbQ un/rely
0/0 serno 35-35
*Apr 30 08:35:04.349: EIGRP: Received REPLY on Ethernet0/0 nbr 9.0.1.2
*Apr 30 08:35:04.349: AS 10, Flags 0x0, Seq 16/17 iidbQ 0/0 iidbQ un/rely
0/0 peerQ un/rely 0/0
*Apr 30 08:35:04.349: DUAL: dest(10.0.0.6/32) active
*Apr 30 08:35:04.349: DUAL: dual_rcvreply(): 10.0.0.6/32 via 9.0.1.2 metric
```

```

4294967295/4294967295
*Apr 30 08:35:04.349: DUAL: Count is 1*Apr 30 08:35:04.349: DUAL: Clearing
handle 0, count is now 0
*Apr 30 08:35:04.349: DUAL: Freeing reply status table
*Apr 30 08:35:04.349: DUAL: Find FS for dest 10.0.0.6/32. FD is 4294967295,
RD is 4294967295 found
*Apr 30 08:35:04.349: DUAL: Removing dest 10.0.0.6/32, nexthop 0.0.0.0
*Apr 30 08:35:04.349: DUAL: Removing dest 10.0.0.6/32, nexthop 9.0.1.2
*Apr 30 08:35:04.349: DUAL: No routes. Flushing dest 10.0.0.6/32

```

```

PE-1#
CE-1
*Apr 30 08:26:30.813: EIGRP: Received QUERY on Ethernet0/0 nbr 9.0.1.1
*Apr 30 08:26:30.813: AS 10, Flags 0x0, Seq 13/0 idbQ 0/0 iidbQ un/rely
0/0 peerQ un/rely 0/0
*Apr 30 08:26:30.813: DUAL: dual_rcvquery():10.0.0.6/32 via 9.0.1.1 metric
4294967295/4294967295, RD is 2323456
*Apr 30 08:26:30.813: DUAL: Find FS for dest 10.0.0.6/32. FD is 2323456,
RD is 2323456
*Apr 30 08:26:30.813: DUAL: 9.0.1.1 metric 4294967295/4294967295 not
found Dmin is 4294967295
*Apr 30 08:26:30.813: DUAL: Dest 10.0.0.6/32 (Split Horizon) not entering
active state.
*Apr 30 08:26:30.813: DUAL: Send reply about 10.0.0.6/32 to 9.0.1.1
*Apr 30 08:26:30.849: EIGRP: Enqueueing REPLY on Ethernet0/0 nbr 9.0.1.1
idbQ un/rely 0/1 peerQ un/rely 0/0 serno 31-31
*Apr 30 08:26:30.877: EIGRP: Sending REPLY on Ethernet0/0 nbr 9.0.1.1
*Apr 30 08:26:30.877: AS 10, Flags 0x0, Seq 12/13 idbQ 0/0 iidbQ un/rely
0/0 peerQ un/rely 0/1 serno 31-31
*Apr 30 08:26:30.989: DUAL: Removing dest 10.0.0.6/32, nexthop 9.0.1.1
*Apr 30 08:26:30.989: DUAL: No routes. Flushing dest 10.0.0.6/32

```

Dieses Beispiel zeigt die Erstellung eines EIGRP-Eintrags, nachdem ein Befehl **no shutdown** für die Loopback0-Schnittstelle auf CE-4 ausgeführt wurde:

