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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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That's all there is to it!

1.6 at-spi2-core 2.14.1 :2.el7
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   (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of
its purpose remains meaningful.

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a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
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From spcecdt@armory.com Wed May 10 10:21:11 1995
Flags: 10
Return-Path: spcecdt@armory.com
Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
id KAA22876; Wed, 10 May 1995 10:21:10 -0400 (from spcecdt@armory.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)
Received: from deepthought.armory.com (mmdf@deepthought.armory.com [192.122.209.42]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)
id BAA16354; Wed, 10 May 1995 01:33:22 -0400 (from spcecdt@armory.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)
From: John DuBois <spcecdt@armory.com>
Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 22:33:12 -0700
In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
"ksh scripts" (May 9, 1:36pm)
X-Www: http://www.armory.com/~spcecdt/
X-Mailer: Mail User's Shell (7.2.5 10/14/92)
To: chet@po.cwru.edu
Subject: Re: ksh scripts
Message-ID: <9505092233.aa13001@deepthought.armory.com>

Sure. The canonical versions are available on ftp.armory.com; you might want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.

John

On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:
] Subject: ksh scripts
] From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995
] Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;
Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU `Bourne Again shell') for
the FSF.

I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site
a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions
of some of them in the next major bash distribution (with proper credit
given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?

Chet Ramey

``The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne.''- Chaucer

Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University
Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu

-- End of excerpt from Chet Ramey
I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger to work with bash-2.0. Does ORA have any problem with me distributing it with bash-2.0?

That's great!

Go ahead and circulate it; in fact, we should probably grab it and stick it in our ftp archive, and put a reference to it in the book. (Too late to actually discuss the thing, at least for this edition).

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From friedman@cli.com Thu May 25 12:19:06 1995
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id MAA08685; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:05 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)
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From: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu (Noah Friedman)
To: chet@po.cwru.edu
Subject: Bash scripts
Reply-To: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu
In-Reply-To: <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu> Thu, 25 May 1995 11:19:59 -0400
References: <9505251519.AA06424.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
Date: Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:21 CST

>Hi. I snagged some of your bash functions from your home directory on the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.

Sure. I think there's a later copy in ~ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and es frobs in that file.

It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)
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above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices
stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no
charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a
table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses
the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility
is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that,
in the event an application does not supply such function or
table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of
its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any
application-supplied function or table used by this function must
be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:
a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

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allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free
library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this
case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free
software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free
programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of
free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in
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system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the
users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is
linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run
that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a
"work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The
former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must
be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex
@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
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``library'' means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The ``Library'', below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A ``work based on the Library'' means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term ``modification''.)

``Source code'' for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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The modified work must itself be a software library.
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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
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You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)
@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote
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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a `work that uses the Library` with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a `work that uses the library`. The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a `work that uses the Library` uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a `work that uses the Library` with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under
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@item Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.
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++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several
processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael
Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bug fixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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1.15 biosdevname 0.7.2 :1.el7

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HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)
subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code. Jesper Peterson (jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port. Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(??)) and Brian D. Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports. Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code. Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs (detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks (agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports. Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk). Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task). Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port. David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements. Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC. Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code. Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn’t made it into the released version of the collector, yet.) This package was debianized by Vladimir Prus <ghost@cs.msu.su> on Wed, 17 July 2002, 19:27:00 +0400.

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1.30 cryptsetup 1.7.2 :1.el7

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its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any
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You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your  
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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1.32 curl 7.29.0 :35.el7

1.32.1 Available under license:

License Mixing with apps, libcurl and Third Party Libraries

libcurl can be built to use a fair amount of various third party libraries, libraries that are written and provided by other parties that are distributed using their own licenses. Even libcurl itself contains code that may cause problems to some. This document attempts to describe what licenses libcurl and the other libraries use and what possible dilemmas linking and mixing them all can lead to for end users.

I am not a lawyer and this is not legal advice!

One common dilemma is that GPL[1]-licensed code is not allowed to be linked with code licensed under the Original BSD license (with the announcement clause). You may still build your own copies that use them all, but distributing them as binaries would be to violate the GPL license - unless you accompany your license with an exception[2]. This particular problem was addressed when the Modified BSD license was created, which does not have the announcement clause that collides with GPL.

libcurl http://curl.haxx.se/docs/copyright.html

Uses an MIT (or Modified BSD)-style license that is as liberal as possible. Some of the source files that deal with KRB4 have Original BSD-style announce-clause licenses. You may not distribute binaries with krb4-enabled libcurl that also link with GPL-licensed code!

OpenSSL http://www.openssl.org/source/license.html

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses an Original BSD-style license with an announcement clause that makes it "incompatible" with GPL. You are not allowed to ship binaries that link with OpenSSL that includes GPL code (unless that specific GPL code includes an exception for OpenSSL - a habit that is growing more and more common). If OpenSSL’s licensing is a problem for you, consider using GnuTLS or yassl instead.

GnuTLS http://www.gnutls.org/

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the LGPL[3] license. If this is
a problem for you, consider using OpenSSL instead. Also note that
GnuTLS itself depends on and uses other libs (libgcrypt and
libgpg-error) and they too are LGPL- or GPL-licensed.

yassl   http://www.yassl.com/

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the GPL[1] license. If this is
a problem for you, consider using OpenSSL or GnuTLS instead.

NSS     http://www.mozilla.org/projects/security/pki/nss/

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axTLS   http://axtls.sourceforge.net/

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license.

c-ares  http://daniel.haxx.se/projects/c-ares/license.html

(Used for asynchronous name resolves) Uses an MIT license that is very
liberal and imposes no restrictions on any other library or part you
may link with.

zlib    http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_license.html

(Used for compressed Transfer-Encoding support) Uses an MIT-style
license that shouldn’t collide with any other library.

krb4

While nothing in particular says that a Kerberos4 library must use any
particular license, the one I’ve tried and used successfully so far
(kth-krb4) is partly Original BSD-licensed with the announcement
clause. Some of the code in libcurl that is written to deal with
Kerberos4 is Modified BSD-licensed.

MIT Kerberos http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/www/dist/

(May be used for GSS support) MIT licensed, that shouldn’t collide
with any other parts.

Heimdal http://www.pdc.kth.se/heimdal/

(May be used for GSS support) Heimdal is Original BSD licensed with
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fbopenssl

(Used for SPNEGO support) Unclear license. Based on its name, I assume that it uses the OpenSSL license and thus shares the same issues as described for OpenSSL above.

libidn http://josefsson.org/libidn/

(Used for IDNA support) Uses the GNU Lesser General Public License [3]. LGPL is a variation of GPL with slightly less aggressive "copyleft". This license requires more requirements to be met when distributing binaries, see the license for details. Also note that if you distribute a binary that includes this library, you must also include the full LGPL license text. Please properly point out what parts of the distributed package that the license addresses.

OpenLDAP http://www.openldap.org/software/release/license.html

(Used for LDAP support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license. Since libcurl uses OpenLDAP as a shared library only, I have not heard of anyone that ships OpenLDAP linked with libcurl in an app.

libssh2 http://www.libssh2.org/

(Used for scp and sftp support) libssh2 uses a Modified BSD-style license.

[2] = http://www.fsf.org/licenses/gpl-faq.html#GPLIncompatibleLibs details on how to write such an exception to the GPL

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1.33 cyrus-sasl 2.1.26 :21.el7
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 * Tim Martin
 * Rob Earhart
 * Rob Siemborski
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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this,
we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don’t assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a “work based on the library” and a “work that uses the library”. The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

   a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the
The ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or
link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a
work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work
under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit
modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse
engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the
Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by
this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work
during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the
copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference
directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one
of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding
machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever
changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under
Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked
with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that
uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the
user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified
executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood
that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the
Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application
to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at
least three years, to give the same user the materials
specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more
than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above
specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the
Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for
reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

   a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that
everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.38 device-mapper-persistent-data 0.6.3 :1.el7
1.38.1 Available under license:

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want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new
free programs, and that you know you can do these things.

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For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether
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or can get the source code. And you must show them these terms so they
know their rights.

Developers that use the GNU GPL protect your rights with two steps:
(1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License
giving you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify it.

For the developers' and authors' protection, the GPL clearly explains
that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and
authors' sake, the GPL requires that modified versions be marked as
changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to
authors of previous versions.

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run
modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer
can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of
protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic
pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to
use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we
have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those
products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we
stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions
of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents.
States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of
software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to
avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could
make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that
patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
modification follow.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

0. Definitions.

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"Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of
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To "modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work
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exact copy. The resulting work is called a "modified version" of the
earlier work or a work "based on" the earlier work.

A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based
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To "propagate" a work means to do anything with it that, without
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To "convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

An interactive user interface displays "Appropriate Legal Notices" to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.


The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically

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linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

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Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10 makes it unnecessary.

3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.

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You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.

b) The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to "keep intact all notices".

c) You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.

d) If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an
"aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

a) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.
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* configure.ac, Makefile.am: The original versions were derived from the ones in the XML Catalog Manager project, version 2.2.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@users.sourceforge.net>

* atf-c/ui.c: The format_paragraph and format_text functions were derived form the ones in the Monotone project, revision 3a0982da308228d796df35f98d787c5c6f2bb5b6.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@NetBSD.org>

* atf-c++/detail/io.hpp, atf-c++/detail/io.cpp, atf-c++/detail/io_test.cpp: These files were derived from the file_handle, systembuf, pipe and pistream classes and tests found in the Boost.Process library.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

* admin/check-style.sh, admin/check-style-common.awk, admin/check-style-cpp.awk, admin/check-style-shell.awk: These files, except the first one, were first implemented in the Buildtool project. They were later adapted to be part of Boost.Process and, during that process, the shell script was created.

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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c
===================================================================
--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@
Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)
*/
/*
- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes
-
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** NOTE! The following LGPL license applies to the tdb
** library. This does NOT imply that all of Samba is released
#
# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
# libraries.
#
# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.
#
# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#
all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile
@echo "MKDIR pic"
@mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image:$(BSD_LIB)
$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJ)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS) $(OBJ))
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \ `echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;'" $(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))

install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
@echo "INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \\ $(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)

clean::
$(RM) -rf pic
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Fri Dec 14 22:24:35 EST 2007

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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and so cannot be loaded into Emacs 22 or earlier.

```
(and (boundp 'emacs-version)
  (< (aref emacs-version (1- (length emacs-version))) ?A)
  (string-lessp emacs-version "23")
  (error ""'%s' was compiled for Emacs 23 or later" #$))
```

(byte-code
"\300\301\302\303\304\305%\210\306\307\310\311\304\301\312\313&\210\306\314\315\316\317\320&
\210\306\321\322\323\304\301\312\324&\210\306\325\326\327\304\301\312\324&\210\306\330\331\332\304\301\312\324&\210\306\333\302\323\304\301\312\313\335&\210\306\336\337\340\304\301\312\341&\207"
)
This function sets the match-data that `copyright-update-year' uses.

(defalias 'copyright-find-copyright #nil "\(\)[0-9]" (byte-code "\(\)[0-9]" (save-match-data-internal copyright-years-regexp regexp inhibit-changing-match-data 44 1 " nil match-data (byte-code "\(\)[0-9]" [save-match-data-internal set-match-data evaporate] 3)) looking-at 0 t re-search-forward format "\(\%s\)\)" 4 (#$ . 4487))

(defalias 'copyright-update #[(&optional arg interactivep) "\(\)[0-9]" (byte-code "\(\)[0-9]" [save-match-data-internal set-match-data evaporate] 3)) current-window-configuration ((set-window-configuration #1=#:wconfig)) switch-to-buffer y-or-n-p format "Replace GPL version %s with version %s? " match-string-no-properties replace-match nil make-local-variable copyright-limit copyright-at-end-flag save-match-data-internal #1#] 6 (#$ . 6067)

#@208 Convert 2 digit years to 4 digit years.
Uses heuristic: year >= 50 means 19xx, < 50 means 20xx.
If `copyright-year-ranges' (which see) is non-nil, also independently replaces consecutive years with a range.

(defalias 'copyright-fix-years #nil "\(\)[0-9]" (byte-code "\(\)[0-9]" (save-match-data-internal set-match-data evaporate] 3)) current-window-configuration ((set-window-configuration #1=#:wconfig)) switch-to-buffer y-or-n-p format "Replace GPL version %s with version %s? " match-string-no-properties replace-match nil make-local-variable copyright-limit copyright-at-end-flag save-match-data-internal #1#] 6 (#$ . 6067)

#@175 Possibly adjust the search performed by `copyright-find-copyright'.
If the years continue onto multiple lines that are marked as comments, skips to the end of all the years.

(defalias 'copyright-update-year #[(replace noquery) "\(\)[0-9]" current-window-configuration ((set-window-configuration #1=#:wconfig replace size 1 copyright-find-end format-time-string "\(\%s\)\)" 3 2 -2 nil)

#@369 Update copyright notice to indicate the current year.
With prefix ARG, replace the years in the notice rather than adding the current year after them. If necessary, and `copyright-current-gpl-version' is set, any copying permissions following the copyright are updated as well.

If non-nil, INTERACTIVEP tells the function to behave as when it's called interactively.

(defalias 'copyright-update #[(&optional arg interactivep) "\(\)[0-9]" (byte-code "\(\)[0-9]" [save-match-data-internal set-match-data evaporate] 3)) current-window-configuration ((set-window-configuration #1=#:wconfig)) switch-to-buffer y-or-n-p format "Replace GPL version %s with version %s? " match-string-no-properties replace-match nil make-local-variable copyright-limit copyright-at-end-flag save-match-data-internal #1#] 6 (#$ . 6067)

relude 2 digits to 4 digit years.
Uses heuristic: year >= 50 means 19xx, < 50 means 20xx.
If `copyright-year-ranges' (which see) is non-nil, also independently replaces consecutive years with a range.

(defalias 'copyright-fix-years #nil "\(\)[0-9]" (byte-code "\(\)[0-9]" (save-match-data-internal set-match-data evaporate] 3)) current-window-configuration ((set-window-configuration #1=#:wconfig)) switch-to-buffer y-or-n-p format "Replace GPL version %s with version %s? " match-string-no-properties replace-match nil make-local-variable copyright-limit copyright-at-end-flag save-match-data-internal #1#] 6 (#$ . 6067)

"**Pnd")]

#@208 Convert 2 digit years to 4 digit years.
Uses heuristic: year >= 50 means 19xx, < 50 means 20xx.
If `copyright-year-ranges' (which see) is non-nil, also independently replaces consecutive years with a range.
This is a skeleton command (see `skeleton-insert').
Normally the skeleton text is inserted at point, with nothing "inside".
If there is a highlighted region, the skeleton text is wrapped
around the region text.

A prefix argument ARG says to wrap the skeleton around the next ARG words.
A prefix argument of -1 says to wrap around region, even if not highlighted.
A prefix argument of zero says to wrap around zero words—that is, nothing.
This is a way of overriding the use of a highlighted region.
(dealias 'copyright #(!optional str arg) "302303207" [str arg skeleton-proxy-new ("Company: " comment-start
"Copyright (C) " (format-time-string "%Y") " by " (or (getenv "ORGANIZATION") str) '(if (copyright-offset-too-
large-p) (message "Copyright extends beyond `copyright-limit' and won't be updated automatically.")) comment-end
n) 4 (#$ . 8883) "PnP")]
#@122 Update copyright notice for all files in DIRECTORY matching MATCH.
If FIX is non-nil, run `copyright-fix-years' instead.
(dealias 'copyright-update-directory #((directory match &optional fix) "\306\307\310\310\211\205E@\311\u204=\312\313\u210\210\214\210\315\u210\210\2025\210\230\314\u210\210\315\u210\210\320\210\321p\210\211\211\204\210\307\2032\316 \210\2025\317 \210)\320\210\321p\210\211\211\204
\310\207" [directory match file --dolist-tail-- enable-local-eval enable-local-variables directory-files t nil file-
directory-p message "Updating file `%s'" :safe find-file copyright-fix-years copyright-update save-buffer kill-buffer
inhibit-read-only fix] 6 (#$ . 9815) "DDirectory: \nMFilenames matching (regexp): "])
(provide 'copyright)
::; copyright.el --- update the copyright notice in current buffer

;; Copyright (C) 1991-1995, 1998, 2001-2013 Free Software Foundation,
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;; Author: Daniel Pfeiffer <occitan@esperanto.org>
;; Keywords: maint, tools

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;;; Commentary:

;; Allows updating the copyright year and above mentioned GPL version manually
;; or when saving a file.
;; Do (add-hook 'before-save-hook 'copyright-update), or use
;; M-x customize-variable RET before-save-hook RET.

;;; Code:

(defun copyright (nil
"Update the copyright notice in current buffer."
:group 'tools)

(defun copyright-limit 2000
"Don't try to update copyright beyond this position unless interactive.
A value of nil means to search whole buffer."
:group 'copyright
:type (choice (integer :tag "Limit")
(const :tag "No limit"))

(defun copyright-at-end-flag nil
"Non-nil means to search backwards from the end of the buffer for copyright.
This is useful for ChangeLogs."
:group 'copyright
:type 'boolean
:version "23.1"

;;###autoload(put 'copyright-at-end-flag 'safe-local-variable 'booleanp)

(defun copyright-regexp
"What your copyright notice looks like.
The second \( \) construct must match the years."
:group 'copyright
:type 'regexp)
(defcustom copyright-names-regexp ""
"Regexp matching the names which correspond to the user.
Only copyright lines where the name matches this regexp will be updated.
This allows you to avoid adding years to a copyright notice belonging to
someone else or to a group for which you do not work."
:group 'copyright
:type 'regexp)

;; The worst that can happen is a malicious regexp that overflows in
;; the regexp matcher, a minor nuisance. It's a pain to be always
;; prompted if you want to put this in a dir-locals.el.
;;###autoload(put 'copyright-names-regexp 'safe-local-variable 'stringp)

(defun copyright-names-regexp (regexp)
  (match-string 1 regexp))

(defcustom copyright-years-regexp
  "\(.*\)\([1-9]\([0-9, ;/*%\n\t]*\)\([1-9]\)\"
"Match additional copyright notice years.
The second \( \) construct must match the years."
:group 'copyright
:type 'regexp)

;; See "Copyright Notices" in maintain.info.
;; TODO? 'end only for ranges at the end, other for all ranges.
;; Minimum limit on the size of a range?
(defcustom copyright-year-ranges nil
  "Non-nil if individual consecutive years should be replaced with a range.
If you use ranges, you should add an explanatory note in a README file.
The function 'copyright-fix-years' respects this variable."
:group 'copyright
:type 'boolean
:version "24.1"")

;;###autoload(put 'copyright-year-ranges 'safe-local-variable 'booleanp)

(defun copyright-year-ranges (year-ranges)
  (if (not year-ranges)
      nil
    (let ((start (car year-ranges))
          (end (cadr year-ranges)))
      (if (equal start end)
          start
        (let ((start (number-to-string start))
               (end (number-to-string end)))
          (format "%s-%s" start end))))

(defun copyright-fix-years
  "Fix individual consecutive years to ranges.
" (copyright-year-ranges value)
  (let ((copyright-line (nth 0 (buffer-subr-pop)))))
  (when copyright-line
    (let ((years-regexp (concat (regexp-match-regexp copyright-lines-regexp copyright-line) "\s+\(\)[1-9]\(\-\d\)+\(,\)\)\]])
          (match-string 1 years-regexp))
        (if (not range)
            nil
          (let* ((start (string-to-number (match-string 1 years-regexp)))
                 (end (string-to-number (match-string 2 years-regexp)))
                 (value (substring copyright-line (match-string 1 years-regexp) (+ end 1))))
            (setq copyright-line (concat (substring copyright-line 0 (match-string 1 years-regexp))
                                          (number-to-string (+ start end))
                                          (substring copyright-line (+ end 2))))
            (buffer-subr-put copyright-line))))

(defun copyright-query (function)
  "If non-nil, ask user before changing copyright.
When this is 'function', only ask when called non-interactively."
:group 'copyright
:type 'choice (const :tag "Do not ask")
(const :tag "Ask unless interactive" function)
(other :tag "Ask" t)))

;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
;; when modifying this, also modify the comment generated by autoinsert.el
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
(defun copyright-query (function)
  (when function
    (interactive)
    (call-interactively function)
    (let ((copyright-line (nth 0 (buffer-subr-pop)))))
    (when copyright-line
      (let* ((start (string-to-number (match-string 1 years-regexp)))
             (end (string-to-number (match-string 2 years-regexp)))
             (value (substring copyright-line (match-string 1 years-regexp) (+ end 1))))
        (setq copyright-line (concat (substring copyright-line 0 (match-string 1 years-regexp))
                                      (number-to-string (+ start end))
                                      (substring copyright-line (+ end 2))))
        (buffer-subr-put copyright-line))))

(defun copyright-query (function)
  (when function
    (interactive)
    (call-interactively function)
    (let* ((start (string-to-number (match-string 1 years-regexp)))
           (end (string-to-number (match-string 2 years-regexp)))
           (value (substring copyright-line (match-string 1 years-regexp) (+ end 1))))
      (setq copyright-line (concat (substring copyright-line 0 (match-string 1 years-regexp))
                                     (number-to-string (+ start end))
                                     (substring copyright-line (+ end 2))))
      (buffer-subr-put copyright-line))))

;; when modifying this, also modify the comment generated by autoinsert.el
(defun copyright-query (function)
  (when function
    (interactive)
    (call-interactively function)
    (let* ((start (string-to-number (match-string 1 years-regexp)))
           (end (string-to-number (match-string 2 years-regexp)))
           (value (substring copyright-line (match-string 1 years-regexp) (+ end 1))))
      (setq copyright-line (concat (substring copyright-line 0 (match-string 1 years-regexp))
                                     (number-to-string (+ start end))
                                     (substring copyright-line (+ end 2))))
      (buffer-subr-put copyright-line))))

(defconst copyright-current-gpl-version "3"
"String representing the current version of the GPL or nil.")
(defvar copyright-update t
"The function `copyright-update' sets this to nil after updating a buffer."

