Open Source Used In Unified Computing System (UCS) Server Configuration Utility 6.1(3)

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This is Debian GNU/Linux's prepackaged version of Joshua M. Yelon's memstat, for a long time maintained upstream by Bernd Eckenfels <ecki@debian.org> and now maintained by Michael Meskes <meskes@debian.org>.

This package was put together by me, Bernd Eckenfels <ecki@debian.org>, from the sources, which I obtained from http://charm.cs.uiuc.edu/~jyelon/software.html

The debian/* Files are based on Ian Jacksons hello Package.

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1.9 ncurses 5.9 13.20130511.el7

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1.10 lshw B.02.17 12.el7
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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

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otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>,
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--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371
Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)
*/
*/
- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
trivial database library - standalone version

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Fri Dec 14 22:24:35 EST 2007

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:
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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007
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That's all there is to it!

#
# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared libraries.
#
# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.
#
# `BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# `BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# `BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# `BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile
@echo "MKDIR pic"
@mkdir -p pic

BSDLIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image:	$(BSDLIB)
$(BSDLIB): $(OBJS)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSDLIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJS))
$(MV) pic/$(BSDLIB) .
$(RM) -f ../$(BSDLIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;'\" $(BSDLIB) $(BSDLIB))

install-shlibs install:: $(BSDLIB)
@echo "INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSDLIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSDLIB) \$(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSDLIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs
uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)

clean::
$(RM) -rf pic
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)

1.24 attr 2.4.46 12.el7

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1.26 xterm 296

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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The End

1.28 netperf 2.6.0

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/* number.c: Implements arbitrary precision numbers. */
/*

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*************************************************************************/

#include <stdio.h>
#include <config.h>
#include <number.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>/* Prototypes needed for external utility routines. */

#define bc_rt_warn rt_warn
#define bc_rt_error rt_error

#include <stdio.h>
#define bc_out_of_memory out_of_memory

__PROTOTYPE(void rt_warn, (char *mesg ,...));
__PROTOTYPE(void rt_error, (char *mesg ,...));
__PROTOTYPE(void out_of_memory, (void));

/* Storage used for special numbers. */
bc_num _zero_
bc_num _one_
bc_num _two_

static bc_num _bc_Free_list = NULL;

/* new_num allocates a number and sets fields to known values. */

bc_num
bc_new_num (length, scale)
    int length, scale;
{
    bc_num temp;

    if (_bc_Free_list != NULL) {
        temp = _bc_Free_list;
        _bc_Free_list = temp->n_next;
    } else {
        temp = (bc_num) malloc (sizeof(bc_struct));
        if (temp == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
    }
    temp->n_sign = PLUS;
    temp->n_len = length;
    temp->n_scale = scale;
    temp->n_refs = 1;
    temp->n_ptr = (char *) malloc (length+scale);
    if (temp->n_ptr == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
    temp->n_value = temp->n_ptr;
    memset (temp->n_ptr, 0, length+scale);
    return temp;
}

/* "Frees" a bc_num NUM. Actually decreases reference count and only
 frees the storage if reference count is zero. */

void
bc_free_num (num)
    bc_num *num;
{
    if (*num == NULL) return;
    (*num)->n_refs--;
}
if ((num)->n_refs == 0) {
    if ((num)->n_ptr)
        free ((num)->n_ptr);
    (num)->n_next = _bc_Free_list;
    _bc_Free_list = *num;
}
*num = NULL;
}

/* Initialize the number package! */

void
bc_init_numbers ()
{
    _zero_ = bc_new_num (1,0);
    _one_  = bc_new_num (1,0);
    _one_->n_value[0] = 1;
    _two_  = bc_new_num (1,0);
    _two_->n_value[0] = 2;
}

/* Make a copy of a number! Just increments the reference count! */

bc_num
bc_copy_num (num)
{
    num->n_refs++;
    return num;
}

/* Initialize a number NUM by making it a copy of zero. */

void
bc_init_num (num)
{
    bc_num *num;
    *num = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
}

/* For many things, we may have leading zeros in a number NUM. 
   _bc_rm_leading_zeros just moves the data “value” pointer to the 
   correct place and adjusts the length. */

static void
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    /* We can move n_value to point to the first non zero digit */
    while (*num->n_value == 0 && num->n_len > 1) {
        num->n_value++;
        num->n_len--;
    }
}

/* Compare two bc numbers. Return value is 0 if equal, -1 if N1 is less than N2 and +1 if N1 is greater than N2. If USE_SIGN is false, just compare the magnitudes. */
static int
_bc_do_compare (n1, n2, use_sign, ignore_last)
    bc_num n1, n2;
    int use_sign;
    int ignore_last;
{
    char *n1ptr, *n2ptr;
    int count;

    /* First, compare signs. */
    if (use_sign && n1->n_sign != n2->n_sign)
    {
        if (n1->n_sign == PLUS)
            return (1); /* Positive N1 > Negative N2 */
        else
            return (-1); /* Negative N1 < Positive N1 */
    }

    /* Now compare the magnitude. */
    if (n1->n_len != n2->n_len)
    {
        if (n1->n_len > n2->n_len)
        {
            /* Magnitude of n1 > n2. */
            if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
                return (1);
            else
                return (-1);
        }
        else
        {
            /* Magnitude of n1 < n2. */
            if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
/* If we get here, they have the same number of integer digits. */
count = n1->n_len + MIN (n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale);
n1ptr = n1->n_value;
n2ptr = n2->n_value;

while ((count > 0) && (*n1ptr == *n2ptr))
{
    n1ptr++;
n2ptr++;
count--;
}
if (ignore_last && count == 1 && n1->n_scale == n2->n_scale)
    return (0);
if (count != 0)
{
    if (*n1ptr > *n2ptr)
    {
        /* Magnitude of n1 > n2. */
        if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
            return (1);
        else
            return (-1);
    }
    else
    {
        /* Magnitude of n1 < n2. */
        if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
            return (-1);
        else
            return (1);
    }
}

/* They are equal up to the last part of the equal part of the fraction. */
if (n1->n_scale != n2->n_scale)
{
    if (n1->n_scale > n2->n_scale)
    {
        for (count = n1->n_scale - n2->n_scale; count > 0; count--)
        {
            if (*n1ptr++ != 0)
            
        return (-1);
    }
}
/* Magnitude of n1 > n2. */
if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
    return (1);
else
    return (-1);

/* Magnitude of n1 < n2. */
if (!use_sign || n1->n_sign == PLUS)
    return (-1);
else
    return (1);

/* They must be equal! */
return (0);

/* This is the "user callable" routine to compare numbers N1 and N2. */

int
bc_compare (n1, n2)
    bc_num n1, n2;
{
    return _bc_do_compare (n1, n2, TRUE, FALSE);
}

/* In some places we need to check if the number is negative. */

char
bc_is_neg (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    return num->n_sign == MINUS;
}

/* In some places we need to check if the number NUM is zero. */

char
bc_is_zero (num)
bc_num num;
{
    int count;
    char *nptr;

    /* Quick check */
    if (num == _zero_) return TRUE;

    /* Initialize */
    count = num->n_len + num->n_scale;
    nptr = num->n_value;