```

PE-4
*Apr 30 08:38:53.685: DUAL: dest(10.0.0.6/32) not active
*Apr 30 08:38:53.685: DUAL: dual_rcvupdate(): 10.0.0.6/32 via 10.1.2.2
metric 2297856/128256
*Apr 30 08:38:53.685: DUAL: Find FS for dest 10.0.0.6/32. FD is 4294967295,
RD is 4294967295 found
*Apr 30 08:38:53.685: vpn: tag_vpn_find_route_tags: 100:1:10.0.0.6
*Apr 30 08:38:53.685: DUAL: RT installed 10.0.0.6/32 via 10.1.2.2
*Apr 30 08:38:53.685: DUAL: Send update about 10.0.0.6/32. Reason: metric chg
*Apr 30 08:38:53.685: DUAL: Send update about 10.0.0.6/32. Reason: new if
*Apr 30 08:38:53.745: vpn: bgp_router, vpn ipv4 redistQ len = 1
*Apr 30 08:38:53.745: BGP(2): route 100:1:10.0.0.6/32 up
*Apr 30 08:38:53.745: vpn: bgp allocate label: route_tag_change for
vpn1:10.0.0.6/255.255.255.255
*Apr 30 08:38:53.745: vpn: tag_vpn_find_route_tags: 100:1:10.0.0.6
*Apr 30 08:38:53.745: vpn: intag=21, outtag=unknown, outtag owner=BGP
*Apr 30 08:38:53.745: BGP(2): nettable_walker 100:1:10.0.0.6/32 route
sourced locally
*Apr 30 08:38:55.813: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 computing updates, afi 2, neighbor
version 77, table version 78, starting at 0.0.0.0
*Apr 30 08:38:55.813: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 send UPDATE (format) 100:1:10.0.0.6/32,
next 7.0.0.4, metric 2297856, path , extended community RT:100:1 0x8800:32768:0
0x8801:10:640000 0x8802:65281:1657856 0x8803:65281:1500
*Apr 30 08:38:55.813: BGP(2): 1 updates (average = 123, maximum = 123)
*Apr 30 08:38:55.813: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 updates replicated for neighbors:
*Apr 30 08:38:55.813: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 update run completed, afi 2, ran

```

```

for 0ms, neighbor version 78, start version 78, throttled to 78
*Apr 30 08:39:07.053: BGP: Import walker start version 77, end version 78
*Apr 30 08:39:07.053: BGP: ... start import cfg version = 0
*Apr 30 08:39:07.053: vpn: vpn1 same RD import, do best path
*Apr 30 08:39:07.053: vpn: bgp allocate label: route_tag_change for
vpn1:10.0.0.6/255.255.255.255
*Apr 30 08:39:07.053: vpn: tag_vpn_find_route_tags: 100:1:10.0.0.6
*Apr 30 08:39:07.053: vpn: intag=21, outtag=unknown, outtag owner=BGP
*Apr 30 08:39:07.305: BGP(2): nettable_walker 100:1:10.0.0.6/32 route
sourced locally
*Apr 30 08:39:09.413: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 computing updates, afi 2, neighbor
version 78, table version 79, starting at 0.0.0.0
*Apr 30 08:39:09.413: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 send UPDATE (format) 100:1:10.0.0.6/32,
next 7.0.0.4, metric 2297856, path , extended community RT:100:1 0x8800:32768:0
0x8801:10:640000 0x8802:65281:1657856 0x8803:65281:1500
*Apr 30 08:39:09.413: BGP(2): 1 updates (average = 123, maximum = 123)
*Apr 30 08:39:09.413: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 updates replicated for neighbors:
*Apr 30 08:39:09.413: BGP(2): 7.0.0.1 update run completed, afi 2, ran for
0ms, neighbor version 79, start version 79, throttled to 79

```

PE-1

