

# The Three Stages of Automation and Orchestration

Stage 2–Service Abstraction

February 7, 2018

#### Today's Presenters



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Cisco Systems

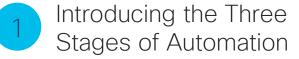


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Cisco Systems

## Today's Agenda

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Deep Dive on Stage #2 Service Abstraction



Using NSO for Service Abstraction

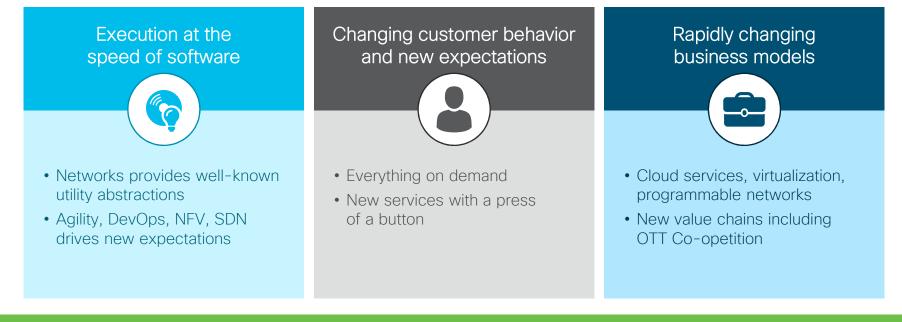


Demo Time!



Wrap-up and Q&A

## Key Market Trend Observations



All of this requires successful, flexible automation. But complexity has destroyed many automation initiatives.

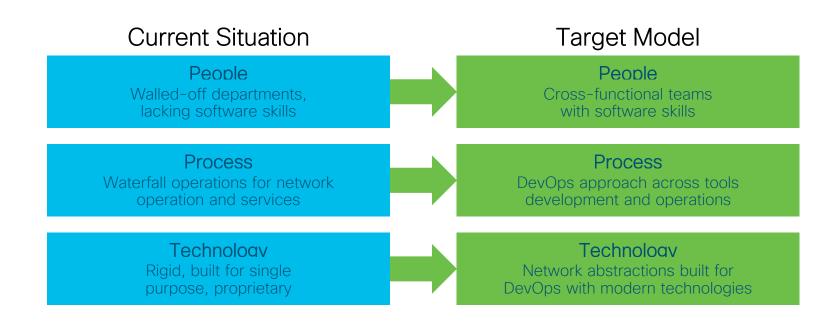
#### Departmental Pain Points

Network Engineer "Automation"	<b>Ops and Provisioning Team</b> "Customer Experience"	Service Developers "Time-to-Market"
Day-to-day management of rapidly growing, complex networks	Provisions services and manages service quality in networks	Develops new network services on demand
Challenges <ul> <li>Error-prone manual tasks</li> <li>Growing backlog</li> <li>Virtualization is coming</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Challenges</li><li>No service insight</li><li>Lack of automation</li><li>Quality issues in delivery</li></ul>	<ul><li>Challenges</li><li>Implementation time</li><li>Cost of change</li><li>Lack of tooling</li></ul>

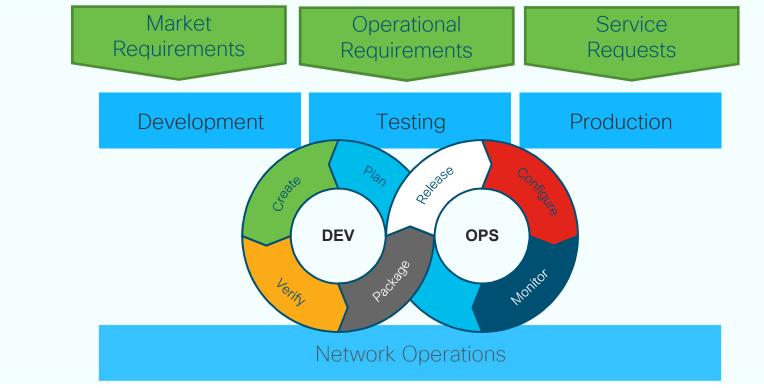
## Transition Towards Automation

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Network API Utilize a single interface to all network devices	Service Abstraction Leverage one central API for all services	Transformation Develop your own services

