

Building the Modern SOC:

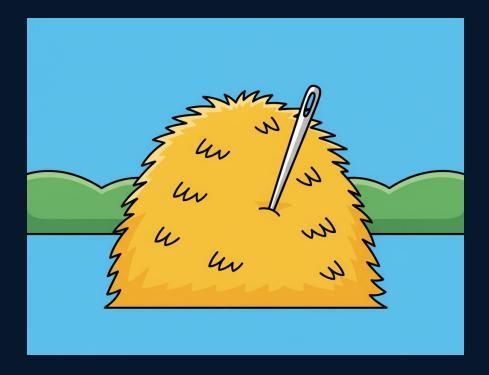
The Future of Threat Detection and Response

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Matt Robertson
Distinguished Engineer, Threat Detection and Response

Security Operations

Continuously monitoring, detecting, and responding to cybersecurity threats



Finding the needle in the haystack

Security Operations

Continuously monitoring, detecting, and responding to cybersecurity threats



Finding the mouse in the beer bottle

Agenda





- 01 Introduction
- 02 The Security Operations Centre
- 03 Cisco Security Events SOC
- 04 Network Behaviour and Anomaly Detection
- 05 Summary

About Me



Matt Robertson

- Distinguished Technical Marketing Engineer
- Extended Threat Detection and Security Analytics
- Cisco Live Distinguished Speaker
- 17+ years at Cisco: Development, TME, Lancope
- Canadian eh

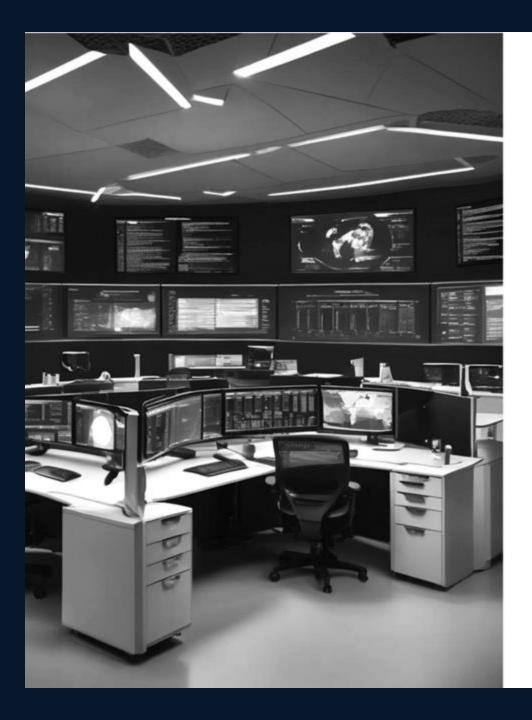
The Security Operations Centre

Security Operations Fundamentals

The primary objective of a Security Operations Center (SOC) is to protect an organization's assets and data by continuously monitoring, detecting, and responding to cybersecurity threats in real-time.

Evolution of Security Operations

	1962-1995	1996-2000	2001-2006	2007-2013	2013-2015	2015-2020	2021- today
	Network Operations Centers	SNOC (NOC + SOC)	Enterprise Operation Center (EOC) (SOC +NOC + Call center)	SOC (EOC split apart)	Nex Ge n SOC	Cyber Defense Center	SOC of the Future
Capabilities	Network Alerts	AntivirusIDSFirewall	Vulnerability Management Dynamic Packet filtering Antispam IPS	DLPSIEMSecOPsAdvanced Threat Protection	CASB Cloud Security UEBA Sandboxing CERT BYOD	Big Data CSPM/CWPP SOAR Deception EDR/NDR/XDR Cloud Native Security Tools Threat Intel Platforms	Al Assistant / Generative Al chat bots Deep/Machine Learning Natural Language Processing Predictive monitoring Anomaly Detections systems
Functions	Network Device Management Malicious code analysis	Virus AlertsIntrusion detection and Response	ComplianceIncident Response	Regulatory compliance Log Monitoring Malware Analysis	Reverse EngineeringAl/ML ModelsThreat Intelligence	 Threat Hunting Automation Orchestration Playbooks Analytics External Risk Scoring 	Automated Dispositions Ai Guided workflows
	Availability Monitoring Reactive Monitoring Proactive Monitoring Automated Monitoring & Response Al assisted						