    /* The check */
    while ((count > 0) && (*nptr++ == 0)) count--;

    if (count != 0)
        return FALSE;
    else
        return TRUE;
}

/* In some places we need to check if the number NUM is almost zero.
   Specifically, all but the last digit is 0 and the last digit is 1.
   Last digit is defined by scale. */

char
bc_is_near_zero (num, scale)
    bc_num num;
    int scale;
{
    int count;
    char *nptr;

    /* Error checking */
    if (scale > num->n_scale)
        scale = num->n_scale;

    /* Initialize */
    count = num->n_len + scale;
    nptr = num->n_value;

    /* The check */
    while ((count > 0) && (*nptr++ == 0)) count--;

    if (count != 0 && (count != 1 || *(--nptr) != 1))
        return FALSE;
    else
        return TRUE;
/* Perform addition: N1 is added to N2 and the value is returned. The signs of N1 and N2 are ignored. SCALE_MIN is to set the minimum scale of the result. */

static bc_num
_bc_do_add (n1, n2, scale_min)

bc_num n1, n2;
int scale_min;
{
bc_num sum;
int sum_scale, sum_digits;
char *n1ptr, *n2ptr, *sumptr;
int carry, n1bytes, n2bytes;
int count;

/* Prepare sum. */
sum_scale = MAX (n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale);
sum_digits = MAX (n1->n_len, n2->n_len) + 1;
sum = bc_new_num (sum_digits, MAX(sum_scale, scale_min));

/* Zero extra digits made by scale_min. */
if (scale_min > sum_scale)
{
    sumptr = (char *) (sum->n_value + sum_scale + sum_digits);
    for (count = scale_min - sum_scale; count > 0; count--)
        *sumptr++ = 0;
}

/* Start with the fraction part. Initialize the pointers. */
n1bytes = n1->n_scale;
n2bytes = n2->n_scale;
n1ptr = (char *) (n1->n_value + n1->n_len + n1bytes - 1);
n2ptr = (char *) (n2->n_value + n2->n_len + n2bytes - 1);
sumptr = (char *) (sum->n_value + sum_scale + sum_digits - 1);

/* Add the fraction part. First copy the longer fraction.*/
if (n1bytes != n2bytes)
{
    if (n1bytes > n2bytes)
        while (n1bytes>n2bytes)
            { *sumptr-- = *n1ptr--; n1bytes--; }
    else
        while (n2bytes>n1bytes)
            { *sumptr-- = *n2ptr--; n2bytes--; }
}
/* Now add the remaining fraction part and equal size integer parts. */

n1bytes += n1->n_len;
n2bytes += n2->n_len;
carry = 0;
while ((n1bytes > 0) && (n2bytes > 0))
{
    *sumptr = *n1ptr-- + *n2ptr-- + carry;
    if (*sumptr > (BASE-1))
    {
        carry = 1;
        *sumptr -= BASE;
    }
    else
    {
        carry = 0;
        *sumptr -= BASE;
    }
    else
    {
        carry = 0;
        *sumptr -= BASE;
    }
}

/* Now add carry the longer integer part. */
if (n1bytes == 0)
{
    n1bytes = n2bytes; n1ptr = n2ptr; 
}
while (n1bytes-- > 0)
{
    *sumptr = *n1ptr-- + carry;
    if (*sumptr > (BASE-1))
    {
        carry = 1;
        *sumptr -= BASE;
    }
    else
    {
        carry = 0;
        *sumptr -= BASE;
    }
}

/* Set final carry. */
if (carry == 1)
    *sumptr += 1;

/* Adjust sum and return. */
.bc_rm_leading_zeros (sum);
return sum;

/* Perform subtraction: N2 is subtracted from N1 and the value is returned. The signs of N1 and N2 are ignored. Also, N1 is
assumed to be larger than N2. SCALE_MIN is the minimum scale of the result. */

static bc_num
  _bc_do_sub (n1, n2, scale_min)
  bc_num n1, n2;
  int scale_min;
{
  bc_num diff;
  int diff_scale, diff_len;
  int min_scale, min_len;
  char *n1ptr, *n2ptr, *diffptr;
  int borrow, count, val;

  /* Allocate temporary storage. */
  diff_len = MAX (n1->n_len, n2->n_len);
  diff_scale = MAX (n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale);
  min_len = MIN  (n1->n_len, n2->n_len);
  min_scale = MIN (n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale);
  diff = bc_new_num (diff_len, MAX(diff_scale, scale_min));

  /* Zero extra digits made by scale_min. */
  if (scale_min > diff_scale)
    {
      diffptr = (char *) (diff->n_value + diff_len + diff_scale);
      for (count = scale_min - diff_scale; count > 0; count--)
        *diffptr++ = 0;
    }

  /* Initialize the subtract. */
  n1ptr = (char *) (n1->n_value + n1->n_len + n1->n_scale -1);
  n2ptr = (char *) (n2->n_value + n2->n_len + n2->n_scale -1);
  diffptr = (char *) (diff->n_value + diff_len + diff_scale -1);

  /* Subtract the numbers. */
  borrow = 0;

  /* Take care of the longer scaled number. */
  if (n1->n_scale != min_scale)
    {
      /* n1 has the longer scale */
      for (count = n1->n_scale - min_scale; count > 0; count--)
        *diffptr-- = *n1ptr--;
    }
  else
    {
      /* n2 has the longer scale */
      for (count = n2->n_scale - min_scale; count > 0; count--)
  

{  
  val = - *n2ptr-- - borrow;
  if (val < 0)
    {
      val += BASE;
      borrow = 1;
    }
  else
    borrow = 0;
  *diffptr-- = val;
}
}

/* Now do the equal length scale and integer parts. */

for (count = 0; count < min_len + min_scale; count++)
  {
  val = *n1ptr-- - *n2ptr-- - borrow;
  if (val < 0)
    {
      val += BASE;
      borrow = 1;
    }
  else
    borrow = 0;
  *diffptr-- = val;
  }

/* If n1 has more digits then n2, we now do that subtract. */
if (diff_len != min_len)
  {
  for (count = diff_len - min_len; count > 0; count--)
    {
    val = *n1ptr-- - borrow;
    if (val < 0)
      {
        val += BASE;
        borrow = 1;
      }
    else
      borrow = 0;
    *diffptr-- = val;
    }
  }

/* Clean up and return. */
.bc_rm_leading_zeros (diff);
return diff;
Here is the full subtract routine that takes care of negative numbers. N2 is subtracted from N1 and the result placed in RESULT. SCALE_MIN is the minimum scale for the result. */

void bc_sub (n1, n2, result, scale_min)
    bc_num n1, n2, *result;
    int scale_min;
{
    bc_num diff = NULL;
    int cmp_res;
    int res_scale;

    if (n1->n_sign != n2->n_sign)
    {
        diff = _bc_do_add (n1, n2, scale_min);
        diff->n_sign = n1->n_sign;
    }
    else
    {
        /* subtraction must be done. */
        /* Compare magnitudes. */
        cmp_res = _bc_do_compare (n1, n2, FALSE, FALSE);
        switch (cmp_res)
        {
        case -1:
            /* n1 is less than n2, subtract n1 from n2. */
            diff = _bc_do_sub (n2, n1, scale_min);
            diff->n_sign = (n2->n_sign == PLUS ? MINUS : PLUS);
            break;
        case 0:
            /* They are equal! return zero! */
            res_scale = MAX (scale_min, MAX(n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale));
            diff = bc_new_num (1, res_scale);
            memset (diff->n_value, 0, res_scale+1);
            break;
        case 1:
            /* n2 is less than n1, subtract n2 from n1. */
            diff = _bc_do_sub (n1, n2, scale_min);
            diff->n_sign = n1->n_sign;
            break;
        }
    }

