The True Economics of Networking
Abstract
A third-party business consulting firm analyzed the total cost of ownership (TCO) of Cisco customer networks, and contrasted that TCO to “good enough” networks from other networking vendors. Key findings:

1. **TCO is a better metric than CapEx to assess network cost** because it considers the full impact on IT spend, including CapEx, services, labor, bandwidth, and energy.

2. **The Cisco Borderless Network Architecture can deliver up to 13% better TCO than a “good enough” network**, offering compelling value for the strategic Cisco investment.

3. **Even if architectural benefits are discounted in the analysis, Cisco is at most a 7% TCO premium** over other vendors due to IT labor savings and extended product lifecycles from Cisco solutions.

4. **The single biggest benefit of Cisco’s architectural approach is labor savings.** Labor constitutes 50% of TCO and Cisco delivers 5%-10% labor savings driven by unified wired and wireless and embedded security.

5. **A quality network delivers benefits beyond TCO**, including improved network uptime, higher user productivity, and a lower threat of security breaches.

Executive Summary
Technology is changing more quickly with each passing day. Business and technology decision makers are challenged to balance IT resources, organizational requirements, and user desires. IT is mandated to deliver end-user solutions that increase agility and improve employee productivity without driving up costs. But it is increasingly hard for IT to say “yes” to their users and stakeholders without sacrificing security or ease of operations.

How can IT say “yes” without diminishing security or increasing labor costs? The answer lies in a network architecture that drives efficiency through intelligence and automation. Unlike “good enough” networks, which provide only basic connectivity, a strategic next-generation network architecture delivers superior value and lower total cost of ownership. Every day, Cisco customers are using architectural investments to do just that.

Organizational, Financial, and IT Leadership all agree on one thing: Cost matters. But purchase price is only one component of overall total cost of ownership. In June 2011, Cisco commissioned a third-party business consulting firm to analyze the true total cost of ownership of the network, comparing the quantitative costs of acquisition, support, labor, bandwidth, energy, and product longevity, as well as qualitative operational benefits such as network uptime, user productivity, and security. The quantitative results alone show that a network built on Cisco’s architectural approach can yield up to a 13% better TCO, building a powerful business case for why your choice of networking gear does matter.
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Overview

The right network can be a powerful engine for growth and innovation, if you can manage the underlying complexity. In today’s Public Sector environment, that challenge is multi-dimensional. It spans users, devices, applications, and locations far beyond the organization’s walls. New applications and usage models threaten to overwhelm IT:

- **Video:** Video will quadruple all IP traffic by 2014\(^1\)
- **Cloud and virtualization:** 70% of organizations will use enterprise cloud technology by 2012\(^2\)
- **IT support for mobile consumer devices:** Over 7 billion new wireless devices will come online by 2014\(^3\)

In the past, IP was the unifying technology that brought multiple disparate networks together. Many organizations streamlined their organizational and IT operations by consolidating many networks onto a single IP network. The effort required changes that weren’t easy, but delivered significant results and savings.

Today, the network must evolve to intelligently support a new wave of objectives and user demands. IT cannot afford to say “no” without compromising the agility of one’s organization, but it is hard for them to say “yes” without sacrificing security or ease of operations. A next-generation network architecture gives IT the flexibility to securely adapt to shifting technology trends and drive operational efficiencies, just as the original IP network did.

This paper analyzes the true total cost of ownership (TCO) of the network, contrasting Cisco to other vendors’ solutions. The research is based on a thorough TCO analysis of real network designs, augmented by interviews and data from IT decision makers around the world—both Cisco and non-Cisco customers. The resulting model offers a compelling case for an architecture-led approach to network design.

The bottom line? You have a choice between a “good enough” network and a next-generation network architecture. Cisco customers realize that they are paying an initial capital expenditure premium versus some other vendors. However, in a five-year TCO analysis, customers who chose Cisco received more for their investment, moving beyond simple connectivity to superior IT efficiency and greater workforce agility. Moreover, when considering architectural benefits such as network-integrated security and energy management, Cisco’s TCO was a massive 13% lower than its competitors.

So the question becomes, can you afford not to invest in a next-generation network?
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TCO and ROI calculations are used by many organizations to justify the cost of investment in business systems (network and otherwise). As pressure on IT has increased, so has the desire to bring down capital costs despite the fact that labor costs actually make up more than 50% of the total cost of ownership in the western world.

In the evaluation by a third party, a TCO model that evaluates measurable benefits derived from the network was developed. This model was then applied to network designs from Cisco and from other networking vendors, using the same technical requirements. The results were categorized into four areas, which are summarized in Figure 1.

