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From network_io/unix/inet_ntop.c, network_io/unix/inet_pton.c:

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From dso/aix/dso.c:

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From strings/apr_strnatcmp.c, include/apr_strings.h:

strnatcmp.c -- Perform 'natural order' comparisons of strings in C.
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From strings/apr_snprintf.c:

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@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
#!/bin/sh
# -.*- Mode: Shell-script -.*
# license.test --- test license functionality
#
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##
##
#
#---------------------------------------------------------------------
.
.defs

### # # # # # # # # # # TEMPLATE FILE # # # # # # # # # #

echo creating ${testname}.tpl
cat > ${testname}.tpl <<_EOF_
[= AutoGen5 template test =]
/*
[= (license "$\{testname\}" "$\{testname\}" "Auto-Gen" " * " ) =]"/

_EOF_
echo creating ${testname}.lic
cat > ${{testname}.lic} <<'_EOF_
This is a bogus license granted by %2$s for %1$s.
Use it in good health
_EOF_

Csrc=${testname}-extend
compile
OPEN SOURCE USED IN CISCO NETWORK ANALYSIS MODULE 6.3(1)

# /$[testname]-extend $[testname].lic $[testname].tpl ||
failure "Could not extend license/template files to 8KB"
ls -l $[testname].???

# # # # # # # # # # EXPECTED OUTPUT FILE # # # # # # #
set -x
echo creating $[testname].out
# this is the output we should expect to see
cat > $[testname].out <<_EOF_
/*
* This a bogus license granted by Auto-Gen for $[testname].
* Use it in good health
*/
_EOF_
run_ag x -b $[testname] --no-def -T $[testname].tpl ||
failure autogen failed
cmp -s $[testname].test $[testname].out || failure unexpected output

cleanup

## Local Variables:
## mode: shell-script
## indent-tabs-mode: nil
## sh-indentation: 2
## sh-basic-offset: 2
## End:

# end of license.test

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.5 blosc 1.6.1 :1.el7

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jloup@gzip.org          madler@alumni.caltech.edu

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You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side by side in a single library together with other library facilities that are not Applications and are not covered by this License, and convey such a combined library under terms of your choice, if you do both of the following:

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### 1.8 curl 7.29.0 :35.el7.centos

#### 1.8.1 Available under license:

License Mixing with apps, libcurl and Third Party Libraries

libcurl can be built to use a fair amount of various third party libraries, libraries that are written and provided by other parties that are distributed using their own licenses. Even libcurl itself contains code that may cause problems to some. This document attempts to describe what licenses libcurl and the other libraries use and what possible dilemmas linking and mixing them all can lead to for end users.

I am not a lawyer and this is not legal advice!

One common dilemma is that GPL[1]-licensed code is not allowed to be linked with code licensed under the Original BSD license (with the announcement clause). You may still build your own copies that use them all, but distributing them as binaries would be to violate the GPL license - unless you accompany your license with an exception[2]. This particular problem was addressed when the Modified BSD license was created, which does not have the announcement clause that collides with GPL.

libcurl http://curl.haxx.se/docs/copyright.html

Uses an MIT (or Modified BSD)-style license that is as liberal as possible. Some of the source files that deal with KRB4 have Original
BSD-style announce-clause licenses. You may not distribute binaries with krb4-enabled libcurl that also link with GPL-licensed code!

OpenSSL http://www.openssl.org/source/license.html

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses an Original BSD-style license with an announcement clause that makes it “incompatible” with GPL. You are not allowed to ship binaries that link with OpenSSL that includes GPL code (unless that specific GPL code includes an exception for OpenSSL - a habit that is growing more and more common). If OpenSSL’s licensing is a problem for you, consider using GnuTLS or yassl instead.

GnuTLS http://www.gnutls.org/

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the LGPL[3] license. If this is a problem for you, consider using OpenSSL instead. Also note that GnuTLS itself depends on and uses other libs (libgcrypt and libgpg-error) and they too are LGPL- or GPL-licensed.

yassl http://www.yassl.com/

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the GPL[1] license. If this is a problem for you, consider using OpenSSL or GnuTLS instead.