    /* Clean up and return. */
bc_free_num (result);
*result = diff;
}

/* Here is the full add routine that takes care of negative numbers.
N1 is added to N2 and the result placed into RESULT. SCALE_MIN
is the minimum scale for the result. */

void
bc_add (n1, n2, result, scale_min)
    bc_num n1, n2, *result;
    int scale_min;
{
    bc_num sum = NULL;
    int cmp_res;
    int res_scale;

    if (n1->n_sign == n2->n_sign)
    {
        sum = _bc_do_add (n1, n2, scale_min);
        sum->n_sign = n1->n_sign;
    }
    else
    {
        /* subtraction must be done. */
        cmp_res = _bc_do_compare (n1, n2, FALSE, FALSE); /* Compare magnitudes. */
        switch (cmp_res)
        {
        case -1:
            /* n1 is less than n2, subtract n1 from n2. */
            sum = _bc_do_sub (n2, n1, scale_min);
            sum->n_sign = n2->n_sign;
            break;
        case 0:
            /* They are equal! return zero with the correct scale! */
            res_scale = MAX (scale_min, MAX(n1->n_scale, n2->n_scale));
            sum = bc_new_num (1, res_scale);
            memset (sum->n_value, 0, res_scale+1);
            break;
        case 1:
            /* n2 is less than n1, subtract n2 from n1. */
            sum = _bc_do_sub (n1, n2, scale_min);
            sum->n_sign = n1->n_sign;
            break;
        }
    }

    /* Clean up and return. */
bc_free_num (result);
*result = sum;
}

/* Recursive vs non-recursive multiply crossover ranges. */
#if defined(MULDIGITS)
#include "muldigits.h"
#else
#define MUL_BASE_DIGITS 80
#endif

int mul_base_digits = MUL_BASE_DIGITS;
#define MUL_SMALL_DIGITS mul_base_digits/4

/* Multiply utility routines */

static bc_num
new_sub_num (length, scale, value)
    int length, scale;
    char *value;
{
    bc_num temp;

    if (_bc_Free_list != NULL) {
        temp = _bc_Free_list;
        _bc_Free_list = temp->n_next;
    } else {
        temp = (bc_num) malloc (sizeof(bc_struct));
        if (temp == NULL) bc_out_of_memory ();
    }
    temp->n_sign = PLUS;
    temp->n_len = length;
    temp->n_scale = scale;
    temp->n_refs = 1;
    temp->n_ptr = NULL;
    temp->n_value = value;
    return temp;
}

static void
_bc_simp_mul (bc_num n1, int n1len, bc_num n2, int n2len, bc_num *prod,
              int full_scale)
{
    char *n1ptr, *n2ptr, *pvptr;
    char *n1end, *n2end;/* To the end of n1 and n2. */
    int indx, sum, prodlen;

    prodlen = n1len+n2len+1;
*prod = bc_new_num (prodlen, 0);

n1end = (char *) (n1->n_value + n1len - 1);
n2end = (char *) (n2->n_value + n2len - 1);
pvptr = (char *) ((*prod)->n_value + prodlen - 1);
sum = 0;

/* Here is the loop... */
for (indx = 0; indx < prodlen-1; indx++)
{
    n1ptr = (char *) (n1end - MAX(0, indx-n2len+1));
    n2ptr = (char *) (n2end - MIN(indx, n2len-1));
    while ((n1ptr >= n1->n_value) && (n2ptr <= n2end))
        sum += *n1ptr-- * *n2ptr++;
    *pvptr-- = sum % BASE;
    sum = sum / BASE;
}
*pvptr = sum;

/* A special adder/subtractor for the recursive divide and conquer multiply algorithm. Note: if sub is called, accum must be larger that what is being subtracted. Also, accum and val must have n_scale = 0. (e.g. they must look like integers. *) */
static void
_bc_shift_addsub (bc_num accum, bc_num val, int shift, int sub)
{
    signed char *accp, *valp;
    int count, carry;

    count = val->n_len;
    if (val->n_value[0] == 0)
        count--;
    assert (accum->n_len+accum->n_scale >= shift+count);

    /* Set up pointers and others */
    accp = (signed char *)(accum->n_value +
        accum->n_len + accum->n_scale - shift - 1);
    valp = (signed char *)(val->n_value + val->n_len - 1);
    carry = 0;

    if (sub) {
        /* Subtraction, carry is really borrow. */
        while (count--) {
            *accp -= *valp-- + carry;
            if (*accp < 0) { 

carry = 1;
    *accp-- += BASE;
} else {
carry = 0;
accp--;
}
while (carry) {
    *accp -= carry;
    if (*accp < 0)
*accp-- += BASE;
else
carry = 0;
}
} else {
    /* Addition */
    while (count--) {
*accp += *valp-- + carry;
    if (*accp > (BASE-1)) {
carry = 1;
*accp-- -= BASE;
} else {
carry = 0;
accp--;
}
}
while (carry) {
*accp += carry;
if (*accp > (BASE-1))
*accp-- -= BASE;
else
carry = 0;
}
}

/* Recursive divide and conquer multiply algorithm.
Based on
Let u = u0 + u1*(b^n)
Let v = v0 + v1*(b^n)
Then uv = (B^2n+B^n)*u1*v1 + B^n*(u1-u0)*(v0-v1) + (B^n+1)*u0*v0

B is the base of storage, number of digits in u1,u0 close to equal.
*/
static void
_bc_rec_mul (bc_num u, int ulen, bc_num v, int vlen, bc_num *prod,
    int full_scale)
{
bc_num u0, u1, v0, v1;
int u0len, v0len;
bc_num m1, m2, m3, d1, d2;
int n, prodlen, m1zero;
int d1len, d2len;

/* Base case? */
if ((ulen+vlen) < mul_base_digits
    || ulen < MUL_SMALL_DIGITS
    || vlen < MUL_SMALL_DIGITS ) {
    _bc_simp_mul (u, ulen, v, vlen, prod, full_scale);
    return;
}

/* Calculate n -- the u and v split point in digits. */
n = (MAX(ulen, vlen)+1) / 2;

/* Split u and v. */
if (ulen < n) {
    u1 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
    u0 = new_sub_num (ulen,0, u->n_value);
} else {
    u1 = new_sub_num (ulen-n, 0, u->n_value);
    u0 = new_sub_num (n, 0, u->n_value+ulen-n);
}
if (vlen < n) {
    v1 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
    v0 = new_sub_num (vlen,0, v->n_value);
} else {
    v1 = new_sub_num (vlen-n, 0, v->n_value);
    v0 = new_sub_num (n, 0, v->n_value+vlen-n);
}
.bc_rm_leading_zeros (u1);
.bc_rm_leading_zeros (u0);
u0len = u0->n_len;
.bc_rm_leading_zeros (v1);
.bc_rm_leading_zeros (v0);
v0len = v0->n_len;

m1zero = bc_is_zero(u1) || bc_is_zero(v1);