Designing the SOC

SOCitecture: The Blueprint for Cybersecurity Wizards

- Clear Objectives and Scope: Define the primary objectives of the SOC, including the types of threats it will monitor and the services it will provide (e.g., threat detection, incident response, compliance monitoring).
- 2. Compliance and Regulatory Considerations: Ensure that the SOC operations align with relevant legal, regulatory, and industry compliance requirements. Staffing and Skill Set: Hire and develop a team with the necessary skills in cybersecurity, incident management, threat analysis, and technical support.
- 3. Technology and Tools: Invest in the right technology stack to support SOC operations, including:
 - Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) systems
 - Security Orchestration Automation & Response (SOAR)
 - Detection and Response tools, (E.G. NDR, EDR, XDR)
 - User and Entity Behavior Analytics (UEBA)
 - o Threat intelligence platforms (TIP)
 - Malware Analysis tools
 - o Etc.
- 4. Processes and Procedures: Establish clear processes for incident detection, monitoring, investigation, response, and reporting. This includes defining workflows and playbooks for different types of incidents.
- 5. Metrics and Reporting: Establish key performance indicators (KPIs) and metrics to measure the effectiveness of the SOC. Regular reporting will help communicate the SOC's performance and areas for improvement.
- Training and Development: Ensure ongoing training for SOC personnel to keep their skills updated with the latest threats, tools, and techniques.

Major Components of the SOC

People:

(Volume of)
Talent and skills

Processes:

Procedures used by people and tools

Technology:

Can the technology support the people and processes to achieve the desired outcome

SOC: Detect and Respond to Threats



Is this a threat?

Is this a threat?

Yes or No?

- Signal:
 - A network connection is made from an internal host to an external host
- Signal:
 - A network connection is made from an internal host to an external host.
 - The network connection lasted 20 minutes and uploaded 1 GB of data.

Signal:

- A network connection is made from an internal host in the data centre to an external host that resolves to a known malicious domain
- The network connection lasted 20 minutes and uploaded 1 GB of data.



Detection Engineering has become a tooling and data science problem



Critical capabilities for the SOC

Al-Driven Threat Detection & Monitoring Al-Augmented Incident Triage & Investigation

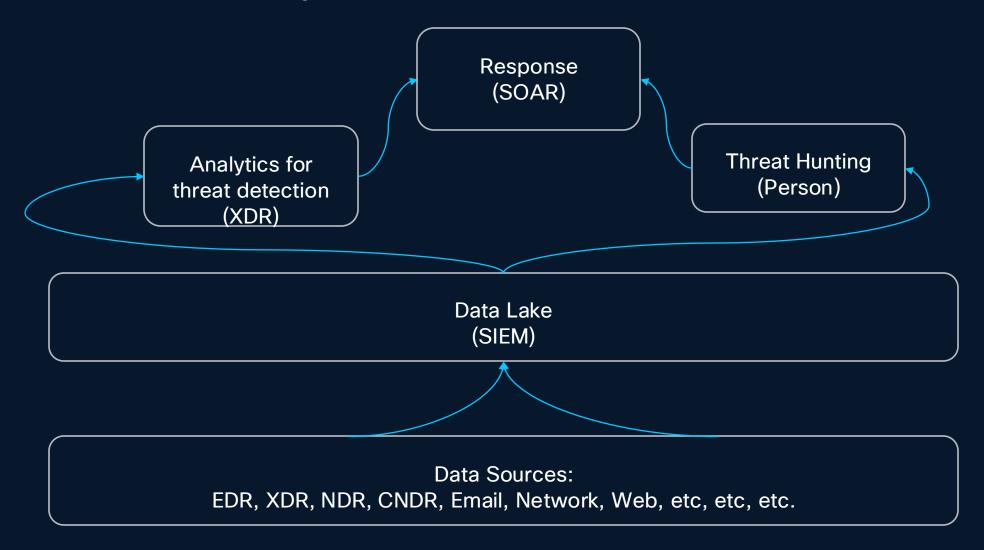
Al-Powered Incident Response & Remediation

