

Anwenderbericht: L3-Multicast in der ACI-Fabric

Inhalt

[Einführung](#)

[Design-Anforderungen](#)

[Lösung](#)

[Konfiguration](#)

[Überprüfen](#)

Einführung

Layer-3-Multicast-Routing wird in der ACI-Fabric ab Version 2.0 unterstützt und erfordert EX-Switches (d. h. N9K-C93180YC-EX). Vor Version 2.0 unterstützte die ACI nur L2-Multicast in der Bridge-Domäne. Diese Option ist in Version 2.0 noch gültig und kann für andere Switches als EX-Switches verwendet werden.

Zu den unterstützten Multicast-Routing-Funktionen der ACI Version 2.0 gehören: PIM ASM, PIM SSM, statisches RP, PIM Auto-RP und PIM BSR.

In diesem Dokument wird eine validierte Lösung für ein reales Kundenbereitstellungsszenario für L3-Multicast-Routing in der ACI-Fabric beschrieben. Die ausgewählte ACI-Version ist 2.1(1h). Diese Version unterstützt kein RP in der Fabric, daher ist ein externer RP für PIM ASM erforderlich.

Design-Anforderungen

Der Kunde benötigt eine End-to-End-Lösung für L3-Multicast-Routing innerhalb und außerhalb der Fabric. Für das Bereitstellungsszenario gelten folgende Anforderungen:

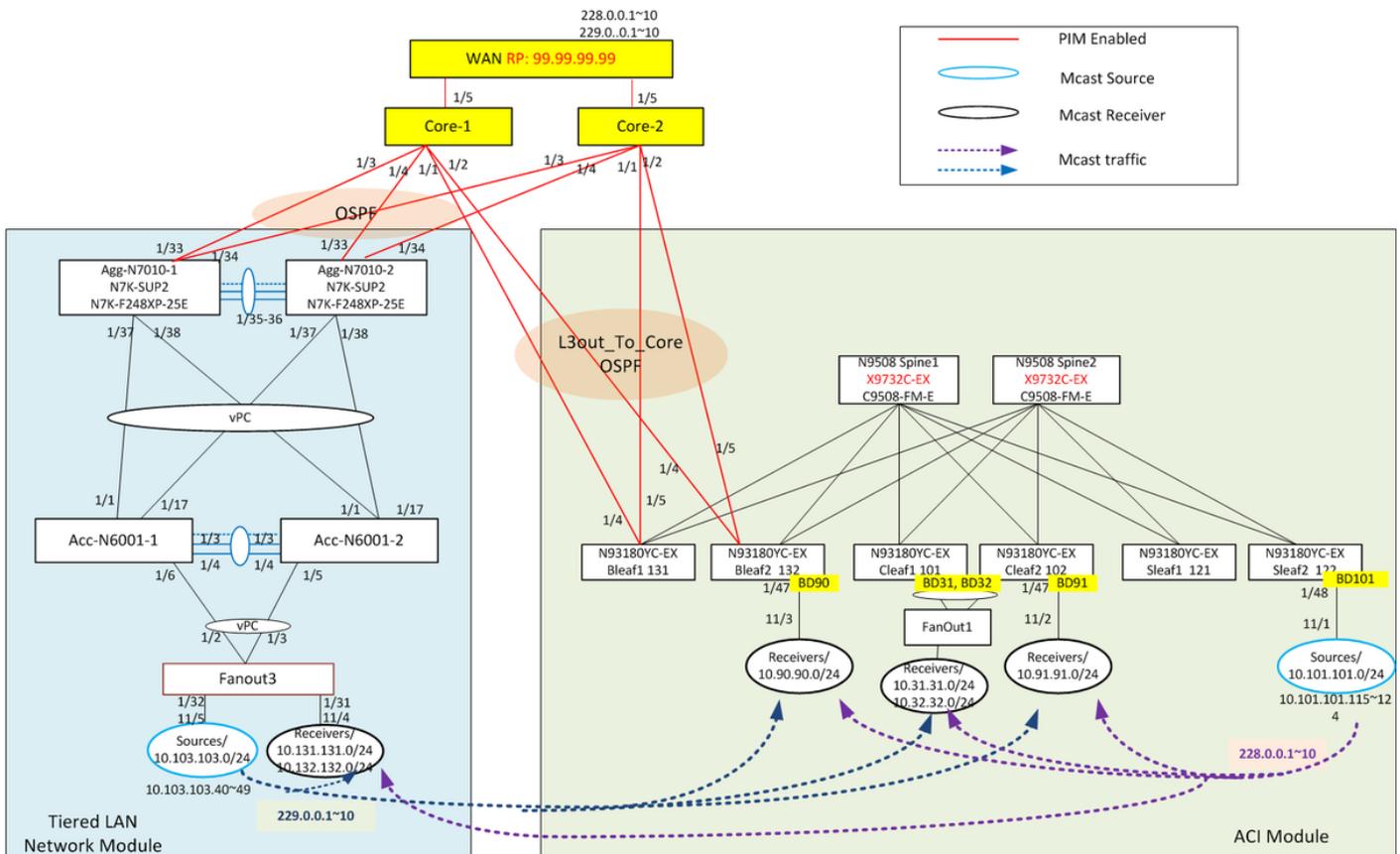
- Eine VRF-Instanz wird für alle Tenants bereitgestellt.

Hinweis: Für Multicast ist für jede VRF-Instanz ein dediziertes L3out erforderlich. Wenn sich in der Fabric mehrere VRFs befinden, wird Shared L3out für Multicast-Routing nicht unterstützt.

- Empfänger in Fabric mit externen Quellen
- Quellen in Fabric mit externen Empfängern
- Quellen und Empfänger in Fabric
- Static RP oder Auto-RP

Lösung

Topologieüberprüfung



In der Topologie gibt es zwei Hauptkomponenten: das ACI-Modul und das Tiered LAN Network-Modul. Beide Module sind über Point-to-Point-L3-Verbindungen mit OSPF und PIM mit Core-Geräten verbunden. Im ACI-Modul wird das externe geroutete Netzwerk als L3out-to-Core bezeichnet, das der allgemeinen VRF-Instanz:default zugeordnet ist. Sie umfasst die vier Verbindungen von den beiden Grenzblättern zu den Core-Geräten. Das mehrstufige LAN-Netzwerkmodul, auch als extern für die Fabric bezeichnet, besteht aus dem traditionellen Access Layer und dem Aggregation Layer mit vPC.

L3-Multicast-Datenflüsse werden über den Core-Layer über die ACI-Fabric und das Legacy-LAN-Netzwerk hinweg ausgeführt. Für das statische RP-Szenario wird RP auf dem WAN-Edge-Gerät bereitgestellt.

Wir verwenden Spirent Traffic Generators (STC), um interne und externe Quellen und Empfänger zu simulieren. Die Spirent-Ports sind mit verschiedenen Standorten des ACI-Moduls und des gestuften LAN-Netzwerkmoduls verbunden. Empfänger senden Beitrittsnachrichten für die IGMP v2-Mitgliedschaft.

Interne Quellen verbunden mit Sleaf2: Quell-IPs lauten 10.101.101.115~124, senden an Gruppenadressen: 228,0,0,1~10

Interne Empfänger, die an Bleaf1, Cleaf1 und Cleaf2 angeschlossen sind: BDs mit aktiviertem Multicast sind BD90, BD91, BD31, BD32, Interessengruppen: 228.0.0.1~10 und 229.0.0.1~10.

Externe Quellen, die im LAN-Netzwerk mit dem Access Layer verbunden sind: Quell-IPs sind 10.103.103.40~49, die an Gruppenadressen gesendet werden: 229,0,0,1~10.

