



# Open Source Used In IOx Deployment Scripts V1.3.0

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## 1.3 Ansible\_xml 0.3.4

### 1.3.1 Available under license :

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Version 2, June 1991

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

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```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author  
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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```

`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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## 1.4 Apt-cacher 1.7.11

### 1.4.1 Available under license :

This package was debianized by Jonathan Oxer [jon@ivt.com.au](mailto:jon@ivt.com.au) on Fri, 5 Apr 2002 23:30:07 +1000.

It was downloaded from <http://www.zeta.org.au/~nick/projects/apt-cacher/apt-cacher-0.4.tar.gz>

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# 1.5 cracklib 2.9.2-1build2

## 1.5.1 Available under license :

Format: <http://www.debian.org/doc/packaging-manuals/copyright-format/1.0/>

Upstream-Name: cracklib

Upstream-Contact: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@umr.edu>

Source: <http://sourceforge.net/projects/cracklib>

Files: \*

Copyright: 1993 Alec Muffett <alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk>

2005-2014 Nathan Neulinger <nneul@umr.edu>

2008-2014 Jan Dittberner <jan@dittberner.info>

License: LGPL-2.1

Comment:

Starting from version 2.8.15 released on 2009-11-19 cracklib is licensed under the terms of the LGPL 2.1. For a detailed discussion and history see README-LICENSE.

Files: debian/\*

Copyright: 1998 Jean Pierre LeJacq

Martin Pitt <martin@piware.de>

Jan Dittberner <jandd@debian.org>

License: LGPL-2.1

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-----

EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)

-----

Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML

looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=  
r=20

GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists  
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18

I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly  
and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,  
it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was  
released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a  
clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan

=20

-----  
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM

> To: cracklib-devel@li...

> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing

> libraries under

> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists

> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly

> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,  
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was  
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a  
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20  
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=  
=20  
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=  
eir=20  
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =  
a=20  
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=  
=20  
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.  
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license  
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46  
Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of  
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan  
=20

-----  
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...  
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679  
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----  
> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...  
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of  
> Mike Frysinger  
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM  
> To: Neulinger, Nathan  
> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett  
> Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license  
>=20  
> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:  
> > I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec  
> directly  
> > and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this

> point,  
>> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what  
> it was  
>> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a  
>> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.  
>=20  
> the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was  
> not  
> GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the  
> license  
> change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.  
>=20  
> unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib  
> unless their  
> applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the  
> place of a  
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should  
> be using.  
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.  
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57

> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
> bit of  
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's  
best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting  
it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and  
will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code  
(where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct license in this situation.

Devin

--

If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32

On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a  
>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
>> bit of  
>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
>> by me.  
>  
> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?  
>  
> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
> linked with any code, not just GPL...

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately, GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:

> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:  
>>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro  
>>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a

>>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done  
>>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small  
>>> bit of  
>>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine  
>>> by me.  
>>  
>> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?  
>>  
>> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be  
>> linked with any code, not just GPL...  
>  
> My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable  
> timeframe.  
>  
> I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,  
> GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the  
> GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the  
> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages  
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.  
>  
> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make  
the change now ?

-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18

>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>

> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make  
> the change now ?

yes. go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>>

>> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we

>> make the change now ?

>  
> yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...  
-mike

-----  
BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.  
-----

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please use nneul@neulinger.org.

-----  
From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007  
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);  
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500  
Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);  
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500  
Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000  
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)  
by scanin-ipvs.cc.umr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000  
Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])  
by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtpr020623  
for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500  
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])  
by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311  
for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)  
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])  
by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)  
id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L  
for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000  
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)

In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>  
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>  
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>  
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>  
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed  
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>  
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit  
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>  
Subject: Re: cracklib license  
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100  
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>  
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)  
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]  
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com  
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]  
Status: RO  
Content-Length: 585  
Lines: 21

>  
> ----- Forwarded message -----  
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>  
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM  
> Subject: RE: cracklib license  
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk  
>  
> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly  
> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that  
> email  
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the  
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained  
> would be  
> ideal.