/* Calculate sub results ... */
bc_init_num(&d1);
bc_init_num(&d2);
bc_sub (u1, u0, &d1, 0);
d1len = d1->n_len;
bc_sub (v0, v1, &d2, 0);
d2len = d2->n_len;

/* Do recursive multiplies and shifted adds. */
if (m1zero)
    m1 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
else
    _bc_rec_mul (u1, u1->n_len, v1, v1->n_len, &m1, 0);

if (bc_is_zero(d1) || bc_is_zero(d2))
    m2 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
else
    _bc_rec_mul (d1, d1len, d2, d2len, &m2, 0);

if (bc_is_zero(u0) || bc_is_zero(v0))
    m3 = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
else
    _bc_rec_mul (u0, u0->n_len, v0, v0->n_len, &m3, 0);

/* Initialize product */
prodlen = ulen+vlen+1;
*prod = bc_new_num(prodlen, 0);

if (!m1zero) {
    _bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m1, 2*n, 0);
    _bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m1, n, 0);
}
    _bc_shift_addsub (*prod, m3, n, d1->n_sign != d2->n_sign);

/* Now clean up! */
bc_free_num (&u1);
bc_free_num (&u0);
bc_free_num (&v1);
bc_free_num (&m1);
bc_free_num (&v0);
bc_free_num (&m2);
bc_free_num (&m3);
bc_free_num (&d1);
bc_free_num (&d2);
}

/* The multiply routine.  N2 times N1 is put int PROD with the scale of
the result being MIN(N2 scale+N1 scale, MAX (SCALE, N2 scale, N1 scale)). */
void
bc_multiply (n1, n2, prod, scale)
    bc_num n1, n2, *prod;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num pval;
    int len1, len2;
    int full_scale, prod_scale;

/* Initialize things. */
    len1 = n1->n_len + n1->n_scale;
    len2 = n2->n_len + n2->n_scale;
    full_scale = n1->n_scale + n2->n_scale;
    prod_scale = MIN(full_scale,MAX(scale,MAX(n1->n_scale,n2->n_scale)));

/* Do the multiply */
    _bc_rec_mul (n1, len1, n2, len2, &pval, full_scale);

/* Assign to prod and clean up the number. */
    pval->n_sign = ( n1->n_sign == n2->n_sign ? PLUS : MINUS );
    pval->n_value = pval->n_ptr;
    pval->n_len = len2 + len1 + 1 - full_scale;
    pval->n_scale = prod_scale;
    _bc_rm_leading_zeros (pval);
    if (bc_is_zero (pval))
        pval->n_sign = PLUS;
    bc_free_num (prod);
    *prod = pval;
}

/* Some utility routines for the divide: First a one digit multiply. 
NUM (with SIZE digits) is multiplied by DIGIT and the result is 
placed into RESULT. It is written so that NUM and RESULT can be 
the same pointers. */

static void
    _one_mult (num, size, digit, result)
        unsigned char *num;
        int size, digit;
        unsigned char *result;
{
        int carry, value;
        unsigned char *nptr, *rptr;

        if (digit == 0)
            memset (result, 0, size);
        else
        {
            if (digit == 1)
memcpy (result, num, size);
else
{
    /* Initialize */
    nptr = (unsigned char *) (num+size-1);
    rptr = (unsigned char *) (result+size-1);
    carry = 0;

    while (size-- > 0)
    {
        value = *nptr-- * digit + carry;
        *rptr-- = value % BASE;
        carry = value / BASE;
    }

    if (carry != 0) *rptr = carry;
}
}

/* The full division routine. This computes N1 / N2. It returns
  0 if the division is ok and the result is in QUOT. The number of
digits after the decimal point is SCALE. It returns -1 if division
by zero is tried. The algorithm is found in Knuth Vol 2. p237. */

int
bc_divide (n1, n2, quot, scale)
    bc_num n1, n2, *quot;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num qval;
    unsigned char *num1, *num2;
    unsigned char *ptr1, *ptr2, *n2ptr, *qptr;
    int scale1, val;
    unsigned int len1, len2, scale2, qdigits, extra, count;
    unsigned int qdig, qguess, borrow, carry;
    unsigned char *mval;
    char zero;
    unsigned int norm;

    /* Test for divide by zero. */
    if (bc_is_zero (n2)) return -1;

    /* Test for divide by 1. If it is we must truncate. */
    if (n2->n_scale == 0)
    {
        if (n2->n_len == 1 && *n2->n_value == 1)
{qval = bc_new_num(n1->n_len, scale);
qval->n_sign = (n1->n_sign == n2->n_sign ? PLUS : MINUS);
memset(&qval->n_value[n1->n_len],0,scale);
memcpy(qval->n_value,n1->n_value,
n1->n_len + MIN(n1->n_scale,scale));
bc_free_num(quot);
*quot = qval;
}

/* Set up the divide. Move the decimal point on n1 by n2's scale. 
Remember, zeros on the end of num2 are wasted effort for dividing. */
scale2 = n2->n_scale;
n2ptr = (unsigned char *) n2->n_value+n2->n_len+scale2-1;
while ((scale2 > 0) && (*n2ptr-- == 0)) scale2--;

len1 = n1->n_len + scale2;
scale1 = n1->n_scale - scale2;
if (scale1 < scale)
  extra = scale - scale1;
elser
  extra = 0;
num1 = (unsigned char *) malloc(n1->n_len+n1->n_scale+extra+2);
if (num1 == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
memset(num1,0,n1->n_len+n1->n_scale+extra+2);
memcpy(num1+1,n1->n_value,n1->n_len+n1->n_scale);

len2 = n2->n_len + scale2;
num2 = (unsigned char *) malloc(len2+1);
if (num2 == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
memcpy(num2,n2->n_value,len2);
*(num2+len2) = 0;
n2ptr = num2;
while (*n2ptr == 0)
{
  n2ptr++;
  len2--;
}

/* Calculate the number of quotient digits. */
if (len2 > len1+scale)
{
qdigits = scale+1;
  zero = TRUE;
}
elser

zero = FALSE;
if (len2>len1)
qdigits = scale+1; /* One for the zero integer part. */
else
qdigits = len1-len2+scale+1;
}

/* Allocate and zero the storage for the quotient. */
qval = bc_new_num (qdigits-scale, scale);
memset(qval->n_value, 0, qdigits);

/* Allocate storage for the temporary storage mval. */
mval = (unsigned char *) malloc(len2+1);
if (mval == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();

/* Now for the full divide algorithm. */
if (!zero)
{
/* Normalize */
norm = 10 / ((int)*n2ptr + 1);
if (norm != 1)
{
_one_mult (num1, len1+scale1+extra+1, norm, num1);
_one_mult (n2ptr, len2, norm, n2ptr);
}

/* Initialize divide loop. */
qdig = 0;
if (len2 > len1)
qptr = (unsigned char *) qval->n_value+len2-len1;
else
qptr = (unsigned char *) qval->n_value;