Results illustrate that while Cisco’s purchase price is greater, labor savings offset these costs. When architectural benefits are considered, Cisco TCO dramatically improves beyond point solution vendors. Non-measurable benefits such as end-user productivity, agility, and organizational transformation through new processes driven by technology were not incorporated, but provide further evidence of the benefits of an architectural approach.

Figure 1: Total cost of ownership considerations
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CapEx and Network TCO

Network TCO comprises the initial purchase price of a standardized, basic network design, plus the lifetime costs of labor, maintenance services, and energy costs. The baseline network TCO considered the lowest-cost solutions to meet network requirements from Cisco and other vendors. In this baseline, the research revealed that despite a Cisco price premium, the TCO difference over the lifetime of the network was at most 7%. These comparisons assume equal and undifferentiated functionality—a network that is “good enough.” But Cisco networks deliver far more capability: capability that is only captured in an architectural TCO.

Architectural TCO

Architectural TCO takes into consideration the measurable advantages that a next-generation network can deliver. Analyzing customer data in the TCO model revealed that Cisco delivers up to 13% lower TCO than competing networks. TCO savings in this model included IT savings related to labor and operations, as well as non-labor savings such as reduced energy costs and longer deployment lifespans.

Some IT decision makers interviewed indicated that not all TCO savings could be credited to their organization. For example, some IT departments indicated they operated on a fixed asset depreciation schedules or product refresh cycle. Cisco TCO was 1% lower than other solutions when extended lifecycle investment protection was taken into consideration. Some customers also indicated that energy savings could not be considered because IT doesn’t assume responsibility for energy costs. Energy savings from network-integrated power management provided 3% savings for endpoints, and up to 9% additional savings when building integration was included. These variations in practices resulted in a network architecture TCO model where Cisco TCO varied from 4% more expensive to 13% less expensive.

One key highlight of the research was investment protection. Many customers indicated that their Cisco investment was expected to last 6 to 7 years. In contrast, non-Cisco customers indicated a 4- to 5-year lifecycle for comparable competing products. A “good enough” network is often sufficient for today’s needs, but does not provide the flexibility or investment protection to carry the organization beyond years four or five. Roadmap inspection (studying product end of sale/end of life announcements) shows that Cisco products have significantly longer lifespans than similar competing products.
Architectural Benefits

Architectural TCO captures the benefits a customer can realize from Cisco innovations embedded in the network infrastructure. Key highlights of the customer research included:

1. While Cisco CapEx costs are higher, overall TCO is at worst 4% to 7% higher, and when extended lifecycles and labor savings are taken into account, Cisco TCO is up to 13% lower than other vendors.

2. Cisco offers significant labor savings versus the competition—on average, customers reported 5% to 10% labor savings when compared to similar solutions, attributed to the benefits of unified wired and wireless platforms and integrated security.

3. The cost of sourcing and/or training network engineering talent on non-Cisco networks outweighs the CapEx savings of a “good enough” network.

Labor savings derived from an architectural approach offer compounded annual savings when compared to one-time CapEx savings. Examples of labor savings cited by customers include:

1. Cisco provides a single access policy and platform for managing wired, wireless, and remote users.
2. Cisco TrustSec® delivers automated, context-aware device and user policy management.
3. Cisco® CleanAir™ wireless technology decreases the labor needed for wireless interference management.
4. Integrated security reduces the number of security interfaces and network elements, and enables faster threat identification.
5. Cisco Prime™ management solutions save labor costs associated with managing network software and deploying network services.
6. Architectural reference designs can save up to 20% of the time of designing and deploying an enterprise network.
7. Cisco adaptive WAN capabilities can provide up to 10% bandwidth savings.

Many of the benefits noted are derived from innovations introduced in the Cisco Borderless Networks portfolio in 2010 and 2011. Cisco customers highlighted the increased value realized from architecture-wide network services and management platforms. These innovations streamline the mobile user experience and facilitate “bring-your-own-device” organizational policies, enable delivery and management of real-time multimedia traffic, and reduce IT overhead when performing user access troubleshooting and wired–wireless integration.

Professional services from Cisco and its partners help customers accelerate their ROI and manage TCO by predictably managing the health and stability of their networks, reduce costs related to outages and operations, mitigate security and organizational risks, and drive innovation.

The detailed benefits and differentiating factors of these architectural components can be examined in greater detail in the "When ‘Good Enough’ Is Not Good Enough" white paper from Cisco.
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Beyond TCO

In addition to offering architectural TCO benefits, a Cisco network provides many additional benefits that help drive down TCO and increase ROI. These benefits are often measured in terms of constituent satisfaction, enhanced economic growth opportunities, innovative education options, increased service levels within departments and agencies, increased customer reach or organizational processes that streamline operations and increase employee productivity.