Proactive Threat Hunting with Al Hypotheses

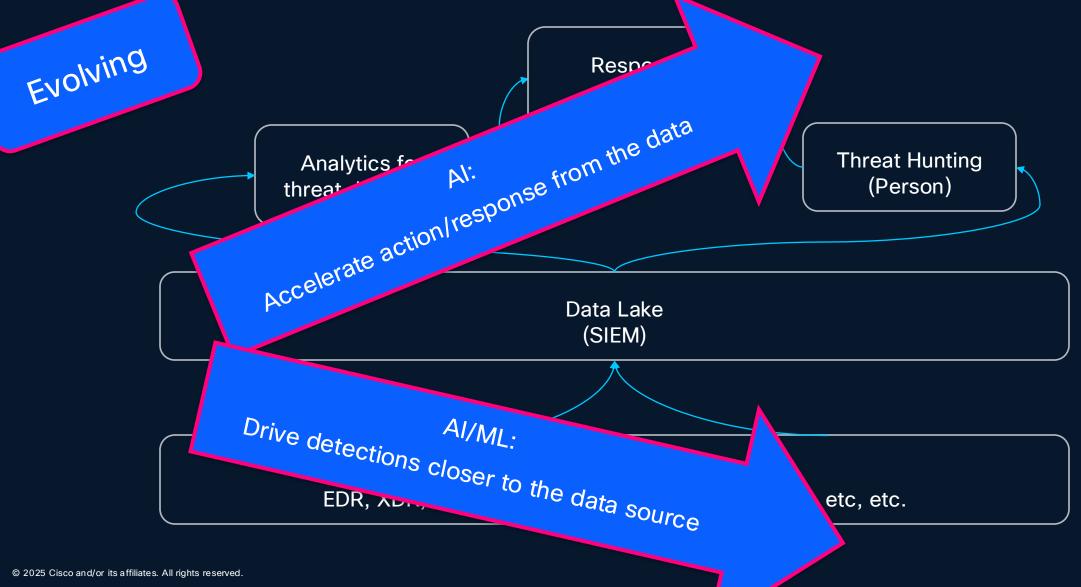
Al-Enriched Threat Intelligence

Executive Reporting, Metrics & Al Narratives Continuous SOC Improvement through Al Feedback Loops

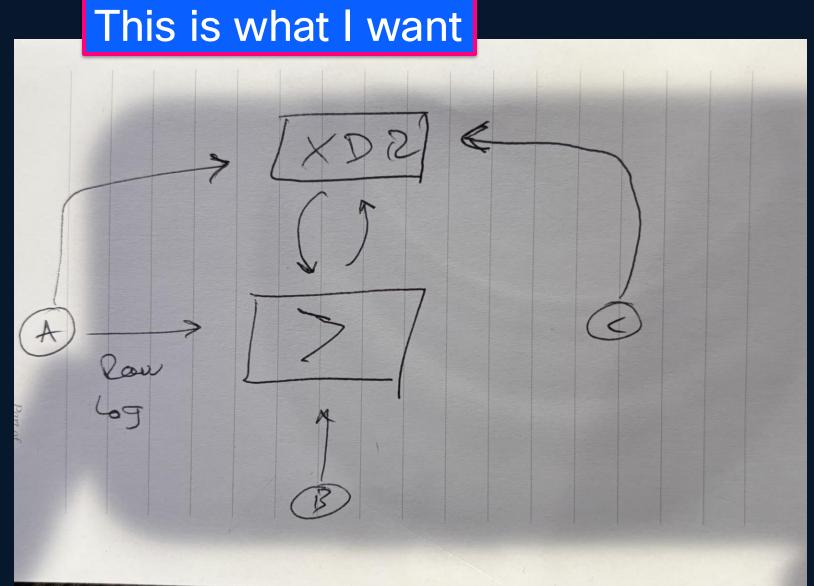
Generalised Security Operations Centre Architecture