```

*Apr 30 08:35:36.409: BGP: 7.0.0.3 multihop open delayed 15100ms (no route)
*Apr 30 08:35:37.981: BGP: Incoming path from 7.0.0.4
*Apr 30 08:35:37.981: BGP(2): 7.0.0.4 rcvd UPDATE w/ attr: nexthop 7.0.0.4,
origin ?, localpref 100, metric 2297856, extended community RT:100:1
0x8800:32768:0 0x8801:10:640000 0x8802:65281:1657856 0x8803:65281:1500
*Apr 30 08:35:37.981: BGP(2): 7.0.0.4 rcvd 100:1:10.0.0.6/32
*Apr 30 08:35:37.981: vpn: bgp_vpnv4_bnetinit: 100:1:10.0.0.6/32
*Apr 30 08:35:37.981: BGP: Accepted path from 7.0.0.4
*Apr 30 08:35:38.001: BGP(2): nettable_walker 100:1:10.0.0.6/32 no RIB
*Apr 30 08:35:38.189: BGP(2): 7.0.0.4 computing updates, afi 2, neighbor
version 55, table version 56, starting at 0.0.0.0
*Apr 30 08:35:38.189: BGP(2): 7.0.0.4 update run completed, afi 2,
ran for 0ms, neighbor version 56, start version 56, throttled to 56
*Apr 30 08:35:39.081: BGP: 7.0.0.2 multihop open delayed 16412ms (no route)
*Apr 30 08:35:50.437: BGP: Import walker start version 55, end version 56
*Apr 30 08:35:50.437: BGP: ... start import cfg version = 0
*Apr 30 08:35:50.437: vpn: vpn1 same RD import, do best path
*Apr 30 08:35:50.869: BGP(2): Revise route installing 1 of 1 route
for 10.0.0.6/32 -> 7.0.0.4(main) to vpn1 IP table
*Apr 30 08:35:50.889: DUAL: dest(10.0.0.6/32) not active
*Apr 30 08:35:50.889: DUAL: dual_rcvupdate(): 10.0.0.6/32 via Redistributed
metric 2297856/0
*Apr 30 08:35:50.889: DUAL: Find FS for dest 10.0.0.6/32. FD is 4294967295,
RD is 4294967295 found
*Apr 30 08:35:50.889: DUAL: RT installed 10.0.0.6/32 via 0.0.0.0
*Apr 30 08:35:50.889: DUAL: Send update about 10.0.0.6/32. Reason:
metric chg
*Apr 30 08:35:50.889: DUAL: Send update about 10.0.0.6/32. Reason:
new if
*Apr 30 08:35:50.929: EIGRP: Enqueueing UPDATE on Ethernet0/0 iidbQ
un/rely 0/1 serno 36-36
*Apr 30 08:35:50.957: EIGRP: Sending UPDATE on Ethernet0/0
*Apr 30 08:35:50.957: AS 10, Flags 0x0, Seq 18/0 idbQ 0/0 iidbQ un/rely
0/0 serno 36-36
*Apr 30 08:35:51.149: EIGRP: Received UPDATE on Ethernet0/0 nbr 9.0.1.2
*Apr 30 08:35:51.149: AS 10, Flags 0x0, Seq 17/0 idbQ 0/0 iidbQ un/rely
0/0 peerQ un/rely 0/0
*Apr 30 08:35:51.417: vpn: tag_vpn_find_route_tags: 100:1:10.0.0.6
*Apr 30 08:35:51.417: vpn: intag=vpn-route, outtag=20, outtag owner=BGPCE-1
*Apr 30 08:28:17.669: EIGRP: Received UPDATE on Ethernet0/0 nbr 9.0.1.1
*Apr 30 08:28:17.669: AS 10, Flags 0x0, Seq 14/0 idbQ 0/0 iidbQ un/rely
0/0 peerQ un/rely 0/0
*Apr 30 08:28:17.669: DUAL: dest(10.0.0.6/32) not active

```