/* Loop */
while (qdig <= len1+scale-len2)
{
/* Calculate the quotient digit guess. */
if (*n2ptr == num1[qdig])
qguess = 9;
else
qguess = (num1[qdig]*10 + num1[qdig+1]) / *n2ptr;

/* Test qguess. */
if (n2ptr[1]*qguess >
(num1[qdig]*10 + num1[qdig+1] - *n2ptr*qguess)*10
+ num1[qdig+2])
{
qguess--;
}
/* And again. */
if (n2ptr[1]*qguess >
(num1[qdig]*10 + num1[qdig+1] - *n2ptr*qguess)*10
+ num1[qdig+2])
qguess--;
}

/* Multiply and subtract. */
borrow = 0;
if (qguess != 0)
{
 *mval = 0;
_one_mult (n2ptr, len2, qguess, mval+1);
ptr1 = (unsigned char *) num1+qdig+len2;
ptr2 = (unsigned char *) mval+len2;
for (count = 0; count < len2+1; count++)
{
val = (int) *ptr1 - (int) *ptr2-- - borrow;
if (val < 0)
{
val += 10;
borrow = 1;
}
else
borrow = 0;
*ptr1-- = val;
}
}

/* Test for negative result. */
if (borrow == 1)
{
qguess--;
ptr1 = (unsigned char *) num1+qdig+len2;
ptr2 = (unsigned char *) n2ptr+len2-1;
carry = 0;
for (count = 0; count < len2; count++)
{
val = (int) *ptr1 + (int) *ptr2-- + carry;
if (val > 9)
{
val -= 10;
carry = 1;
}
else
carry = 0;
*ptr1-- = val;
}
if (carry == 1) *ptr1 = (*ptr1 + 1) % 10;
}
/* We now know the quotient digit. */
*qptr++ = qguess;
qdig++;
}
}

/* Clean up and return the number. */
qval->n_sign = ( n1->n_sign == n2->n_sign ? PLUS : MINUS );
if (bc_is_zero (qval)) qval->n_sign = PLUS;
_bc_rm_leading_zeros (qval);
bc_free_num (quot);
*quot = qval;

/* Clean up temporary storage. */
free (mval);
free (num1);
free (num2);

return 0; /* Everything is OK. */
}

/* Division *and* modulo for numbers. This computes both NUM1 / NUM2 and
NUM1 % NUM2 and puts the results in QUOT and REM, except that if QUOT
is NULL then that store will be omitted.
*/

int
bc_divmod (num1, num2, quot, rem, scale)
    bc_num num1, num2, *quot, *rem;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num quotient = NULL;
    bc_num temp;
    int rscale;

    /* Check for correct numbers. */
    if (bc_is_zero (num2)) return -1;

    /* Calculate final scale. */
    rscale = MAX (num1->n_scale, num2->n_scale+scale);
    bc_init_num(&temp);

    /* Calculate it. */
    bc_divide (num1, num2, &temp, scale);
if (quot)
    quotient = bc_copy_num (temp);
bc_multiply (temp, num2, &temp, rscale);
bc_sub (num1, temp, rem, rscale);
bc_free_num (&temp);

if (quot)
    {  
    bc_free_num (quot);
    *quot = quotient;
    }

return 0; /* Everything is OK. */
}

/* Modulo for numbers. This computes NUM1 % NUM2 and puts the
result in RESULT. */

int
bc_modulo (num1, num2, result, scale)
    bc_num num1, num2, *result;
    int scale;
{
    return bc_divmod (num1, num2, NULL, result, scale);
}

/* Raise BASE to the EXPO power, reduced modulo MOD. The result is
placed in RESULT. If a EXPO is not an integer,
only the integer part is used. */

int
bc_raisemod (base, expo, mod, result, scale)
    bc_num base, expo, mod, *result;
    int scale;
{
    bc_num power, exponent, parity, temp;
    int rscale;

    /* Check for correct numbers. */
    if (bc_is_zero(mod)) return -1;
    if (bc_is_neg(expo)) return -1;

    /* Set initial values. */
    power = bc_copy_num (base);
    exponent = bc_copy_num (expo);
    temp = bc_copy_num (_one_);
    bc_init_num(&parity);
/ * Check the base for scale digits. */
if (base->n_scale != 0)
    bc_rt_warn ("non-zero scale in base");

/* Check the exponent for scale digits. */
if (exponent->n_scale != 0)
{
    bc_rt_warn ("non-zero scale in exponent");
    bc_divide (exponent, _one_, &exponent, 0); /*truncate */
}

/* Check the modulus for scale digits. */
if (mod->n_scale != 0)
    bc_rt_warn ("non-zero scale in modulus");

/* Do the calculation. */
rscale = MAX(scale, base->n_scale);
while ( !bc_is_zero(exponent) )
{
    (void) bc_divmod (exponent, _two_, &exponent, &parity, 0);
    if ( !bc_is_zero(parity) )
    {
        bc_multiply (temp, power, &temp, rscale);
        (void) bc_modulo (temp, mod, &temp, scale);
    }
    bc_multiply (power, power, &power, rscale);
    (void) bc_modulo (power, mod, &power, scale);
}

/* Assign the value. */
bc_free_num (&power);
bc_free_num (&exponent);
bc_free_num (result);
*result = temp;
return 0; /* Everything is OK. */

/* Raise NUM1 to the NUM2 power. The result is placed in RESULT.
 * Maximum exponent is LONG_MAX. If a NUM2 is not an integer,
 * only the integer part is used. */

void
bc_raise (num1, num2, result, scale)
    bc_num num1, num2, *result;
    int scale;
{
bc_num temp, power;
long exponent;
int rscale;
int pwrscale;
int calcscale;
char neg;

/* Check the exponent for scale digits and convert to a long. */
if (num2->n_scale != 0)
    bc_rt_warn("non-zero scale in exponent");
exponent = bc_num2long (num2);
if (exponent == 0 && (num2->n_len > 1 || num2->n_value[0] != 0))
    bc_rt_error("exponent too large in raise");

/* Special case if exponent is a zero. */
if (exponent == 0)
{
    bc_free_num (result);
    *result = bc_copy_num (_one_);
    return;
}
/* Other initializations. */
if (exponent < 0)
{
    neg = TRUE;
    exponent = -exponent;
    rscale = scale;
}
else
{
    neg = FALSE;
    rscale = MIN (num1->n_scale*exponent, MAX(scale, num1->n_scale));
}
/* Set initial value of temp. */
power = bc_copy_num (num1);
pwrscale = num1->n_scale;
while ((exponent & 1) == 0)
{
    pwrscale = 2*pwrscale;
    bc_multiply (power, power, &power, pwrscale);
    exponent = exponent >> 1;
}
temp = bc_copy_num (power);
calcscale = pwrscale;
exponent = exponent >> 1;
/* Do the calculation. */
while (exponent > 0)
{
    pwrscale = 2*pwrscale;
    bc_multiply (power, power, &power, pwrscale);
    if ((exponent & 1) == 1) {
        calcscale = pwrscale + calcscale;
        bc_multiply (temp, power, &temp, calcscale);
    }
    exponent = exponent >> 1;
}