Externe Empfänger, die im LAN-Netzwerk mit dem Access Layer verbunden sind: vlan131, vlan132, interessierte Gruppen: 228.0.0.1~10.

Konfiguration

Schritt 0: RP auf dem simulierten WAN-Gerät einrichten, das an den Core angeschlossen ist, PIM Sparse Mode auf den gestaffelten LAN-Netzwerkgeräten aktivieren.

```
!!!!!! RP configuration

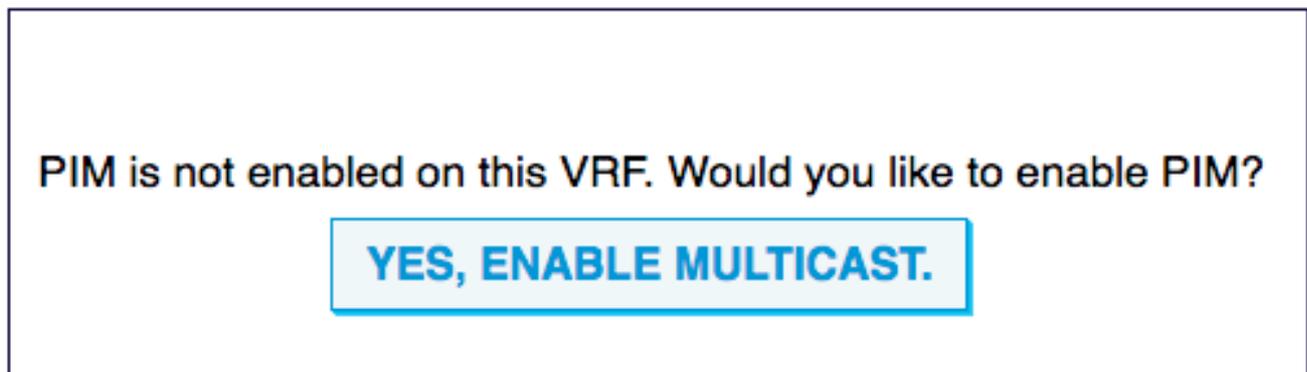
ip pim rp-address 99.99.99.99 group-list 224.0.0.0/4
ip pim ssm range 232.0.0.0/8

interface loopback99
  ip address 99.99.99.99/32
  ip router ospf 65017 area 0.0.0.0
  ip pim sparse-mode

interface Ethernet2/1
  ip pim sparse-mode

interface Ethernet2/2
  ip pim sparse-mode
```

Schritt 1: Aktivieren Sie Multicast auf der VRF-Instanz. Navigieren Sie im Tenant-Bereich zu Networking > VRFs > Multicast, und klicken Sie im Arbeitsbereich auf Butter, um Multicast zu aktivieren.



Schritt 2: Aktivieren von Multicast auf BD- und L3out-Ebenen, Aktivieren von IGMP für Empfänger-BDs. Navigieren Sie zu Networking > VRFs > VRF name > Multicast, wählen Sie im Arbeitsbereich die Registerkarte Configuration > Interface (Konfiguration > Schnittstelle) aus, und klicken Sie auf "+", um die Bridge-Domänen hinzuzufügen, für die Multicast-Datenverkehr erwartet wird. Aktivieren Sie die IMGP-Richtlinie für Multicast-aktiviertes BD.

Klicken Sie anschließend auf "+", um L3out für diese VRF-Instanz hinzuzufügen. Wenn Multicast für ein L3out aktiviert ist, aktiviert es PIM an allen Schnittstellen unter dem L3out, und alle Randübrige für dieses L3out werden mit Multicast-Routing aktiviert. Wählen Sie die PIM-Richtlinie für L3out-Schnittstellengruppen aus.

Hier wird davon ausgegangen, dass die BDs und L3out bereits bereitgestellt werden.

The screenshot shows the Cisco NCS configuration interface for Multicast. The left sidebar has 'Networking' and 'Multicast' highlighted. The main area displays two tables: 'Bridge Domains' and 'Interfaces'. In the 'Bridge Domains' table, the 'IGMP Policy' column for all entries is 'common/default'. In the 'Interfaces' table, the 'IGMP Policy' column for 'L3Out_To_Core' is 'common/default'. A 'PIM Policy' column is also visible with 'common/default' values.

Wenn die IGMP-Richtlinie an die BDs angefügt wird, wird sie auch zu einem IGMP-Abfrager. Die IGMP-Richtlinie wird unter Tenant > Networking > Protocol Policies > IGMP Interface konfiguriert. Die IGMP-Standardrichtlinie verfügt über die folgenden Parameter, mit denen Sie Abfrageintervalle definieren können. Wenn keine Richtlinie angegeben ist, verwendet die Schnittstelle die Standardrichtlinie.

The screenshot shows the Cisco NCS configuration interface for IGMP Interface Policy - default. The left sidebar has 'Networking' and 'IGMP Interface' highlighted. The main area displays the configuration for the 'default' IGMP policy. Parameters include Name: default, Description: optional, Control: Allow v3 ASM, Fast Leave, Report Link Local Groups, Group Timeout: 260, Query Interval: 125, Query Response Interval: 10, Last Member Count: 2, Last Member Response Time: 1, Version: Version 2 | Version 3. On the right, there are dropdown menus for Startup Query Count (2), Startup Query Interval (31), Querier Timeout (255), Robustness Variable (2), State Limit Route Map, Maximum Multicast Entries, Reserved Multicast Entries, Report Policy Route Map, and Static Report Route Map.

Die PIM-Richtlinie wird auch unter Tenant > Networking > Protocol Policies > PIM konfiguriert.

Die Standard-PIM-Richtlinie verfügt über die folgenden Parameter, mit denen Sie Hello-Intervalle definieren können.

The screenshot shows the 'Edit Interface Policy' configuration page in the Cisco SD-WAN GUI. The left sidebar shows a tree view with 'Networking' and 'PIM Policies' expanded. The main configuration area shows the following settings:

- Name: default
- Auth Type: MD5 HMAC authentication (selected), No authentication
- Control State: Multicast Domain Boundary, Passive, Strict RFC Compliant
- Designated Router Delay (seconds): 3
- Designated Router Priority: 1
- Hello Interval (milliseconds): 30000
- Join-Prune Interval Policy (seconds): 60
- Interface-level Inbound Join-Prune Filter Policy: select an option
- Interface-level Outbound Join-Prune Filter Policy: select an option
- Interface-level Neighbor Filter Policy: select an option