```

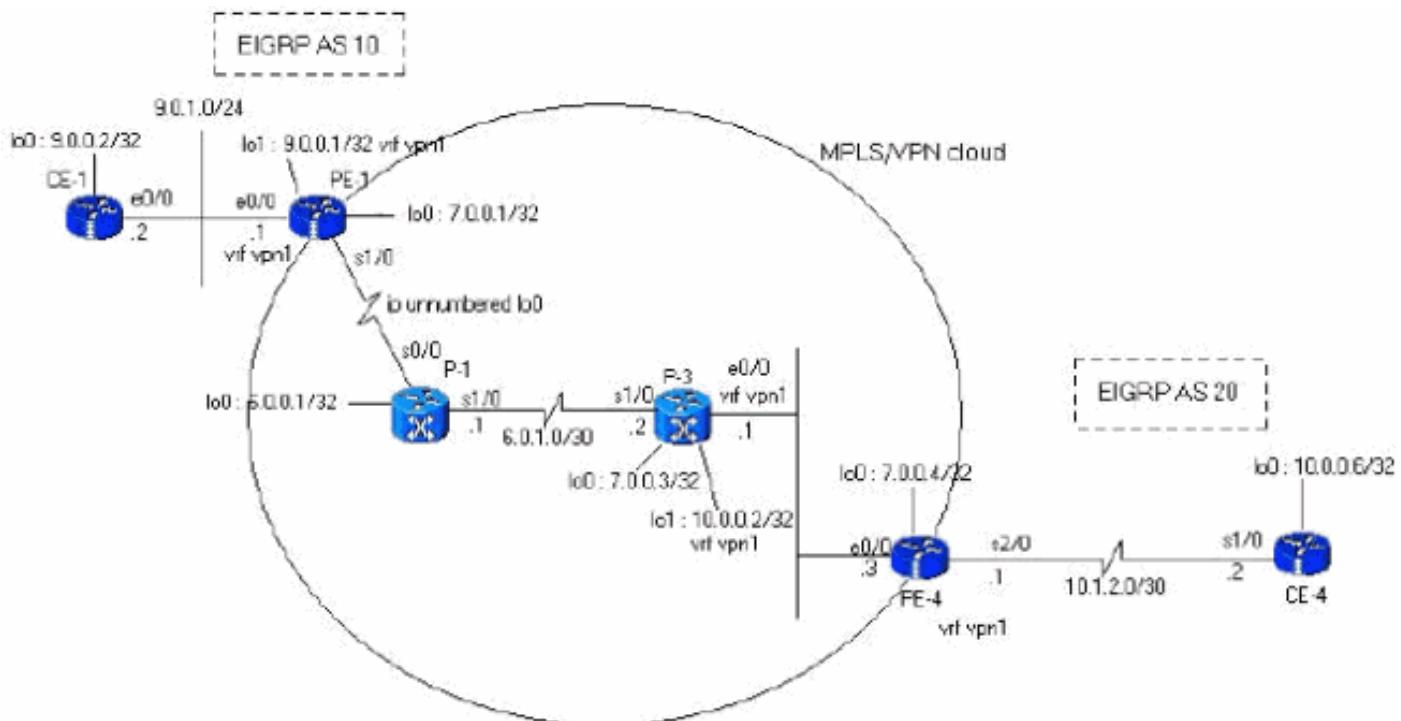
*Apr 30 08:28:17.669: DUAL: dual_rcvupdate(): 10.0.0.6/32 via 9.0.1.1
metric 2323456/2297856
*Apr 30 08:28:17.669: DUAL: Find FS for dest 10.0.0.6/32. FD is 4294967295,
RD is 4294967295 found
*Apr 30 08:28:17.669: DUAL: RT installed 10.0.0.6/32 via 9.0.1.1
*Apr 30 08:28:17.669: DUAL: Send update about 10.0.0.6/32. Reason:
metric chg
*Apr 30 08:28:17.669: DUAL: Send update about 10.0.0.6/32. Reason:
new if
*Apr 30 08:28:17.709: EIGRP: Enqueueing UPDATE on Ethernet0/0 iidbQ
un/rely 0/1 serno 32-32
*Apr 30 08:28:17.737: EIGRP: Sending UPDATE on Ethernet0/0
*Apr 30 08:28:17.737: AS 10, Flags 0x0, Seq 13/0 idbQ 0/0 iidbQ un/rely
0/0 serno 32-32

```

Szenario 2: Konfigurieren eines mehreren autonomen EIGRP-Systems

Netzwerkdiagramm

In diesem Abschnitt wird diese Netzwerkeinrichtung verwendet:



Konfigurationen

In diesem Abschnitt werden folgende Konfigurationen verwendet:

PE-1

```

PE-1#show run
Building configuration...
ip cef
ip vrf vpn1
rd 100:1
route-target export 100:1
route-target import 100:1

```