NSS http://www.mozilla.org/projects/security/pki/nss/

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axTLS http://axtls.sourceforge.net/

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license.

c-ares http://daniel.haxx.se/projects/c-ares/license.html

(Used for asynchronous name resolves) Uses an MIT license that is very liberal and imposes no restrictions on any other library or part you may link with.

zlib http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_license.html

(Used for compressed Transfer-Encoding support) Uses an MIT-style license that shouldn't collide with any other library.
While nothing in particular says that a Kerberos4 library must use any particular license, the one I've tried and used successfully so far (kth-krb4) is partly Original BSD-licensed with the announcement clause. Some of the code in libcurl that is written to deal with Kerberos4 is Modified BSD-licensed.

MIT Kerberos http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/www/dist/

(May be used for GSS support) MIT licensed, that shouldn't collide with any other parts.

Heimdal http://www.pdc.kth.se/heimdal/

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GNU GSS http://www.gnu.org/software/gss/

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fbopenssl

(Used for SPNEGO support) Unclear license. Based on its name, I assume that it uses the OpenSSL license and thus shares the same issues as described for OpenSSL above.

libidn http://josefsson.org/libidn/

(Used for IDNA support) Uses the GNU Lesser General Public License [3]. LGPL is a variation of GPL with slightly less aggressive "copyleft". This license requires more requirements to be met when distributing binaries, see the license for details. Also note that if you distribute a binary that includes this library, you must also include the full LGPL license text. Please properly point out what parts of the distributed package that the license addresses.

OpenLDAP http://www.openldap.org/software/release/license.html

(Used for LDAP support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license. Since libcurl uses OpenLDAP as a shared library only, I have not heard of anyone that ships OpenLDAP linked with libcurl in an app.

libssh2 http://www.libssh2.org/
(Used for scp and sftp support) libssh2 uses a Modified BSD-style license.

[2] = http://www.fsf.org/licenses/gpl-faq.html#GPLIncompatibleLibs details on how to write such an exception to the GPL

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1.9 device-mapper-multipath 0.4.9 :99.el7
1.9.1 Available under license :

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]
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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception,
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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.10 epel-release 7 :9
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A "Combined Work" is a work produced by combining or linking an Application with the Library. The particular version of the Library with which the Combined Work was made is also called the "Linked Version".

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1.15 gcc 4.8.5 :11.el7
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Version 2.1, February 1999

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for
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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazil@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code. Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port. Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports. Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code. Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks(age@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports. Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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   When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

   If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

   Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.
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       (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
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1.16 harfbuzz 0.9.36 :1.el7

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(function(w, d) {
    if (w.location.hostname.toLowerCase() == "httpd.apache.org") {
        d.write('<div id="comments_thread"></div>');
        var s = d.createElement('script');
        s.type = 'text/javascript';
        s.async = true;
        s.src = 'https://comments.apache.org/show_comments.lua?site=' + comments_shortname + '&page=' + comments_identifier;
        (d.getElementsByTagName('head')[0] || d.getElementsByTagName('body')[0]).appendChild(s);
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   Written by Adam Twiss (adam@zeus.co.uk). March 1996

Thanks to the following people for their input:
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1.19 libjson 7.6.1 :1nam

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Glenn Randers-Pehrson
glenrp at users.sourceforge.net
September 27, 2012

1.22 libsmi 0.4.8 :13.el7
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------------------------------------------------------------------------------
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tools/shhopt.c, tools/shhopt.h:

Title: shhopt - library for parsing command line options.
Version: 1.1.2
Entered-date: 23MAR97
Description: C-functions for parsing command line options, both
  traditional one-character options, and GNU'ish
  --long-options.
Keywords: programming, library, lib, commandline, options
Author: s.h.huseby@usit.uio.no (Sverre H. Huseby)
Primary-site: http://www.ifi.uio.no/~sverrehu/pub-unix/
Alternate-site: sunsite.unc.edu/pub/Linux/libs
shhopt-1.1.2.tar.gz
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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it
becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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Although the Lesser General Public License is less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must
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1.29 libwebsockets 1.7.5 :1.el7

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   (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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Here is a list of the main contributors to lm-sensors version 3.