Some examples of these benefits include:

• Improved network uptime (broader global network support infrastructure, more network resiliency innovations)
• Higher user productivity (IT and end-user productivity)
• Lower threat of security breach (Cisco SIO and SenderBase®)
• Increased response times during emergencies or other disruptions in constituent service delivery
• Comprehensive professional and technical services offers that free IT resources for strategic projects, help improve network health and stability, reduce cost, and mitigate risk

More importantly, customers are realizing transformational benefits—using the network to change and optimize the way they operate. Consider some of the following examples:

• Mobile medical applications are improving the quality of patient care and reducing costly medical errors. According to a study done by Brigham Young University and Women’s Hospital, 60% of doctors reported avoiding three or more medical errors per month by running mobile medical applications. Cisco delivers the wireless technology and solutions integration that powers hospitals all over the globe.
• Notre Dame University was able to save approximately $1 million in travel expenses through the adoption of Cisco WebEx® technology. In addition, the solution enabled new international collaboration opportunities, increasing the frequency and value of information sharing with international studies partners.
• According to Forrester Research, 80% of nurses can save 15 to 60 minutes per day by being able to reach a physician on the first attempt. Cisco makes this possible through architectural innovations that enable seamless client mobility and single number reach.
• Cisco saved 40% on its data center costs by moving from a traditional blade-server approach to a Cisco UCS™ and Unified Fabric solution. Capital costs were reduced by 75%, rack space usage was reduced by 80%, and energy usage was reduced by 65%.
• Enterprise Management Associates reported that EMC Corporation migrated from a legacy Sun SPARC and Solaris infrastructure to a Cisco Unified Computing System™ running Linux and Oracle Real Application Clusters (RACs). EMC reported over 20x better performance, 60% improvement in end-user response times, and as much as an 800% improvement in Oracle transaction times.
• NetApp reported reducing data center cabling costs by 78% using Cisco UCS and Unified Fabric.
• Bronson Methodist Hospital in Kalamazoo, Michigan saves $330,000 annually by eliminating manual searches for wheelchairs. Using a combination of Cisco wireless technology and RFID locators, the hospital has transformed a time-consuming process into a streamlined process that not only reduces costs, but also significantly increases constituent (patient) satisfaction.
• ExamWorks, a medical and legal review company, reported saving $333,000 annually by avoiding purchases of new PCs by deploying virtualized desktops on Cisco UCS servers, and further reported that the cost of supporting 1,000 virtual desktops using UCS is 67% less than conventional server architectures. Today, ExamWorks supports 1,000 users with a four-person IT department (compared to an average of 20 personnel for 1,000 users)—a 500% reduction in OpEx resulting in labor savings of $1.1 million.
Conclusion

Capital expense is only one component of the total cost of ownership of your network. While some vendors may promise you “all the functionality you need at half the price,” you can’t fully anticipate all the functionality you are going to need over the lifetime of your investment. Any vendor can promise the functionality for your immediate needs, but only a vendor that invests consistently in innovation can deliver the lifetime TCO and superior ROI that you demand from your network.

Cisco invests more in R&D than its top four competitors combined. This is readily apparent when you evaluate Cisco’s architectural innovations and contrast them to a “good enough” network.

Those same innovations also enable superior professional and technical services offerings, which can help your IT department to streamline operations and focus on strategic opportunities.

For Cisco customers, the benefits speak for themselves: lower costs and increase performance (including labor savings), secure and faster access to people and data, greater IT efficiency in addressing obsolete infrastructure and technology inertia, and the power to say “yes” to new organization opportunities. And when a true TCO assessment is conducted, it quickly becomes apparent that “good enough” actually translates to higher cost, lower functionality over the lifetime of the solution.

To learn more about how Cisco can deliver a next-generation network with superior TCO for your organization, visit the Cisco Borderless Networks ROI Benefits Calculator at [https://www.cisco.com/assets/sol/bn/flash/benefits_roicalc/index.html](https://www.cisco.com/assets/sol/bn/flash/benefits_roicalc/index.html), and see what benefits you could be harnessing today.

For more information on Cisco in Government and Education, visit [www.cisco.com/go/usgov](http://www.cisco.com/go/usgov).

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1 Cisco Visual Networking Index
2 State of the CIO 2011 Study by CIO Magazine
3 Forrester Research reports that enterprise mobile users will make up 73 percent of the workforce by 2012.