/* Assign the value. */
if (neg)
{
    bc_divide (_one_, temp, result, rscale);
    bc_free_num (&temp);
} else {
    bc_free_num (result);
    *result = temp;
    if ((*result)->n_scale > rscale)
        (*result)->n_scale = rscale;
} bc_free_num (&power);

/* Take the square root NUM and return it in NUM with SCALE digits
after the decimal place. */
int bc_sqrt (num, scale)
    bc_num *num;
    int scale;
{
    int rscale, cmp_res, done;
    int cscale;
    bc_num guess, guess1, point5, diff;

    /* Initial checks. */
    cmp_res = bc_compare (*num, _zero_);
    if (cmp_res < 0)
        return 0;/* error */
    else {
        if (cmp_res == 0)}
bc_free_num (num);
*num = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
return 1;
}

cmp_res = bc_compare (*num, _one_);
if (cmp_res == 0)
{
    bc_free_num (num);
    *num = bc_copy_num (_one_);
    return 1;
}

/* Initialize the variables. */
rscale = MAX (scale, (*num)->n_scale);
bc_init_num(&guess);
bc_init_num(&guess1);
bc_init_num(&diff);
point5 = bc_new_num (1,1);
point5->n_value[1] = 5;

/* Calculate the initial guess. */
if (cmp_res < 0)
{
    /* The number is between 0 and 1. Guess should start at 1. */
    guess = bc_copy_num (_one_);
    cscale = (*num)->n_scale;
}
else
{
    /* The number is greater than 1. Guess should start at 10^(exp/2). */
    bc_int2num (&guess,10);

    bc_int2num (&guess1,(*num)->n_len);
    bc_multiply (guess1, point5, &guess1, 0);
    guess1->n_scale = 0;
    bc_raise (guess, guess1, &guess, 0);
    bc_free_num (&guess1);
    cscale = 3;
}

/* Find the square root using Newton's algorithm. */
done = FALSE;
while (!done)
{
    bc_free_num (&guess1);
    guess1 = bc_copy_num (guess);
bc_divide (*num, guess, &guess, cscale);
broadcast (guess, guess1, &guess, 0);
broadcast_multiply (guess, point5, &guess, cscale);
broadcast_sub (guess, guess1, &diff, cscale+1);
if (bc_is_near_zero (diff, cscale))
{
    if (cscale < rscale+1)
        cscale = MIN (cscale*3, rscale+1);
    else
        done = TRUE;
}
/* Assign the number and clean up. */
broadcast_free_num (num);
broadcast_divide (guess, one_num, rscale);
broadcast_free_num (&guess);
broadcast_free_num (&guess1);
broadcast_free_num (&point5);
broadcast_free_num (&diff);
return 1;
}
/* The following routines provide output for bcd numbers package 
   using the rules of POSIX bc for output. */
/* This structure is used for saving digits in the conversion process. */
typedef struct stk_rec {
    long digit;
    struct stk_rec *next;
} stk_rec;
/* The reference string for digits. */
static char ref_str[] = "0123456789ABCDEF";
/* A special output routine for "multi-character digits." Exactly 
   SIZE characters must be output for the value VAL. If SPACE is 
   non-zero, we must output one space before the number. OUT_CHAR 
   is the actual routine for writing the characters. */
void bc_out_long (val, size, space, out_char)
    long val;
    int size, space;
#ifdef __STDC__
    void (*out_char)(int);
#else
    void (*out_char)();
#endif
{
    char digits[40];
    int len, ix;

    if (space) (*out_char) (' ');
    sprintf(digits, "%ld", val);
    len = strlen(digits);
    while (size > len)
    {
        (*out_char) ('0');
        size--;
    }
    for (ix=0; ix < len; ix++)
        (*out_char) (digits[ix]);
}

/* Output of a bcd number.  NUM is written in base O_BASE using OUT_CHAR as the routine to do the actual output of the characters. */

void
bc_out_num (num, o_base, out_char, leading_zero)
    bc_num num;
    int o_base;
#ifdef __STDC__
    void (*out_char)(int);
#else
    void (*out_char)();
#endif
    int leading_zero;
{
    char *nptr;
    int index, fdigit, pre_space;
    stk_rec *digits, *temp;
    bc_num int_part, frac_part, base, cur_dig, t_num, max_o_digit;

    /* The negative sign if needed. */
    if (num->n_sign == MINUS) (*out_char) ('-');

    /* Output the number. */
    if (bc_is_zero (num))
        (*out_char) ('0');
    else
        if (o_base == 10)
            /* The number is in base 10, do it the fast way. */
nptr = num->n_value;
if (num->n_len > 1 || *nptr != 0)
    for (index=num->n_len; index>0; index--)
        (*out_char) (BCD_CHAR(*nptr++));
else
    nptr++;

if (leading_zero && bc_is_zero (num))
    (*out_char) (0);

/* Now the fraction. */
if (num->n_scale > 0)
{
    (*out_char) (',');
    for (index=0; index<num->n_scale; index++)
        (*out_char) (BCD_CHAR(*nptr++));
}
else
    /* special case ... */
if (leading_zero && bc_is_zero (num))
    (*out_char) (0);

/* The number is some other base. */
digits = NULL;
bc_init_num (&int_part);
bc_divide (num, _one_, &int_part, 0);
bc_init_num (&frac_part);
bc_init_num (&cur_dig);
bci
bc_init_num (&base);
bci
bc_sub (num, int_part, &frac_part, 0);
/* Make the INT_PART and FRAC_PART positive. */
int_part->n_sign = PLUS;
frac_part->n_sign = PLUS;
bci
bc_int2num (&base, o_base);
bci
bc_init_num (&max_o_digit);
bci
bc_int2num (&max_o_digit, o_base-1);
/* Get the digits of the integer part and push them on a stack. */
while (!bc_is_zero (int_part))
{
    bc_modulo (int_part, base, &cur_dig, 0);
temp = (stk_rec *) malloc (sizeof(stk_rec));
if (temp == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();
temp->digit = bc_num2long (cur_dig);
temp->next = digits;
digits = temp;
bc_divide (int_part, base, &int_part, 0);
}

/* Print the digits on the stack. */
if (digits != NULL)
{
  /* Output the digits. */
  while (digits != NULL)
  {
    temp = digits;
    digits = digits->next;
    if (o_base <= 16)
      (*out_char) (ref_str[(int) temp->digit]);
    else
      bc_out_long (temp->digit, max_o_digit->n_len, 1, out_char);
    free (temp);
  }
}

/* Get and print the digits of the fraction part. */
if (num->n_scale > 0)
{
  (*out_char) (',');
  pre_space = 0;
  t_num = bc_copy_num (_one_);
  while (t_num->n_len <= num->n_scale) {
    bc_multiply (frac_part, base, &frac_part, num->n_scale);
    fdigit = bc_num2long (frac_part);
    bc_int2num (&int_part, fdigit);
    bc_sub (frac_part, int_part, &frac_part, 0);
    if (o_base <= 16)
      (*out_char) (ref_str[fdigit]);
    else {
      bc_out_long (fdigit, max_o_digit->n_len, pre_space, out_char);
      pre_space = 1;
    }
    bc_multiply (t_num, base, &t_num, 0);
  }
  bc_free_num (&t_num);
}