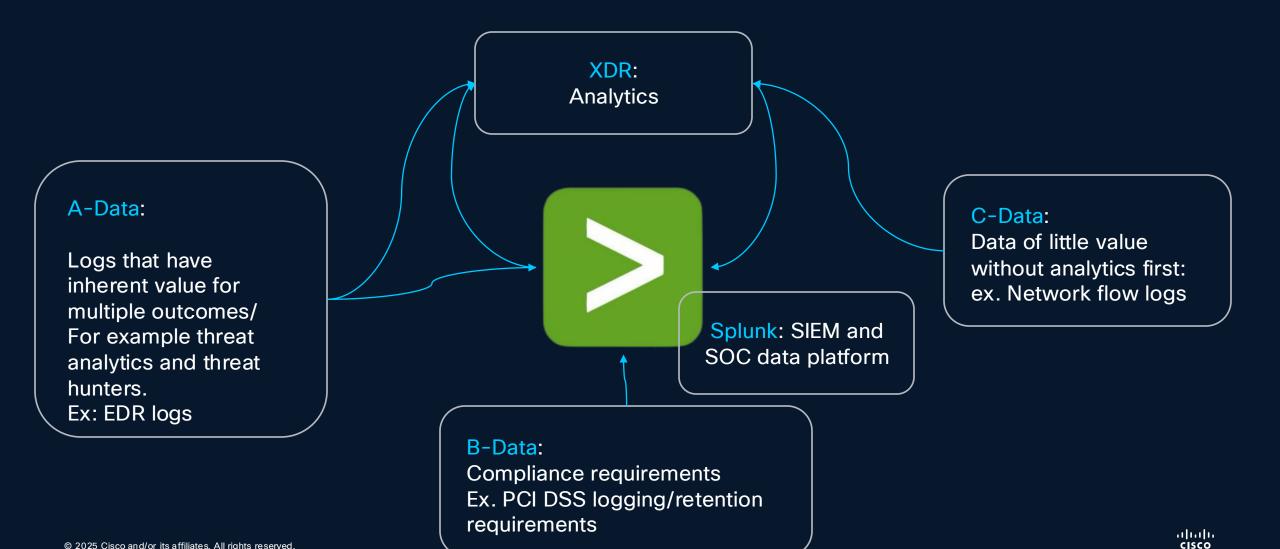
Generalised Security Operations Centre Architecture



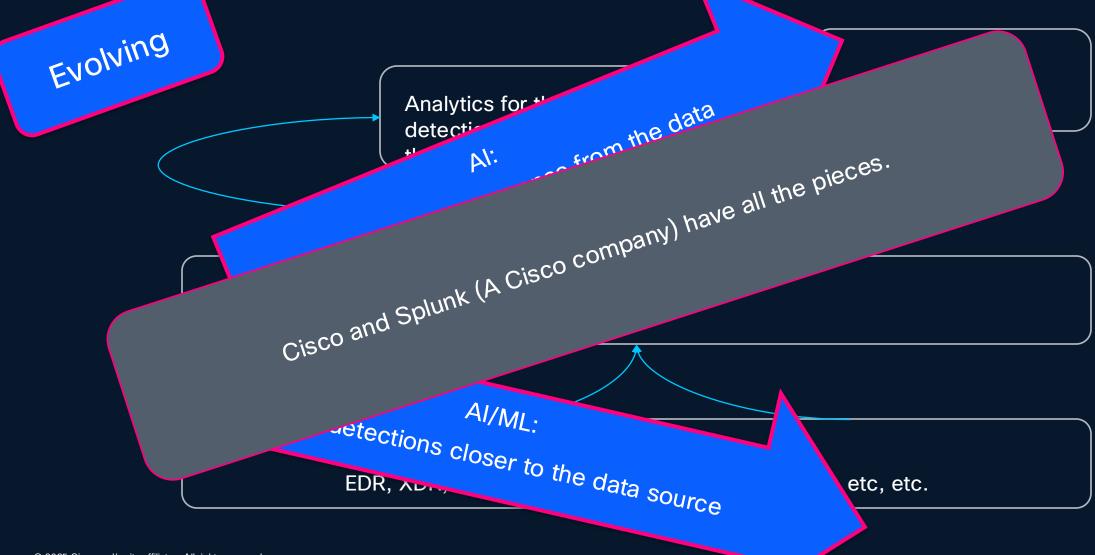
CISO Request:



CISO Request: Broken down



Generalised Security Operations Centre Architecture



Unified SOC platform

Unified Threat Detection, Investigation, & Response

Federated data management

Advanced threat detections

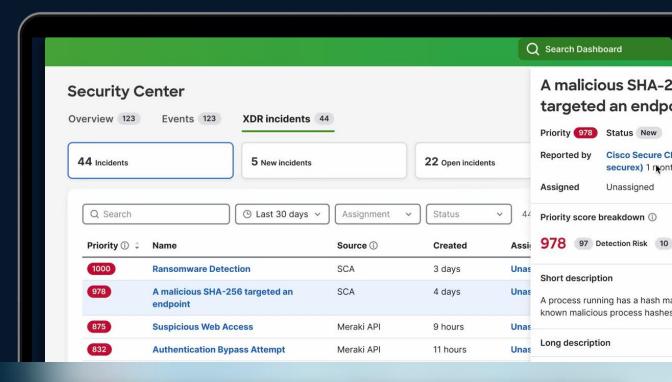
Al-accelerated investigations

Automated response

Unified security analyst experience

Cisco XDR 2.0

Detect and stop attacks at Al speed



Instant attack verification with Agentic Al

Automated forensics

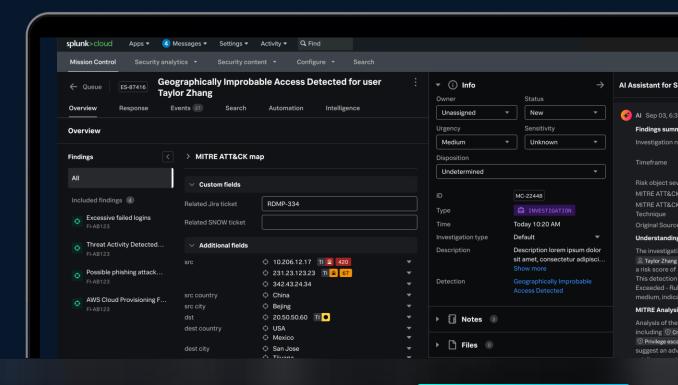
Attack storyboard

Native Meraki Integration



Splunk Enterprise Security

Market-leading SIEM with Al-powered capabilities



Natively integrated SOAR

Enhanced detection

Alert aggregation & triage

Cisco Talos integration

Multi-cloud & on-premises

Al-driven Security Operations

Unified Threat Detection, Investigation & Response (TDIR)

Cisco XDR Real-time Attack Detection Splunk Enterprise Security Security Analytics