* Frodo Looijaard
  Original author of libsensors, sensors-detect, sensors and isadump.
* Merlin Hughes
  Original author of sensord.
* Bob Schlaermann
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* Mark M. Hoffman
  Many improvements to the libsensors configuration file scanner.
* Jean Delvare
  New libsensors API, and migration of sensors and sensord thereto.
  Many optimizations in libsensors and sensors.
  Configuration file converter.
  Rewrite of sensors-detect.
  Support for multiple configuration files in libsensors.

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The following individuals contributed in part to the Network Time
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1. [1] Takao Abe <takao_abe@xurb.jp> Clock driver for JJY receivers
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5. [6] Michael Barone <michael.barone@lmco.com> GPSVME fixes
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11. [12] Jean-Francois Boudreault <Jean-Francois.Boudreault@viagenie.qc.ca> IPv6 support
12. [13] Reg Clemens <reg@dwf.com> Oncore driver (Current maintainer)
13. [14] Steve Clift <clift@ml.csiro.au> OMEGA clock driver
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17. [18] Torsten Duwe <duwe@immd4.informatik.uni-erlangen.de> Linux port
18. [19] Dennis Ferguson <dennis@mrbill.canet.ca> foundation code for NTP Version 2 as specified in RFC-1119
19. [20] John Hay <jhay@icomtek.csir.co.za> IPv6 support and testing
20. [21] Dave Hart <davehart@davehart.com> General maintenance, Windows port interpolation rewrite
21. [22] Claas Hilbrecht <neoclock4x@linum.com> NeoClock4X clock driver
22. [23] Glenn Hollinger <glenn@herald.usask.ca> GOES clock driver
23. [24] Mike Iglesias <iglesias@uci.edu> DEC Alpha port
24. [25] Jim Jagielski <jim@jagubox.gsfc.nasa.gov> A/UX port
25. [26] Jeff Johnson <jbj@chatham.usdesign.com> massive prototyping overhaul
26. [27] Hans Lambermont <Hans.Lambermont@nl.origin-it.com> or [28] <H.Lambermont@chello.nl> ntpswipe
27. [29] Poul-Henning Kamp <phk@FreeBSD.ORG> Oncore driver (Original author)
28. [30] Frank Kardel [31] <kardel (at) ntp (dot) org> PARSE <GENERIC> driver (>14 reference clocks), STREAMS modules for PARSE, support scripts, syslog cleanup, dynamic interface handling
29. [32] William L. Jones <jones@hermes.chpc.utexas.edu> RS/6000 AIX
modifications, HPUX modifications
30. [33] Dave Katz <dkatz@cisco.com> RS/6000 AIX port
31. [34] Craig Leres <leres@ee.lbl.gov> 4.4BSD port, ppsclock, Magnavox GPS clock driver
32. [35] George Lindholm <lindholm@ucs.ubc.ca> SunOS 5.1 port
33. [36] Louis A. Mamakos <louie@ni.umd.edu> MD5-based authentication
34. [37] Lars H. Mathiesen <thorinn@diku.dk> adaptation of foundation code for Version 3 as specified in RFC-1305
35. [38] Danny Mayer <mayer@ntp.org> Network I/O, Windows Port, Code Maintenance
37. [40] Wolfgang Moeller <moeller@gwdg1.dnet.gwdg.de> VMS port
38. [41] Jeffrey Mogul <mogul@pa.dec.com> ntptrace utility
39. [42] Tom Moore <tmoore@fievel.daytonoh.ncr.com> i386 svr4 port
40. [43] Kamal A Mostafa <kamal@whence.com> SCO OpenServer port
41. [44] Derek Mulcahy <derek@toybox.demon.co.uk> and [45] Damon Hart-Davis <d@hd.org> ARCRON MSF clock driver
42. [46] Rob Neal <neal@ntp.org> Bancomm refclock and config/parse code maintenance
43. [47] Rainer Pruy <Rainer.Pruy@informatik.uni-erlangen.de> monitoring/trap scripts, statistics file handling
44. [48] Dirce Richards <dirce@zk3.dec.com> Digital UNIX V4.0 port
45. [49] Wilfredo Sanchez <wsanchez@apple.com> added support for NetInfo
46. [50] Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com> SunOS streams modules
47. [51] Jack Sasportas <jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
48. [52] Ray Schnitzler <schnitz@unipress.com> Unixware1 port
49. [53] Michael Shields <shields@tembel.org> USNO clock driver
50. [54] Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
51. [55] Harlan Stenn <harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure makeover, various other bits (see the ChangeLog)
52. [56] Kenneth Stone <ken@sdd.hp.com> HP-UX port
53. [57] Ajit Thyagarajan <ajit@ee.udel.edu> IP multicast/anycast support
54. [58] Tomoaki TSURUOKA <tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp> TRAK clock driver
55. [59] Paul A Vixie <vixie@vix.com> TrueTime GPS driver, generic TrueTime clock driver
56. [60] Ulrich Windl <Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de> corrected and validated HTML documents according to the HTML DTD