;; This is a defvar rather than a defconst, because the year can
;; change during the Emacs session.
(defvar copyright-current-year (format-time-string "\%Y")
"String representing the current year."

(defsubst copyright-limit () ; re-search-forward BOUND
  (and copyright-limit
   (if copyright-at-end-flag
    (- (point) copyright-limit)
    (+ (point) copyright-limit))))

(defun copyright-re-search (regexp &optional bound noerror count)
"Re-search forward or backward depending on `copyright-at-end-flag'."
(if copyright-at-end-flag
  (re-search-backward regexp bound noerror count)
  (re-search-forward regexp bound noerror count)))

(defun copyright-start-point ()
"Return point-min or point-max, depending on `copyright-at-end-flag'."
(if copyright-at-end-flag
  (point-max)
  (point-min)))

(defun copyright-offset-too-large-p ()
"Return non-nil if point is too far from the edge of the buffer."
(when copyright-limit
  (if copyright-at-end-flag
   (< (point) (- (point-max) copyright-limit))
   (> (point) (+ (point-min) copyright-limit))))))

(defun copyright-find-copyright ()
"Return non-nil if a copyright header suitable for updating is found. The header must match `copyright-regexp' and `copyright-names-regexp', if set. This function sets the match-data that `copyright-update-year' uses."
(widen)
(goto-char (copyright-start-point))
(condition-case err
  ;; (1) Need the extra \( \) around copyright-regexp because we
  ;; goto (match-end 1) below. See note (2) below.
  (copyright-re-search (concat "\(\" copyright-regexp
      "\\\/[ \]\*\n\)\?\*\n\)"
    copyright-names-regexp "\n")
  (copyright-limit)
  t)
  ;; In case the regexp is rejected. This is useful because
;;; copyright-update is typically called from before-save-hook where
;;; such an error is very inconvenient for the user.
(error (message "Can't update copyright: %s" err) nil))

(defun copyright-find-end ()
"Possibly adjust the search performed by `copyright-find-copyright'.
If the years continue onto multiple lines that are marked as comments,
skips to the end of all the years."
(while (save-excursion
   (and (eq (following-char) ?),)
   (progn (forward-char 1) t)
   (progn (skip-chars-forward " \\	") (eolp))
   comment-start-skip
   (save-match-data
    (forward-line 1)
    (and (looking-at comment-start-skip)
     (goto-char (match-end 0))))))
(looking-at-p copyright-years-regexp)))
(forward-line 1)
(re-search-forward comment-start-skip)
;; (2) Need the extra \( \) so that the years are subexp 3, as
;; they are at note (1) above.
(re-search-forward (format "\(%s\)" copyright-years-regexp)))

(defun copyright-update-year (replace noquery)
;; This uses the match-data from copyright-find-copyright/end.
(goto-char (match-end 1))
(copyright-find-end)
(setq copyright-current-year (format-time-string "%Y"))
(unless (string= (buffer-substring (- (match-end 3) 2) (match-end 3))
   (substring copyright-current-year -2))
   (if (or noquery
    (save-window-excursion
     (switch-to-buffer (current-buffer))
    ;; Fixes some point-moving oddness (bug#2209).
     (save-excursion
     (y-or-n-p (if replace
      (concat "Replace copyright year(s) by "
      copyright-current-year "? ")
      (concat "Add " copyright-current-year
      " to copyright? ")]))))
   (if replace
    (replace-match copyright-current-year t t nil 3)
   (let ((size (save-excursion (skip-chars-backward "0-9"))))
    (if (and (eq (\% (- (string-to-number copyright-current-year)
                    (string-to-number (buffer-substring
(+ (point) size)
(point))))))}}
(or (eq (char-after (+ (point) size -1)) ?-)
(eq (char-after (+ (point) size -2)) ?-)))
;; This is a range so just replace the end part.
(delete-char size)
;; Insert a comma with the preferred number of spaces.
(insert
(save-excursion
(if (re-search-backward "[0-9]\( *, *\)[0-9]"
(line-beginning-position) t)
(match-string 1)
".
"))
;; If people use the '91 '92 '93 scheme, do that as well.
(if (eq (char-after (+ (point) size -3)) ?')
(insert ?'))
;; Finally insert the new year.
(insert (substring copyright-current-year size))))))

;;;;###autoload
(defun copyright-update (&optional arg interactivep)
"Update copyright notice to indicate the current year.
With prefix ARG, replace the years in the notice rather than adding
the current year after them. If necessary, and
`copyright-current-gpl-version' is set, any copying permissions
following the copyright are updated as well.
If non-nil, INTERACTIVEP tells the function to behave as when it's called
interactively."
(interactive "*P
\d")
(when (or copyright-update interactivep)
(let ((noquery (or (not copyright-query)
(and (eq copyright-query 'function) interactivep)))
(save-excursion
(save-restriction
;; If names-regexp doesn't match, we should not mess with
;; the years _or_ the GPL version.
;; TODO there may be multiple copyrights we should update.
(when (copyright-find-copyright)
(copyright-update-year arg noquery)
/goto-char (copyright-start-point))
(and copyright-current-gpl-version
;; Match the GPL version comment in .el files.
;; This is sensitive to line-breaks. :
(copyright-re-search
"the Free Software Foundation[;\n].*either version \n\([0-9]\+\)\(.* of the License\)\?, or[ ]\n].*any later version"
(copyright-limit) t)
;; Don't update if the file is already using a more recent
; version than the "current" one.
(< (string-to-number (match-string 1))
 (string-to-number copyright-current-gpl-version))
(or noquery
 (save-match-data
  (goto-char (match-end 1))
  (save-window-excursion
   (switch-to-buffer (current-buffer))
   (y-or-n-p
    (format "Replace GPL version %s with version %s? "
     (match-string-no-properties 1)
     copyright-current-gpl-version))))))
(replace-match copyright-current-gpl-version t t nil 1)))))
(set (make-local-variable 'copyright-update) nil))

;; If a write-file-hook returns non-nil, the file is presumed to be written.
nil)

;; FIXME heuristic should be within 50 years of present (cf calendar).
;;;;##autoload
defun copyright-fix-years ()
 "Convert 2 digit years to 4 digit years.
 Uses heuristic: year >= 50 means 19xx, < 50 means 20xx.
 If `copyright-year-ranges' (which see) is non-nil, also
 independently replaces consecutive years with a range."
(interactive)
;; TODO there may be multiple copyrights we should fix.
(if (copyright-find-copyright)
 (let ((s (match-beginning 3))
   (p (make-marker))
   ;; Not line-beg-pos, so we don't mess up leading whitespace.
   (copystart (match-beginning 0))
   e last sep year prev-year first-year range-start range-end)
 ;; In case years are continued over multiple, commented lines.
   (goto-char (match-end 1))
   (copyright-find-end)
   (setq e (copy-marker (1+ (match-end 3)))))
(goto-char s)
(while (re-search-forward "[0-9]+" e t)
 (set-marker p (point))
 (goto-char (match-beginning 0))
 (setq year (string-to-number (match-string 0)))
 (and (setq sep (char-before))
   (/= (char-syntax sep) ?s)
   (/= sep ?-)
   (insert " "))
 (when (< year 100)
   (insert (if (>= year 50) "19" "20")))
(setq year (+ year (if (>= year 50) 1900 2000))))
(goto-char p)
(when copyright-year-ranges
   ;; If the previous thing was a range, don't try to tack more on.
   ;; TODO should merge into existing range if possible.
   (if (eq sep ?-)
       (setq prev-year nil
             year nil)
       (if (and prev-year (= year (1+ prev-year)))
           (setq range-end (point))
       (when (and first-year prev-year
                      (> prev-year first-year))
           (goto-char range-end)
           (delete-region range-start range-end)
           (insert (format "-%d" prev-year))
           (goto-char p))
       (setq first-year year
             range-start (point))))
(when last
   (when (and copyright-year-ranges
               first-year prev-year
               (> prev-year first-year))
       (goto-char range-end)
       (delete-region range-start range-end)
       (insert (format "-%d" prev-year))
       (goto-char last))
   ;; Don't mess up whitespace after the years.
   (skip-chars-backward " ")
   (save-restriction
      (narrow-to-region copystart (point))
      ;; This is clearly wrong, eg what about comment markers?
      ;;   (let ((fill-prefix "     "))
      ;;     (fill-region (point-min) (point-max)))
      (set-marker e nil)
      (set-marker p nil))
   ;; Simply reformattting the years is not copyrightable, so it does
   ;; not seem right to call this. Also it messes with ranges.
   ;;(copyright-update nil t)
   (message "No copyright message"))

;;;;autoload
(define-skeleton copyright
"Insert a copyright by $ORGANIZATION notice at cursor."
"Company: ")
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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

@heading TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@enumerate 0
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@item
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6b.

@item
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@end enumerate

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@smallexample
@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

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@end smallexample

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@end smallexample

@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
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@end smallexample

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<meta http-equiv="Content-Language" content="en-us">
<meta name="VI60_defaultClientScript" content="JavaScript">
<meta name="GENERATOR" content="Microsoft FrontPage 5.0">
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3. With images, add the legal info to a README file in the directory containing the image.

4. If you add a lot of text to a previously trivial file that had no legal notices, consider if you should add a copyright statement.

5. Please don't just add an FSF copyright without checking that is the right thing to do.

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Note that it seems painfully clear that one cannot rely on commit logs, or even ChangeLogs, for older changes. People often installed changes from others, without recording the true authorship.

[For reference, most of these points were established via email with rms, 2007/1, "Copyright years".

In March 2011, information on some files no longer included was removed. Consult older versions of this document if interested.]

lisp/version.el           # emacs-copyright
lib-src/ebrowse.c         # version
lib-src/etags.c           # print_version
lib-src/rcs2log           # Copyright
Cocoa/Emacs.base/Contents/Info.plist
Cocoa/Emacs.base/Contents/Resources/English.lproj/InfoPlist.strings
GNUstep/Emacs.base/Resources/Info-gnustep.plist
`set-copyright' in admin.el will do all the above.

aclocal.m4
configure
m4/*.m4
   copyright FSF, with unlimited permission to copy, distribute and modify

lib/Makefile.in
   copyright FSF, with MIT-like license

build-aux/install-sh
   this file is copyright MIT, which is OK. Leave the copyright alone.
etc/refcards/*.tex
also update the \def\year macro for the latest year.

etc/future-bug
- doesn't need a humorless disclaimer, because Karl Fogel says we
  can consider it part of Emacs, and he has a blander disclaimer for
  Emacs changes. (email to rgm "[Emacs-commit] emacs/etc future-bug",
  2007028)

etc/letter.pbm, letter.xpm
- trivial, no notice needed.

etc/FTP, ORDERS
- trivial (at time of writing), no license needed

etc/GNU, INTERVIEW, LINUX-GNU, MOTIVATION, SERVICE, THE-GNU-PROJECT,
WHY-FREE
rms: "These are statements of opinion or testimony. Their licenses
should permit verbatim copying only. Please don't change the
licenses that they have. They are distributed with Emacs but they
are not part of Emacs."

etc/HELLO
standard notices. Just a note that although the file itself is not
really copyrightable, in the wider context of it being part of
Emacs (and written by those with assignments), a standard notice is
fine.

etc/MAILINGLISTS
rms: simple license is fine for this file

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ETZY.tit, PY-b5.tit, Punct-b5.tit, Punct.tit, QJ-b5.tit, QJ.tit,
SW.tit, TONEPY.tit, ZOZY.tit
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Note that pinyin.map, ziranma.cin (and hence the generated
leim/quail/PY.el, ZIRANMA.el) are under GPLv1 or later.

leim/SKK-DIC/SKK-JISYO.L
ja-dic/ja-dic.el
(the latter is auto-generated from the former). Leave the copyright alone.
lib-src/etags.c
Copyright information is duplicated in etc/ETAGS.README. Update that file too.

Until 2007 etags.c was described as being copyright FSF and Ken Arnold. After some investigation in Feb 2007, then to the best of our knowledge we believe that the original 1984 Emacs version was based on the version in BSD4.2. See for example this 1985 post from Ken Arnold: <http://groups.google.com/group/mod.sources/browse_thread/thread/ffe5c55845a640a9>
I have received enough requests for the current source to ctags to post it. Here is the latest version (what will go out with 4.3, modulo any bugs fixed during the beta period). It is the 4.2 ctags with recognition of yacc and lex tags added.

See also a 1984 version of ctags (no copyright) posted to net.sources: <http://groups.google.com/group/net.sources/msg/a21b6c21be12a98d>
Version of etags.c in emacs-16.56 duplicates comment typos.

Accordingly, in Feb 2007 we added a 1984 copyright for the University of California and a revised BSD license. The terms of this require that the full license details be available in binary distributions - hence the file etc/ETAGS.README. The fact that the --version output just says "Copyright <year> FSF" is apparently OK from a legal point of view.

lisp/cedet/semantic/imenu.el
- See http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2010-03/msg00410.html in which Eric Ludlam established that the remaining contributions from authors other than himself were negligible.

lisp/play/tetris.el
- no special rules about the copyright. We note here that we believe (2007/1) there is no problem with our use of the name "tetris" or the concept.
rms: "My understanding is that game rules as such are not copyrightable."
rms: Legal advice is that we are ok and need not worry about this.

lisp/net/tramp.el
- there are also copyrights in the body of the file. Update these too.

lwlib/
rms (2007/02/17): "lwlib is not assigned to the FSF; we don't consider it part of Emacs. [...] Therefore non-FSF copyrights are ok in lwlib."

NB don't change the GPL version used for lwlib .c and .h files (see
FSF copyrights should only appear in files which have undergone non-trivial cumulative changes from the original versions in the Lucid Widget Library. NB this means that if you make non-trivial changes to a file with no FSF copyright, you should add one. Also, if changes are reverted to the extent that a file becomes basically the same as the original version, the FSF copyright should be removed.

In my (rgm) opinion, as of Feb 2007, all the non-trivial files differ significantly from the original versions, with the exception of lwlib-Xm.h. Most of the changes that were made to this file have subsequently been reverted. Therefore I removed the FSF copyright from this file (which is arguably too trivial to merit a notice anyway). I added FSF copyright to the following files which did not have them already: Makefile.in, lwlib-Xaw.c, lwlib-int.h (borderline), lwlib-utils.c (borderline), lwlib.c, lwlib.h.

Copyright years before the advent of public CVS in 2001 were those when I judged (from the CVS logs) that non-trivial amounts of change had taken place. I also adjusted the existing FSF years in xlwmenu.c, xlwmenu.h, and xlwmenuP.h on the same basis.

Note that until Feb 2007, the following files in lwlib were lacking notices: lwlib-int.h, lwlib.h, lwlib-Xaw.h, lwlib-Xlw.h, lwlib-utils.h.

The following files did not list a Lucid copyright: xlwmenu.h, xlwmenuP.h.

To the best of our knowledge, all the code files in lwlib were originally part of the Lucid Widget Library, even if they did not say so explicitly. For example, they were all present in Lucid Emacs 19.1 in 1992. The exceptions are the two Xaw files, which did not appear till Lucid Emacs 19.9 in 1994. The file lwlib-Xaw.h is too trivial to merit a copyright notice, but would presumably have the same one as lwlib-Xaw.c. We have been unable to find a true standalone version of LWL, if there was such a thing, to check definitively.

To clarify the situation, in Feb 2007 we added Lucid copyrights and GPL notices to those files lacking either that were non-trivial, namely: lwlib-int.h, lwlib.h, xlwmenu.h, xlwmenuP.h. This represents our best understanding of the legal status of these files. We also clarified the notices in Makefile.in, which was originally the Makefile auto-generated from Lucid’s Imakefile.

As of Feb 2007, the following files are considered too trivial for notices: lwlib-Xaw.h, lwlib-Xlw.h, lwlib-utils.h.
The version of lwlib first installed in Emacs seems to be the same as that used in Lucid Emacs 19.8 (released 6-sep-93); except the two Xaw files, which did not appear till Athena support was added in Lucid Emacs 19.9. In Lucid Emacs 19.1, all files were under GPLv1 or later, but by Lucid Emacs 19.8, lwlib.c and xlwmenu.c had been switched to v2 or later. These are the versions that were first installed in Emacs. So in GNU Emacs, these two files have been under v2 or later since 1994.

It seems that it was the intention of Lucid to use v1 or later (excepting the two files mentioned previously); so this is the license we have used when adding notices to code that did not have notices originally. Although we have the legal right to switch to v2 or later, rms prefers that we do not do so.

doc/*/doclicense.texi
- leave the copyright alone in this imported file.

doc/*/texi - All manuals should be under GFDL (but see below), and should include a copy of it, so that they can be distributed separately. FAQ.texi has a different license, for some reason no-one can remember. http://lists.gnu.org/archive/html/emacs-devel/2007-04/msg00583.html

doc/misc/mh-e.texi is dual-licensed (GPL and GFDL) per agreement with FSF (reconfirmed by rms Aug 25 2008). Discussion with licensing@fsf.org starting on Thu, 07 Aug 2003 with subject: "[gnu.org #58812] Changing license of MH-E manual"

msdos/is_exec.c, sigaction.c - these files are copyright DJ Delorie. Leave the copyrights alone. Leave the Eli Zaretskii copyright in is_exec.c alone. See the msdos/README file for the legal history of these files.

msdos/sed*.inp - These files are copyright FSF and distributed under an MIT-like license.

oldXMenu/
Keep the "copyright.h" method used by X11, rather than moving the licenses into the files. Note that the original X10.h did not use copyright.h, but had an explicit notice, which we retain.