Splunk SOAR **Security Automation**

EMBEDDED

Splunk Platform Data Management and Federation

AND THREAT RESEARCH

Cisco Security Cloud



Identity



Firewall



Talos





SSE



& more







Clouds



Devices



Data centers



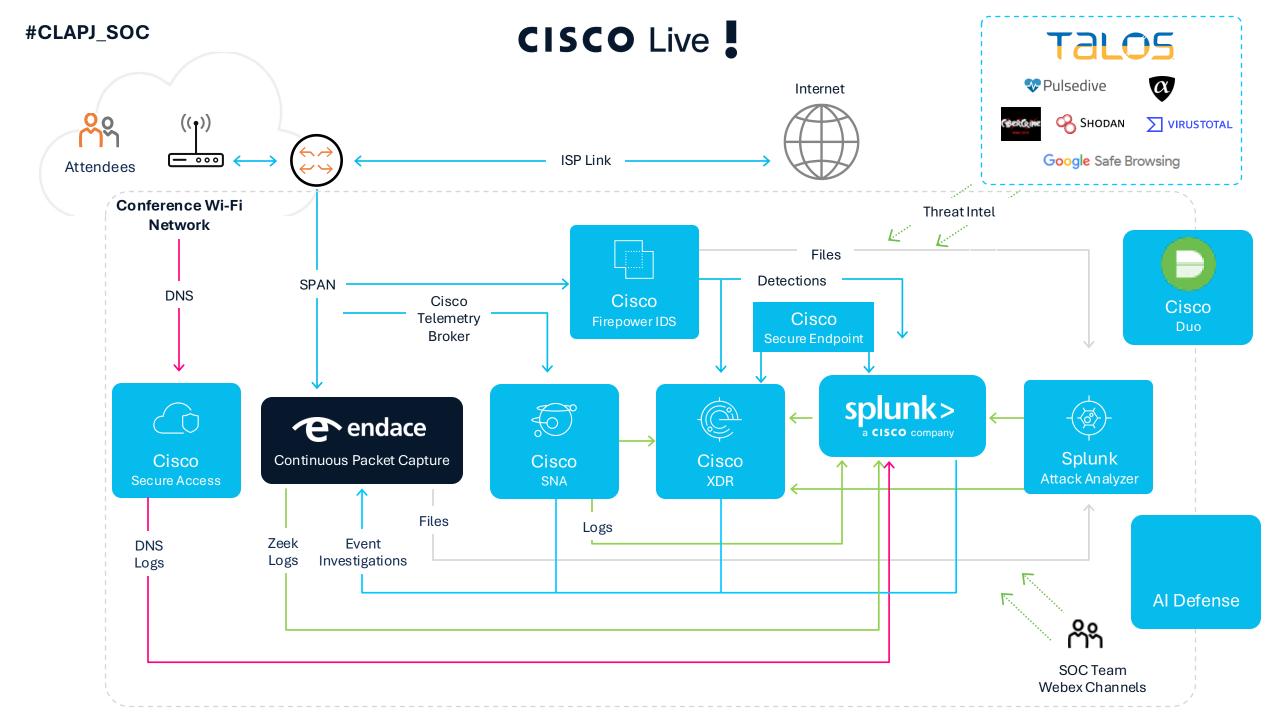
Applications

Cisco Security Events SOC

What is the Events SOC?

- Black Hat
- RSA
- Cisco Live
- Global Sporting Events
- Mobile World Congress
- Upcoming Olympics





Events SOC Architectural Benefits



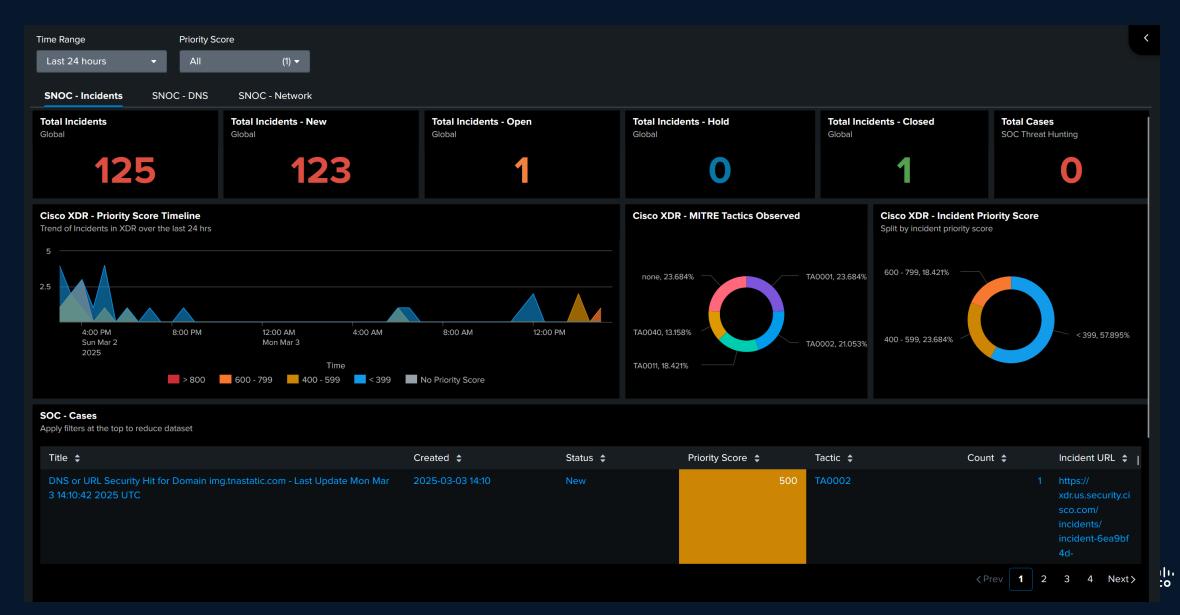
Splunk:

- Native support for 2800+ data sources
- Custom dashboarding for various job roles
- Robust platform for advanced threat hunting

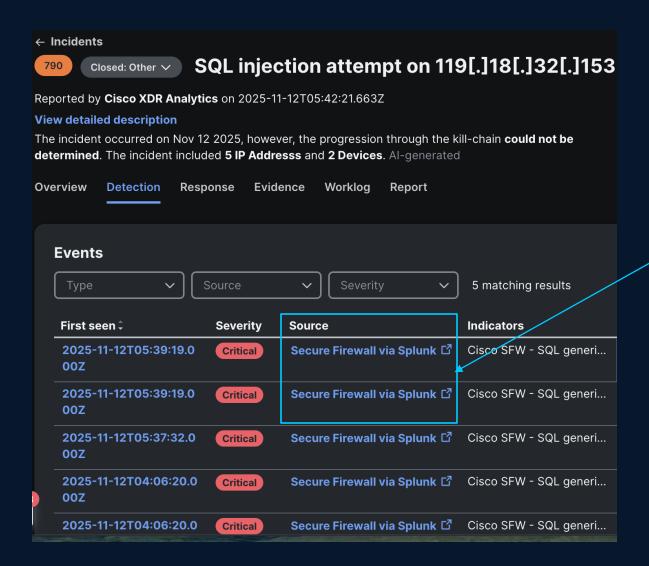
XDR:

- Extremely rich analyst experience
- Out-of-box detection and incident generation
- Tier 1 incident response

SOC Manager Dashboards in Splunk



XDR with Splunk



Leveraging Splunk data platform to pull data from multiple sources into XDR analytics and User experience

Network Behaviour and Anomaly Detection

Why does the SOC need network visibility?

Many of the devices connected to the network, wired and wireless, do not run an endpoint security client (EDR).

- IOT (MRI, cameras)
- Smart building
- Card readers
- Infrastructure
- Printers
- Phones
- Scanners
- TVs
- Etc.

Assets with an EDR Agent (~30%)

Network connected assets

Threat actors are increasingly using these "other" network connected assets as their point of presence/operations

Cisco Products that do NBAD



Cisco Secure Network Analytics

Secure Network Analytics is an enterprise grade collector and aggregator of network telemetry for the purposes of security analysis and monitoring



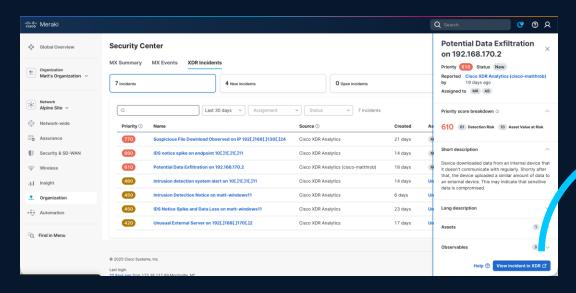
Cisco XDR

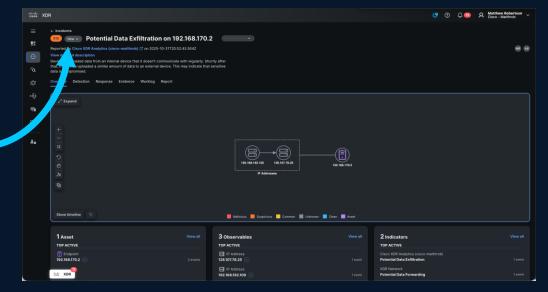
Cisco XDR collects and analyses telemetry from multiple sources to accelerate security operations.