```

!
interface Loopback0
 ip address 7.0.0.1 255.255.255.255
 no ip directed-broadcast
!
interface Ethernet0/0
 ip vrf forwarding vpn1
 ip address 9.0.1.1 255.255.255.0
 no ip directed-broadcast
!
router eigrp 1
!
address-family ipv4 vrf vpn1
redistribute bgp 1
network 9.0.0.0
default-metric 10000 1 255 1 1500
no auto-summary
autonomous-system 10
exit-address-family
!
router bgp 1
 no bgp default ipv4-unicast
bgp log-neighbor-changes
neighbor 7.0.0.4 remote-as 1
neighbor 7.0.0.4 update-source Loopback0
!
address-family vpnv4
neighbor 7.0.0.4 activate
neighbor 7.0.0.4 send-community both
no auto-summary exit-address-family
!
address-family ipv4
neighbor 7.0.0.4 activate
exit-address-family
!
address-family ipv4 vrf vpn1
redistribute eigrp 10
no auto-summary
no synchronization
exit-address-family
!
end

```

PE-4

```

PE-4#show running-config
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 2439 bytes
!
ip cef
ip vrf vpn1
rd 100:1
route-target export 100:1
route-target import 100:1
!
!
interface Loopback0
 ip address 7.0.0.4 255.255.255.255
 no ip directed-broadcast
!
interface Ethernet0/0
 ip address 6.0.2.3 255.255.255.0
 no ip directed-broadcast

```

```

tag-switching ip
!
!
interface Serial2/0
ip vrf forwarding vpn1
ip address 10.1.2.1 255.255.255.252
no ip directed-broadcast
!
router eigrp 1
!
address-family
ipv4 vrf vpn1
redistribute bgp 1
network 10.0.0.0
default-metric 10000 1 255 1 1500
no auto-summary
autonomous-system 20
!--- The autonomous system is different from Scenario 1.
exit-address-family ! router bgp 1 no bgp default ipv4-
unicast bgp log-neighbor-changes neighbor 7.0.0.1
remote-as 1 neighbor 7.0.0.1 update-source Loopback0 no
auto-summary ! address-family vpng4 neighbor 7.0.0.1
activate neighbor 7.0.0.1 send-community extended no
auto-summary exit-address-family ! address-family ipv4
redistribute connected neighbor 7.0.0.1 activate no
auto-summary no synchronization exit-address-family !
address-family ipv4 vrf vpn1 redistribute eigrp 20
!--- The autonomous system is different from Scenario 1.
no auto-summary no synchronization network 13.0.0.1 mask
255.255.255.255 exit-address-family ! end

```

Überprüfen

Verwenden Sie die folgenden Befehle, um Ihre Konfiguration zu überprüfen:

- **show ip eigrp vrf vpn1-Schnittstellen**
- **show ip eigrp vrf vpn1 Nachbarn**
- **show ip eigrp vrf vpn1 Topologie**

```

IP-EIGRP Topology Table for AS(10)/ID(9.0.0.1) Routing Table: vpn1
Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R - Reply,
       r - Reply status
P 10.1.3.0/24, 1 successors, FD is 256256
      via Redistributed (256256/0)
P 9.0.1.0/24, 1 successors, FD is 281600
      via Connected, Ethernet0/0
P 9.0.0.1/32, 1 successors, FD is 128256
      via Connected, Loopback1
P 10.1.2.0/30, 1 successors, FD is 256256
      via Redistributed (256256/0)
P 9.1.0.2/32, 1 successors, FD is 45867776
      via 9.0.1.2 (45867776/45842176), Ethernet0/0
P 9.0.0.2/32, 1 successors, FD is 409600
      via 9.0.1.2 (409600/128256), Ethernet0/0
P 13.0.0.1/32, 1 successors, FD is 256256
      via Redistributed (256256/0)
P 10.0.0.6/32, 1 successors, FD is 256256
      via Redistributed (256256/0)
P 10.0.0.7/32, 1 successors, FD is 256256
      via Redistributed (256256/0)

```