If you make non-trivial changes to a file which does not have an FSF notice, add one and a GPL notice (as per Activate.c). If changes to a
Only the files which differ significantly from the original X11 versions should have FSF copyright and GPL notices. At time of writing (Feb 2007), this is: Activate.c, Create.c, Internal.c. I (rgm) established this by diffing the current files against those in X11R1, and when I found significant differences looking in the ChangeLog for the years they originated (the CVS logs are truncated before 1999). I therefore removed the FSF notices (added in 200x) from the other files. There are some borderline cases IMO: AddSel.c, InsSel.c, XMakeAssoc.c, XMenu.h. For these I erred on the side of NOT adding FSF notices.

With regards to whether the files we have changed should have GPL added or not, rms says (2007-02-25, "oldXmenu issues"):

It does not make much difference, because oldXmenu is obsolete except for use in Emacs (and it is not normally used in Emacs any more either).

So, to make things simple, please put our changes under the GPL.

insque.c had no copyright notice until 2005. The version of insque.c added to Emacs 1992-01-27 is essentially the same as insremque.c added to glic three days later by Roland McGrath, with an FSF copyright and GPL, but no ChangeLog entry:

<http://sources.redhat.com/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/~checkout~/libc/misc/insremque.c?rev=1.1&cvsroot=glibc>

To the best of his recollection, McGrath (who has a copyright assignment) was the author of this file (email from roland at frob.com to rms, 2007-02-23, "Where did insque.c come from?"). The FSF copyright and GPL in this file are therefore correct as far as we understand it.

Imakefile had no legal info in Feb 2007, but was obviously based on the X11 version (which also had no explicit legal info). As it was unused, I removed it. It would have the same MIT copyright as Makefile.in does now.

src/gmalloc.c
- contains numerous copyrights from the GNU C library. Leave them alone.

src/ndir.h
- see comments below. This file is OK to be released with Emacs 22, but we may want to revisit it afterwards.
** Some notes on resolved issues, for historical information only

/etc/TERMS
rms: "surely written either by me or by ESR. (If you can figure out which year, I can probably tell you which.) Either way, we have papers for it." It was present in Emacs-16.56 (15-jul-85). rms: "Then I conclude it was written by me."

/lisp/term/README
- had no copyright notice till Feb 2007. ChangeLog.3 suggests it was written by Eric Raymond. When asked by rms on 14 Feb 2007 he said:

I don't remember writing it, but it reads like my prose and I believe I wrote the feature(s) it's describing. So I would have been the likeliest person to write it.

Odds are that I did, but I'm not certain.

Accordingly, FSF copyright was added.

/src/unexhp9k800.c
- briefly removed due to legal uncertainly Jan-Mar 2007. The relevant assignment is under "hp9k800" in copyright.list. File was written by John V. Morris at HP, and disclaimed by the author and HP. So this file is public domain.

/lisp/progmodes/python.el
Dave Love alerted us to a potential legal problem:

On consultation with a lawyer, we found there was no problem:

** Issues that are "fixed" for the release of Emacs 22, but we may wish to revisit later in more detail

/admin/check-doc-strings
File says it's in the public domain, but that might not make it so.

/etc/e/eterm-color.ti
/src/ndir.h
On legal advice from Matt Norwood, the following comment was added to these files in Feb/Mar 2007:
The code here is forced by the interface, and is not subject to copyright, constituting the only possible expression of the algorithm in this format.

With the addition of this notice, these files are OK for the upcoming Emacs-22 release. Post-release, we can revisit this issue and possibly add a list of all authors who have changed these files. (details in email from Matt Norwood to rms, 2007/02/03).

src/s/aix3-2.h, hpux8.h, hpux9.h, irix5-0.h, netbsd.h, usg5-4-2.h
[note some of these have since been merged into other files]
- all these (not obviously trivial) files were missing copyrights till Feb 2007, when FSF copyright was added. Matt Norwood advised:

For now, I think the best policy is to assume that we do have assignments from the authors (I recall many of these header files as having been originally written by rms), and to attach an FSF copyright with GPL notice. We can amend this if and when we complete the code audit. Any additions to these files by non-assigned authors are arguably "de minimis" contributions to Emacs: small changes or suggestions to a work that are subsumed in the main authors' copyright in the entire work.

Here is my (rgm) take on the details of the above files:

? irix5-0.h
I would say started non-trivial (1993, jimb, heavily based on irix4-0.h). A few borderline non-tiny changes since.

usg5-4-2.h
started non-trivial, but was heavily based on usg5-4.h, which was and is copyright FSF. only tiny changes since installed.

aix3-2.h, hpux8.h, hpux9.h, netbsd.h
started trivial, grown in tiny changes.

netbsd.h:
Roland McGrath said to rms (2007/02/17): "I don't really remember anything about it. If I put it in without other comment, then probably I wrote it myself."

Someone might want to tweak the copyright years (for dates before 2001) that I used in all these files.

Note: erring on the side of caution, I also added notices to some files I thought might be considered non-trivial (if one includes
comment) in s/:
  aix4.1.h hpux10.h irix6-5.h
  sol2.h

(everything with > 30 non-blank lines, which at least is _some_ kind of system)

*** These are copyright issues that need not be fixed until after Emacs 22 is released (though if they can be fixed before, that is obviously good):

Is it OK to just `bzr remove' a file for legal reasons, or is something more drastic needed? A removed file is still available from the repository, if suitable options are applied. (This issue obviously does not affect a release).

rms: will ask lawyer

Make sure that all files with non-standard copyrights or licenses are noted in this file.

REMOVED etc/gnu.xpm, nt/icons/emacs21.ico, nt/icons/sink.ico
  - Restore if find legal info. emacs21.ico is not due to Davenport.
  Geoff Voelker checked but could not find a record of where it came from.

etc/images
  Image files from GTK, Gnome are under GPLv2 (no "or later"?). RMS will contact image authors in regards to future switch to v3.

etc/TUTORIAL* (translations)
  switch to GPL (see english TUTORIAL)
  rms: "We can leave the TUTORIAL translations alone until their maintainers update them."
  Can adapt short license text from end of GPL translations at:
  http://www.gnu.org/licenses/translations.html
  Only a few sentences around the license notice need changing from previous version.
  Done: TUTORIAL.eo

*** These are copyright issues still to be addressed:
**NOTES ON RELICENSING TO GPL3**

The EMACS_22_BASE branch was changed to GPLv3 (or later) 2007/07/25.

Some notes:

1. There are some files in the Emacs tree which are not part of Emacs (eg those included from Gnulib). These are all copyright FSF and (at time of writing) GPL >= 2. rms says may as well leave the licenses of these alone (may import them from Gnulib again). These are:

   **Gnulib:**
   - build-aux/compile
   - build-aux/config.guess
   - build-aux/config.sub
   - build-aux/depcomp
   - build-aux/missing
   - build-aux/move-if-change
   - build-aux/snippet/_Noreturn.h
   - build-aux/snippet/arg-nonnul.h
   - build-aux/snippet/c++defs.h
   - build-aux/snippet/warn-on-use.h
   - doc/man/texinfo.tex
   - lib/*.[ch]
   - lib/gnulib.mk
   - src/gmalloc.c
   - src/termcap.c
   - srctparam.c

   Note _not_ included in the above are src/regex.[c,h] (rms: "That forked version is only in Emacs, so definitely relicense that."). and oldXMenu/insque.c (rms: "We wrote that specifically for Emacs, so definitely relicense that.").

2. The files that are copyright FSF and AIST, or AIST alone, should be and were updated, ditto the oldXMenu files with FSF copyright, and msdos/is_exec.c and sigaction.c.

3. lwlib/

Files originally in Lucid Widget Library were left alone (excludes ChangeLog, etc), ie remain under GPL v1 or later, or v2 or later. (rms: "We may as well leave this alone, since we are never going to change it much.")
4. There are some files where the FSF holds no copyright. These were left alone:

leim/MISC-DIC/CTLau-b5.html  >= v2
leim/MISC-DIC/CTLau.html     >= v2
   (above included in lisp/international/titdic-cnv.el)
leim/MISC-DIC/pinyin.map     >= v1
leim/MISC-DIC/ziranma.cin    >= v1
leim/SKK-DIC/SKK-JISYO.L     >= v2
leim/SKK-DIC/README          >= v2
leim/ja-dic/ja-dic.el        >= v2

5. At time of writing, some non-Emacs icons included from Gnome remain under GPLv2 (no "or later"). See:

   etc/images/gnus/README
   etc/images/mail/README
   etc/images/README
   nt/icons/README

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(For more information about the GNU project and free software, look at the files `GNU’, `COPYING’, and `DISTRIBUT’, in the same directory as this file.)

Why Software Should Be Free

by Richard Stallman

(Version of April 24, 1992)

Copyright (C) 1991, 1992, Free Software Foundation, Inc.
Introduction
************

The existence of software inevitably raises the question of how decisions about its use should be made. For example, suppose one individual who has a copy of a program meets another who would like a copy. It is possible for them to copy the program; who should decide whether this is done? The individuals involved? Or another party, called the "owner"?

Software developers typically consider these questions on the assumption that the criterion for the answer is to maximize developers' profits. The political power of business has led to the government adoption of both this criterion and the answer proposed by the developers: that the program has an owner, typically a corporation associated with its development.

I would like to consider the same question using a different criterion: the prosperity and freedom of the public in general.

This answer cannot be decided by current law--the law should conform to ethics, not the other way around. Nor does current practice decide this question, although it may suggest possible answers. The only way to judge is to see who is helped and who is hurt by recognizing owners of software, why, and how much. In other words, we should perform a cost-benefit analysis on behalf of society as a whole, taking account of individual freedom as well as production of material goods.

In this essay, I will describe the effects of having owners, and show that the results are detrimental. My conclusion is that programmers have the duty to encourage others to share, redistribute, study and improve the software we write: in other words, to write "free" software.(1)

How Owners Justify Their Power
********************************

Those who benefit from the current system where programs are property offer two arguments in support of their claims to own programs: the emotional argument and the economic argument.

The emotional argument goes like this: "I put my sweat, my heart, my soul into this program. It comes from *me*, it's *mine*!"

This argument does not require serious refutation. The feeling of
attachment is one that programmers can cultivate when it suits them; it is not inevitable. Consider, for example, how willingly the same programmers usually sign over all rights to a large corporation for a salary; the emotional attachment mysteriously vanishes. By contrast, consider the great artists and artisans of medieval times, who didn’t even sign their names to their work. To them, the name of the artist was not important. What mattered was that the work was done—and the purpose it would serve. This view prevailed for hundreds of years.

The economic argument goes like this: "I want to get rich (usually described inaccurately as ‘making a living’), and if you don’t allow me to get rich by programming, then I won’t program. Everyone else is like me, so nobody will ever program. And then you’ll be stuck with no programs at all!" This threat is usually veiled as friendly advice from the wise.

I’ll explain later why this threat is a bluff. First I want to address an implicit assumption that is more visible in another formulation of the argument.

This formulation starts by comparing the social utility of a proprietary program with that of no program, and then concludes that proprietary software development is, on the whole, beneficial, and should be encouraged. The fallacy here is in comparing only two outcomes--proprietary software vs. no software--and assuming there are no other possibilities.

Given a system of intellectual property, software development is usually linked with the existence of an owner who controls the software’s use. As long as this linkage exists, we are often faced with the choice of proprietary software or none. However, this linkage is not inherent or inevitable; it is a consequence of the specific social/legal policy decision that we are questioning: the decision to have owners. To formulate the choice as between proprietary software vs. no software is begging the question.

The Argument against Having Owners

The question at hand is, "Should development of software be linked with having owners to restrict the use of it?"

In order to decide this, we have to judge the effect on society of each of those two activities *independently*: the effect of developing the software (regardless of its terms of distribution), and the effect of restricting its use (assuming the software has been developed). If one of these activities is helpful and the other is harmful, we would be better off dropping the linkage and doing only the helpful one.
To put it another way, if restricting the distribution of a program already developed is harmful to society overall, then an ethical software developer will reject the option of doing so.

To determine the effect of restricting sharing, we need to compare the value to society of a restricted (i.e., proprietary) program with that of the same program, available to everyone. This means comparing two possible worlds.

This analysis also addresses the simple counterargument sometimes made that "the benefit to the neighbor of giving him or her a copy of a program is cancelled by the harm done to the owner." This counterargument assumes that the harm and the benefit are equal in magnitude. The analysis involves comparing these magnitudes, and shows that the benefit is much greater.

To elucidate this argument, let's apply it in another area: road construction.

It would be possible to fund the construction of all roads with tolls. This would entail having toll booths at all street corners. Such a system would provide a great incentive to improve roads. It would also have the virtue of causing the users of any given road to pay for that road. However, a toll booth is an artificial obstruction to smooth driving--artificial, because it is not a consequence of how roads or cars work.

Comparing free roads and toll roads by their usefulness, we find that (all else being equal) roads without toll booths are cheaper to construct, cheaper to run, safer, and more efficient to use. In a poor country, tolls may make the roads unavailable to many citizens. The roads without toll booths thus offer more benefit to society at less cost; they are preferable for society. Therefore, society should choose to fund roads in another way, not by means of toll booths. Use of roads, once built, should be free.

When the advocates of toll booths propose them as *merely* a way of raising funds, they distort the choice that is available. Toll booths do raise funds, but they do something else as well: in effect, they degrade the road. The toll road is not as good as the free road; giving us more or technically superior roads may not be an improvement if this means substituting toll roads for free roads.

Of course, the construction of a free road does cost money, which the public must somehow pay. However, this does not imply the inevitability of toll booths. We who must in either case pay will get more value for our money by buying a free road.
I am not saying that a toll road is worse than no road at all. That would be true if the toll were so great that hardly anyone used the road—but this is an unlikely policy for a toll collector. However, as long as the toll booths cause significant waste and inconvenience, it is better to raise the funds in a less obstructive fashion.

To apply the same argument to software development, I will now show that having "toll booths" for useful software programs costs society dearly: it makes the programs more expensive to construct, more expensive to distribute, and less satisfying and efficient to use. It will follow that program construction should be encouraged in some other way. Then I will go on to explain other methods of encouraging and (to the extent actually necessary) funding software development.

The Harm Done by Obstructing Software
=====================================

Consider for a moment that a program has been developed, and any necessary payments for its development have been made; now society must choose either to make it proprietary or allow free sharing and use. Assume that the existence of the program and its availability is a desirable thing.(3)

Restrictions on the distribution and modification of the program cannot facilitate its use. They can only interfere. So the effect can only be negative. But how much? And what kind?

Three different levels of material harm come from such obstruction:

* Fewer people use the program.

* None of the users can adapt or fix the program.

* Other developers cannot learn from the program, or base new work on it.

Each level of material harm has a concomitant form of psychosocial harm. This refers to the effect that people's decisions have on their subsequent feelings, attitudes and predispositions. These changes in people's ways of thinking will then have a further effect on their relationships with their fellow citizens, and can have material consequences.

The three levels of material harm waste part of the value that the program could contribute, but they cannot reduce it to zero. If they waste nearly all the value of the program, then writing the program harms society by at most the effort that went into writing the program.
Arguably a program that is profitable to sell must provide some net direct material benefit.

However, taking account of the concomitant psychosocial harm, there is no limit to the harm that proprietary software development can do.

Obstructing Use of Programs

The first level of harm impedes the simple use of a program. A copy of a program has nearly zero marginal cost (and you can pay this cost by doing the work yourself), so in a free market, it would have nearly zero price. A license fee is a significant disincentive to use the program. If a widely-useful program is proprietary, far fewer people will use it.

It is easy to show that the total contribution of a program to society is reduced by assigning an owner to it. Each potential user of the program, faced with the need to pay to use it, may choose to pay, or may forego use of the program. When a user chooses to pay, this is a zero-sum transfer of wealth between two parties. But each time someone chooses to forego use of the program, this harms that person without benefiting anyone. The sum of negative numbers and zeros must be negative.

But this does not reduce the amount of work it takes to *develop* the program. As a result, the efficiency of the whole process, in delivered user satisfaction per hour of work, is reduced.

This reflects a crucial difference between copies of programs and cars, chairs, or sandwiches. There is no copying machine for material objects outside of science fiction. But programs are easy to copy; anyone can produce as many copies as are wanted, with very little effort. This isn't true for material objects because matter is conserved: each new copy has to be built from raw materials in the same way that the first copy was built.

With material objects, a disincentive to use them makes sense, because fewer objects bought means less raw materials and work needed to make them. It's true that there is usually also a startup cost, a development cost, which is spread over the production run. But as long as the marginal cost of production is significant, adding a share of the development cost does not make a qualitative difference. And it does not require restrictions on the freedom of ordinary users.

However, imposing a price on something that would otherwise be free is a qualitative change. A centrally-imposed fee for software distribution becomes a powerful disincentive.
What's more, central production as now practiced is inefficient even as a means of delivering copies of software. This system involves enclosing physical disks or tapes in superfluous packaging, shipping large numbers of them around the world, and storing them for sale. This cost is presented as an expense of doing business; in truth, it is part of the waste caused by having owners.

**Damaging Social Cohesion**

Suppose that both you and your neighbor would find it useful to run a certain program. In ethical concern for your neighbor, you should feel that proper handling of the situation will enable both of you to use it. A proposal to permit only one of you to use the program, while restraining the other, is divisive; neither you nor your neighbor should find it acceptable.

Signing a typical software license agreement means betraying your neighbor: "I promise to deprive my neighbor of this program so that I can have a copy for myself." People who make such choices feel internal psychological pressure to justify them, by downgrading the importance of helping one's neighbors--thus public spirit suffers. This is psychosocial harm associated with the material harm of discouraging use of the program.

Many users unconsciously recognize the wrong of refusing to share, so they decide to ignore the licenses and laws, and share programs anyway. But they often feel guilty about doing so. They know that they must break the laws in order to be good neighbors, but they still consider the laws authoritative, and they conclude that being a good neighbor (which they are) is naughty or shameful. That is also a kind of psychosocial harm, but one can escape it by deciding that these licenses and laws have no moral force.

Programmers also suffer psychosocial harm knowing that many users will not be allowed to use their work. This leads to an attitude of cynicism or denial. A programmer may describe enthusiastically the work that he finds technically exciting; then when asked, "Will I be permitted to use it?", his face falls, and he admits the answer is no. To avoid feeling discouraged, he either ignores this fact most of the time or adopts a cynical stance designed to minimize the importance of it.

Since the age of Reagan, the greatest scarcity in the United States is not technical innovation, but rather the willingness to work together for the public good. It makes no sense to encourage the former at the expense of the latter.
Obstructing Custom Adaptation of Programs
==========================================

The second level of material harm is the inability to adapt programs. The ease of modification of software is one of its great advantages over older technology. But most commercially available software isn't available for modification, even after you buy it. It's available for you to take it or leave it, as a black box--that is all.

A program that you can run consists of a series of numbers whose meaning is obscure. No one, not even a good programmer, can easily change the numbers to make the program do something different.

Programmers normally work with the "source code" for a program, which is written in a programming language such as Fortran or C. It uses names to designate the data being used and the parts of the program, and it represents operations with symbols such as `+' for addition and `-.' for subtraction. It is designed to help programmers read and change programs. Here is an example; a program to calculate the distance between two points in a plane:

```c
float
distance (p0, p1)
    struct point p0, p1;
{
    float xdist = p1.x - p0.x;
    float ydist = p1.y - p0.y;
    return sqrt (xdist * xdist + ydist * ydist);
}
```

Here is the same program in executable form, on the computer I normally use:

```
1314258944 -232267772 -231844864 1634862
1411907592 -231844736 2159150 1420296208
-234880989 -234879837 -234879966 -232295424
1644167167 -3214848 1090581031 1962942495
572518958 -803143692 1314803317
```

Source code is useful (at least potentially) to every user of a program. But most users are not allowed to have copies of the source code. Usually the source code for a proprietary program is kept secret by the owner, lest anybody else learn something from it. Users receive only the files of incomprehensible numbers that the computer will execute. This means that only the program's owner can change the program.