One of those sources is the Network

Cisco XDR and Meraki

World's easiest to deploy NDR





- SSO driven integration between XDR and Meraki Dashboard
- Easy configuration to upload MX flow logs direct to XDR for analysis
- View/Manage incidents in Dashboard, pivot to XDR for investigation and response
 - Monitor networks with overlapping IP Space

Living off the LAN

Threat Actors are increasing leveraging network infrastructure as their points of presence



https://blog.talosintelligence.com/salt-typhoon-analysis/



Living off the LAN

Evolution of Living of the Land techniques

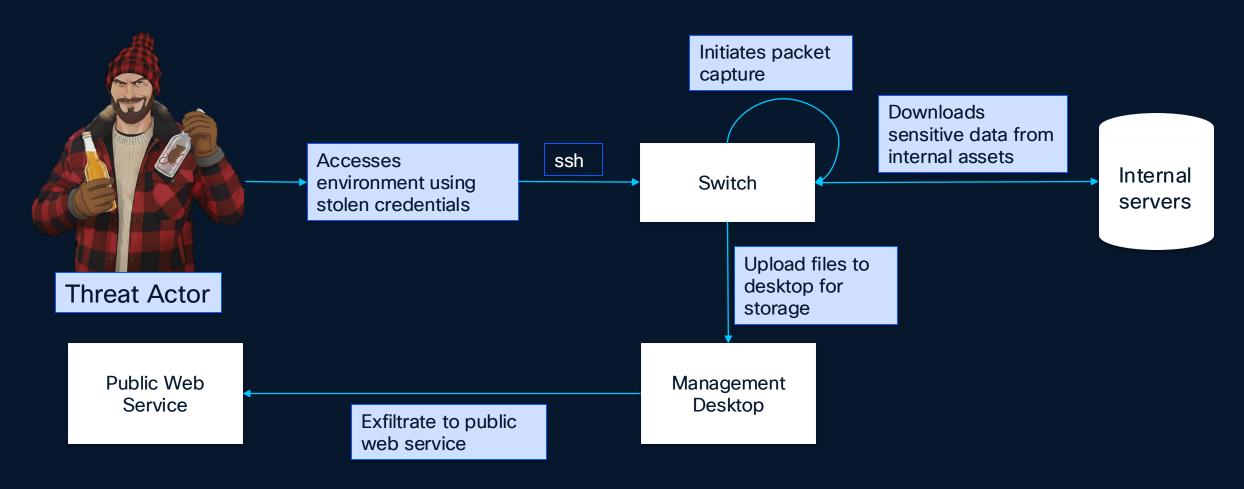
Attractive target due to high value and many security deficits

Upon initial access, adversaries remain and capitalize on evasion

Threat actors advancing espionage objectives through this target

Increasing need to monitor the management plane of network devices for malicious and/or suspicious activity

Example Threat Actor Scenario



Comprehensive network visibility with SNA



https://blogs.cisco.com/security/seeing-inside-the-vortex-detecting-living-off-the-land-techniques



Key Takeaways

The modern SOC revolves around effective data analysis

Cisco and Splunk can help you build the modern SOC

NBAD is a critical capability of the Modern SOC



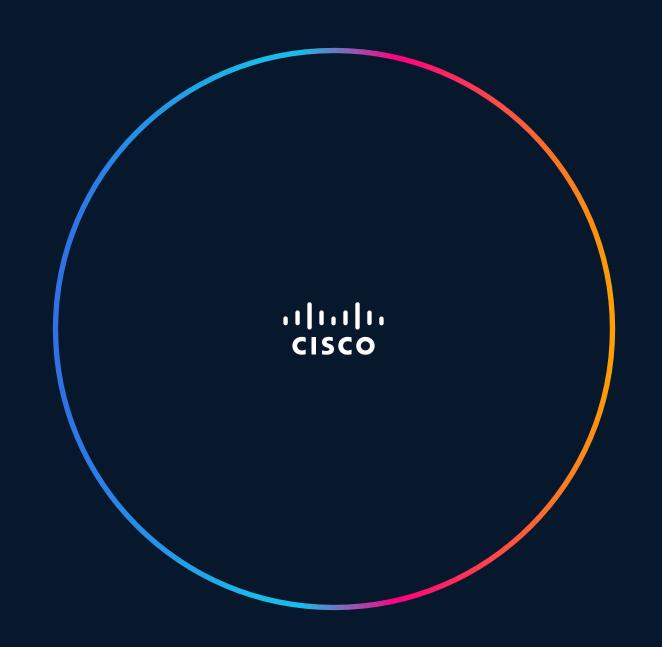
Find that mouse!

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Thank you



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