```

PE-1#show ip bgp vpng4 vrf vpn1
BGP table version is 99, local router ID is 7.0.0.1
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best,
i - internal,
          S Stale
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
      Network          Next Hop          Metric LocPrf Weight Path
Route Distinguisher: 100:1 (default for vrf vpn1)
* > 9.0.0.1/32      0.0.0.0            0        32768 ??
* > 9.0.0.2/32      9.0.1.2            409600   32768 ??
* > 9.0.1.0/24      0.0.0.0            0        32768 ??
* > 9.1.0.2/32      9.0.1.2            45867776  32768 ??
*>i10.0.0.6/32     7.0.0.4            2297856   100     0 ?
*>i10.0.0.7/32     7.0.0.4            2323456   100     0 ?
*>i10.1.2.0/30     7.0.0.4            0        100     0 ?
*>i10.1.3.0/24     7.0.0.4            2195456   100     0 ?
*>i13.0.0.1/32     7.0.0.4            0        100     0 i

```

```

PE-1#show ip bgp vpng4 vrf vpn1 9.0.0.1 255.255.255.255
BGP routing table entry for 100:1:9.0.0.1/32, version 12
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table vpn1)
  Advertised to update-groups:
    1
      Local
      0.0.0.0 (via vpn1) from 0.0.0.0 (7.0.0.1)
        Origin incomplete, metric 0, localpref 100, weight 32768, valid,
        sourced, best
        Extended Community: RT:100:1 0x8800:32768:0 0x8801:10:128000
        0x8802:65280:256 0x8803:65281:1514

```

```

PE-1#show ip bgp vpng4 vrf vpn1 10.1.2.0 255.255.255.252
BGP routing table entry for 100:1:10.1.2.0/30, version 95
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table vpn1)
  Not advertised to any peer
  Local
    7.0.0.4 (metric 139) from 7.0.0.4 (7.0.0.4)
      Origin incomplete, metric 0, localpref 100, valid, internal, best
      Extended Community: RT:100:1 0x8800:32768:0 0x8801:20:512000
      0x8802:65280:1657856 0x8803:65281:1500

```

```

PE-1#
PE-4#show ip eigrp vrf vpn1 interfaces <output removed>
PE-4#show ip eigrp vrf vpn1 neighbors <output removed>
PE-4#show ip eigrp vrf vpn1 topology
IP-EIGRP Topology Table for AS(20)/ID(13.0.0.1) Routing Table: vpn1
Codes: P - Passive, A - Active, U - Update, Q - Query, R - Reply,
       r - Reply status
P 9.0.1.0/24, 1 successors, FD is 256256
      via Redistributed (256256/0)
P 9.0.0.1/32, 1 successors, FD is 256256
      via Redistributed (256256/0)
P 10.1.3.0/24, 1 successors, FD is 2195456
      via 10.1.2.2 (2195456/281600), Serial2/0
P 10.1.2.0/30, 1 successors, FD is 2169856
      via Connected, Serial2/0
P 9.1.0.2/32, 1 successors, FD is 256256
      via Redistributed (256256/0)
P 9.0.0.2/32, 1 successors, FD is 256256
      via Redistributed (256256/0)
P 13.0.0.1/32, 1 successors, FD is 256256
      via Redistributed (256256/0)
P 10.0.0.6/32, 1 successors, FD is 2297856

```

```

via 10.1.2.2 (2297856/128256), Serial2/0
P 10.0.0.7/32, 1 successors, FD is 2323456
    via 10.1.2.2 (2323456/409600), Serial2/0

```