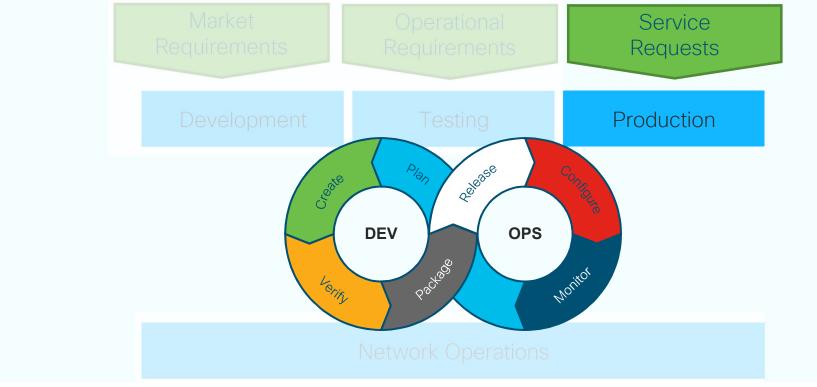
#### Change Requirements



#### Devops Virtual Cycle



#### Devops Virtual Cycle (Todays Focus)



Poll Question #1 Have you, or are you planning to provide an API for services to your network

## Transition Towards Automation

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#### Challenge Mapping

#### Lack of automation

- Mix of scripted and manual steps
- Outdated or proprietary tools and processes

High cost of maintenance for services

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#### Quality issues in delivery

- Fallout recovery using manual steps
- Lacking support for in-flight service changes

High cost of maintenance across service lifecycle

Negative impact on customer experience

## Challenge Mapping

#### Lack of automation

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#### No Service insight

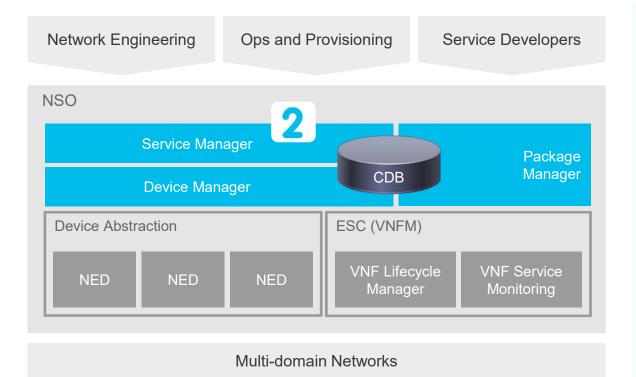
- Services are ships in the night with the network
- No understanding of servicelevel fault-mapping

High cost of maintenance across service lifecycle

Negative impact on customer experience

Long and error-prone recovery times

#### Quick System Overview



- Model-driven end-to-end service lifecycle and customer experience in focus
- Seamless integration with existing and future OSS/BSS environment
- Loosely-coupled and modular architecture leveraging open APIs and standard protocols
- Orchestration across multi-domain and multi-layer for centralized policy and services across entire network

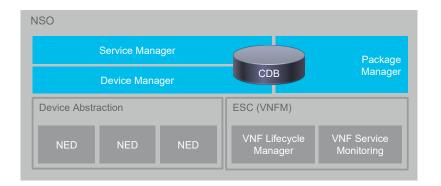
# Feature Mapping #1 Service Models and APIs

## The Challenge

- We need:
  - A formal and well understood means of understanding and working with the service layer...
  - allowing for use of modern, mainstream tools and practices
- On:
  - Brownfield networks
  - Across place in network, vendor, device type and protocol

Expose the services layer using formal language and approaches that match the technology choices of modern development teams

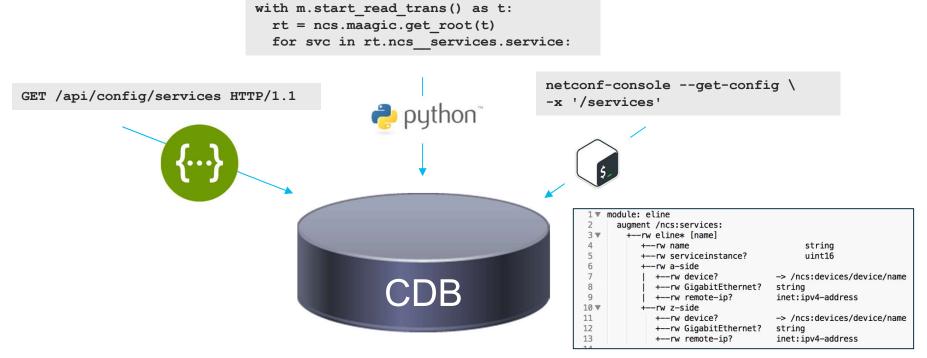
#### Model-driven Means Choice!