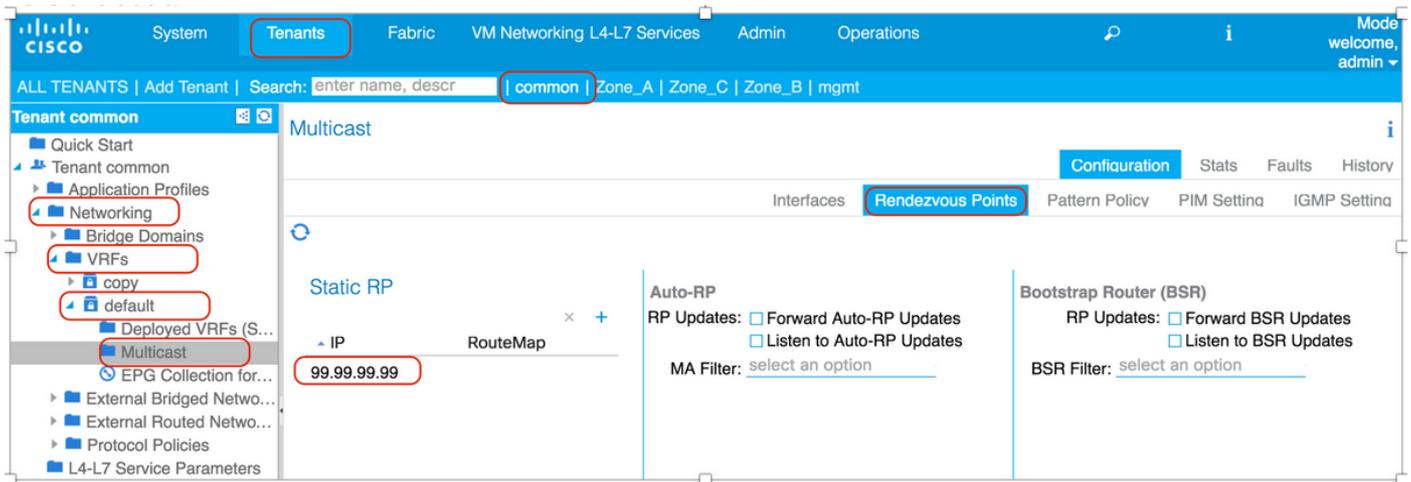
L3Outs auf dem Grenzblatt müssen mit Loopback-Adressen konfiguriert werden, die im Knotenprofil aktiviert sind.

The screenshot shows the 'Logical Node Profile - L3Out_To_Core_NP' configuration page. The left sidebar shows a tree view with 'External Routed Networks' and 'L3Out_To_Core' expanded. The main configuration area shows the following settings:

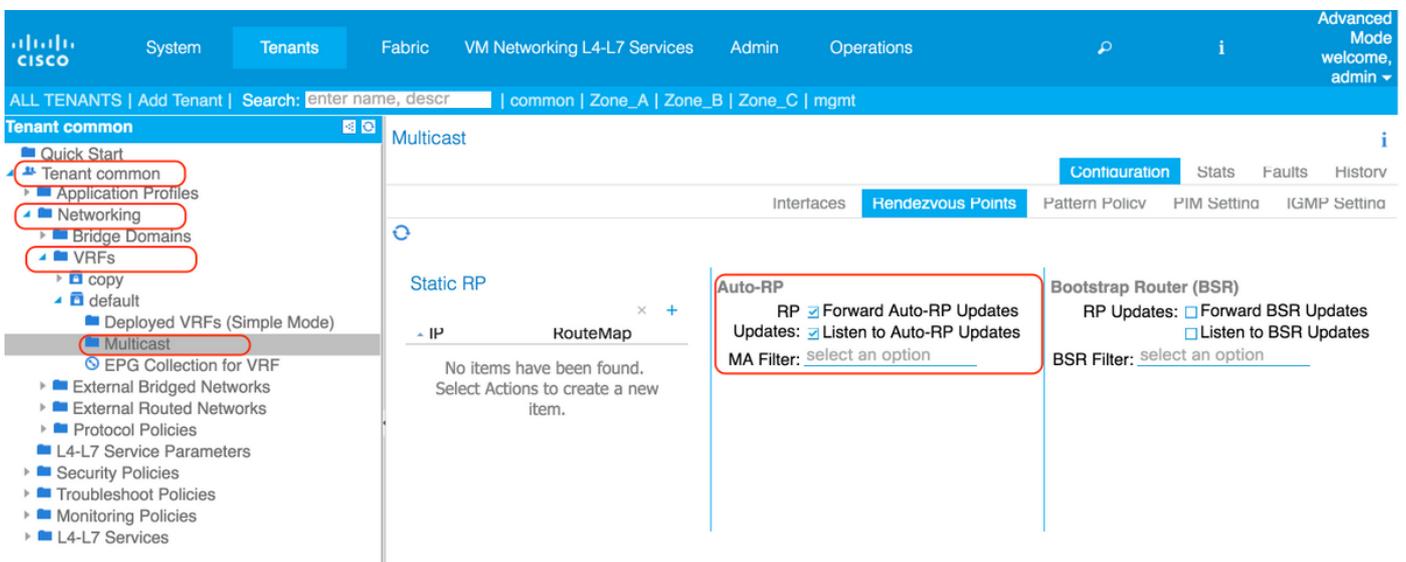
- Name: L3Out_To_Core_NP
- Description: optional
- Alias: (empty)
- Target DSCP: Unspecified
- Nodes:

Node ID	Router ID	Static Routes	Loopback Address
topology/pod-1/node-131	131.131.131.1		131.131.131.1
topology/pod-1/node-132	132.132.132.1		132.132.132.1

Schritt 3: RP für PIM ASM konfigurieren Navigieren Sie zu Tenant > VRF > Multicast, und wählen Sie im Arbeitsbereich Configuration > Rendezvous Points (Konfiguration > Rendezvous Points) aus. In diesem Beispiel ist ein statischer RP ausgewählt. Klicken Sie auf "+", um den RP hinzuzufügen.



Für die Auto-RP-Konfiguration aktivieren Sie auf der Seite "Rendezvous Points" die Kontrollkästchen für "Forward Auto-RP updates" und "Listen to Auto-RP Updates".



Außerhalb der ACI-Fabric sind die AUTO-RP-Konfigurationen auf NX-OS-Plattformen identisch.

!!! On RP candidate

```
ip pim send-rp-announce loopback99 group-list 224.0.0.0/4
ip pim send-rp-discovery loopback99 scope 32
```

!!! On RP listeners:

```
ip pim auto-rp listen forward
```

Schritt 4: Konfigurieren der erforderlichen PIM-Einstellungen Navigieren Sie zu Tenant >VRF -> Multicast, wählen Sie im Arbeitsbereich Configuration > PIM settings, und notieren Sie die VRF-GIP-Adresse 225.1.192.0/32, die vom APIC aus dem Multicast-Gruppen-Adresspool zugewiesen wird. Das VRF-GIPo wird als IP-Adresse der externen Gruppe für Multicast-Datenverkehr für BDs verwendet, die mit PIM aktiviert sind.

Wenn der **Fast Convergence**-Modus aktiviert ist (Standard ist deaktiviert), werden alle mit PIM aktivierten Grenzverläufe an das externe Netzwerk weitergeleitet, aber nur ein Border Leaf leitet den Datenverkehr an das Fabric weiter, um Duplikate zu vermeiden. Das Grenzblatt, das den Datenverkehr für die Gruppe weiterleitet, ist der **designierte Forwarder** für die Gruppe. Durch die Aktivierung von Fast Convergence kann die Paketabbruchdauer für Multicast-Datenflüsse mit

externen und internen Empfängern reduziert werden, wenn eine Änderung des Gewinners durch den Border Leaf eintritt. Der Beitritt zum PIM-Tree des neuen Stripe-Gewinners verursacht keine Latenz. Dies erfolgt auf Kosten der zusätzlichen Bandbreitennutzung auf den externen Verbindungen der Gewinner ohne Stripe, da der gesamte Grenzverlauf den Datenverkehr von der externen Quelle abzieht.

Informationen zu den Stripe-Gewinnern - Die ACI berechnet den BL Stripe-Gewinner derzeit mithilfe eines BSR (Bootstrap Router)-Hashs. Der Hash wird mithilfe der S,G- und Loopback-IP des Leaf berechnet. Ab ACI 3.0(1) gibt es keine Möglichkeit, Einfluss auf die Wahl des Gewinners zu nehmen.