```

PE-4#show ip bgp vpng4 vrf vpn1
BGP table version is 23, local router ID is 7.0.0.4
Status codes: s suppressed, d damped, h history, * valid, > best,
i - internal,
S Stale
Origin codes: i - IGP, e - EGP, ? - incomplete
      Network          Next Hop          Metric LocPrf Weight Path
Route Distinguisher: 100:1 (default for vrf vpn1)
*->i9.0.0.1/32      7.0.0.1            0     100      0 ?
*->i9.0.0.2/32      7.0.0.1            409600  100      0 ?
*->i9.0.1.0/24      7.0.0.1            0     100      0 ?
*->i9.1.0.2/32      7.0.0.1            45867776 100      0 ?
*> 10.0.0.6/32      10.1.2.2           2297856  32768   ?
*> 10.0.0.7/32      10.1.2.2           2323456  32768   ?
*> 10.1.2.0/30      0.0.0.0            0     32768   ?
*> 10.1.3.0/24      10.1.2.2           2195456  32768   ?
*> 13.0.0.1/32      0.0.0.0            0     32768  i

```

```

PE-4#show ip bgp vpng4 vrf vpn1 9.0.0.1 255.255.255.255
BGP routing table entry for 100:1:9.0.0.1/32, version 13
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table vpn1)
Not advertised to any peer
Local
  7.0.0.1 (metric 139) from 7.0.0.1 (7.0.0.1)
    Origin incomplete, metric 0, localpref 100, valid, internal, best
    Extended Community: RT:100:1 0x8800:32768:0 0x8801:10:128000
0x8802:65280:256 0x8803:65281:1514

```

```

PE-4#show ip bgp vpng4 vrf vpn1 10.1.2.0 255.255.255.252
BGP routing table entry for 100:1:10.1.2.0/30, version 19
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table vpn1)
Advertised to update-groups:
  1
    Local
      0.0.0.0 (via vpn1) from 0.0.0.0 (7.0.0.4)
        Origin incomplete, metric 0, localpref 100, weight 32768, valid,
        sourced, best
        Extended Community: RT:100:1 0x8800:32768:0 0x8801:20:512000
0x8802:65280:1657856 0x8803:65281:1500

```

```

PE-4#
CE-1#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
      D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
      N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
      E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
      i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
      * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
Gateway of last resort is not set
  9.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 2 masks
C       9.0.1.0/24 is directly connected, Ethernet0/0
D       9.0.0.1/32 [90/409600] via 9.0.1.1, 1d06h, Ethernet0/0
C       9.1.0.2/32 is directly connected, Loopback1
C       9.0.0.2/32 is directly connected, Loopback0
  10.0.0.0/8 is variably subnetted, 4 subnets, 3 masks
D EX    10.1.3.0/24 [170/281856] via 9.0.1.1, 00:27:15, Ethernet0/0
D EX    10.1.2.0/30 [170/281856] via 9.0.1.1, 00:27:15, Ethernet0/0
D EX    10.0.0.6/32 [170/281856] via 9.0.1.1, 00:27:15, Ethernet0/0
D EX    10.0.0.7/32 [170/281856] via 9.0.1.1, 00:27:15, Ethernet0/0
  13.0.0.0/32 is subnetted, 1 subnets

```

```
D EX      13.0.0.1 [170/281856] via 9.0.1.1, 00:27:15, Ethernet0/0
```

```
CE-1#show ip eigrp topology 10 10.1.2.0 255.255.255.252
IP-EIGRP topology entry for 10.1.2.0/30
State is Passive, Query origin flag is 1, 1 Successor(s), FD is 281856
Routing Descriptor Blocks:
9.0.1.1 (Ethernet0/0), from 9.0.1.1, Send flag is 0x0
  Composite metric is (281856/256256), Route is External
  Vector metric:
    Minimum bandwidth is 10000 Kbit
    Total delay is 1010 microseconds
    Reliability is 255/255
    Load is 1/255
    Minimum MTU is 1500
    Hop count is 1
  External data:
    Originating router is 9.0.0.1
    AS number of route is 1
    External protocol is BGP, external metric is 0
    Administrator tag is 0 (0x00000000)
```

```
CE-1#
```

Zugehörige Informationen

- [EIGRP-Support-Seite](#)
- [MPLS-Support-Seite](#)
- [Technischer Support und Dokumentation - Cisco Systems](#)