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Happy now? :-)

-a

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#### A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope

Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see <http://www.opensource.org> for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

Release	Derived from	Year	Owner	GPL-compatible? (1)
0.9.0 thru 1.2		1991-1995	CWI	yes
1.3 thru 1.5.2	1.2	1995-1999	CNRI	yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpen.com	no
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes (2)
2.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	no
2.0.1	2.0+1.6.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.1	2.1+2.0.1	2001	PSF	yes
2.1.2	2.1.1	2002	PSF	yes
2.1.3	2.1.2	2002	PSF	yes
2.2 and above	2.1.1	2001-now	PSF	yes

Footnotes:

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(2) According to Richard Stallman, 1.6.1 is not GPL-compatible, because its license has a choice of law clause. According to CNRI, however, Stallman's lawyer has told CNRI's lawyer that 1.6.1 is "not incompatible" with the GPL.

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# 1.8 scowl 7.1-1 :1

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Alan Beale <biljir@pobox.com> also deserves special credit as he has, in addition to providing the 12Dicts package and being a major contributor to the ENABLE word list, given me an incredible amount of feedback and created a number of special lists (those found in the Supplement) in order to help improve the overall quality of SCOWL.

The 10 level includes the 1000 most common English words (according to the Moby (TM) Words II [MWords] package), a subset of the 1000 most common words on the Internet (again, according to Moby Words II), and frequently class 16 from Brian Kelk's "UK English Wordlist

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Date: Sat, 08 Jul 2000 20:27:21 +0100  
From: Brian Kelk <Brian.Kelk@cl.cam.ac.uk>

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> Wordlist With Frequency Classification" word list as it seems to  
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There were many many sources in total, but any text marked "copyright" was avoided. Locally-written documentation was one source. An earlier version of the list resided in a filespace called PUBLIC on the University mainframe, because it was considered public domain.

Date: Tue, 11 Jul 2000 19:31:34 +0100

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myself. Finally a small list of abbreviations not commonly found in other word lists is included.

The name files from the Census report is a government document which I don't think can be copyrighted.

The file special-jargon.50 uses common.lst and word.lst from the "Unofficial Jargon File Word Lists" which is derived from "The Jargon File". All of which is in the Public Domain. This file also contain a few extra UNIX terms which are found in the file "unix-terms" in the special/ directory.

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The 70 level includes Brian's frequency class 0 and the 74,550 common dictionary words from the MWords package. The common dictionary words, like those from the 12Dicts package, have had all likely inflections added. The 70 level also included the 5desk list from version 4.0 of the 12Dics package which is the public domain.

The 80 level includes the ENABLE word list, all the lists in the ENABLE supplement package (except for ABLE), the "UK Advanced Cryptics Dictionary" (UKACD), the list of signature words in from YAWL package, and the 10,196 places list from the MWords package.

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The 95 level includes the 354,984 single words, 256,772 compound words, 4,946 female names and the 3,897 male names, and 21,986 names from the MWords package, ABLE.LST from the ENABLE Supplement, and some additional words found in my part-of-speech database that were not found anywhere else.

Accent information was taken from UKACD.

My VARCON package was used to create the American, British, and Canadian word list.

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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This package was debianized by Michiel Sikkes <michiel@eyesopened.nl> on Mon, 25 Oct 2004 21:49:07 +0200.

It was downloaded from <http://luon.net/~michiels/ubuntu/>

Upstream Authors:

Michiel Sikkes <michiel@eyesopened.nl>

Michael Vogt <michael.vogt@ubuntu.com>

Sebastian Heinlein <glatzor@ubuntu.com>

Jonathan Riddell <jriddell@ubuntu.com>

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```

```
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```
""""
```

```
SimpleGladeApp.py
Module that provides an object oriented abstraction to pygtk and gtkbuilder
Copyright (C) 2009 Michael Vogt
based on ideas from SimpleGladeBuilder by Sandino Flores Moreno
""""
```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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# 1.10 Unzip 6.0-20ubuntu1

## 1.10.1 Available under license :

This is the Debian prepackaged version of "unzip", Info-Zip's fast, portable, zipfile decompression utility.

This package is currently maintained by Santiago Vila <sanvila@debian.org> and built from sources obtained from:

<ftp://ftp.info-zip.org/pub/infozip/src/unzip60.tgz>

The changes were fairly minimal, and consisted solely of adding various debian/\* files to the distribution, plus several miscellaneous fixes as reflected in the Debian changelog.

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The definitive version of this document should be available at <ftp://ftp.info-zip.org/pub/infozip/license.html> indefinitely and a copy at <http://www.info-zip.org/pub/infozip/license.html>.

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