The screenshot displays the Cisco ACI configuration interface for the 'Tenant common' tenant. The left-hand navigation pane shows a tree structure where 'Multicast' is selected under 'VRFs'. The main configuration area is titled 'Multicast' and includes tabs for 'Configuration', 'Stats', 'Faults', and 'History'. The 'PIM Setting' section is expanded, showing the following configuration details:

- VRF GIPo address: 225.1.192.0/32
- Control State: Fast Convergence, Strict RFC Compliant
- MTU port: 1500
- Resource Policy: RouteMap (select an option)
- Maximum Limit: (dropdown menu)
- Reserved: (dropdown menu)
- Multicast Entries: (dropdown menu)

Schritt 5: Erstellen Sie einen erforderlichen Vertrag, um Multicast-Datenverkehr zuzulassen:

- Quelle und Empfänger in Fabric (Vertrag nicht erforderlich)
- Empfänger in Fabric, externe Quelle (Vertrag nicht erforderlich)
- Quelle in Fabric, Externer Empfänger (Vertrag erforderlich)*

* Der Vertrag ist nicht erforderlich, wenn der BD auf dem Grenz Leaf bereitgestellt wird.

In unserem Fall haben wir Empfänger außerhalb der Fabric, wenden Vertrag zwischen L3out_to_Core und Mcast Source in EPG101 an.

The screenshot shows the Cisco ISE GUI for configuring a contract. The top navigation bar includes 'System', 'Tenants', 'Fabric', 'VM Networking', 'L4-L7 Services', 'Admin', and 'Operations'. The 'Tenants' tab is active, and the 'common' tenant is selected. The left sidebar shows the configuration tree with 'Security Policies' and 'Contracts' expanded, and 'shared_l3out' selected. The main area shows a topology diagram with nodes for 'L3Out_To...', 'EPG101(App...)', and 'Contract shared_l3out'.

Überprüfen

PIM-Verifizierung

Wenn die VRF-Instanz für das Multicast-Routing aktiviert ist, wird eine Fabric-Schnittstelle (Tunnel) für das Multicast-Routing in der Fabric erstellt. Die PIM-Kontrollebenenpakete werden über die Fabric-Schnittstellen in der Fabric gesendet. Das Tunnelziel ist die VRF-GiPo-Multicast-Adresse. Bei den Grenz-Leaf-Switches ist die Tunnelquelle die Loopback-Schnittstelle auf dem Grenz-Leaf. Bei nicht-grenzübergreifenden Leaf-Switches ist die Tunnelquelle eine Loopback-Adresse (127.0.0.100).

Die Grenzen lassen PIM-Hellos über die Fabric-Schnittstelle senden. L3Out-Schnittstellen führen PIM im normalen Modus aus, einschließlich Senden und Empfangen von Hellos, Auswählen von DR usw. Nicht grenzenlose Blätter werden auf der Fabric-Schnittstelle im passiven Modus ausgeführt. Sie überwachen PIM-Hellos von den Grenzblättern, senden aber keine PIM-Hellos. Nicht grenzenlose Blätter werden nicht in Ausgabe zu "show ip pim neighbor" angezeigt.

!!!!!! **Border Leaf Node bleaf1** !!!!!

```
bleaf1# show ip pim neighbor
```

```
PIM Neighbor information for Dom:common:default
Neighbor      Interface      Uptime          Expires          DRPriority
Bidir        BFDState
132.132.132.1/32  tunnel16      06:20:40        00:01:21        1
no           n/a
10.1.20.25/32   eth1/5        06:23:12        00:01:35        1
yes          n/a
10.1.20.1/32   eth1/4        06:23:12        00:01:24        1
yes          n/a
```

```
bleaf1# show interface tunnel 16
Tunnel16 is up
    MTU 9000 bytes, BW 0 Kbit
```

```
Transport protocol is in VRF "common:default"
Tunnel protocol/transport is ipvlan
Tunnel source 131.131.131.1
Tunnel destination 225.1.192.0/32
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
Tx
0 packets output, 1 minute output rate 0 packets/sec
Rx
0 packets input, 1 minute input rate 0 packets/sec
```

bleaf1#

!!!! Border Leaf Node bleaf2 !!!!

bleaf2# show ip pim neighbor

```
PIM Neighbor information for Dom:common:default
Neighbor          Interface          Uptime          Expires          DRPriority
Bidir      BFDState
131.131.131.1/32  tunnel16          06:23:26        00:01:30        1
no          n/a
10.1.20.29/32    eth1/5            06:38:26        00:01:43        1
yes         n/a
10.1.20.5/32    eth1/4            06:38:27        00:01:20        1
yes         n/a
```

bleaf2# show interface tunnel 16

```
Tunnel16 is up
  MTU 9000 bytes, BW 0 Kbit
  Transport protocol is in VRF "common:default"
  Tunnel protocol/transport is ipvlan
  Tunnel source 132.132.132.1
  Tunnel destination 225.1.192.0/32
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  Tx
  0 packets output, 1 minute output rate 0 packets/sec
  Rx
  0 packets input, 1 minute input rate 0 packets/sec
```

bleaf2#

!!!! RP !!!!

bleaf1# show ip pim rp vrf all

```
PIM RP Status Information for VRF:"common:default"
BSR: Not Operational
Auto-RP RPA: 192.168.1.2/32
RP: 99.99.99.99, uptime: 26d21h, expires: 00:02:38,
  priority: 0, RP-source: 192.168.1.2 (A), group-map: None, group ranges:
  224.0.0.0/4
```

bleaf1#

bleaf2# show ip pim rp vrf all

```
PIM RP Status Information for VRF:"common:default"
BSR: Not Operational
Auto-RP RPA: 192.168.1.2/32
RP: 99.99.99.99, uptime: 26d21h, expires: 00:02:38,
  priority: 0, RP-source: 192.168.1.2 (A), group-map: None, group ranges:
  224.0.0.0/4
```

bleaf2#

!!!! Non border leaf Node !!!!

cleaf1# show ip pim neighbor

```
PIM Neighbor information for Dom:common:default
Neighbor          Interface          Uptime          Expires          DRPriority
Bidir            BFDState
132.132.132.1/32  tunnel16          06:32:43       00:01:37        1
no               n/a
131.131.131.1/32  tunnel16          06:32:43       00:01:17        1
no               n/a
```

cleaf1# show interface tunnel 16

```
Tunnel16 is up
  MTU 9000 bytes, BW 0 Kbit
  Transport protocol is in VRF "common:default"
  Tunnel protocol/transport is ipvlan
  Tunnel source 127.0.0.100/32
  Tunnel destination 225.1.192.0/32
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  Tx
  0 packets output, 1 minute output rate 0 packets/sec
  Rx
  0 packets input, 1 minute input rate 0 packets/sec
```

cleaf1#

cleaf2# show ip pim neighbor vrf all

```
PIM Neighbor information for Dom:common:default
Neighbor          Interface          Uptime          Expires          DRPriority
Bidir            BFDState
132.132.132.1/32  tunnel16          06:33:17       00:01:33        1
no               n/a
131.131.131.1/32  tunnel16          06:33:17       00:01:41        1
no               n/a
```

cleaf2# show interface tunnel 16 Tunnel16 is up MTU 9000 bytes, BW 0 Kbit Transport protocol is in VRF "common:default" Tunnel protocol/transport is ipvlan **Tunnel source 127.0.0.100/32**

```
Tunnel destination 225.1.192.0/32
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  Tx
  0 packets output, 1 minute output rate 0 packets/sec
  Rx
  0 packets input, 1 minute input rate 0 packets/sec
```

cleaf2#

!!!!!! Core Router !!!!!