Protocols and languagebindings are used to lifecycle the service instances

The *service models* define the valid content of *service instances* in CDB

#### Pick the Tools that Work for You



Create	→ Update	> Delete
• Easy	Challenging	• Hard
<ul> <li>Given a set of service- level inputs, provide a known and valid output to network</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Allow arbitrary changes to the network service</li> <li>May require collecting or handing back</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Delete any given instance of a service and clean up the resources</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>May require some additional resource collection to fulfill the</li> </ul>	resources to fulfill configuration set	May require reference counting for shared

The ability to dry-run all operations is key for trust

resources

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configuration set

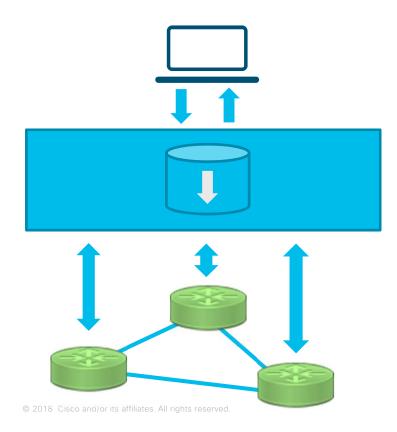
# Feature Mapping #2 Fail-safety with Transactions

## The Challenge

- We need:
  - A comfortable programming environment on the northbound interface...
  - implementing well known data manipulation abstractions (create, read, update, delete)
- On:
  - Brownfield networks
  - Across place in network, vendor, device type and protocol

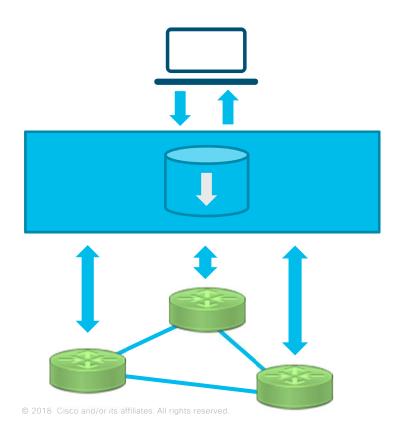
Make the network look like a single database with all service instances represented in a single, easy-to manage data tree

## Fully Synchronous



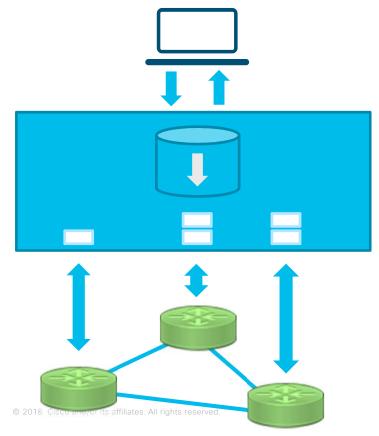
- 1. Client performs operation on service instance
- 2. Orchestrator resolves dependencies, resource situation, creates per-device intent
- 3. Orchestrator performs intent-driving operations to affected resources
- 4. Orchestrator returns result

## Fully Synchronous



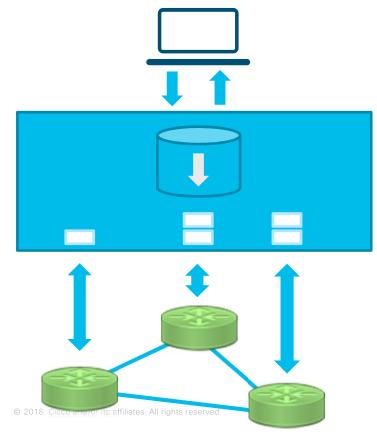
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## Eventually Consistent (Commit Queues)



- 1. Client performs operation on service instance
- 2. Orchestrator confirms the reception of the operation
- 3. Orchestrator:
  - Creates per-resource intent
  - Puts queue items in per-resource queues
- 4. Orchestrator works through queues and updates queue item sattus
- 5. Client polls or gets notified on queue item completion

## Eventually Consistent (Commit Queues)



- 1. Client performs operation on service instance
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- 3. Orchestrator:

- Lock
- Creates per-resource intent
- Puts queue items in per-resource queues
- 4. Orchestrator works through queues and updates queue item sattus
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## Two Modes for Network Programmability

#### Fully Synchronous

- Big Pro
- Very comfortable for the developer, no fallout coding
- Somewhat Con
  - Leverages global locks, may lead to contenting

#### Eventually Consistent

- Big Pro
  - Parallel execution, minimal to no lock contention
- Somewhat Con
  - Potentially tricky fallout situations and client state management

Need to consider usage patterns, service types, frequency of change, size of network, characteristics of clients, etc.