References
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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

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In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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1.48 tcl 8.5.13 :8.el7

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Installing Wireshark on FreeBSD/OpenBSD/NetBSD/DragonFly BSD

1. Extra packages required
2. Compiling Wireshark
3. Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) requirement
4. Running Wireshark as a non-root user

1. Extra packages required

Wireshark requires a number of additional programs to function.
Install the latest versions of the following programs before compiling:

The easiest way to install these is by using your operating system's
ports or packages system. If you prefer to build from source, the programs
can be found at the following sites:

```bash
glib 2.16 or later:
  ftp.gnome.org:/pub/gnome/sources/glib/

pkgconfig:
  http://pkgconfig.freedesktop.org/releases/

python 2.5 or later:
  https://www.python.org/downloads/source/
```

If you want to use the Wireshark GUI, install one or both of these toolkits:

```bash
gtk+ 2.12 or later:
  ftp.gnome.org:/pub/gnome/sources/gtk+/
```

Qt 4.7 or later:
http://download.qt-project.org/official_releases/qt/

(These programs may require additional dependencies)

Additional programs can be used to enhance Wireshark's functionality. These can be found by typing ./configure --help or looking at the output at the end of running the configure script.

2. Compiling Wireshark
-----------------------
To compile Wireshark with the default options, run configure, make and make install (you may have to run "autogen.sh" first):

./configure
make
make install

The configure and make steps can be run as a non-root user and you can run Wireshark from the compilation directory itself. You must run make install as root in order to copy the program to the proper directories.

3. Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) requirement
--------------------------------------------
In order to capture packets (with Wireshark/TShark, tcpdump, or any other packet capture program) on a BSD system, your kernel must have the Berkeley Packet Filter mechanism enabled. The default kernel configurations in recent versions of BSD systems have this enabled already. To verify the bpf device is present, look in the /dev directory:

ls -l /dev/bpf*

You should see one or more bpf devices listed similar to this:

crw-------  1 root  wheel    0,  90 Aug 10 21:05 /dev/bpf0
crw-------  1 root  wheel    0,  91 Aug 10 21:05 /dev/bpf1

Packet-capturing programs will pick the first bpf device that’s not in use. Recent versions of most BSDs will create bpf devices as needed, so you don’t have to configure the number of devices that will be available.
4. Running wireshark as a non-root user
-------------------------------------------

Since the bpf devices are read-only by the owner (root), you normally have to run packet capturing programs such as Wireshark as root. It is safer to run programs as a non-root user if possible. To run Wireshark as a non-root user, you must change the permissions on the bpf device(s).

If you are the only user that needs to use Wireshark, the easiest way is to change the owner of each bpf device to your username. You can also add the read/write ability to the group (typically wheel) and add users that need to use Wireshark to the wheel group. Check your operating system's documentation on how to make permanent these changes as they are often reset upon reboot; if /dev is implemented with devfs, it might be possible to configure devfs to create all bpf devices owned by a particular user and/or group and with particular permissions. In FreeBSD 6.0 and later this can be done by creating an /etc/devfs.rules file with content such as

```
[localrules=10]
add path 'bpf*' [mode and permissions]
```

where "mode and permissions" can include clauses such as

```
mode {octal permissions}
```

to set the permissions on the device (e.g., "mode 0660" to set the permissions to rw-rw-r--),

```
user {user}
```

to set the user who owns the device, or

```
group {group}
```

to set the group that owns the device and adding a line such as

```
devfs_system_ruleset=localrules
```

to /etc/rc.conf. For example, an /etc/devfs.rules file with

```
[localrules=10]
add path 'bpf*' mode 0660 group wheel
```

will grant read and write permissions on all BPF devices to all users in the "wheel" group.

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