N7K-core-1# show ip pim neighbor

PIM Neighbor Status for VRF "default"

```
Neighbor          Interface          Uptime          Expires          DR          Bidir-  BFD
                  Priority Capable State
10.1.20.2          Ethernet1/1        3d22h          00:01:43        1          no      n/a
10.1.20.6          Ethernet1/2        3d22h          00:01:36        1          no      n/a
10.1.20.10         Ethernet1/3        2w6d           00:01:30        1          yes     n/a
10.1.20.14         Ethernet1/4        2w6d           00:01:18        1          yes     n/a
10.1.20.42         Ethernet1/5        2w6d           00:01:28        1          yes     n/a
```

N7K-core-1#

N7K-core-2# sh ip pim neighbor

PIM Neighbor Status for VRF "default"

```
Neighbor          Interface          Uptime          Expires          DR          Bidir-  BFD
                  Priority Capable State
10.1.20.26         Ethernet1/1        3d22h          00:01:23        1          no      n/a
10.1.20.30         Ethernet1/2        3d22h          00:01:17        1          no      n/a
```

```

10.1.20.18    Ethernet1/3    2w6d    00:01:38    1    yes    n/a
10.1.20.22    Ethernet1/4    2w6d    00:01:41    1    yes    n/a
10.1.20.46    Ethernet1/5    2w6d    00:01:17    1    yes    n/a
N7K-core-2#

```

Aktive Überprüfung des Grenzverlaufs

Wenn mehr als ein Border Leaf mit Multicast-Routing aktiviert ist, wählt der APIC einen Stripe-Gewinner für jede Gruppenadresse in allen aktiven Grenzblättern. Das Border Leaf, das Stripe-Gewinner einer Gruppe ist, sendet PIM-Joins im Namen der Fabric und leitet Multicast-Datenverkehr an die Fabric weiter.

Der Stripsieger für die Gruppe entscheidet über den designierten Forwarder. Wenn der Gewinner der Streifen erreichbar ist, dann ist auch der DF der Gewinner der Streifen. Wenn der Gewinner keine externe Verbindung zum Root hat, wählt der BL einen DF, indem er ein PIM-Join über die Fabric-Schnittstelle sendet.

```

!!!! Enter into vsh mode to execute the command !!!!!
bleaf2# vsh
Cisco iNX-OS Debug Shell
This shell should only be used for internal commands and exists
for legacy reasons. User should use ibash infrastructure as this
will be deprecated.
bleaf2# show ip pim internal stripe-winner 228.0.0.1 vrf common:default
PIM Stripe Winner info for VRF "common:default" (BL count: 2)
(*, 228.0.0.1)
BLs: 132.132.132.1 hash: 2081913316 (local)
     131.131.131.1 hash: 1024236260
Winner: 132.132.132.1 best_hash: 2081913316
bleaf2#
bleaf2#
bleaf2# show ip pim internal stripe-winner 229.0.0.1 vrf common:default
PIM Stripe Winner info for VRF "common:default" (BL count: 2)
(*, 229.0.0.1)
BLs: 132.132.132.1 hash: 1595374052 (local)
     131.131.131.1 hash: 2047646436
Winner: 131.131.131.1 best_hash: 2047646436
bleaf2#

```

Schnelle Konvergenzüberprüfung

```

!!! Verify if fast convergence is enabled
bleaf1# show fabric multicast vrf common:default
Fabric Multicast Enabled VRFs
VRF Name          VRF      Vprime      VN-Seg      VRF      Conv      Tunnel
                  ID       If          ID          Role     Mode      IP
common:default    4        Tunnel16    2162688    BL       Fast      131.131.131.1
bleaf1#

```

```

!!! None-border leaf

```

```

cleaf1# show fabric multicast vrf common:default
Fabric Multicast Enabled VRFs
VRF Name          VRF      Vprime      VN-Seg      VRF      Conv      Tunnel
                  ID       If          ID          Role     Mode      IP
common:default    4        Tunnel16    2162688    Leaf    Fast      127.0.0.100
cleaf1#

```

IGMP-Verifizierung

!!!! Bleaf2 receiving IGMP membership join !!!!

bleaf2# show ip igmp groups vrf common:default

Type: S - Static, D - Dynamic, L - Local, T - SSM Translated

Displaying Groups for vrf:common:default

Group Address	Type	Interface	Uptime	Expires	Last Reporter
228.0.0.1	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:20	10.90.90.71
229.0.0.1	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:24	10.90.90.71
228.0.0.2	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:27	10.90.90.72
229.0.0.2	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:20	10.90.90.72
228.0.0.3	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:25	10.90.90.73
229.0.0.3	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:25	10.90.90.73
228.0.0.4	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:26	10.90.90.74
229.0.0.4	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:25	10.90.90.74
228.0.0.5	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:28	10.90.90.75
229.0.0.5	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:20	10.90.90.75
228.0.0.6	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:22	10.90.90.76
229.0.0.6	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:26	10.90.90.76
228.0.0.7	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:25	10.90.90.77
229.0.0.7	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:19	10.90.90.77
228.0.0.8	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:22	10.90.90.78
229.0.0.8	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:25	10.90.90.78
228.0.0.9	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:27	10.90.90.79
229.0.0.9	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:20	10.90.90.79
228.0.0.10	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:20	10.90.90.80
229.0.0.10	D	vlan25	25d23h	00:02:21	10.90.90.80

bleaf2#

bleaf2# show ip igmp snooping groups vlan 25

Type: S - Static, D - Dynamic, R - Router port, F - Fabricpath core port

Vlan	Group Address	Ver	Type	Port list
25	*/*	-	R	Vlan25
25	228.0.0.1	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	228.0.0.2	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	228.0.0.3	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	228.0.0.4	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	228.0.0.5	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	228.0.0.6	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	228.0.0.7	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	228.0.0.8	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	228.0.0.9	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	228.0.0.10	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	229.0.0.1	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	229.0.0.2	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	229.0.0.3	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	229.0.0.4	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	229.0.0.5	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	229.0.0.6	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	229.0.0.7	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	229.0.0.8	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	229.0.0.9	v2	D	Eth1/47
25	229.0.0.10	v2	D	Eth1/47

bleaf2#

!!!! cleaf2 receivng IGMP membership join !!!!

cleaf2# show ip igmp groups vrf common:default

Type: S - Static, D - Dynamic, L - Local, T - SSM Translated

Displaying Groups for vrf:common:default

Group Address	Type	Interface	Uptime	Expires	Last Reporter
---------------	------	-----------	--------	---------	---------------

```

228.0.0.1      D      vlan9      25d23h      00:03:37      10.32.32.120
228.0.0.1      D      vlan30     25d23h      00:04:17      10.91.91.71
228.0.0.1      D      vlan3      11d23h      00:03:18      10.31.31.123
229.0.0.1      D      vlan9      25d23h      00:03:41      10.32.32.121
229.0.0.1      D      vlan30     25d23h      00:02:22      10.91.91.71
229.0.0.1      D      vlan3      11d23h      00:03:16      10.31.31.120
228.0.0.2      D      vlan9      25d23h      00:03:38      10.32.32.123
228.0.0.2      D      vlan30     25d23h      00:02:15      10.91.91.72
228.0.0.2      D      vlan3      11d23h      00:03:16      10.31.31.122
229.0.0.2      D      vlan9      25d23h      00:03:37      10.32.32.123
229.0.0.2      D      vlan30     25d23h      00:02:16      10.91.91.72
229.0.0.2      D      vlan3      11d23h      00:03:16      10.31.31.124
228.0.0.3      D      vlan9      25d23h      00:03:41      10.32.32.120
228.0.0.3      D      vlan30     25d23h      00:04:18      10.91.91.73
228.0.0.3      D      vlan3      11d23h      00:03:18      10.31.31.120
229.0.0.3      D      vlan9      25d23h      00:03:38      10.32.32.121
229.0.0.3      D      vlan30     25d23h      00:04:17      10.91.91.73
229.0.0.3      D      vlan3      11d23h      00:03:18      10.31.31.122
<.....>