# Feature Mapping #3 Service Insight

## The Challenge

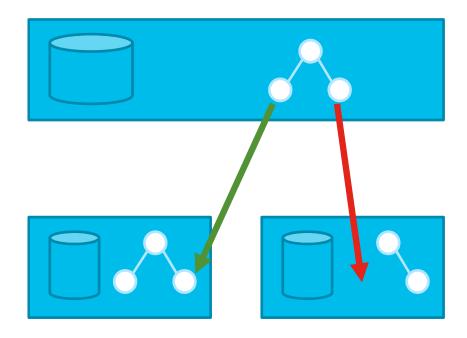
- We need:
  - A way to understand the relationship between the service lifecycle and the resources in the network (configuration, runtime state)...
  - Using easily accessible constructs (references) both up- and down the stack
- On:
  - Brownfield networks
  - Across place in network, vendor, device type and protocol

Provide referential integrity across services and resources in a fashion that allows actionable operations (planning, what-if, fallout, capacity management)

#### Three Common Service Operations Issues

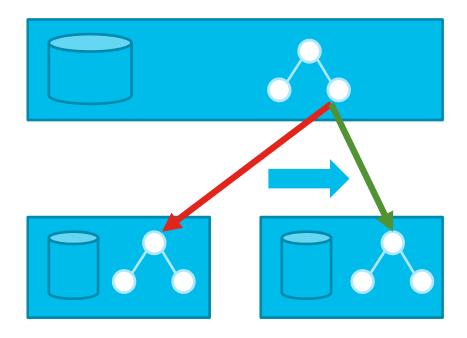
- Recovering from out-of-band changes
- Relocating services in an upgrade/migration scenario
- Create resource views for service-oriented fault management

#### Recover From Out-of-band Changes



- Referential integrity is broken between service layer and and device layer
- Redeploy service instance to reproduce resource intent
- Produce diff between intent and actual
- Remediate using diff

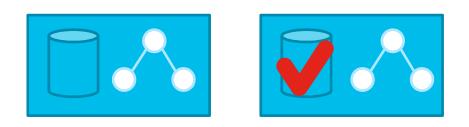
#### Relocate Service for Upgrade or Migration



- Service resources needs to be moved across devices
- Redeploy the service with the new device input
- Resulting diff will include:
  - Configuration to be removed from evacuated device
  - Configuration to be added to arriving device

#### Resource Views for Fault Management



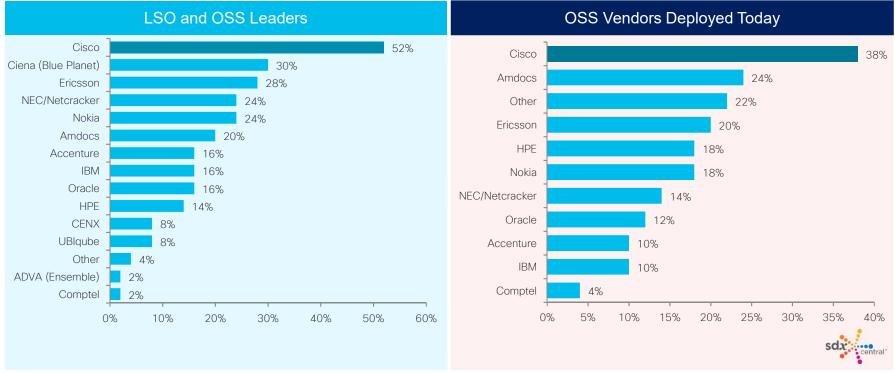


- Device is out of order and not able to support service
- Service operations team queries service instances for references to lost device
- Remediation activities may including moving service, or replacing device

## Poll Question #2 How do you currently or plan to handle your API development?

# Demo Time

Operators Voted Cisco Leads Industry In Lifecycle Service Orchestration



Source: SDxCentral 2017 Next-Gen OSS and the Rise of LSO Report

PSOSPG-2940

#### What You Gain with Cisco Network Services Orchestrator, Enabled by Tail-f

- Agility throughout service lifecycle
  - Strict YANG model-driven solution
  - Auto-rendered business logic results in 90% less code
  - Effortlessly re-deployment of updated service and device models
  - DevOps for differentiation
- Full automation
- Robust and proven in tier-1 deployments
- Industry's broadest multivendor support
- Relevant in today's and tomorrow's networks



#### Next Webinar in the Three Stages Series

Network Engineer "Automation"	<b>Ops and Provisioning Team</b> "Customer Experience"	Service Developers "Time-to-Market"
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January 10	February 7	March 7

#### NSO DevNet – Key Highlights

The one place to use for sharing, finding and collaborating on NSO public knowledge!



#### developer.cisco.com/site/nso

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# Questions?

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