/* Clean up. */
bc_free_num (&int_part);
broadcast_num (&frac_part);
broadcast_num (&base);
broadcast_num (&cur_digit);
broadcast_num (&max_o_digit);
/* Convert a number NUM to a long. The function returns only the integer part of the number. For numbers that are too large to represent as a long, this function returns a zero. This can be detected by checking the NUM for zero after having a zero returned. */

long
c_num2long (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    long val;
    char *nptr;
    int index;

    /* Extract the int value, ignore the fraction. */
    val = 0;
    nptr = num->n_value;
    for (index=num->n_len; (index>0) && (val<=(LONG_MAX/BASE)); index--)
        val = val*BASE + *nptr++;

    /* Check for overflow. If overflow, return zero. */
    if (index>0) val = 0;
    if (val < 0) val = 0;

    /* Return the value. */
    if (num->n_sign == PLUS)
        return (val);
    else
        return (-val);
}

/* Convert an integer VAL to a bc number NUM. */

void
bc_int2num (num, val)
    bc_num *num;
    int val;
{
    char buffer[30];
    char *bptr, *vptr;
    int ix = 1;
    char neg = 0;

    /* Sign. */
    if (val < 0)
    {
neg = 1;
val = -val;
}

/* Get things going. */
bptr = buffer;
*bptr++ = val % BASE;
val = val / BASE;

/* Extract remaining digits. */
while (val != 0)
{
  *bptr++ = val % BASE;
  val = val / BASE;
  ix++; /* Count the digits. */
}

/* Make the number. */
bc_free_num (num);
*num = bc_new_num (ix, 0);
if (neg) (*num)->n_sign = MINUS;

/* Assign the digits. */
vptr = (*num)->n_value;
while (ix-- > 0)
  *vptr++ = *--bptr;

/* Convert a numbers to a string.  Base 10 only. */

char
*num2str (num)
  bc_num num;
{
char *str, *sptr;
char *nptr;
int index, signch;

/* Allocate the string memory. */
signch = (num->n_sign == PLUS ? 0 : 1); /* Number of sign chars. */
if (num->n_scale > 0) /* Number of sign chars. */
  str = (char *) malloc (num->n_len + num->n_scale + 2 + signch);
else
  str = (char *) malloc (num->n_len + 1 + signch);
if (str == NULL) bc_out_of_memory();

/* The negative sign if needed. */
sptr = str;
if (signch) *sptr++ = '-';

/* Load the whole number. */
*nptr = num->n_value;
for (index=num->n_len; index>0; index--)
    *sptr++ = BCD_CHAR(*nptr++);

/* Now the fraction. */
if (num->n_scale > 0)
    {
        *sptr++ = '.';
        for (index=0; index<num->n_scale; index++)
            *sptr++ = BCD_CHAR(*nptr++);
    }

/* Terminate the string and return it! */
*sptr = '0';
return (str);
}

/* Convert strings to bc numbers. Base 10 only. */

void
bc_str2num (num, str, scale)
    bc_num *num;
    char *str;
    int scale;
{
    int digits, strscale;
    char *ptr, *nptr;
    char zero_int;

    /* Prepare num. */
    bc_free_num (num);

    /* Check for valid number and count digits. */
    ptr = str;
    digits = 0;
    strscale = 0;
    zero_int = FALSE;
    if ( (*ptr == '+') || (*ptr == '-') ) ptr++; /* Sign */
    while (*ptr == '0') ptr++; /* Skip leading zeros. */
    while (isdigit((int)*ptr)) ptr++, digits++; /* digits */
    if (*ptr == '.') ptr++; /* decimal point */
    while (isdigit((int)*ptr)) ptr++, strscale++; /* digits */
    if (*ptr != '0') || (digits+strscale == 0)
        {
            *num = bc_copy_num (_zero_);
            return;
        }
/ * Adjust numbers and allocate storage and initialize fields. */
strscale = MIN(strscale, scale);
if (digits == 0)
{
    zero_int = TRUE;
    digits = 1;
}
*num = bc_new_num (digits, strscale);

/* Build the whole number. */
ptr = str;
if (*ptr == '.')
{
    (*num)->n_sign = MINUS;
    ptr++;
}
else
{
    (*num)->n_sign = PLUS;
    if (*ptr == '+') ptr++;
}
while (*ptr == '0') ptr++; /* Skip leading zeros. */
nptr = (*num)->n_value;
if (zero_int)
{
    *nptr++ = 0;
    digits = 0;
}
for (;digits > 0; digits--)
    *nptr++ = CH_VAL(*ptr++);

/* Build the fractional part. */
if (strscale > 0)
{
    ptr++; /* skip the decimal point! */
    for (;strscale > 0; strscale--)
        *nptr++ = CH_VAL(*ptr++);
}

/* pn prints the number NUM in base 10. */
static void
out_char (int c)
void
pn (num)
    bc_num num;
{
    bc_out_num (num, 10, out_char, 0);
    out_char ('n');
}

/* pv prints a character array as if it was a string of bcd digits. */
void
pv (name, num, len)
    char *name;
    unsigned char *num;
    int len;
{
    int i;
    printf ("%s=", name);
    for (i=0; i<len; i++) printf ("%c", BCD_CHAR(num[i]));
    printf ("\n");
}

1.34 libxt 1.2.0
1.34.1 Available under license :

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1.35 sqlite 3.13.0

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1.36 libxext 1.3.1

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that
uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the
user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified
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to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the
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copy of the library already present on the user's computer system,
rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2)
will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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Thanks go to the following people for patches and contributions:

Michael Hunold <m.hunold@gmx.de>
for the initial saa7146 driver and its recent overhaul

Christian Theiss
for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

Marcus Metzler <mocm@metzlerbros.de>
Ralph Metzler <rjkm@metzlerbros.de>
for their continuing work on the DVB driver

Michael Holzt <kju@debian.org>
for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

Martin Schaller <martin@smurf.franken.de>
for patching the cable card decoder driver
Klaus Schmidinger <Klaus.Schmidinger@cadsoft.de>
for various fixes regarding tuning, OSD and CI stuff and his work on VDR

Steve Brown <sbrown@cortland.com>
for his AFC kernel thread

Christoph Martin <martin@uni-mainz.de>
for his LIRC infrared handler

Andreas Oberritter <obi@linuxtv.org>
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Florian Schirmer <jolt@tuxbox.org>
Ronny Strutz <3des@elitedvb.de>
Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>
...and all the other dbox2 people
for many bugfixes in the generic DVB Core, frontend drivers and
their work on the dbox2 port of the DVB driver

Oliver Endriss <o.endriss@gmx.de>
for many bugfixes

Andrew de Quincey <adq_dvb@lidskialf.net>
for the tda1004x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Peter Schildmann <peter.schildmann@web.de>
for the driver for the Technisat SkyStar2 PCI DVB card

Vadim Catana <skystar@moldova.cc>
Roberto Ragusa <r.ragusa@libero.it>
Augusto Cardoso <augusto@carhil.net>
for all the work for the FlexCopII chipset by B2C2,Inc.

Davor Emard <emard@softhome.net>
for his work on the budget drivers, the demux code,
the module unloading problems, ...