```

cleaf2#

cleaf2# show ip igmp snooping vlan 3

IGMP Snooping information for vlan 3

IGMP snooping enabled

Lookup mode: IP

Optimised Multicast Flood (OMF) enabled

IGMP querier present, address: 10.31.31.1, version: 2, i/f Vlan3

Switch-querier disabled

IGMPv3 Explicit tracking enabled

IGMPv2 Fast leave disabled

IGMPv1/v2 Report suppression enabled

IGMPv3 Report suppression enabled

Link Local Groups suppression enabled

Router port detection using PIM Hellos, IGMP Queries

Number of router-ports: 1

Number of groups: 20

VLAN vPC function enabled

Active ports:

Eth1/2	Eth1/3	Po3	Po4
--------	--------	-----	-----

cleaf2# show ip igmp snooping groups vlan 3

Type: S - Static, D - Dynamic, R - Router port, F - Fabricpath core port

Vlan	Group Address	Ver	Type	Port list
3	*/*	-	R	Vlan3
3	228.0.0.1	v2	D	Po4
3	228.0.0.2	v2	D	Po4
3	228.0.0.3	v2	D	Po4
3	228.0.0.4	v2	D	Po4
3	228.0.0.5	v2	D	Po4
3	228.0.0.6	v2	D	Po4
3	228.0.0.7	v2	D	Po4
3	228.0.0.8	v2	D	Po4
3	228.0.0.9	v2	D	Po4
3	228.0.0.10	v2	D	Po4
3	229.0.0.1	v2	D	Po4
3	229.0.0.2	v2	D	Po4
3	229.0.0.3	v2	D	Po4
3	229.0.0.4	v2	D	Po4
3	229.0.0.5	v2	D	Po4
3	229.0.0.6	v2	D	Po4
3	229.0.0.7	v2	D	Po4
3	229.0.0.8	v2	D	Po4
3	229.0.0.9	v2	D	Po4
3	229.0.0.10	v2	D	Po4

```
cleaf2#
```

MRIB-Verifizierung

Der Leaf-Knoten sleaf2, also der FHR, verfügt über direkt verbundene Multicast-Quellen. Der RPF-Nachbar ist auf Spine1 10.0.176.64. Die eingehende Schnittstelle ist die Fabric-Schnittstelle (tunnel16), die über PIM mit dem Grenz-Leaf Peering bereitstellt.

Zur Vereinfachung wird eine Multicast-IP-Adresse aus jedem Gruppenbereich angezeigt: 228.0.0.1 für interne und 229.0.0.1 für externe Quellen.

```
!!!! FHR of mcast sources in fabric
sleaf2# show ip mroute vrf common:default
IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "common:default"

(10.101.101.115/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 00:17:54, ip pim
  Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)

(10.101.101.116/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 00:17:54, ip pim
  Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)

(10.101.101.117/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 00:17:54, ip pim
  Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)

(.....)

(*, 232.0.0.0/8), uptime: 4d00h, pim ip
  Incoming interface: Null, RPF nbr: 0.0.0.0
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)

sleaf2# show ip pim neighbor vrf common:default

PIM Neighbor information for Dom:common:default
Neighbor          Interface          Uptime              Expires              DRPriority
Bidir            BFDState
131.131.131.1/32  tunnel16          04:01:06            00:01:23             1
no                n/a
132.132.132.1/32  tunnel16          04:01:06            00:01:32             1
no                n/a
sleaf2#

sleaf2# show interface tunnel 16
Tunnel16 is up
  MTU 9000 bytes, BW 0 Kbit
  Transport protocol is in VRF "common:default"
  Tunnel protocol/transport is ipvlan
  Tunnel source 127.0.0.100/32
  Tunnel destination 225.1.192.0/32
  Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
  Tx
  0 packets output, 1 minute output rate 0 packets/sec
  Rx
  0 packets input, 1 minute input rate 0 packets/sec

sleaf2#
```

Empfänger für 228.0.0.1 sind an Bleaf2 (Knoten 132), cleaf1 (Knoten 101) und cleaf2 (Knoten

102) angeschlossen. Bleaf2 leitet den Mcast über Tunnel 16 an interne Empfänger an die Gruppe 228.0.0.1 und über L3out an externe Empfänger an die Core-Geräte weiter.

!!!!!! Bleaf2 !!!!!

```
bleaf2# show ip mroute 228.0.0.1 vrf common:default
IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "common:default"
```

```
(* , 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, ngmvpn ip pim igmp
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.5
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2) (Fabric OIF)
    Vlan25, uptime: 3w5d, igmp
    Tunnel16, uptime: 3w5d, ngmvpn

(10.101.101.115/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, pim mrib ip ngmvpn
  Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2) (Fabric OIF)
    Vlan25, uptime: 3w5d, mrib
    Tunnel16, uptime: 3w5d, mrib, ngmvpn, (RPF)

(10.101.101.116/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, ip mrib pim ngmvpn
  Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 3) (Fabric OIF)
    Ethernet1/5, uptime: 00:04:36, pim
    Vlan25, uptime: 3w5d, mrib
    Tunnel16, uptime: 3w5d, mrib, ngmvpn, (RPF)

(10.101.101.117/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, pim mrib ip ngmvpn
  Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2) (Fabric OIF)
    Vlan25, uptime: 3w5d, mrib
    Tunnel16, uptime: 3w5d, mrib, ngmvpn, (RPF)

(10.101.101.118/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, ip mrib pim ngmvpn
  Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 3) (Fabric OIF)
    Ethernet1/5, uptime: 00:04:36, pim
    Vlan25, uptime: 3w5d, mrib
    Tunnel16, uptime: 3w5d, mrib, ngmvpn, (RPF)

(10.101.101.119/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, pim mrib ip ngmvpn
  Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2) (Fabric OIF)
    Vlan25, uptime: 3w5d, mrib
    Tunnel16, uptime: 3w5d, mrib, ngmvpn, (RPF)

(10.101.101.120/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, mrib ip pim ngmvpn
  Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2) (Fabric OIF)
    Vlan25, uptime: 3w5d, mrib
    Tunnel16, uptime: 3w5d, mrib, ngmvpn, (RPF)

(10.101.101.121/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, mrib ip pim ngmvpn
  Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2) (Fabric OIF)
    Vlan25, uptime: 3w5d, mrib
    Tunnel16, uptime: 3w5d, mrib, ngmvpn, (RPF)

(10.101.101.122/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, pim mrib ip ngmvpn
  Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2) (Fabric OIF)
    Vlan25, uptime: 3w5d, mrib
    Tunnel16, uptime: 3w5d, mrib, ngmvpn, (RPF)
```

```
(10.101.101.123/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, ip mrib pim ngmvpn
Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
Outgoing interface list: (count: 3) (Fabric OIF)
Ethernet1/5, uptime: 00:04:36, pim
Vlan25, uptime: 3w5d, mrib
Tunnel16, uptime: 3w5d, mrib, ngmvpn, (RPF)
```

```
(10.101.101.124/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, ip mrib pim ngmvpn
Incoming interface: Tunnel16, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
Outgoing interface list: (count: 3) (Fabric OIF)
Ethernet1/5, uptime: 1d00h, pim
Vlan25, uptime: 3w5d, mrib
Tunnel16, uptime: 3w5d, mrib, ngmvpn, (RPF)
```

bleaf2#

bleaf2# show interface vlan25

```
Vlan25 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware EtherSVI, address is 0000.0c07.ac5a
Internet Address is 10.90.90.1/24
MTU 9000 bytes, BW 10000000 Kbit, DLY 1 usec
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Carrier delay is 10 sec
Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
Keepalive not supported
ARP type: ARPA
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
30 seconds input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
30 seconds output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
Load-Interval #2: 5 minute (300 seconds)
input rate 0 bps, 0 pps; output rate 0 bps, 0 pps
L3 Switched:
input: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - output: 0 pkts, 0 bytes
L3 in Switched:
ucast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes
L3 out Switched:
ucast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes
```

bleaf2#

Bleaf1 leitet die Gruppe 228.0.0.1 über die L3Out-Schnittstelle an die Außenstellen weiter, jedoch nicht über die Fabric-Schnittstellen an die Fabric weiter, da es nicht der Gewinner von 228.0.0.1 ist.