A friend once told me of working as a programmer in a bank for about
six months, writing a program similar to something that was commercially available. She believed that if she could have gotten source code for that commercially available program, it could easily have been adapted to their needs. The bank was willing to pay for this, but was not permitted to--the source code was a secret. So she had to do six months of make-work, work that counts in the GNP but was actually waste.

The MIT Artificial Intelligence lab (AI lab) received a graphics printer as a gift from Xerox around 1977. It was run by free software to which we added many convenient features. For example, the software would notify a user immediately on completion of a print job. Whenever the printer had trouble, such as a paper jam or running out of paper, the software would immediately notify all users who had print jobs queued. These features facilitated smooth operation.

Later Xerox gave the AI lab a newer, faster printer, one of the first laser printers. It was driven by proprietary software that ran in a separate dedicated computer, so we couldn't add any of our favorite features. We could arrange to send a notification when a print job was sent to the dedicated computer, but not when the job was actually printed (and the delay was usually considerable). There was no way to find out when the job was actually printed; you could only guess. And no one was informed when there was a paper jam, so the printer often went for an hour without being fixed.

The system programmers at the AI lab were capable of fixing such problems, probably as capable as the original authors of the program. Xerox was uninterested in fixing them, and chose to prevent us, so we were forced to accept the problems. They were never fixed.

Most good programmers have experienced this frustration. The bank could afford to solve the problem by writing a new program from scratch, but a typical user, no matter how skilled, can only give up.

Giving up causes psychosocial harm--to the spirit of self-reliance. It is demoralizing to live in a house that you cannot rearrange to suit your needs. It leads to resignation and discouragement, which can spread to affect other aspects of one's life. People who feel this way are unhappy and do not do good work.

Imagine what it would be like if recipes were hoarded in the same fashion as software. You might say, "How do I change this recipe to take out the salt?", and the great chef would respond, "How dare you insult my recipe, the child of my brain and my palate, by trying to tamper with it? You don't have the judgment to change my recipe and make it work right!"

"But my doctor says I'm not supposed to eat salt! What can I do?
Will you take out the salt for me?"

"I would be glad to do that; my fee is only $50,000." Since the owner has a monopoly on changes, the fee tends to be large. "However, right now I don’t have time. I am busy with a commission to design a new recipe for ship’s biscuit for the Navy Department. I might get around to you in about two years."

Obstructing Software Development

The third level of material harm affects software development. Software development used to be an evolutionary process, where a person would take an existing program and rewrite parts of it for one new feature, and then another person would rewrite parts to add another feature; in some cases, this continued over a period of twenty years. Meanwhile, parts of the program would be "cannibalized" to form the beginnings of other programs.

The existence of owners prevents this kind of evolution, making it necessary to start from scratch when developing a program. It also prevents new practitioners from studying existing programs to learn useful techniques or even how large programs can be structured.

Owners also obstruct education. I have met bright students in computer science who have never seen the source code of a large program. They may be good at writing small programs, but they can’t begin to learn the different skills of writing large ones if they can’t see how others have done it.

In any intellectual field, one can reach greater heights by standing on the shoulders of others. But that is no longer generally allowed in the software field—you can only stand on the shoulders of the other people *in your own company*.

The associated psychosocial harm affects the spirit of scientific cooperation, which used to be so strong that scientists would cooperate even when their countries were at war. In this spirit, Japanese oceanographers abandoning their lab on an island in the Pacific carefully preserved their work for the invading U.S. Marines, and left a note asking them to take good care of it.

Conflict for profit has destroyed what international conflict spared. Nowadays scientists in many fields don't publish enough in their papers to enable others to replicate the experiment. They publish only enough to let readers marvel at how much they were able to do. This is certainly true in computer science, where the source code for the programs reported on is usually secret.
It Does Not Matter How Sharing Is Restricted

I have been discussing the effects of preventing people from copying, changing and building on a program. I have not specified how this obstruction is carried out, because that doesn't affect the conclusion. Whether it is done by copy protection, or copyright, or licenses, or encryption, or ROM cards, or hardware serial numbers, if it *succeeds* in preventing use, it does harm.

Users do consider some of these methods more obnoxious than others. I suggest that the methods most hated are those that accomplish their objective.

Software Should be Free

I have shown how ownership of a program--the power to restrict changing or copying it--is obstructive. Its negative effects are widespread and important. It follows that society shouldn't have owners for programs.

Another way to understand this is that what society needs is free software, and proprietary software is a poor substitute. Encouraging the substitute is not a rational way to get what we need.

Vaclav Havel has advised us to "Work for something because it is good, not just because it stands a chance to succeed." A business making proprietary software stands a chance of success in its own narrow terms, but it is not what is good for society.

Why People Will Develop Software

If we eliminate intellectual property as a means of encouraging people to develop software, at first less software will be developed, but that software will be more useful. It is not clear whether the overall delivered user satisfaction will be less; but if it is, or if we wish to increase it anyway, there are other ways to encourage development, just as there are ways besides toll booths to raise money for streets. Before I talk about how that can be done, first I want to question how much artificial encouragement is truly necessary.

Programming is Fun

There are some lines of work that few will enter except for money;
road construction, for example. There are other fields of study and art in which there is little chance to become rich, which people enter for their fascination or their perceived value to society. Examples include mathematical logic, classical music, and archaeology; and political organizing among working people. People compete, more sadly than bitterly, for the few funded positions available, none of which is funded very well. They may even pay for the chance to work in the field, if they can afford to.

Such a field can transform itself overnight if it begins to offer the possibility of getting rich. When one worker gets rich, others demand the same opportunity. Soon all may demand large sums of money for doing what they used to do for pleasure. When another couple of years go by, everyone connected with the field will deride the idea that work would be done in the field without large financial returns. They will advise social planners to ensure that these returns are possible, prescribing special privileges, powers and monopolies as necessary to do so.

This change happened in the field of computer programming in the past decade. Fifteen years ago, there were articles on "computer addiction": users were "onlining" and had hundred-dollar-a-week habits. It was generally understood that people frequently loved programming enough to break up their marriages. Today, it is generally understood that no one would program except for a high rate of pay. People have forgotten what they knew fifteen years ago.

When it is true at a given time that most people will work in a certain field only for high pay, it need not remain true. The dynamic of change can run in reverse, if society provides an impetus. If we take away the possibility of great wealth, then after a while, when the people have readjusted their attitudes, they will once again be eager to work in the field for the joy of accomplishment.

The question, "How can we pay programmers?", becomes an easier question when we realize that it's not a matter of paying them a fortune. A mere living is easier to raise.

Funding Free Software

Institutions that pay programmers do not have to be software houses. Many other institutions already exist which can do this.

Hardware manufacturers find it essential to support software development even if they cannot control the use of the software. In 1970, much of their software was free because they did not consider restricting it. Today, their increasing willingness to join consortiums shows their realization that owning the software is not
what is really important for them.

Universities conduct many programming projects. Today, they often sell the results, but in the 1970s, they did not. Is there any doubt that universities would develop free software if they were not allowed to sell software? These projects could be supported by the same government contracts and grants which now support proprietary software development.

It is common today for university researchers to get grants to develop a system, develop it nearly to the point of completion and call that "finished", and then start companies where they really finish the project and make it usable. Sometimes they declare the unfinished version "free"; if they are thoroughly corrupt, they instead get an exclusive license from the university. This is not a secret; it is openly admitted by everyone concerned. Yet if the researchers were not exposed to the temptation to do these things, they would still do their research.

Programmers writing free software can make their living by selling services related to the software. I have been hired to port the GNU C compiler to new hardware, and to make user-interface extensions to GNU Emacs. (I offer these improvements to the public once they are done.) I also teach classes for which I am paid.

I am not alone in working this way; there is now a successful, growing corporation which does no other kind of work. Several other companies also provide commercial support for the free software of the GNU system. This is the beginning of the independent software support industry—an industry that could become quite large if free software becomes prevalent. It provides users with an option generally unavailable for proprietary software, except to the very wealthy.

New institutions such as the Free Software Foundation can also fund programmers. Most of the foundation's funds come from users buying tapes through the mail. The software on the tapes is free, which means that every user has the freedom to copy it and change it, but many nonetheless pay to get copies. (Recall that "free software" refers to freedom, not to price.) Some users order tapes who already have a copy, as a way of making a contribution they feel we deserve. The Foundation also receives sizable donations from computer manufacturers.

The Free Software Foundation is a charity, and its income is spent on hiring as many programmers as possible. If it had been set up as a business, distributing the same free software to the public for the same fee, it would now provide a very good living for its founder.

Because the Foundation is a charity, programmers often work for the
Foundation for half of what they could make elsewhere. They do this because we are free of bureaucracy, and because they feel satisfaction in knowing that their work will not be obstructed from use. Most of all, they do it because programming is fun. In addition, volunteers have written many useful programs for us. (Recently even technical writers have begun to volunteer.)

This confirms that programming is among the most fascinating of all fields, along with music and art. We don't have to fear that no one will want to program.

What Do Users Owe to Developers?
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There is a good reason for users of software to feel a moral obligation to contribute to its support. Developers of free software are contributing to the users' activities, and it is both fair and in the long term interest of the users to give them funds to continue.

However, this does not apply to proprietary software developers, since obstructionism deserves a punishment rather than a reward.

We thus have a paradox: the developer of useful software is entitled to the support of the users, but any attempt to turn this moral obligation into a requirement destroys the basis for the obligation. A developer can either deserve a reward or demand it, but not both.

I believe that an ethical developer faced with this paradox must act so as to deserve the reward, but should also entreat the users for voluntary donations. Eventually the users will learn to support developers without coercion, just as they have learned to support public radio and television stations.

What Is Software Productivity?
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If software were free, there would still be programmers, but perhaps fewer of them. Would this be bad for society?

Not necessarily. Today the advanced nations have fewer farmers than in 1900, but we do not think this is bad for society, because the few deliver more food to the consumers than the many used to do. We call this improved productivity. Free software would require far fewer programmers to satisfy the demand, because of increased software productivity at all levels:

* Wider use of each program that is developed.
* The ability to adapt existing programs for customization instead of starting from scratch.

* Better education of programmers.

* The elimination of duplicate development effort.

Those who object to cooperation because it would result in the employment of fewer programmers, are actually objecting to increased productivity. Yet these people usually accept the widely-held belief that the software industry needs increased productivity. How is this?

"Software productivity" can mean two different things: the overall productivity of all software development, or the productivity of individual projects. Overall productivity is what society would like to improve, and the most straightforward way to do this is to eliminate the artificial obstacles to cooperation which reduce it. But researchers who study the field of "software productivity" focus only on the second, limited, sense of the term, where improvement requires difficult technological advances.

Is Competition Inevitable?

Is it inevitable that people will try to compete, to surpass their rivals in society? Perhaps it is. But competition itself is not harmful; the harmful thing is *combat*.

There are many ways to compete. Competition can consist of trying to achieve ever more, to outdo what others have done. For example, in the old days, there was competition among programming wizards—competition for who could make the computer do the most amazing thing, or for who could make the shortest or fastest program for a given task. This kind of competition can benefit everyone, *as long as* the spirit of good sportsmanship is maintained.

Constructive competition is enough competition to motivate people to great efforts. A number of people are competing to be the first to have visited all the countries on Earth; some even spend fortunes trying to do this. But they do not bribe ship captains to strand their rivals on desert islands. They are content to let the best person win.

Competition becomes combat when the competitors begin trying to impede each other instead of advancing themselves—when "Let the best person win" gives way to "Let me win, best or not." Proprietary software is harmful, not because it is a form of competition, but because it is a form of combat among the citizens of our society.
Competition in business is not necessarily combat. For example, when two grocery stores compete, their entire effort is to improve their own operations, not to sabotage the rival. But this does not demonstrate a special commitment to business ethics; rather, there is little scope for combat in this line of business short of physical violence. Not all areas of business share this characteristic. Withholding information that could help everyone advance is a form of combat.

Business ideology does not prepare people to resist the temptation to combat the competition. Some forms of combat have been made banned with anti-trust laws, truth in advertising laws, and so on, but rather than generalizing this to a principled rejection of combat in general, executives invent other forms of combat which are not specifically prohibited. Society's resources are squandered on the economic equivalent of factional civil war.

"Why Don't You Move to Russia?"

In the United States, any advocate of other than the most extreme form of laissez-faire selfishness has often heard this accusation. For example, it is leveled against the supporters of a national health care system, such as is found in all the other industrialized nations of the free world. It is leveled against the advocates of public support for the arts, also universal in advanced nations. The idea that citizens have any obligation to the public good is identified in America with Communism. But how similar are these ideas?

Communism as was practiced in the Soviet Union was a system of central control where all activity was regimented, supposedly for the common good, but actually for the sake of the members of the Communist party. And where copying equipment was closely guarded to prevent illegal copying.

The American system of intellectual property exercises central control over distribution of a program, and guards copying equipment with automatic copying protection schemes to prevent illegal copying.

By contrast, I am working to build a system where people are free to decide their own actions; in particular, free to help their neighbors, and free to alter and improve the tools which they use in their daily lives. A system based on voluntary cooperation, and decentralization.

Thus, if we are to judge views by their resemblance to Russian Communism, it is the software owners who are the Communists.

The Question of Premises

*******************************
I make the assumption in this paper that a user of software is no less important than an author, or even an author's employer. In other words, their interests and needs have equal weight, when we decide which course of action is best.

This premise is not universally accepted. Many maintain that an author's employer is fundamentally more important than anyone else. They say, for example, that the purpose of having owners of software is to give the author's employer the advantage he deserves--regardless of how this may affect the public.

It is no use trying to prove or disprove these premises. Proof requires shared premises. So most of what I have to say is addressed only to those who share the premises I use, or at least are interested in what their consequences are. For those who believe that the owners are more important than everyone else, this paper is simply irrelevant.

But why would a large number of Americans accept a premise which elevates certain people in importance above everyone else? Partly because of the belief that this premise is part of the legal traditions of American society. Some people feel that doubting the premise means challenging the basis of society.

It is important for these people to know that this premise is not part of our legal tradition. It never has been.

Thus, the Constitution says that the purpose of copyright is to "promote the progress of science and the useful arts." The Supreme Court has elaborated on this, stating in 'Fox Film vs. Doyal' that "The sole interest of the United States and the primary object in conferring the [copyright] monopoly lie in the general benefits derived by the public from the labors of authors."

We are not required to agree with the Constitution or the Supreme Court. (At one time, they both condoned slavery.) So their positions do not disprove the owner supremacy premise. But I hope that the awareness that this is a radical right-wing assumption rather than a traditionally recognized one will weaken its appeal.

Conclusion
**********

We like to think that our society encourages helping your neighbor; but each time we reward someone for obstructionism, or admire them for the wealth they have gained in this way, we are sending the opposite message.
Software hoarding is one form of our general willingness to disregard the welfare of society for personal gain. We can trace this disregard from Ronald Reagan to Jim Bakker, from Ivan Boesky to Exxon, from failing banks to failing schools. We can measure it with the size of the homeless population and the prison population. The antisocial spirit feeds on itself, because the more we see that other people will not help us, the more it seems futile to help them. Thus society decays into a jungle.

If we don't want to live in a jungle, we must change our attitudes. We must start sending the message that a good citizen is one who cooperates when appropriate, not one who is successful at taking from others. I hope that the free software movement will contribute to this: at least in one area, we will replace the jungle with a more efficient system which encourages and runs on voluntary cooperation.

---------- Footnotes ----------

(1) The word "free" in "free software" refers to freedom, not to price; the price paid for a copy of a free program may be zero, or small, or (rarely) quite large.

(2) The issues of pollution and traffic congestion do not alter this conclusion. If we wish to make driving more expensive to discourage driving in general, it is disadvantageous to do this using toll booths, which contribute to both pollution and congestion. A tax on gasoline is much better. Likewise, a desire to enhance safety by limiting maximum speed is not relevant; a free access road enhances the average speed by avoiding stops and delays, for any given speed limit.

(3) One might regard a particular computer program as a harmful thing that should not be available at all, like the Lotus Marketplace database of personal information, which was withdrawn from sale due to public disapproval. Most of what I say does not apply to this case, but it makes little sense to argue for having an owner on the grounds that the owner will make the program less available. The owner will not make it *completely* unavailable, as one would wish in the case of a program whose use is considered destructive.

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1.63 gawk 4.0.2
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage
collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in
README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research
projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation
and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for
the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the
garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined
and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U.,
the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for
C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant
contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in
README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.
The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by
Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely
due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.
Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the
generic code are due to Walter Underwood.
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.
Al Dosser (dossier@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk)
subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX
systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.
Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiam.ne.tia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and
Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.
Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and
Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.
Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader
specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks(agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader
specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks(agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
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Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn’t
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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   d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

   (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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@example

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@example
@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
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@example

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@c man end

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Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

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Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to
permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you
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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide
complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them
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author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be
introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of
any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot
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any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be
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is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use
this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those
libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using
a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a
combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary
General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the
entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General
Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the \textit{Lesser} General Public License because it does \textit{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers \textit{Less} of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library'' and a ``work that uses the library''. The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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@end enumerate

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which
contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification").

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2,
instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the
ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify
that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in
these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for
that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all
subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of
the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or
derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form
under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany
it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which
must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a
work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the
Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

   a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

   b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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If any portion of this section is held invalid or unenforceable under any particular circumstance, the balance of the section is intended to apply, and the section as a whole is intended to apply in other circumstances.

It is not the purpose of this section to induce you to infringe any patents or other property right claims or to contest validity of any such claims; this section has the sole purpose of protecting the integrity of the free software distribution system which is implemented by public license practices. Many people have made generous contributions to the wide range of software distributed through that system in reliance on consistent application of that system; it is up to the author/donor to decide if he or she is willing to distribute software through any other system and a licensee cannot impose that choice.

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possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.76 glibc 2.17 :157.el7_3.1
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@subheading Preamble

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it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this
license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to
use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

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in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these
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rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for
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For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis
or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave
you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source
code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide
complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them
with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling
it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the
library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal
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there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is
modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know
that what they have is not the original version, so that the original
author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be
introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of
any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot
effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a
restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that
any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be
consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the
ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser
General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and
is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the \textit{Lesser} General Public License because it does \textit{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers \textit{Less} of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is \textit{Less} protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a \texttt{``work based on the library''} and a \texttt{``work that uses the library''}. The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

\textbf{@subheading TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION}
This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called ``this License''). Each licensee is addressed as ``you''.

A ``library'' means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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@item You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
@item You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)
@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or
collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

@item
You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item
A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library''. The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a ``work that uses the Library'' uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library'' with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood
that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the
Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application
to use the modified definitions.)

@item
Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A
suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the
library already present on the user’s computer system, rather than
copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate
properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs
one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the
version that the work was made with.

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Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at
least three years, to give the same user the materials
specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more
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The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.
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====================================================================

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

^L

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification").

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:
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b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users’ freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

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``Copyright” also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds
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To ``modify'' a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a ``modified version'' of the earlier work or a work ``based on'' the earlier work.

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The ``source code'' for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. ``Object code'' means any non-source form of a work.

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The ``System Libraries'' of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of
packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A “Major Component”, in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

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@item
The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released.
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@item Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

@enumerate a
@item
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.
@end enumerate

@item
Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you
offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

@item
Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

@item
Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

@item
Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

@end enumerate

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product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.

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---------

. The file `src/libs/snprintf/snprintf.c', written by Mark Martinec
  <mark.martinec@ijs.si>.

Please look into snprintf.c for the copyright message.