Hans-Frieder Vogt <shfvogt@arcor.de>
for his work on calculating and checking the crc's for the
TechnoTrend/Hauppauge DEC driver firmware

Michael Dreher <michael@5dot1.de>
Andreas 'randy' Weinberger
for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

Kenneth Aafly <ke-aa@frisurf.no>
for adding support for Typhoon DVB-S budget card
Ernst Peinlich <e.peinlich@inode.at>
for tuning/DiSEqC support for the DEC 3000-s

Peter Beutner <p.beutner@gmx.net>
for the IR code for the ttusb-dec driver

Wilson Michaels <wilsonmichaels@earthlink.net>
for the lgdt330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@m1k.net>
for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

Taylor Jacob <rtjacob@earthlink.net>
for the nxt2002 frontend driver

Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>
for the nxt2004 frontend driver

Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>
for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a
single nxt200x frontend driver.

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/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
 * nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
 *
 * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
 * http://www.hypermall.com/
 * 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
 * interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
 * 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
 * and spelling mistakes.
 * 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
 * loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
 * re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
 *
 * Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
 *
 * R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
 *
 * Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
 * PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
 * see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
 * expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
 * (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
 *
 * Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
 * IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
 * as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
 * the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
 * Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
 * SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
   combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
   recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.

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* Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

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Linus Torvalds

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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1.56 python 2.7.5 48.el7

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A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to...
BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see http://www.opensource.org for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

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(2) According to Richard Stallman, 1.6.1 is not GPL-compatible, because its license has a choice of law clause. According to CNRI, however, Stallman's lawyer has told CNRI's lawyer that 1.6.1 is "not incompatible" with the GPL.

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History and License

History of the software

Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting
Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl/) in the Netherlands as a
successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author,
although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National
Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us/) in Reston,
Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to
form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs
team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation; see
http://www.zope.com/). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see
http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created
specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a
sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see http://www.opensource.org/ for the Open
Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also
been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

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Mersenne Twister
----------------

The :mod:`_random` module includes code based on a download from http://www.math.sci.hiroshima-u.ac.jp/~m-mat/MT/MT2002/emt19937ar.html. The following are the verbatim comments from the original code::

    A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.
    Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matumoto.

    Before using, initialize the state by using init_genrand(seed)
    or init_by_array(init_key, key_length).

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http://www.math.sci.hiroshima-u.ac.jp/~m-mat/MT/emt.html
email: m-mat @ math.sci.hiroshima-u.ac.jp (remove space)

Sockets
-------

The :mod:`socket` module uses the functions, :func:`getaddrinfo`, and
:func:`getnameinfo`, which are coded in separate source files from the WIDE

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MD5 message digest algorithm
-----------------------------

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L. Peter Deutsch
ghost@aladdin.com

Independent implementation of MD5 (RFC 1321).

This code implements the MD5 Algorithm defined in RFC 1321, whose text is available at
http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt

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The original and principal author of md5.h is L. Peter Deutsch <ghost@aladdin.com>. Other authors are noted in the change history that follows (in reverse chronological order):

2002-04-13 lpd Removed support for non-ANSI compilers; removed references to Ghostscript; clarified derivation from RFC 1321; now handles byte order either statically or dynamically.
1999-11-04 lpd Edited comments slightly for automatic TOC extraction.
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Modified by Jack Jansen, CWI, July 1995:
- Use binascii module to do the actual line-by-line conversion
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*
* Special thanks also go to La'szlo' Ne'meth
* <nemethl@gyorsposta.hu> who is the author of the
* Hungarian dictionary and who developed and contributed
* the code to support compound words in MySpell
* and fixed numerous problems with the encoding
* case conversion tables.
* *
*/

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   (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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1.64 bison 2.7.12

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1.65 xorg-server 1.14.2

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1.67 libsgutils 1.37-12.el7

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or
link a “work that uses the Library” with the Library to produce a
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modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse
engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the
Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by
this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work
during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the
copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference
directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one
of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding
machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever
changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under
Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked
with the Library, with the complete machine-readable “work that
uses the Library”, as object code and/or source code, so that the
user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified
executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood
that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the
Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application
to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the
Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a
copy of the library already present on the user's computer system,
rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.
A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

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b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product.
model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a
copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the
product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical
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1.82 keyutils 1.5.8 3.el7

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/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
   version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017

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   */

1.86 libatasmart 0.19
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No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

From 730158700ea7a554c37f24bfbf5f4985f7280f3e Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001
From: Peter Korsgaard <jacmet@sunsite.dk>
Date: Wed, 6 Feb 2013 14:07:02 +0100
Subject: [PATCH] strpool: don't mix up host/build flags when cross compiling

Submitted upstream as https://bugs.freedesktop.org/show_bug.cgi?id=60364

Commit b71035ce89 (build-sys: modernize build system) changed the strpool
(which needs to be built for the build machine) compilation to use
AM_CFLAGS / AM_LDFLAGS rather than CFLAGS / LDFLAGS. This is wrong, as
The AM_ version is used TOGETHER with (the user supplied) CFLAGS/LDFLAGS,
causing strpool to use both CFLAGS (for host) and CCFLAGS_FOR_BUILD (for
build) flags, breaking cross compilation with errors like:

c1: error: unrecognized command line option "-mabi=spe"
Instead overwrite the (user supplied) CFLAGS with the (user supplied)
CFLAGS_FOR_BUILD (and similar for LDFLAGS) like we used to do.

Signed-off-by: Peter Korsgaard <jacmet@sunsite.dk>
---
strpool/Makefile.am |  4 ++--
1 file changed, 2 insertions(+), 2 deletions(-)

diff --git a/strpool/Makefile.am b/strpool/Makefile.am
index b041cea..5b335a5 100644
--- a/strpool/Makefile.am
+++ b/strpool/Makefile.am
@@ -17,8 +17,8 @@
 CC = @CC_FOR_BUILD@
-AM_CFLAGS = @BUILD_CFLAGS@
-AM_LDFLAGS = @BUILD_LDFLAGS@
+CFLAGS = @BUILD_CFLAGS@
+LDFLAGS = @BUILD_LDFLAGS@

noinst_PROGRAMS = \
 strpool
--
1.7.10.4

Found in path(s):
* /opt/ws_local/PERMITS_SQL/1029501079_1588921252.13/0/libatasmart-tar/libatasmart/libatasmart-strpool-cross-flags.patch

1.87 ezxml 0.8.6
1.87.1 Available under license:
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1.88 libxi 1.6.1

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in the event an application does not supply such function or
table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of
its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any
application-supplied function or table used by this function must
be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square
root function must still compute square roots.)

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to
encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any
application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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libfreedreno_layout = static_library(
    'freedreno_layout',
    [ 'fd6_layout.c',
    'freedreno_layout.c',
    ],
    include_directories : [inc_freedreno, inc_common],
    c_args : [c_vis_args, no_override_init_args],
    cpp_args : [cpp_vis_args],
    dependencies : idep_nir_headers,
    build_by_default : false,
)
1.96 gir1.2-gdkpixbuf-2.0 2.24.0

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1.100 net-tools 2.0 0.17.20131004git.el7

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1.101 libxml 2.7.6-21.el6

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