!!!! Bleaf1 !!!!

!!!!

```
bleaf1# show ip mroute 228.0.0.1 vrf common:default
IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "common:default"
```

```
(10.101.101.115/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w4d, mrib ip pim
Incoming interface: Tunnel14, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
Ethernet1/5, uptime: 1d01h, pim
```

```
(10.101.101.116/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, pim mrib ip
Incoming interface: Tunnel14, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
Ethernet1/4, uptime: 1d01h, pim
```

```
(10.101.101.117/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, pim mrib ip
Incoming interface: Tunnel14, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
```

```

Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
  Ethernet1/5, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.101.101.118/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, mrib ip pim
  Incoming interface: Tunnel14, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.101.101.119/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, mrib ip pim
  Incoming interface: Tunnel14, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/5, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.101.101.120/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Tunnel14, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.101.101.121/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Tunnel14, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.101.101.122/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim
  Incoming interface: Tunnel14, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/5, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.101.101.123/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Tunnel14, RPF nbr: 10.0.176.64 (pervasive)
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 1d01h, pim

```

bleaf1#

Bleaf1 ist der aktive Grenz-Leaf/Stripe-Gewinner der Gruppe 229.0.0.1. Bleaf1 empfängt das Multicast über das externe Core-Gerät in die Gruppe 229.0.0.1 und leitet es dann an interne Empfänger in BD90, BD91, BD31 und BD32 weiter. (Beachten Sie, dass die VLAN-ID nur für den Leaf-Knoten als universeller GW intern ist.)

!!!!! bleaf1 !!!!!

```

bleaf1# show ip mroute 229.0.0.1 vrf common:default IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF
"common:default" (*, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, ngmvpn ip pim Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5,
RPF nbr: 10.1.20.25 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) (Fabric OIF) Tunnel14, uptime: 3w5d,
ngmvpn (10.103.103.40/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface:
Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.25 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) Tunnel14, uptime: 1d01h,
mrib (10.103.103.41/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface:
Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.1 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) Tunnel14, uptime: 1d01h,
mrib (10.103.103.42/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface:
Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.25 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) Tunnel14, uptime: 1d01h,
mrib (10.103.103.43/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface:
Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.25 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) Tunnel14, uptime: 1d01h,
mrib (10.103.103.44/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface:
Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.25 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) Tunnel14, uptime: 1d01h,
mrib (10.103.103.45/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface:
Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.25 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) Tunnel14, uptime: 1d01h,
mrib (10.103.103.46/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface:
Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.25 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) Tunnel14, uptime: 1d01h,
mrib (10.103.103.47/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface:

```

```
Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.1 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) Tunnel14, uptime: 1d01h,
mrib (10.103.103.48/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface:
Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.1 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) Tunnel14, uptime: 1d01h,
mrib (10.103.103.49/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface:
Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.1 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) Tunnel14, uptime: 1d01h,
mrib bleaf1#
```

```
!!!! bleaf2 !!!!!
```

```
bleaf2# show ip mroute 229.0.0.1 vrf common:default IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF
"common:default" (*, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, ip pim igmp Incoming interface: Ethernet1/4,
RPF nbr: 10.1.20.5 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) Vlan25, uptime: 3w5d, igmp
(10.103.103.40/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface: Ethernet1/4,
RPF nbr: 10.1.20.5 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) (Fabric Forwarding Loser) Vlan25, uptime:
1d01h, mrib (10.103.103.41/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface:
Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.5 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) (Fabric Forwarding Loser)
Vlan25, uptime: 1d01h, mrib (10.103.103.42/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim
Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.29 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) (Fabric
Forwarding Loser) Vlan25, uptime: 1d01h, mrib (10.103.103.43/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h,
ip mrib pim Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.29 Outgoing interface list:
(count: 1) (Fabric Forwarding Loser) Vlan25, uptime: 1d01h, mrib (10.103.103.44/32,
229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.29
Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) (Fabric Forwarding Loser) Vlan25, uptime: 1d01h, mrib
(10.103.103.45/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface: Ethernet1/4,
RPF nbr: 10.1.20.5 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) (Fabric Forwarding Loser) Vlan25, uptime:
1d01h, mrib (10.103.103.46/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface:
Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.29 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) (Fabric Forwarding Loser)
Vlan25, uptime: 1d01h, mrib (10.103.103.47/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim
Incoming interface: Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.5 Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) (Fabric
Forwarding Loser) Vlan25, uptime: 1d01h, mrib (10.103.103.48/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h,
ip mrib pim Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.29 Outgoing interface list:
(count: 1) (Fabric Forwarding Loser) Vlan25, uptime: 1d01h, mrib (10.103.103.49/32,
229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, ip mrib pim Incoming interface: Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.5
Outgoing interface list: (count: 1) (Fabric Forwarding Loser) Vlan25, uptime: 1d01h, mrib
bleaf2#
```

Nicht-Border-Leaf Cleaf1 und Cleaf2 haben Empfänger in BD31, BD32, BD91 angeschlossen. Die Installation von nicht grenzübergreifenden Leaf-Knoten (*, G) wird nur (S,G) unterstützt.

```
cleaf1# show ip mroute 228.0.0.1 vrf common:default
IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "common:default"
```

```
(*, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, igmp ip pim
Incoming interface: Tunnel14, RPF nbr: 10.0.80.91
Outgoing interface list: (count: 2)
Vlan4, uptime: 1w5d, igmp
Vlan7, uptime: 3w5d, igmp
```

```
cleaf1# show ip mroute 229.0.0.1 vrf common:default
IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "common:default"
```

```
(*, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, igmp ip pim
Incoming interface: Tunnel14, RPF nbr: 10.0.80.91
Outgoing interface list: (count: 2)
Vlan4, uptime: 1w5d, igmp
Vlan7, uptime: 3w5d, igmp
```

```
cleaf1#
```

```
cleaf1# show interface vlan 4
Vlan4 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware EtherSVI, address is 0000.0c07.ac1f
```

Internet Address is 10.31.31.1/24

MTU 9000 bytes, BW 10000000 Kbit, DLY 1 usec
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Carrier delay is 10 sec
Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
Keepalive not supported
ARP type: ARPA
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
30 seconds input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
30 seconds output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
Load-Interval #2: 5 minute (300 seconds)
input rate 0 bps, 0 pps; output rate 0 bps, 0 pps
L3 Switched:
input: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - output: 0 pkts, 0 bytes
L3 in Switched:
ucast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes
L3 out Switched:
ucast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes

cleaf1# show interface vlan 7

Vlan7 is up, line protocol is up
Hardware EtherSVI, address is 0000.0c07.ac20

Internet Address is 10.32.32.1/24

MTU 9000 bytes, BW 10000000 Kbit, DLY 1 usec
reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255
Carrier delay is 10 sec
Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set
Keepalive not supported
ARP type: ARPA
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
30 seconds input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
30 seconds output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec
Load-Interval #2: 5 minute (300 seconds)
input rate 0 bps, 0 pps; output rate 0 bps, 0 pps
L3 Switched:
input: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - output: 0 pkts, 0 bytes
L3 in Switched:
ucast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes
L3 out Switched:
ucast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes

cleaf1#

!!!! Non-border leaf node has (*, G) only, (S,G) is not supported.