The complete snprintf package together with documentation is available
from

  http://www.ijs.si/software/snprintf/  .

. The `grn' preprocessor, written by Barry Roitblat <barry@rentonww.com>
  and David Slattengren <slatteng@Xinet.COM>. These files have been part
  of the original Berkeley ditroff distribution, without AT&T code, and
  are in the public domain.

The original package can be found at

  src/preproc/grn/gprint.h
  src/preproc/grn/hdb.cpp
  src/preproc/grn/hgraph.cpp
  src/preproc/grn/hpoint.cpp
  src/preproc/grn/main.cpp

. The `gxditview' output device. It is based on X11's `xditview' program
  and thus has the X license.

  src/devices/xditview/DESC.in
  src/devices/xditview/Dvi.c
  src/devices/xditview/Dvi.h
  src/devices/xditview/DviP.h
  src/devices/xditview/FontMap
  src/devices/xditview/GXditview.ad
  src/devices/xditview/Menu.h
  src/devices/xditview/ad2c
  src/devices/xditview/device.c
  src/devices/xditview/device.h
  src/devices/xditview/draw.c
  src/devices/xditview/font.c
  src/devices/xditview/gray1.bm
  src/devices/xditview/gray2.bm
  src/devices/xditview/gray3.bm
  src/devices/xditview/gray4.bm
  src/devices/xditview/gray5.bm
  src/devices/xditview/gray6.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray7.bm
src/devices/xditview/gray8.bm
src/devices/xditview/gxditview.man
src/devices/xditview/lex.c
src/devices/xditview/page.c
src/devices/xditview/parse.c
src/devices/xditview/xdit.bm
src/devices/xditview/xdit_mask.bm
src/devices/xditview/xditview.c

src/include/DviChar.h
src/include/XFontName.h

src/libs/libxutil/DviChar.c
src/libs/libxutil/XFontName.c

Macro Packages
--------------

. The -mdoc macro set, using the BSD license.

tmac/doc.tmac
tmac/doc-old.tmac
tmac/doc-common
tmac/doc-ditroff
tmac/doc-nroff
tmac/doc-syms
tmac/groff_mdoc.man

. The -me macro set, using the BSD license.

tmac/e.tmac
tmac/groff_me.man
doc/meintro.me
doc/meref.me

Hyphenation Patterns
---------------------

. The file `tmac/hyphen.us' is identical to the file `hyphen.tex', part of
the TeX system written by Donald E. Knuth; the master file can be found
at


It has been renamed for consistency, i.e., to make patterns available
under the filenames `hyphen.<language>' , e.g. `hyphen.de' or `hyphen.uk'.

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The file `tmac/hyphen.ft' contains the same patterns as the file `frhyph.tex' (for TeX), which can be found at

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The file `tmac/hyphen.cs' contains the same patterns as the file `czhyphen.tex' (for TeX), which can be found in the archive

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Although the Lesser General Public License is less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.
Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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   (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)
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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free
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These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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Written by Adam Twiss (adam@zeus.co.uk). March 1996

Thanks to the following people for their input:
Mike Belshe (mbelshe@netscape.com)
Michael Campanella (campanella@stevms.enet.dec.com)

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1.106 iprutils 2.4.13.1 :1.el7
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1.112.1 iscsi-initiator-utils 6.2.0.873 :35.el7

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1.115 jansson 2.4

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1.116 jasper 1.900.1 :29.el7

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1.119 json-glib 1.0.2 :1.el7

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

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/* nicstar.c  v0.22  Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
 * nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
 *
 * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
 * http://www.hypermall.com/
 * 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
 * 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
 * and spelling mistakes.
 * 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
 * loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
 * re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
 *
 * Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
 *
 * R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
 *
 * Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
 * PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
 * see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
 * expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
 * (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
 *
 * Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
 * IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
 * as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
 * the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
 * Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
 * SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
 * copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
 * Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
 * buffers. This is done by 2 things:
 * 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
 *    combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
 *    recycle large data buffers
 * 2) skb_clone of received buffers
 * See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
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 *
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M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

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return (strcmp(license, "GPL") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "GPL v2") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "GPL and additional rights") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "Dual BSD/GPL") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "Dual MIT/GPL") == 0
|| strcmp(license, "Dual MPL/GPL") == 0);
}
#endif

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to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively
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```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19yy name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program `Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.124 kmod 20 :9.el7
1.124.1 Available under license:

LGPL
LGPL
LGPL

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to
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In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c
and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including
the following new or changed files:

include/iprop_hdr.h
kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
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1.126 lapack 3.4.2 :5.el7

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1.127 lcms2 2.6 :3.el7

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1.128 ldns 1.6.16 :10.el7

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a `work based on the library` and a `work that uses the library`. The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)
Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library'' with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials
specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the `work that uses the Library` must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.
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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

   a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

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   c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

   d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

      (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for
that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all
subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of
the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or
derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form
under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany
it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which
must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
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work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
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contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
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contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
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threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
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Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
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1.134 libcap 2.22 :8.el7

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1.135 libcap-ng 0.7.5 :4.el7
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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work
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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a
work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to
produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is
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@sp 1 @item
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@sp 1 @item
Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

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@end enumerate a

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If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
Copyright (C) <year>  <name of author>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.
If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program `Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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1.148 libgnome-keyring 3.8.0
1.148.1 Available under license :

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

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license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don’t assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data
prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

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whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
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The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For an executable work, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to
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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding
machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.158 libmodman 2.0.1

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1.162 libnfnetlink 1.0.1

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1
above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do
this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so
that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2,
instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the
ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify
that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in
these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for
that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all
subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of
the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or
derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form
under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany
it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which
must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a
work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or
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under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit
modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse
engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the
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this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work
during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the
copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference
directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one
of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding
machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever
changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under
Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked
with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that
uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the
user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified
executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood
that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the
Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application
to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the
Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a
copy of the library already present on the user's computer system,
rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2)
will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least
three years, to give the same user the materials specified in
Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of
performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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   b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

   c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

   d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or
table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or
derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse
You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on
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1.168 libotf 0.9.13 :4.el7

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cost of physically performing source distribution, a complete
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form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the
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itself accompanies the executable.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.
For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)
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   b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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   (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above
specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license
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threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or
link a “work that uses the Library” with the Library to produce a
work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work
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modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse
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of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding
machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever
changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under
Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked
with the Library, with the complete machine-readable “work that
uses the Library”, as object code and/or source code, so that the
user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified
executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood
that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the
Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application
to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the
Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a
copy of the library already present on the user's computer system,
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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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1.181 libSM 1.2.2 :2.el7
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1.182 libsndfile 1.0.25 :10.el7

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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1.183 libsoup 2.48.1 :6.el7

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1.185 libtalloc 2.1.6 :1.el7

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1.186 libtasn1 3.8 :3.el7

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

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The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

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@end enumerate

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright'' line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample
@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.
If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short
notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

@example
@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for details.
@end example

The hypothetical commands @samp{show w} and @samp{show c} should show
the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your
program’s commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would
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1.194 libunwind 1.1 :5.el7_2.2

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1.195 libusbx 1.0.20 :1.el7

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

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Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary
one; be sure to read it in full, and don’t assume that anything in it is
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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that
they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a
program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without
changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is
analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in
a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a
derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License
treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General
Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software
sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We
concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the
users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the
libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to
permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while
preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free
libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve
this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards
changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this
will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and
modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a
"work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The
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Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary
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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data
prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs
(which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.
The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification").

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.
This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.
6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is
linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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   c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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From e10845824c98d0996ced6a8eac5d62ac99ceedd3 Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001
Message-Id: <e10845824c98d0996ced6a8eac5d62ac99ceedd3@dist-git>
From: Jiri Denemark <jdenemar@redhat.com>
Date: Fri, 7 Apr 2017 17:40:31 +0200
Subject: [PATCH] qemu: Move qemuCaps CPU data copying into a separate function

This introduces virQEMUCapsHostCPUDataCopy which will later be refactored a bit and called twice from virQEMUCapsNewCopy.

Signed-off-by: Jiri Denemark <jdenemar@redhat.com>
(cherry picked from commit 8be4346ca5ae4b568b3e8ce3de9cf46f2e94b416)

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=1444421

Signed-off-by: Jiri Denemark <jdenemar@redhat.com>
---
src/qemu/qemu_capabilities.c | 39 +++++++++++++++++++++++++--
1 file changed, 25 insertions(+), 14 deletions(-)
diff --git a/src/qemu/qemu_capabilities.c b/src/qemu/qemu_capabilities.c
index 2bbc9253a..98a9a0f1d 100644
--- a/src/qemu/qemu_capabilities.c
+++ b/src/qemu/qemu_capabilities.c
@@ -2088,6 +2088,30 @@ virQEMUCapsNew(void)
 }

+static int
+virQEMUCapsHostCPUDataCopy(virQEMUCapsPtr dst, 
+                           virQEMUCapsPtr src)
+
+    if (src->kvmCPUModel &&
+        !(dst->kvmCPUModel = virCPUDefCopy(src->kvmCPUModel)))
+        return -1;
+
+    if (src->tcgCPUModel &&
+        !(dst->tcgCPUModel = virCPUDefCopy(src->tcgCPUModel)))
+        return -1;
+
+    if (src->kvmCPUModelInfo &&
+        !(dst->kvmCPUModelInfo = qemuMonitorCPUModelInfoCopy(src->kvmCPUModelInfo)))
+        return -1;
+
+    if (src->tcgCPUModelInfo &&
+        !(dst->tcgCPUModelInfo = qemuMonitorCPUModelInfoCopy(src->tcgCPUModelInfo)))
+        return -1;
+
+    return 0;
+

virQEMUCapsPtr virQEMUCapsNewCopy(virQEMUCapsPtr qemuCaps)
{
    virQEMUCapsPtr ret = virQEMUCapsNew();
    goto error;
}

-    if (qemuCaps->kvmCPUModel &&
-        !(ret->kvmCPUModel = virCPUDefCopy(qemuCaps->kvmCPUModel)))
-        goto error;
-
-    if (qemuCaps->tcgCPUModel &&
-        !(ret->tcgCPUModel = virCPUDefCopy(qemuCaps->tcgCPUModel)))
-        goto error;
-
-    if (qemuCaps->kvmCPUModelInfo &&
-        !(ret->kvmCPUModelInfo = qemuMonitorCPUModelInfoCopy(qemuCaps->kvmCPUModelInfo)))
-        goto error;
-
-    if (qemuCaps->tcgCPUModelInfo &&
-        !(ret->tcgCPUModelInfo = qemuMonitorCPUModelInfoCopy(qemuCaps->tcgCPUModelInfo)))
-        goto error;
-

if (VIR_ALLOC_N(ret->machineTypes, qemuCaps->nmachineTypes) < 0) 

goto error;

if (VIR_ALLOC_N(ret->kvmCPUModelInfo, qemuCaps->kvmCPUModelInfo)) 
-
    goto error;
-
    if (qemuCaps->tcgCPUModelInfo && 
-
        !(ret->tcgCPUModelInfo = qemuMonitorCPUModelInfoCopy(qemuCaps->tcgCPUModelInfo))) 
+
        if (virQEMUCapsHostCPUDataCopy(ret, qemuCaps) < 0)
          goto error;

        if (VIR_ALLOC_N(ret->machineTypes, qemuCaps->nmachineTypes) < 0)

--

2.12.2
From 911438df6e652e377f80712c67da90aed91444b7 Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001
Message-Id: <911438df6e652e377f80712c67da90aed91444b7@dist-git>
From: John Ferlan <jferlan@redhat.com>
Date: Wed, 26 Apr 2017 08:41:09 -0400
Subject: [PATCH] disk: Force usage of parted when checking disk format for 
"bsd"

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=1439132

Add "bsd" to the list of format types to not checked during blkid
processing even though it supposedly knows the format - for some
(now unknown) reason it's returning partition table not found. So
let's just let PARTED handle "bsd" too.

Signed-off-by: John Ferlan <jferlan@redhat.com>
(cherry picked from commit 98f424d5038b362d1b62549930d0b9253106bdca)
Signed-off-by: Jiri Denemark <jdenemar@redhat.com>
---
src/storage/storage_util.c | 6 ++++--
1 file changed, 4 insertions(+), 2 deletions(-)
diff --git a/src/storage/storage_util.c b/src/storage/storage_util.c
index 7a458b828..adec9ab6f 100644
--- a/src/storage/storage_util.c
+++ b/src/storage/storage_util.c
@@ -3002,10 +3002,12 @@ virStorageBackendBLKIDFindPart(blkid_probe probe,
 /* A blkid_known_pttype on "dvh" and "pc98" returns a failure;
  * however, the blkid_do_probe for "dvh" returns "sgi" and
  * for "pc98" it returns "dos". So since those will cause problems
+  * for "pc98" it returns "dos". Although "bsd" is recognized,
+  * it seems that the parted created partition table is not being
+  * properly recognized. Since each of these will cause problems
+  * with startup comparison, let's just treat them as UNKNOWN causing
+  * the caller to fallback to using PARTED */
-     if (STREQ(format, "dvh") || STREQ(format, "pc98"))
+     if (STREQ(format, "dvh") || STREQ(format, "pc98") || STREQ(format, "bsd"))
return VIR_STORAGE_BLKID_PROBE_UNKNOWN;

/* Make sure we're doing a partitions probe from the start */
--
2.12.2

1.200 libvirt-glib 0.2.3 :1.el7
1.200.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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That's all there is to it!
Here is a list of the main contributors to lm-sensors version 3.

* Frodo Looijaard
  Original author of libsensors, sensors-detect, sensors and isadump.
* Merlin Hughes
  Original author of sensord.
* Bob Schlaermann
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* Mark M. Hoffman
  Many improvements to the libsensors configuration file scanner.
* Jean Delvare
  New libsensors API, and migration of sensors and sensord thereto.
  Many optimizations in libsensors and sensors.
  Configuration file converter.
  Rewrite of sensors-detect.
  Support for multiple configuration files in libsensors.

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The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is
"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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   d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.
(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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1.240 mailcap 2.1.41

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don’t assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.
The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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1.243 mariadb 5.5.52 :1.el7

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The MariaDB packages were initially made by http://ourdelta.org/, and are now managed by the MariaDB development team, maria-developers@lists.launchpad.net

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   b) Accompany it with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give any third party, for a charge no more than your cost of physically performing source distribution, a complete machine-readable copy of the corresponding source code, to be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange; or,

   c) Accompany it with the information you received as to the offer to distribute corresponding source code. (This alternative is allowed only for noncommercial distribution and only if you
received the program in object code or executable form with such
an offer, in accord with Subsection b above.)

The source code for a work means the preferred form of the work for
making modifications to it. For an executable work, complete source
code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any
associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to
control compilation and installation of the executable. However, as a
special exception, the source code distributed need not include
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If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

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The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w' and `show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program `Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Library General Public License instead of this License.
Subject: RE: Question about Mesa MLAA license
From: Jorge Jimenez <iryoku@gmail.com>
Date: 01/08/2013 12:50 PM
To: Tom Callaway <tcallawa@redhat.com>
CC: "jorge@iryoku.com" <jorge@iryoku.com>

Yes to both questions.

Thanks,
Jorge

From: Tom Callaway <tcallawa@redhat.com>
Sent: January 8, 2013 6:49 PM
To: Jorge Jimenez <iryoku@gmail.com>
CC: jorge@iryoku.com
Subject: Re: Question about Mesa MLAA license

On 01/08/2013 12:39 PM, Jorge Jimenez wrote:
> Hi Tom,
> >
> > What we meant with that is that we made an exception for clause 2.
> > Instead of clause 2, in the case of the Mesa project, you have to name
> > the technique Jimenez's MLAA in the config options of Mesa. We did that
> > just to allow them to solve license issues. This exception should be for
> > the Mesa project, and any project using Mesa, like Fedora.
> >
> > We want to widespread usage of our MLAA, so we want to avoid any kind of
> > license complications. Hope current one is good for Fedora, if not
> > please tell, and we'll see what we can do!

Okay, a few more questions:

* If Fedora decides to simply reproduce the quoted statement:
"Uses Jimenez's MLAA. Copyright (C) 2010 by Jorge Jimenez, Belen Masia,
Jose I. Echevarria, Fernando Navarro and Diego Gutierrez."

Specifically, if this is done as part of documentation included with
Mesa, is that sufficient to meet clause 2 even if the Mesa config option
is not set as described in your exception?

* Currently, the Mesa config option for MLAA says: "Morphological
anti-aliasing based on Jimenez's MLAA. 0 to disable, 8 for default
quality". Is this in compliance with your exception?
Hi Tom,

What we meant with that is that we made an exception for clause 2.
Instead of clause 2, in the case of the Mesa project, you have to name
the technique Jimenez's MLAA in the config options of Mesa. We did that
just to allow them to solve license issues. This exception should be for
the Mesa project, and any project using Mesa, like Fedora.

We want to widespread usage of our MLAA, so we want to avoid any kind of
license complications. Hope current one is good for Fedora, if not
please tell, and we'll see what we can do!

Cheers,
Jorge

From: Tom Callaway <tcallawa@redhat.com>
Sent: January 8, 2013 6:30 PM
To: jorge@iryoku.com
Subject: Question about Mesa MLAA license

Jorge,

Thanks for all of your fantastic graphics work! I have been auditing
Fedora (a popular distribution of Linux) for license compliance and I
came across your MLAA code in Mesa.

The license says:

* 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the following
   statement:
   *
   *  "Uses Jimenez's MLAA. Copyright (C) 2010 by Jorge Jimenez, Belen Masia,
   *    Jose I. Echevarria, Fernando Navarro and Diego Gutierrez."
   *
   *  Only for use in the Mesa project, this point 2 is filled by naming the
* technique Jimenez's MLAA in the Mesa config options.

That wording is unclear. When you say "Only for use in the Mesa project...", it seems like you could either be saying:

- This code may only be used as part of Mesa.

OR

- In Mesa, you can comply with clause 2 by simply selecting "Jimenez's MLAA" in the Mesa config options.

*****

If the first item is true, then we may have to remove the MLAA code from Fedora's copy of Mesa. However, looking at the license on your SMAA code, I do not believe it to be the case. Please let me know either way!

Thanks in advance,

Tom Callaway
Fedora Legal

==
Fedora Project

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------------------------------------------------------------------------

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Version 2, June 1991

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medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
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creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
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Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
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1.245 microcode_ctl 2.1 :29.el7

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This update supersedes microcode provided by Red Hat with the CVE-2017-5715 (Spectre) CPU branch injection vulnerability mitigation. (Historically, Red Hat has provided updated microcode, developed by our microprocessor partners, as a customer convenience.) Further testing has uncovered problems with the microcode provided along with the Spectre mitigation that could lead to system instabilities. As a result, Red Hat is providing an microcode update that reverts to the last known good microcode version dated before 03 January 2018.

Red Hat strongly recommends that customers contact their hardware provider for the latest microcode updates.

IMPORTANT: Customers using Intel Skylake-, Broadwell-, and Haswell-based platforms must obtain and
install updated microcode from their hardware vendor immediately. The "Spectre" mitigation requires both an updated kernel from Red Hat and updated microcode from your hardware vendor.

1.246 mod_wsgi 3.4 :12.el7_0

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1.247 mozjs17 17.0.0 :19.el7

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# ck-copyright-notice can be run from the tools directory

dir='pwd'
[ -d src ] || [ "basename "$dir"" !=" tools " ] || cd ..