cleaf2# show ip mroute 228.0.0.1 vrf common:default
IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "common:default"

(*, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, igmp ip pim
Incoming interface: Tunnell16, RPF nbr: 10.0.80.91
Outgoing interface list: (count: 3)
Vlan3, uptime: 1w5d, igmp
Vlan30, uptime: 3w5d, igmp
Vlan9, uptime: 3w5d, igmp

cleaf2# show ip mroute 229.0.0.1 vrf common:default
IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "common:default"

(*, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, igmp ip pim
Incoming interface: Tunnell16, RPF nbr: 10.0.80.91
Outgoing interface list: (count: 3)
Vlan3, uptime: 1w5d, igmp
Vlan30, uptime: 3w5d, igmp

Vlan9, uptime: 3w5d, igmp

cleaf2#

cleaf2# show interface vlan 3

Vlan3 is up, line protocol is up

Hardware EtherSVI, address is 0000.0c07.ac1f

Internet Address is 10.31.31.1/24

MTU 9000 bytes, BW 10000000 Kbit, DLY 1 usec

reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255

Carrier delay is 10 sec

Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set

Keepalive not supported

ARP type: ARPA

Last clearing of "show interface" counters never

30 seconds input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec

30 seconds output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec

Load-Interval #2: 5 minute (300 seconds)

input rate 0 bps, 0 pps; output rate 0 bps, 0 pps

L3 Switched:

input: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - output: 0 pkts, 0 bytes

L3 in Switched:

ucast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes

L3 out Switched:

ucast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes

cleaf2# show interface vlan 30

Vlan30 is up, line protocol is up

Hardware EtherSVI, address is 0000.0c07.ac5b

Internet Address is 10.91.91.1/24

MTU 9000 bytes, BW 10000000 Kbit, DLY 1 usec

reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255

Carrier delay is 10 sec

Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set

Keepalive not supported

ARP type: ARPA

Last clearing of "show interface" counters never

30 seconds input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec

30 seconds output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec

Load-Interval #2: 5 minute (300 seconds)

input rate 0 bps, 0 pps; output rate 0 bps, 0 pps

L3 Switched:

input: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - output: 0 pkts, 0 bytes

L3 in Switched:

ucast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes

L3 out Switched:

ucast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes

cleaf2# show interface vlan 9

Vlan9 is up, line protocol is up

Hardware EtherSVI, address is 0000.0c07.ac20

Internet Address is 10.32.32.1/24

MTU 9000 bytes, BW 10000000 Kbit, DLY 1 usec

reliability 255/255, txload 1/255, rxload 1/255

Carrier delay is 10 sec

Encapsulation ARPA, loopback not set

Keepalive not supported

ARP type: ARPA

Last clearing of "show interface" counters never

30 seconds input rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec

30 seconds output rate 0 bits/sec, 0 packets/sec

Load-Interval #2: 5 minute (300 seconds)

input rate 0 bps, 0 pps; output rate 0 bps, 0 pps

L3 Switched:

```
input: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - output: 0 pkts, 0 bytes
L3 in Switched:
  ucast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes
L3 out Switched:
  ucast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes - mcast: 0 pkts, 0 bytes
```

```
cleaf2#
```

Auf den Core-Routern senden N7K-core-1 und N7K-core-2 die Last für Multicast-Datenflüsse, die im LAN-Netzwerk eingehen. Wenn keine schnelle Konvergenz aktiviert ist, sendet nur ein Border Leaf (Bleaf1) Join an die Quelle.

```
!!!! Sources in LAN network !!!!
```

```
!!!! N7K-core-1 !!!!
```

```
N7K-core-1# show ip mroute 229.0.0.1
```

```
IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "default"
```

```
(10.103.103.41/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/3, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.10
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/1, uptime: 1d01h, pim
```

```
(10.103.103.42/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.42
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
```

```
(10.103.103.43/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.42
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
```

```
(10.103.103.44/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.42
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
```

```
(10.103.103.46/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.42
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
```

```
(10.103.103.47/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.14
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/1, uptime: 1d01h, pim
```

```
(10.103.103.48/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/3, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.10
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/1, uptime: 1d01h, pim
```

```
(10.103.103.49/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/3, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.10
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/1, uptime: 1d01h, pim
```

```
N7K-core-1#
```

```
!!!! N7K-core-2 !!!!
```

```
N7K-core-2# show ip mroute 229.0.0.1
```

```
IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "default"
```

```
(* , 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, pim ip
```

```
Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.46
Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
  Ethernet1/1, uptime: 3w5d, pim
(10.103.103.40/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/3, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.18
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/1, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.103.103.41/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.22
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
(10.103.103.42/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/3, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.18
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/1, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.103.103.43/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.22
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/1, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.103.103.44/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/3, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.18
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/1, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.103.103.45/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.22
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/1, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.103.103.46/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/3, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.18
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/1, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.103.103.47/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.22
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
(10.103.103.48/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 00:53:01, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.46
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
(10.103.103.49/32, 229.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/4, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.22
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
```

N7K-core-2#

!!!!!! Sources in ACI !!!!!

!!!!!! N7K-core-1 !!!!!

N7K-core-1# show ip mroute 228.0.0.1
IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "default"

```
(*, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, pim ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.42
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2)
    Ethernet1/3, uptime: 3w5d, pim
```

```
Ethernet1/2, uptime: 3w5d, pim
(10.101.101.115/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/2, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.6
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
(10.101.101.116/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/1, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.2
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/3, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.101.101.117/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.42
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
(10.101.101.118/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/1, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.2
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/3, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.101.101.119/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/2, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.6
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
(10.101.101.120/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/1, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.2
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/3, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.101.101.121/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/1, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.2
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/3, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.101.101.122/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/2, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.6
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
(10.101.101.123/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/1, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.2
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/3, uptime: 1d01h, pim
(10.101.101.124/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.42
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 0)
```

```
N7K-core-1#
N7K-core-1#
```

```
!!!! N7K-core-2 !!!!
N7K-core-2# show ip mroute 228.0.0.1
IP Multicast Routing Table for VRF "default"
```

```
(* , 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 3w5d, pim ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/5, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.46
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 3w5d, pim
(10.101.101.115/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/1, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.26
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2)
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 00:02:03, pim
    Ethernet1/3, uptime: 1d01h, pim
```

```
(10.101.101.116/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 00:01:28, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/2, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.30
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 00:00:57, pim

(10.101.101.117/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/1, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.26
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2)
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 00:02:03, pim
    Ethernet1/3, uptime: 1d01h, pim

(10.101.101.118/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 00:01:28, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/2, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.30
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 00:00:57, pim

(10.101.101.119/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/1, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.26
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2)
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 00:02:03, pim
    Ethernet1/3, uptime: 1d01h, pim

(10.101.101.122/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/1, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.26
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2)
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 00:02:03, pim
    Ethernet1/3, uptime: 1d01h, pim

(10.101.101.123/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 00:01:28, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/2, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.30
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 1)
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 00:00:57, pim

(10.101.101.124/32, 228.0.0.1/32), uptime: 1d01h, pim mrib ip
  Incoming interface: Ethernet1/2, RPF nbr: 10.1.20.30
  Outgoing interface list: (count: 2)
    Ethernet1/3, uptime: 1d01h, pim
    Ethernet1/4, uptime: 1d01h, pim
```

N7K-core-2#

Referenzen

[ACI 2.0 Multicast-Routing](#)