# Note: if paragraphs are reformatted, this may need to be updated.

lgpl="`sed -n '/version [0-9.]* or any later version/ {s/.*/version //;s/ or.*//;p; q;' doc/mpfr.texi`"

# Do not use "find ... | while read file do ... done" because the "do"
# part needs to be run in the current shell, and some shells behave in
# a different way.
srctests="find src tests -name ".*[ch]"

err=0
for file in $srctests
do
y=""
case $file in
tests/RRTest.c)
    # This file doesn't have a copyright notice, but isn't distributed.
    continue ;;
src/mpfr-longlong.h)
    # This file (which comes from GMP) has a specific copyright notice.
    continue ;;
src/get_patches.c)
    file="tools/get_patches.sh" ;;
    */mpparam.h)
    y="2005," ;;
esac
grep -q "Copyright $y.* Free Software Foundation" "$file" &&
grep -q "GNU MPFR Library" "$file" &&
grep -q "either version $lgpl of the License" "$file" && continue
echo "Possibly missing or incorrect copyright notice in $file"
err=1
done

exit $err
@c MPFR tweak: Have this in mpfr.texi to help texinfo-mode
@c @node GNU Free Documentation License
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These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of
the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or
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under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany
it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which
must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a
work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least
three years, to give the same user the materials specified in
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performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above
specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the
Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for
reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception,
the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is
normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major
components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on
which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
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   b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
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50. [54] Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock
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51. [55] Harlan Stenn <harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure
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/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */

#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#elifdef_COMPAT_POLL_H_
#define_COMPAT_POLL_H_

typedef struct pollfd {
  int fd;
  short events;
  short revents;
} pollfd_t;

typedef unsigned int nfds_t;

#define POLLIN0x0001
#define POLLOUT0x0004
#define POLLERR0x0008
#if 0
/* the following are currently not implemented */
#define POLLPRI0x0002
#define POLLHUP0x0010
#define POLLNVAL0x0020
#define POLLRDND0x0040
#define POLLNORMPOLLRDND
#define POLLWRNORM POLLOUT
#define POLLRDBAND0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND0x0100
#endif

#define INFTIM(-1)/* not standard */
int poll(struct pollfd *, nfds_t, int);
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
/* Std: bsd-waitpid.h,v 1.5 2003/08/29 16:59:52 mouring Exp $ */

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 */

#ifndef _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H

#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potential issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED

/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*((int*)&(w))) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) !((_W_INT(w)) & 0377)
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) (_W_INT(w)) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) !WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w)
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) (_W_INT(w)) & WCOREFLAG)

#endif
#endif

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/* Prototype */

pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);

#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */

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* ****************************************************************************/
#ifndef HAVE_SETREGSID
int setreggid(gid_t, gid_t, gid_t);
#endif

#ifndef HAVE_SETREUID
int setreuid(uid_t, uid_t, uid_t);
#endif

/*
 * OpenBSD: poll.h,v 1.11 2003/12/10 23:10:08 millert Exp $ */

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 */

/* OPENBSD ORIGINAL: sys/sys/poll.h */

#if !defined(HAVE_POLL) && !defined(HAVE_POLL_H)
#ifndef_COMPAT_POLL_H_
#define_compat_poll_h_

typedef struct pollfd {
    int fd;
    short events;
    short revents;
} pollfd_t;

typedef unsigned int nfds_t;
#endif

#endif

#endif

#endif
```c
#define POLLIN 0x0001
#define POLLOUT 0x0004
#define POLLERR 0x0008
#define POLLHUP 0x0010
#define POLLNVAL 0x0020
#if 0
    /* the following are currently not implemented */
#define POLLPRI 0x0002
#define POLLRDNORM 0x0040
#define POLLNRMPOLLNRDNORM
#define POLLRDBAND 0x0080
#define POLLWRBAND 0x0100
#endif
#define INFTIM (-1) /* not standard */

int poll(struct pollfd *, nfds_t, int);
#endif /* !_COMPAT_POLL_H_ */
#endif /* !HAVE_POLL_H */
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 *
 */
#endif _BSD_WAITPID_H
#define _BSD_WAITPID_H
```
#ifndef HAVE_WAITPID
/* Clean out any potential issues */
#undef WIFEXITED
#undef WIFSTOPPED
#undef WIFSIGNALED
/* Define required functions to mimic a POSIX look and feel */
#define _W_INT(w) (*((int *)&(w)) /* convert union wait to int */
#define WIFEXITED(w) (!(_W_INT(w) & 0377))
#define WIFSTOPPED(w) (_W_INT(w) & 0100)
#define WIFSIGNALED(w) (!WIFEXITED(w) && !WIFSTOPPED(w))
#define WEXITSTATUS(w) (int)(WIFEXITED(w) ? ((_W_INT(w) >> 8) & 0377) : -1)
#define WTERMSIG(w) (int)(WIFSIGNALED(w) ? (_W_INT(w) & 0177) : -1)
#define WCOREFLAG 0x80
#define WCOREDUMP(w) (_W_INT(w) & WCOREFLAG)
/* Prototype */
pid_t waitpid(int, int *, int);
#endif /* !HAVE_WAITPID */
#endif /* _BSD_WAITPID_H */

diff -up openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8
--- openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8.sftp-force-mode 2016-12-19 05:59:41.000000000 +0100
+++ openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.8 2017-02-09 10:35:41.926475399 +0100
@@ -38,6 +38,7 @@
 .Op Fl P Ar blacklisted_requests
 .Op Fl p Ar whitelisted_requests
 .Op Fl u Ar umask
+.Op Fl m Ar force_file_perms
 .Ek
 .Nm
 .Fl Q Ar protocol_feature
@@ -138,6 +139,10 @@
 to be applied to newly-created files and directories, instead of the
 user's default mask.
+.It Fl m Ar force_file_perms
+.Sets explicit file permissions to be applied to newly-created files instead
+of the default or client requested mode. Numeric values include:
+777, 755, 750, 666, 644, 640, etc. Option -u is ineffective if -m is set.
 .El
 .Pp
 On some systems,
diff -up openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c
--- openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c.sftp-force-mode 2017-02-09 10:22:36.498019921 +0100
+++ openssh-7.4p1/sftp-server.c 2017-02-09 10:35:07.190520959 +0100
@@ -65,6 +65,10 @@ struct sshbuf *oqueue;
 /* Version of client */
static u_int version;

/* Force file permissions */
+int permforce = 0;
+long permforcemode;
+
/* SSH2_FXP_INIT received */
static int init_done;

@@ -679,6 +683,7 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
    Attr a;
  char *name;
  int r, handle, fd, flags, mode, status = SSH2_FX_FAILURE;
+  mode_t old_umask = 0;

    if ((r = sshbuf_get_cstring(iqueue, &name, NULL)) != 0 ||
          (r = sshbuf_get_u32(iqueue, &pflags)) != 0 || /* portable flags */
@@ -688,6 +693,10 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
        debug3("request %u: open flags %d", id, pflags);
        flags = flags_from_portable(pflags);
        mode = (a.flags & SSH2_FILEXFER_ATTR_PERMISSIONS) ? a.perm : 0666;
+        if (permforce == 1) {   /* Force perm if -m is set */
+            mode = permforcemode;
+            old_umask = umask(0); /* so umask does not interfere */
+        }
        logit("open "%s" flags %s mode 0%o",
            name, string_from_portable(pflags), mode);
        if (readonly &&
@@ -709,6 +718,8 @@ process_open(u_int32_t id)
        } }
    }
+    if (permforce == 1)
    +(void) umask(old_umask); /* restore umask to something sane */
    if (status != SSH2_FX_OK)
        send_status(id, status);
        free(name);
@@ -1490,7 +1501,7 @@ sftp_server_usage(void)
        fprintf(stderr,
            "usage: %s [-ehR] [-d start_directory] [-f log_facility] "
            "[-l log_level]\n[\n[\-P blacklisted_requests] "
-            "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask]\n"
+            "[-p whitelisted_requests] [-u umask] [-m force_file_perms]\n"
            " %s -Q protocol\n",
            __programe, __programe);
        exit(1);
@@ -1516,7 +1527,7 @@ sftp_server_main(int argc, char **argv,
        pw = pwcopy(user_pw);
while (!skipargs && (ch = getopt(argc, argv, 
  switch (ch) { 
    case 'Q':
      if (strcasecmp(optarg, "requests") != 0) {
        printf("Invalid umask \"%s\"", optarg);
        (void)umask((mode_t)mask);
        break;
      }
    case 'm':
      /* Force permissions on file received via sftp */
      perfforce = 1;
      perfforcemode = strtol(optarg, &cp, 8);
      if (perfforcemode < 0 || perfforcemode > 0777 ||
          *cp != '\0' || (perfforcemode == 0 &&
          errno != 0))
        fatal("Invalid file mode \"%s\", optarg);
      break;
      case 'h':
        sftp_server_usage();
        break;
    default:
      sftp_server_usage();
      break;
  }
}

1.270 openssl 1.0.2k :8.el7
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  xenserver/etc_xensource_scripts_vif
  xenserver/opt_xensource_libexec_InterfaceReconfigure.py
  xenserver/opt_xensource_libexec_InterfaceReconfigureBridge.py
  xenserver/opt_xensource_libexec_InterfaceReconfigureVswitch.py
  xenserver/opt_xensource_libexec_interface-reconfigure
  xenserver/usr_lib_xsconsole_plugins-base_XSFeatureVSwitch.py
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utilities/bugtool/ovs-bugtool-*
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build-aux/cccl

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include/windows/getopt.h
datapath-windows/ovsext/Conntrack-tcp.c
lib/conntrack-tcp.c

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include/windows/netinet/icmp6.h
include/windows/netinet/ip6.h
lib/strsep.c

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free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type 'show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type 'show c' for details.

The hypothetical commands 'show w' and 'show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than 'show w' and 'show c'; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program 'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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1.276 pango 1.36.8 :2.el7

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to
permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a
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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the
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c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
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d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
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which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
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1.277 parted 3.1 :28.el7

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1.282 pcre 8.32 :15.el7_2.1

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
abstract: 'Build and install Perl modules'
author:
- 'Ken Williams <kwilliams@cpan.org>'
- "Development questions, bug reports, and patches should be sent to the
  Module-Build mailing list at <module-build@perl.org>.'
built_requires:
  File::Temp: 0.15
  Test::Harness: 3.16
  Test::More: 0.49
generated_by: 'Module::Build version 0.3608'
license: gpl
meta-spec:
  url: http://module-build.sourceforge.net/META-spec-v1.4.html
  version: 1.4
name: Module-Build
resources:
  MailingList: mailto:module-build@perl.org
  license: http://dev.perl.org/licenses/
  repository: http://github.com/dagolden/module-build/
  version: 3

use strict;
use lib 't/lib';
use MBTest;
use DistGen;

plan 'no_plan';

# Ensure any Module::Build modules are loaded from correct directory
blib_load('Module::Build');

# Create test distribution
#-----------------------------------------------------------#

{ my $dist = DistGen->new(
    name => 'Simple::Name',
    version => '0.01',
    license => 'perl'
);

$dist->regen;
$dist->chdir_in;
my $mb = $dist->new_from_context();
isa_ok( $mb, "Module::Build" );
is( $mb->license, 'perl',
   "license 'perl' is valid"
);

my $meta = $mb->get_metadata( fatal => 0 );
is( $meta->{license} => 'perl', "META license will be 'perl'" );
is( $meta->{resources}{license}, "http://dev.perl.org/licenses/",
   "META license URL is correct"
);

}

{
my $dist = DistGen->new(
   name => 'Simple::Name',
   version => '0.01',
   license => 'VaporWare'
);
$dist->regen;
$dist->chdir_in;

my $mb = $dist->new_from_context();
isa_ok( $mb, "Module::Build" );
is( $mb->license, 'VaporWare',
   "license 'VaporWare' is valid"
);

my $meta = $mb->get_metadata( fatal => 0 );
is( $meta->{license} => 'unrestricted', "META license will be 'unrestricted'" );
is( $meta->{resources}{license}, "http://example.com/vaporware/",
   "META license URL is correct"
);

}

# Test with alpha number
# vim:ts=2:sw=2:et:sta:sts=2
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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1.293 perl-Getopt-Long 2.40 :2.el7
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The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the 
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    <signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
    Ty Coon, President of Vice

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yes

--
Alexandr Ciornii, http://chorny.net

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1.312 pexpect 2.3 :11.el7

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# vim600: encoding=UTF-8

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We
concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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Included for the use of the fix_strcasecmp.c module which works around a Solaris problem.

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1.325 ppp 2.4.5 :33.el7

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1.326 procps-ng 3.3.10 :10.el7
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.
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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.332 pygobject3 3.14.0 :3.el7

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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1.333 pygpgme 0.3 :9.el7
1.333.1 Available under license :
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1.336 python 2.7.5 :48.el7

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python’s principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.341 python-configobj 4.7.2 :7.el7
1.341.1 Available under license :
From RPM File Metadata:BSD

1.342 python-dateutil 1.5 :7.el7
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==============

Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the
In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.345 python-ethtool 0.8
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1.347 python-gudev 147.2

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**1.349 python-iniparse 0.4 :9.el7**

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A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see http://www.cwi.nl) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see http://www.opensource.org for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

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1.350 python-ipaddr 2.1.9 :5.el7

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1.352 python-lxml 3.2.1 :4.el7

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU
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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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   (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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1.355 python-paramiko 1.15.1 :1.el7

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That's all there is to it!
1.356 python-paste 1.7.5.1

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1.357 python-pycurl 7.19.0 :19.el7

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1.358 python-pyudev 0.15 :7.el7_2.1

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# Contributions to the urllib3 project

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* erikcederstrand <http://code.google.com/u/erikcederstrand/>
* NTLM-authenticated HTTPSConnectionPool
* Basic-authenticated HTTPSConnectionPool (merged into make_headers)

* niphlod <niphlod@gmail.com>
* Client-verified SSL certificates for HTTPSConnectionPool
* Response gzip and deflate encoding support
* Better unicode support for filepost using StringIO buffers

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* Non-multipart encoding for POST requests

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  * Support for TLS SNI
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  * SSL fingerprint and alternative hostname verification
  * Bugfixes in testsuite

* Sune Kirkeby <mig@ibofobi.dk>
  * Optional SNI-support for Python 2 via PyOpenSSL.

* Marc Schlaich <marc.schlaich@gmail.com>
  * Various bugfixes and test improvements.

* Bryce Boe <bbzbryce@gmail.com>
  * Correct six.moves conflict
  * Fixed pickle support of some exceptions

* Boris Figovsky <boris.figovsky@ravelosystems.com>
  * Allowed to skip SSL hostname verification

* Cory Benfield <http://lukasa.co.uk/about/>
  * Stream method for Response objects.
  * Return native strings in header values.
  * Generate 'Host' header when using proxies.

* Jason Robinson <jaywink@basshero.org>
  * Add missing WrappedSocket.fileno method in PyOpenSSL

* Audrius Butkevicius <audrius.butkevicius@elastichosts.com>
  * Fixed a race condition

* Stanislav Vitkovskiy <stas.vitkovsky@gmail.com>
  * Added HTTPS (CONNECT) proxy support
* Stephen Holsapple <sholsapp@gmail.com>
  * Added abstraction for granular control of request fields

* Martin von Gagern <Martin.vGagern@gmx.net>
  * Support for non-ASCII header parameters

* Kevin Burke <kev@inburke.com> and Pavel Kirichenko <juanych@yandex-team.ru>
  * Support for separate connect and request timeouts

* Peter Waller <p@pwaller.net>
  * HTTPResponse.tell() for determining amount received over the wire

* Nipunn Koorapati <nipunn1313@gmail.com>
  * Ignore default ports when comparing hosts for equality

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  * Disabled TLS compression by default on Python 3.2+
  * Disabled TLS compression in pyopenssl contrib module
  * Configurable cipher suites in pyopenssl contrib module

* Roman Bogorodskiy <roman.bogorodskiy@ericsson.com>
  * Account retries on proxy errors

* Nicolas Delaby <nicolas.delaby@ezeep.com>
  * Use the platform-specific CA certificate locations

* Josh Schneier <https://github.com/jschneier>
  * HTTPHeaderDict and associated tests and docs
  * Bugfixes, docs, test coverage

* Tahia Khan <http://tahia.tk/>
  * Added Timeout examples in docs

* Arthur Grunseid <http://grunseid.com>
  * source_address support and tests (with https://github.com/bui)

* Ian Cordasco <graffatcolmingov@gmail.com>
  * PEP8 Compliance and Linting
  * Add ability to pass socket options to an HTTP Connection

* Erik Tollerud <erik.tollerud@gmail.com>
  * Support for standard library io module.

* Krishna Prasad <kprasad.iitd@gmail.com>
  * Google App Engine documentation

* Aaron Meurer <asmeurer@gmail.com>
* Added Url.url, which unparses a Url

* Evgeny Kapun <abacabadabacaba@gmail.com>
* Bugfixes

* Benjamen Meyer <bm_witness@yahoo.com>
* Security Warning Documentation update for proper capture

* Shivan Sornarajah <github@sornars.com>
* Support for using ConnectionPool and PoolManager as context managers.

* Alex Gaynor <alex.gaynor@gmail.com>
* Updates to the default SSL configuration

* [Your name or handle] <[email or website]>
* [Brief summary of your changes]

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!
Now that we have the feature word arrays, we don't need to manually copy each array item, we can simply iterate through each feature word.

diff --git a/target-i386/cpu.c b/target-i386/cpu.c
index d611062..010b95f 100644
--- a/target-i386/cpu.c
+++ b/target-i386/cpu.c
@@ -1755,6 +1755,7 @@ static inline void feat2prop(char *s)
     
 static void cpu_x86_parse_featurestr(X86CPU *cpu, char *features, Error **errp)
{
+    FeatureWord w;
     /* Features to be added */
     FeatureWordArray plus_features = { 0 };
     /* Features to be removed */
@@ -1844,28 +1845,11 @@ static void cpu_x86_parse_featurestr(X86CPU *cpu, char *features, Error **errp)
     };
     featurestr = strtok(NULL, ",");
 }
- env->features[FEAT_1_EDX] |= plus_features[FEAT_1_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_1_ECX] |= plus_features[FEAT_1_ECX];
- env->features[FEAT_8000_0001_EDX] |= plus_features[FEAT_8000_0001_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_8000_0001_ECX] |= plus_features[FEAT_8000_0001_ECX];
- env->features[FEAT_C000_0001_EDX] |= plus_features[FEAT_C000_0001_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_KVM] |= plus_features[FEAT_KVM];
- env->features[FEAT_SVM] |= plus_features[FEAT_SVM];
- env->features[FEAT_7_0_EBX] |= plus_features[FEAT_7_0_EBX];
- env->features[FEAT_7_0_ECX] |= plus_features[FEAT_7_0_ECX];
- env->features[FEAT_7_0_EDX] |= plus_features[FEAT_7_0_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_XSAVE] |= plus_features[FEAT_XSAVE];
- env->features[FEAT_1_EDX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_1_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_1_ECX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_1_ECX];
- env->features[FEAT_8000_0001_EDX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_8000_0001_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_8000_0001_ECX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_8000_0001_ECX];
- env->features[FEAT_C000_0001_EDX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_C000_0001_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_KVM] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_KVM];
- env->features[FEAT_SVM] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_SVM];
- env->features[FEAT_7_0_EBX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_7_0_EBX];
- env->features[FEAT_7_0_ECX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_7_0_ECX];
- env->features[FEAT_7_0_EDX] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_7_0_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_XSAVE] &= ~minus_features[FEAT_XSAVE];
+
+    for (w = 0; w < FEATURE_WORDS; w++) {
+        env->features[w] |= plus_features[w];
+        env->features[w] &= ~minus_features[w];
+    }
+
out:
return;
@@ -1974,6 +1958,7 @@ static void cpu_x86_register(X86CPU *cpu, const char *name, Error **errp)
{
    CPUX86State *env = &cpu->env;
    x86_def_t def1, *def = &def1;
+    FeatureWord w;

        memset(def, 0, sizeof(*def));

@@ -1992,21 +1977,12 @@ static void cpu_x86_register(X86CPU *cpu, const char *name, Error **errp)
            object_property_set_int(OBJECT(cpu), def->family, "family", errp);
            object_property_set_int(OBJECT(cpu), def->model, "model", errp);
            object_property_set_int(OBJECT(cpu), def->stepping, "stepping", errp);
-        env->features[FEAT_1_EDX] = def->features[FEAT_1_EDX];
-        env->features[FEAT_1_ECX] = def->features[FEAT_1_ECX];
-        env->features[FEAT_8000_0001_EDX] = def->features[FEAT_8000_0001_EDX];
-        env->features[FEAT_8000_0001_ECX] = def->features[FEAT_8000_0001_ECX];
            object_property_set_int(OBJECT(cpu), def->xlevel, "xlevel", errp);
-        env->features[FEAT_KVM] = def->features[FEAT_KVM];
-        env->features[FEAT_SVM] = def->features[FEAT_SVM];
-        env->features[FEAT_C000_0001_EDX] = def->features[FEAT_C000_0001_EDX];
-        env->features[FEAT_7_0_EBX] = def->features[FEAT_7_0_EBX];
-        env->features[FEAT_7_0_ECX] = def->features[FEAT_7_0_ECX];
-        env->features[FEAT_7_0_EDX] = def->features[FEAT_7_0_EDX];
- env->features[FEAT_XSAVE] = def->features[FEAT_XSAVE];
  env->cpuid_xlevel2 = def->xlevel2;
-
  object_property_set_str(OBJECT(cpu), def->model_id, "model-id", errp);
+ for (w = 0; w < FEATURE_WORDS; w++) {
+   env->features[w] = def->features[w];
+ }
}

X86CPU *cpu_x86_create(const char *cpu_model, DeviceState *icc_bridge,
--
1.8.3.1
/*
 * System call numbers.
 *
 * created from FreeBSD: head/sys/kern/syscalls.master 182123 2008-08-24 21:20:35Z rwatson
 */

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_syscall 0
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_exit 1
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fork 2
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_read 3
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_write 4
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_open 5
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_close 6
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_wait4 7
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_link 9
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unlink 10
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chdir 12
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchdir 13
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mknod 14
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chmod 15
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chown 16
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_break 17
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_getfsstat 18
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpid 20
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mount 21
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unmount 22
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setuid 23
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setuid 24
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_geteuid 25
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ptrace 26
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_recvmsg 27
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sendmsg 28
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_recvfrom 29
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_accept 30
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpeername 31
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsockname 32
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_access 33
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chflags 34
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchflags 35
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sync 36
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kill 37
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getppid 39
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_dup 41
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_pipe 42
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getegid 43
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_profil 44
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ktrace 45
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getgid 47
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setlogin 50
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_acct 51
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigaltstack 53
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ioctl 54
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_reboot 55
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_revoke 56
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_symlink 57
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readlink 58
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_execve 59
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_umask 60
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_chroot 61
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_msync 65
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_vfork 66
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sbrk 69
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sstk 70
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_vadvise 72
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_munmap 73
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mprotect 74
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_madvise 75
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mincore 78
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getgroups 79
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setgroups 80
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpgrp 81
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setpgid 82
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setitimer 83
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_swapon 85
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getitimer 86
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getdtablesize 89
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_dup2 90
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fcntl 92
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_select 93
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fsync 95
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setpriority 96
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setpriority 97
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_connect  98
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getpriority 100
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_bind  104
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setsockopt 105
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_listen  106
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_gettimeofday 116
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getrusage 117
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getsockopt 118
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readv 120
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_writev 121
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_settimeofday 122
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchown 123
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fchmod 124
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setreuid 126
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setregid 127
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rename 128
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_flock 131
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkdir 136
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_utrace 335
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_sendfile 336
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldsym 337
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_jail 338
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigprocmask 340
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigsuspend 341
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_sigaction 342
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigpending 343
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_freebsd4_sigreturn 344
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigtimedwait 345
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___acl_get_fd 349
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_set_fd 366
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_get_fd 367
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_eaccess 371
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_nmount 372
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___mac_get_proc 373
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___mac_set_proc 374
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___mac_get_fd 375
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR___mac_set_fd 376
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kenv 377
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_lchflags 378
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_uuidgen 379
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sendfile 380
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mac_syscall 381
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getfsstat 382
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_statfs 383
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fstatfs 384
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fhstatfs 385
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_close 400
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_post 401
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_wait 402
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_trywait 403
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_getvalue 407
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_exit 431
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_kill 433
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__umtx_lock 434
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_jail_attach 436
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_fd 437
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_file 438
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_extattr_list_link 439
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_ksem_timedwait 441
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_suspend 442
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kldunloadf 444
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_audit 445
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_auditon 446
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getaudid 447
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setaudid 448
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getaudit 449
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setaudit 450
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_getaudit_addr 451
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_setaudit_addr 452
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_auditctl 453
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR__umtx_op 454
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_new 455
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sigqueue 456
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmqueue 457
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmqueue_setattr 458
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmqueue_timedreceive 459
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmqueue_timedsend 460
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmqueue_notify 461
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_kmqueue_unlink 462
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_abort2 463
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_set_name 464
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_aio_fsync 465
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_rtprio_thread 466
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sctp_panicoff 471
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sctp_generic_sendmsg 472
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_sctp_generic_sendmsg_iov 473
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_thr_kill2 481
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_fexecve 492
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#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_futimesat 494
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_linkat 495
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkdirat 496
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mkfifoat 497
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_mknodat 498
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_openat 499
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_readlinkat 500
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_renameat 501
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_symlinkat 502
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_unlinkat 503
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_NR_posix_openpt 504
/* $OpenBSD: syscall.h,v 1.101 2008/03/16 19:43:41 otto Exp */

/*
 * System call numbers.
 *
 * created from;  OpenBSD: syscalls.master,v 1.90 2008/03/16 19:42:57 otto Exp
 */

#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_syscall     0
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_exit        1
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fork        2
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_read        3
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_write       4
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_open        5
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_close       6
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_wait4       7
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_link        9
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_unlink      10
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_chdir       12
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fchdir      13
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_unmount     22
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getuid      24
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_geteuid     25
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setlogin 50
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_sigt incumbent 52
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_symlink 57
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_execve 59
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_umask 60
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_chroot 61
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_vfork 66
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mprotect 74
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_madvise 75
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mincore 78
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getgroups 79
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setgroups 80
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpgrp 81
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fchmod      124
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setreuid    126
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getfh       161
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pread       173
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setgid      181
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setegid     182
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mlock       203
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_xfsioctl    208
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msgsnd      226
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msgrcv      227
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shmat       228
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shmdt       230
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_clock_gettime       232
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_clock_settime       233
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_clock_getres        234
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_nanosleep   240
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_minherit    250
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_rfork       251
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_poll        252
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_issetugid   253
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lchown      254
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getsid      255
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msync       256
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pipe        263
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fhopen      264
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_preadv      267
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_pwritev     268
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_kqueue      269
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_kevent      270
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mlockall    271
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_munlockall  272
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getpeername    273
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getresuid   281
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setresuid   282
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getresgid   283
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_setresgid   284
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_mquery      286
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_signalstack 288
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shmget      289
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_semop       290
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_stat        291
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fstat       292
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_lstat       293
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fhstat      294
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR___semctl     295
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_shmctl      296
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_msgctl      297
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getthrd     299
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_thrsigdivert        303
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR___getcwd    304
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_adjfreq    305
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#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_getfsstat   306
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_statfs      307
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fstatfs     308
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_NR_fhstatfs    309

/* syscall flags from machine/trap.h */

/* $OpenBSD: trap.h,v 1.4 2008/07/04 22:04:37 kettenis Exp $ */
/* $NetBSD: trap.h,v 1.4 1999/06/07 05:28:04 eeh Exp $ */

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 *
 */

#define TARGET_OPENBSD_SYSCALL_G2RFLAG 0x400   /* on success, return to %g2 rather than npc */
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_SYSCALL_G7RFLAG 0x800   /* use %g7 as above (deprecated) */

/* $OpenBSD: errno.h,v 1.20 2007/09/03 14:37:52 millert Exp $ */
/* $NetBSD: errno.h,v 1.10 1996/01/20 01:33:53 jtc Exp $ */

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* SUCH DAMAGE.
*
* @(#)errno.h 8.5 (Berkeley) 1/21/94
*/

#define TARGET_EPERM 1 /* Operation not permitted */
#define TARGET_ENOENT 2 /* No such file or directory */
#define TARGET_ESRCH 3 /* No such process */
#define TARGET_EINTR 4 /* Interrupted system call */
#define TARGET_EIO 5 /* Input/output error */
#define TARGET_ENXIO 6 /* Device not configured */
#define TARGET_E2BIG 7 /* Argument list too long */
#define TARGET_ENOEXEC 8 /* Exec format error */
#define TARGET_EBADF 9 /* Bad file descriptor */
#define TARGET_ECHILD 10 /* No child processes */
#define TARGET_EDEADLK 11 /* Resource deadlock avoided */
    /* 11 was EAGAIN */
#define TARGET_ENOMEM 12 /* Cannot allocate memory */
#define TARGET_EACCES 13 /* Permission denied */
#define TARGET_EFAULT 14 /* Bad address */
#define TARGET_ENOTBLK 15 /* Block device required */
#define TARGET_EBUSY 16 /* Device busy */
#define TARGET_EEXIST 17 /* File exists */
#define TARGET_EXDEV 18 /* Cross-device link */
#define TARGET_ENODEV 19 /* Operation not supported by device */
#define TARGET_ENOTDIR 20 /* Not a directory */
#define TARGET_EISDIR 21 /* Is a directory */
#define TARGET_ENVAL 22 /* Invalid argument */
#define TARGET_ENFILE  23  /* Too many open files in system */
#define TARGET_EFILE   24  /* Too many open files */
#define TARGET_ENOTTY  25  /* Inappropriate ioctl for device */
#define TARGET_ETXTBSY 26  /* Text file busy */
#define TARGET_EFBIG   27  /* File too large */
#define TARGET_ENOSPC  28  /* No space left on device */
#define TARGET_ESPIPE  29  /* Illegal seek */
#define TARGET_EMLINK  30  /* Too many links */
#define TARGET_EPIPE   31  /* Too many links */
#define TARGET_EMLINK  31  /* Too many links */
#define TARGET_EPIPEN  32  /* Too many links */

#define TARGET_EDOM   33  /* Numerical argument out of domain */
#define TARGET_ERANGE  34  /* Result too large */

#define TARGET_EAGAIN 35  /* Resource temporarily unavailable */
#define TARGET_EWOULDBLOCK 35  /* Operation would block */
#define TARGET_EINPROGRESS 36  /* Operation now in progress */
#define TARGET_EALREADY 37  /* Operation already in progress */

#define TARGET_ENOTSOCK 38  /* Socket operation on non-socket */
#define TARGET_EDESTADDRREQ 39  /* Destination address required */
#define TARGET_EMSGSIZE 40  /* Message too long */
#define TARGET_EPROTOTYPE 41  /* Protocol wrong type for socket */
#define TARGET_ENOPROTOOPT 42  /* Protocol not available */
#define TARGET_EPROTONOSUPPORT 43  /* Protocol not supported */
#define TARGET_ESOCKTNOSUPPORT 44  /* Socket type not supported */
#define TARGET_EOPNOTSUPP 45  /* Operation not supported */
#define TARGET_EPFNOSUPPORT 46  /* Protocol family not supported */
#define TARGET_EAFNOSUPPORT 47  /* Address family not supported by protocol family */
#define TARGET_EADDRINUSE 48  /* Address already in use */
#define TARGET_EADDRNOTAVAIL 49  /* Can't assign requested address */

#define TARGET_ENETDOWN 50  /* Network is down */
#define TARGET_ENETUNREACH 51  /* Network is unreachable */
#define TARGET_ENETRESET 52  /* Network dropped connection on reset */
#define TARGET_ECONNABORTED 53  /* Software caused connection abort */
#define TARGET_ECONNRESET 54  /* Connection reset by peer */
#define TARGET_ENOBUFS 55  /* No buffer space available */
#define TARGET_EISCONN 56  /* Socket is already connected */
#define TARGET_ENOTCONN 57  /* Socket is not connected */
#define TARGET_ESHUTDOWN 58  /* Can't send after socket shutdown */
#define TARGET_ETOOMANYREFS 59  /* Too many references: can't splice */
#define TARGET_ETIMEDOUT 60  /* Operation timed out */
#define TARGET_ECONNREFUSED 61  /* Connection refused */
#define TARGET_ELOOP 62    /* Too many levels of symbolic links */
#define TARGET_ENAMETOOLONG 63 /* File name too long */

/* should be rearranged */
#define TARGET_EHOSTDOWN 64    /* Host is down */
#define TARGET_EHOSTUNREACH 65    /* No route to host */
#define TARGET_ENOTEMPTY 66    /* Directory not empty */

/* quotas & mush */
#define TARGET_EPROCLIM 67    /* Too many processes */
#define TARGET_EUSERS 68    /* Too many users */
#define TARGET_EDQUOT 69    /* Disk quota exceeded */

/* Network File System */
#define TARGET_ESTALE 70    /* Stale NFS file handle */
#define TARGET_EREMOTE 71    /* Too many levels of remote in path */
#define TARGET_EBADRPC 72    /* RPC struct is bad */
#define TARGET_ERPCMISMATCH 73    /* RPC version wrong */
#define TARGET_EPROGUNAVAIL 74    /* RPC prog. not avail */
#define TARGET_EPROGMISMATCH 75    /* Program version wrong */
#define TARGET_EPROCUNAVAIL 76    /* Bad procedure for program */

#define TARGET_ENOLCK 77    /* No locks available */
#define TARGET_ENOSYS 78    /* Function not implemented */

#define TARGET_EFTYPE 79    /* Inappropriate file type or format */
#define TARGET_EAUTH 80    /* Authentication error */
#define TARGET_ENEEDAUTH 81    /* Need authenticator */
#define TARGET_EIPSEC 82    /* IPsec processing failure */
#define TARGET_ENOATTR 83    /* Attribute not found */
#define TARGET_EILSEQ 84    /* Illegal byte sequence */
#define TARGET_ENOMEDIUM 85    /* No medium found */
#define TARGET_EMEDIUMTYPE 86    /* Wrong Medium Type */
#define TARGET_EOVERFLOW 87    /* Conversion overflow */
#define TARGET_ECANCELE 88    /* Operation canceled */
#define TARGET_EIDRM 89    /* Identifier removed */
#define TARGET_ENOMSG 90    /* No message of desired type */
#define TARGET_ELAST 90    /* Must be equal largest errno */

/* $NetBSD: syscall.h,v 1.215 2008/06/17 16:07:57 tsutsui Exp $ */

/* System call numbers.
 *
 * created fromNetBSD: syscalls.master,v 1.204 2008/06/17 16:05:23 tsutsui Exp */

#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_syscall 0
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_exit        1
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fork        2
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_read        3
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_write       4
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_open        5
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_close       6
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_wait4       7
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ocreat  8
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_link        9
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_unlink      10
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chdir       12
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchdir      13
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mknod       14
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chmod       15
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chown       16
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_break       17
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_20_getfsstat 18
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_olseek    19
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpid      20
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_unmount     22
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setuid      23
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getuid      24
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_geteuid     25
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ptrace      26
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_recvmsg     27
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sendmsg     28
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_recvfrom    29
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_access      33
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chflags     34
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchflags    35
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sync        36
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_kill        37
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_stat43    38
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getppid     39
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_lstat43   40
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_dup 41
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pipe        42
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getegid     43
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_profil      44
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ktrace      45
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigaction13       46
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getgid      47
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getgid 47
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigprocmask13 48
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___getlogin 49
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___setlogin 50
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_acct 51
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigsigpending13 52
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ioctl 54
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_oreboot 55
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_revoke 56
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_symlink 57
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_readlink 58
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_execve 59
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_umask 60
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_chroot 61
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_fstat43 62
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetkerninfo 63
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetpagesize 64
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_msync 65
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_vfork 66
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sbrk 69
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sstk 70
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ommap 71
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_vadvise 72
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_munmap 73
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mprotect 74
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_madvise 75
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mincore 78
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getgroups 79
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setgroups 80
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpgid 81
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setpgid 82
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setitimer 83
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_socket 84
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getitimer 86
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogethostname 87
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osethostname 88
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_dup2 89
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_connect 90
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_evtimer 92
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_select 93
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fsync 95
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setpriority 96
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_socket 97
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_connect 98
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_oaccept 99
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpriority 100
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osend 101
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_orecv 102
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigreturn13 103
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_bind 104
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setsockopt 105
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_listen 106
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osigvec 108
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osigblock 109
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osigsetmask 110
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_13_sigsuspend13 111
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osigstack 112
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_orecvmsg 113
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osendmsg 114
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_gettimeofday 116
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getrusage 117
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getsockopt 118
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_readv 120
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_writev 121
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_settimeofday 122
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchown 123
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchmod 124
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_orecvfrom 125
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setreuid 126
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setregid 127
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_rename 128
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_otruncate 129
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_oftruncate 130
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_flock 131
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mkdir 136
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_rmdir 137
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_utimes 138
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_adjtime 140
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetpeername 141
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogethostid 142
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osethostid 143
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetrlimit 144
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osetrlimit 145
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_okillpg 146
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setsid 147
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_quotactl 148
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_osquota 149
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetsockname 150
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_nfssvc 155
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_43_ogetdirentries 156
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_20_statfs    157
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_20_fstatfs    158
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_getfh     161
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_09_ogetdomainname 162
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_09_osetdomainname 163
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_09_ouname    164
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sysarch     165
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_10_osemsys   169
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_10_omsgsys   170
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_10_oshmsys   171
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pread       173
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pwrite      174
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_ntp_gettime 175
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ntp_adjtime 176
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setgid      181
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setegid     182
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_seteuid     183
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lfs_bmapv   184
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lfs_markv   185
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lfs_segclean        186
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lfs_segwait 187
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_stat12    188
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_fstat12   189
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_lstat12   190
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pathconf    191
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fpathconf   192
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getrlimit   194
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setrlimit   195
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_12_getdirentries     196
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mmap        197
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___syscall   198
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lseek       199
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_truncate    200
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_ftruncate   201
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sysctl    202
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mlock       203
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_munlock     204
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_undelete    205
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_futimes     206
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getpgid     207
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_reboot      208
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_poll        209
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_14___semctl  220
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_semget      221
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_semop       222
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_semconfig   223
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_14_msgctl    224
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_msgget      225
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_msgsnd 226
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_msgrecv 227
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_shmat 228
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_14 shmct 229
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_shmctl 230
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_shmget 231
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_clock_gettime 232
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_clock_settime 233
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_clock_getres 234
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_timer_create 235
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_timer_delete 236
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_timer_settime 237
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_timer_gettime 238
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_timer_getoverrun 239
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_nanosleep 240
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fdatasync 241
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mlockall 242
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_munlockall 243
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigtimedwait 244
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_modctl 246
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_init 247
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_open 248
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_unlink 249
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_close 250
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_post 251
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_wait 252
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_trywait 253
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_getvalue 254
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_destroy 255
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_open 256
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_close 258
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_unlink 259
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_getattr 260
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_setattr 261
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_notify 262
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_send 263
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_receive 264
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_timedsend 265
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ksem_timedreceive 266
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_rename 270
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_swapctl 271
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_getdents 272
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_minherit 273
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___lchmod 274
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___lchown 275
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___lutimes 276
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___msync13 277
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30___stat13 278
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30___fstat13 279
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NRCompat_30___lstat13 280
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigaltstack14 281
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___vfork14 282
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_chown 283
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_fchown 284
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_lchown 285
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getsid 286
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___clone 287
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fktrace 288
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_preadv 289
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pwritev 290
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_16___sigaction14 291
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigpending14 292
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigprocmask14 293
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigsuspend14 294
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_16___sigreturn14 295
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___getcwd 296
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fchroot 297
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_fhopen 298
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_fhstat 299
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_20_fhstatfs 300
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_____semctl13 301
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___msgctl13 302
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___shmctl13 303
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lchflags 304
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_issetugid 305
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_utrace 306
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getcontext 307
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setcontext 308
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_create 309
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_exit 310
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_self 311
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_wait 312
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_suspend 313
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_continue 314
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_wakeup 315
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_getprivate 316
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_setprivate 317
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_kill 318
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_detach 319
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_park 320
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_unpark 321
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_unpark_all 322
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_setname 323
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_getname 324
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__lwp_ctl 325
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_register 330
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_stacks       331
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_enable        332
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_setconcurrency 333
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_yield         334
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_preempt       335
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sa_unblockyield  336
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___sigaction_sigtrespamp 340
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pmc_get_info     341
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pmc_control      342
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_rasctl           343
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_kqueue           344
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_kevent           345
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__sched_setparam  346
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__sched_getparam  347
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__sched_setaffinity 348
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR__sched_getaffinity 349
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_sched_yield      350
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fsync_range      354
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_uuidgen          355
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getvfsstat       356
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_statvfs1         357
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fstatvfs1        358
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30_fhstatvfs1 359
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattrctl       360
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_set_file 361
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_get_file 362
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_delete_file 363
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_set_fd   364
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_get_fd   365
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_delete_fd 366
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_set_link 367
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_get_link 368
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_delete_link 369
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_list_fd  370
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_list_file 371
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_extattr_list_link 372
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pselect          373
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pollts           374
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_setxattr         375
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lsetxattr        376
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fsetxattr        377
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_getxattr         378
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lgetxattr        379
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fgetxattr        380
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_listxattr        381
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_llistxattr       382
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_flistxattr       383
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_removexattr      384
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lremovexattr 385
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_fremovexattr 386
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___stat30 387
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___fstat30 388
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___lstat30 389
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___getdents30 390
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_compat_30___fhstat30 392
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___ntp_gettime30 393
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___socket30 394
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___getfh30 395
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___fhopen40 396
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___fhstatvfs140 397
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___fhstat40 398
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_cancel 399
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_error 400
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_fsync 401
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_read 402
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_return 403
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_suspend 404
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_aio_write 405
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_lio_listio 406
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___mount50 410
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_mremap 411
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pset_create 412
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pset_destroy 413
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pset_assign 414
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR_pset_bind 415
#define TARGET_NETBSD_NR___posix_fadvise50 416

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* 
* @(#)mman.h 8.2 (Berkeley) 1/9/95 

#define TARGET_FREEBSD_MAP_RESERVED0080 0x0080 /* previously misimplemented MAP_INHERIT */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_MAP_RESERVED0100 0x0100 /* previously unimplemented MAP_NOEXTEND */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_MAP_STACK 0x0400 /* region grows down, like a stack */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_MAP_NOSYNC 0x0800 /* page to but do not sync underlying file */
#define TARGET_FREEBSD_MAP_FLAGMASK 0x1ff7


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#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_INHERIT 0x0080 /* region is retained after exec */
#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_TRYFIXED 0x0400 /* attempt hint address, even within break */
#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_WIRED 0x0800 /* mlock() mapping when it is established */
#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_STACK 0x2000 /* allocated from memory, swap space (stack) */

#define TARGET_NETBSD_MAP_FLAGMASK 0x3ff7

#include <mntab.h>

#define TARGET_OPENBSD_MAP_INHERIT 0x0080 /* region is retained after exec */
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_MAP_NOEXTEND 0x0100 /* for MAP_FILE, don't change file size */
#define TARGET_OPENBSD_MAP_TRYFIXED 0x0400 /* attempt hint address, even within heap */

#define TARGET_OPENBSD_MAP_FLAGMASK 0x17f7

// XXX
#define TARGET_BSD_MAP_FLAGMASK 0x3ff7
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Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author
endif
CLEANSUBDIRS = $(SUBDIRS)

all :
for subdir in $(SUBDIRS) ; do $(MAKE) -C $${subdir} || exit 1 ; done

# Common targets for all subdirectories:
clean distclean depend:
for subdir in $(CLEANSUBDIRS) ; do $(MAKE) -C $${subdir} $@ ; done
# ******************************************************************************
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ifndef TOP
TOP = $(shell while ! test -e make.rules; do cd ..  ; done; pwd)
export TOP
endif
include $(TOP)/make.rules

ROOTDIR ?= ../..

LDFLAGS= 
ASFLAGS= -I/include -Wa,-mregnames

#NOTE: -DDEBUG only needed for debugging/tracing...
CFLAGS= -UDEBUG -m64 -I -I/include/x86emu \ 
-Is(TOP)/clients/net-snk/include -Is(ROOTDIR)/include \ 
-I$(ROOTDIR)/lib/libc/include -Os -nostdinc -fno-builtin -ffreestanding -Wall -Wno-unused

X86EMU_OBJJS= debug.o decode.o fpu.o ops2.o ops.o prim_ops.o sys.o

%.o: %.S
$(CC) $(ASFLAGS) -c -o $@ $^ 

%.o: %.c
$(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c -o $@ $^ 

all: libx86emu.a
libx86emu.a: $(X86EMU_OBJS)
$(AR) -rc $@ $^ 
$(RANLIB) $@

clean:
$(RM) *.o *.i *.s libx86emu.a

distclean: clean
# ******************************************************************************
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# ******************************************************************************
#!/bin/bash
#set -x
#set -e
SVN=`which svn`
PATCH=`which patch`
DIFF_FILE=./x86emu_changes.diff

# check wether svn, patch, ... is available...
if [ ! -x $SVN ]; then
echo "subversion executable not found!"
exi -l
fi
if [ ! -x $PATCH ]; then
echo "patch executable not found!"
exi -l
fi
if [ ! -r $DIFF_FILE ]; then
echo "diff file $DIFF_FILE not found!"
exi -l
fi

# download the x86emu sources from LinuxBIOS subversion

#revision known to work...
REV=496
echo "Checking out x86emu from coreboot-v3 repository revision $REV"
$SVN co svn://coreboot.org/repository/coreboot-v3/util/x86emu -r $REV

echo "Copying files..."

mkdir -p include/x86emu
cp -v x86emu/x86emu/*.c .
cp -v x86emu/x86emu/*.h include/x86emu
cp -v x86emu/include/x86emu/*.h include/x86emu

echo "Removing checkedout subversion director..."

rm -rf x86emu

echo "Patching files..."

SPATCH -p0 < x86emu_changes.diff

echo "done"
exit 0

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structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
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Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is
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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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From 4a988f436f785fa9349ba66a0d44e26b94f75af Mon Sep 17 00:00:00 2001
Message-Id: <4a988f436f785fa9349ba66a0d44e26b94f75af.1389014116.git.minovotn@redhat.com>
In-Reply-To: <c8cc35838d42aa286242772d97e3a9be7bb786ba.1389014116.git.minovotn@redhat.com>
References: <c8cc35838d42aa286242772d97e3a9be7bb786ba.1389014116.git.minovotn@redhat.com>
From: Paolo Bonzini <pbonzini@redhat.com>
Date: Mon, 9 Dec 2013 14:09:21 +0100
Subject: [PATCH 33/50] block/iscsi: updated copyright

RH-Author: Paolo Bonzini <pbonzini@redhat.com>
Message-id: <1386598178-11845-36-git-send-email-pbonzini@redhat.com>
Patchwork-id: 56072
O-Subject: [RHEL 7.0 qemu-kvm PATCH 35/52] block/iscsi: updated copyright
Bugzilla: 1007815
RH-Acked-by: Jeffrey Cody <jcody@redhat.com>
RH-Acked-by: Fam Zheng <famz@redhat.com>
RH-Acked-by: Stefan Hajnoczi <stefanha@redhat.com>

From: Peter Lieven <pl@kamp.de>
added myself to reflect recent work on the iscsi block driver.

Signed-off-by: Peter Lieven <pl@kamp.de>
Signed-off-by: Paolo Bonzini <pbonzini@redhat.com>
Signed-off-by: Stefan Hajnoczi <stefanha@redhat.com>
(cherry picked from commit 2af8a1a704a352bab2e9eaf803db0b3552e826d0)
---
block/iscsi.c | 1 +
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)

Signed-off-by: Michal Novotny <minovotn@redhat.com>
---
block/iscsi.c | 1 +
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)

diff --git a/block/iscsi.c b/block/iscsi.c
index c5cd86d..7ae61f9 100644
--- a/block/iscsi.c
+++ b/block/iscsi.c
@@ -2,6 +2,7 @@
 * QEMU Block driver for iSCSI images
 * + Copyright (c) 2010-2011 Ronnie Sahlberg <ronniesahlberg@gmail.com>
 + * Copyright (c) 2012-2013 Peter Lieven <pl@kamp.de>
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1.373 qrencode 3.4.1

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1.387 rhn-client-tools 2.0.2 :8.el7

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For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We
concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.
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   a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

   b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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   d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)
These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.393 rsync 3.0.9 :17.el7

1.393.1 Available under license :

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Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of
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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

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The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding
Source.

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A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.
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1.396 sed 4.2.2 :5.el7
1.396.1 Available under license :

============
Test 1.1:101
============
Testing argument parsing
First type
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_1
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_2
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_3
e1_l1_4
e1_l1_4
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Test 1.3:103
Test 1.4:104

Second type

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Test 1.5:106

Test 1.6:107
Test 1.8:109

Test 1.9:110

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Test 1.10:111

Test 1.11:112

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Test 1.13:114
Test 1.14:115

---------------
s1_l1_1
s2_s1_l1_1
s2_s1_l1_1
s1_l1_2
s2_s1_l1_2
s2_s1_l1_2
s1_l1_3
s2_s1_l1_3
s2_s1_l1_3
s1_l1_4
s2_s1_l1_4
s2_s1_l1_4
s1_l1_5
s2_s1_l1_5
s2_s1_l1_5
s1_l1_6
s2_s1_l1_6
s2_s1_l1_6
s1_l1_7
s2_s1_l1_7
s2_s1_l1_7
s1_l1_8
s2_s1_l1_8
s2_s1_l1_8
s1_l1_9
s2_s1_l1_9
s2_s1_l1_9
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Test 2.2:121

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Test 2.4:123
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Test 2.7:126

Test 2.9:127
l1_7

Test 2.10:128
l1_7

Test 2.11:129
l1_7

Test 2.12:130
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4

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l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
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Test 2.18:136

Test 2.19:137

Test 2.20:138

Brace and other grouping

Test 3.1:139
Testing a c d and i commands

==============
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==============
before_il1_1
before_il1_2
before_il1_3
before_il1_4
before_il1_5
before_il1_6
before_il1_7
before_il1_8
before_il1_9
before_il1_10
before_il1_11
before_il1_12
before_il1_13
before_il1_14
before_il2_1
before_il2_2
before_il2_3
after_ibefore_il2_3
before_il2_4
after_ibefore_il2_4
before_il2_5
after_ibefore_il2_5
before_il2_6
inserted
after_ibefore_il2_6
before_il2_7
after_ibefore_il2_7
before_il2_8
after_ibefore_il2_8
before_il2_9
after_ibefore_il2_9

============
Test 4:2:144
============
before_al1_1
after_abefore_al1_1
before_al1_2
after_abefore_al1_2
before_al1_3
after_abefore_al1_3
before_al1_4
after_abefore_al1_4
before_a5-12l1_5
after_abefore_a5-12l1_5
appended
before_a5-12l1_6
after_abefore_a5-12l1_6
appended
before_a5-12l1_7
after_abefore_a5-12l1_7
appended
before_a5-12l1_8
after_abefore_a5-12l1_8
appended
before_a5-12l1_9
after_abefore_a5-12l1_9
appended
before_a5-12l1_10
after_abefore_a5-12l1_10
appended
before_a5-12l1_11
after_abefore_a5-12l1_11
appended
before_a5-12l1_12
Test 4.3:145

^\n1_1
^\n1_1$
apended
^\n1_2
^\n1_2$
apended
^\n1_3
^\n1_3$
apended
^\n1_4
^\n1_4$
apended
^\n1_5
^\n1_5$
apended
^\n1_6
^\n1_6$
apended
^\n1_7
^\n1_7$
Test 4.4:146

hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello

==============
Test 4.5:147
==============
hello

==============
Test 4.6:148
==============
hello

==============
Test 4.7:149
==============
hello

==============
Test 4.8:150
==============

Testing labels and branching

==============
Test 5.1:151
==============
label2_II_1
label3_label2_II_1
label1_II_2
label1_II_3
label1_II_4
label1_II_5
label1_II_6
label1_II_7
label1_II_8
label1_II_9
label1_II_10
label1_II_11
label1_II_12
label2_II_13
label3_label2_II_13
label2_II_14
label3_label2_II_14

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Test 5.2:152

tested l2_1
tested l2_2
tested l2_3
tested l2_4
tested l2_5
tested l2_6
tested l2_7
tested l2_8
tested l2_9
tested l2_10
tested l2_11
tested l2_12
tested l2_13
tested l2_14

Test 5.3:153

^l1_1$
^l1_1$
^l1_2$
^l1_2$
^l1_3$
^l1_3$
^l1_4$
^l1_4$
l1_5$
l1_5$
l1_6$
l1_6$
l1_7$
l1_7$
l1_8$
l1_8$

Test 5.4:154

^l1_1$
^l1_2$
^l1_3$
^l1_4$
^l1_5$
^l1_5$
^l1_6$
^l1_6$
^l1_7$
^l1_7$
^l1_8$
^l1_8$
l1_9$
l1_9$
l1_10$
l1_10$
l1_11$
l1_11$
Test 5.5:155

Test 5.6:156

Test 5.7:157

Test 5.8:158
m1_14
Pattern space commands

==============
Test 6.1:159
==============
changed
classsifier
classifier
classifiers
classifier
classifiers
classifiers
classifiers
classifiers
classifiers
classifiers
classifiers
classifiers

==============
Test 6.2:160
==============
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

==============
Test 6.3:161
==============
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
Test 6.4:162

Test 6.5:163

Test 6.6:164
Testing print and file routines

Test 7.1:165

\001\002\003\004\005\006\a\b\t$
\v\f\r\016\017\020\021\022\023\024\025\026\027\030\031\032\033\034\n\035\036\037 !"#$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ\[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{|}~\177\200\201\202\203\204\205\n\206\207\210\211\212\213\214\215\216\217\220\221\222\223\224\225\226\n\227\230\231\232\233\234\235\236\237\240\241\242\243\244\245\246\247\n\250\251\252\253\254\255\256\257\260\261\262\263\264\265\266\267\270\n\271\272\273\274\275\276\277\300\301\302\303\304\305\306\307\310\311\n\312\313\314\315\316\317\320\321\322\323\324\325\326\327\330\331\332\n\333\334\335\336\337\340\341\342\343\344\345\346\347\350\351\352\353\n\354\355\356\357\360\361\362\363\364\365\366\367\370\371\372\373\374\n\375\376\377$
$
Test 7.2:166

I1_1
I1_2
I1_3
I1_4
I1_5
I1_6
I1_7
I1_8
I1_9
I1_10
I1_11
I1_12
I1_13
I1_14
15
I2_1
16
I2_2
17
I2_3
18
I2_4
19
I2_5
20
l2_6
21
l2_7
22
l2_8
23
l2_9

============
Test 7.3:167
============
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14
w results
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12

============
Test 7.4:168
============
l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l2_1
l2_2
l2_3
l2_4
Testing substitution commands

Test 8.1:172

Test 8.2:173

Test 8.3:174
Test 8.4:175

l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

Test 8.5:176

l1X1
l1X2
l1X3
l1X4
l1X5
l1X6
l1X7
l1X8
l1X9
l1X10
l1X11
Test 8.6:177

(1)(1)(1)(1)
(1)(1)(1)(2)
(1)(1)(1)(3)
(1)(1)(1)(4)
(1)(1)(1)(5)
(1)(1)(1)(6)
(1)(1)(1)(7)
(1)(1)(1)(8)
(1)(1)(1)(9)
(1)(1)(1)(10)
(1)(1)(1)(11)
(1)(1)(1)(12)
(1)(1)(1)(13)
(1)(1)(1)(14)

Test 8.7:178

(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)
(&)(&)(&)(&)

Test 8.8:179

x_x1xl1
x_x1xl2
x_x1xl3
x_x1xl4
x_x1xl5
Test 8.9:180

----------

11u0
u1
u21
11u0
u1
u22
11u0
u1
u23
11u0
u1
u24
11u0
u1
u25
11u0
u1
u26
11u0
u1
u27
11u0
u1
u28
11u0
u1
u29
11u0
u1
u210
11u0
u1
u211
11u0
u1
Test 8.10: 181

Test 8.11: 182

s wfile results

IX_1
IX_2
IX_3
IX_4
IX_5
IX_6
IX_7
IX_8
IX_9
IX_10
IX_11
IX_12
IX_13
IX_14

IX_1
IX_2
IX_3
IX_4
Test 8.14:185
------------
18_8
18_7
18_6
18_5
18_4
18_3
18_2
18_1
18_0
18_89
18_88
18_87
18_86
18_85

------------
Test 8.15:186
------------
11_1X11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

------------
Test 8.16:187
------------
eeeefff
Xeeefff
XYeefff
XYeYeff
XYeYYf
XYeYYY
XYeYYY

------------
Test 8.17:188
------------
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June 26, 2010
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Send patches to sysvinit-devel@nongnu.org

The of the start-stop-daemon

* A rewrite of the original Debian's start-stop-daemon Perl script
* in C (faster - it is executed many times during system startup).
* Written by Marek Michalkiewicz <marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl>,
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 @c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:

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to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively
state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least
the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
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The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate
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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

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Although the Lesser General Public License is less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification").

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library,
and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.
5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever
changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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b) You must cause any work that you distribute or publish, that in whole or in part contains or is derived from the Program or any part thereof, to be licensed as a whole at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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The original unzip source code has been extensively modified and almost entirely rewritten (changes include random zipfile access rather than sequential; replacement of unimplode() with explode(); replacement of old unshrink() with new (unrelated) unshrink(); replacement of output routines; addition of inflate(), wildcards, filename-mapping, text translation, ...; etc.). As far as we can tell, only the core code of the unreduce method remained substantially similar to Mr. Smith's original source. As of UnZip 5.42, the complete core code is now covered by the Info-ZIP License. Therefore, support for the reduce method has been removed. The drop of the reduce method should only affect some test archives, reducing was never used in any publically distributed Zip program. For pathologic cases where support for reduced archive entries is needed, the unreduce code copyrighted by Samuel H. Smith is available as a separate distribution (the restricted copyright of this code is cited below in the "historical" section).

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* 
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"He says that he thought that whoever contacted him understood that he has no objection to the Info-ZIP group's inclusion of his code. His primary concern is that it remain freely distributable, he said."

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Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application
to use the modified definitions.)

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will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at
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d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
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1.432 util-linux 2.23.2 :33.el7

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Initialize empty image
f1c9645dcb14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout--------
__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

Device Boot Start End Blocks Id System
-------------------
Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout--------
__ts_dev__: 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Boot</th>
<th>Start</th>
<th>End</th>
<th>Blocks</th>
<th>Id</th>
<th>System</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>__ts_dev__1</td>
<td>2048</td>
<td>4095</td>
<td>1024</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>Linux</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Create 2st primary partition
1b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8be8951a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout--------
| __ts_dev__ | 10 MB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors |
Units = sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x00000001

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Boot</th>
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<th>End</th>
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<td>2048</td>
<td>4095</td>
<td>1024</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>Linux</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>__ts_dev__2</td>
<td>4096</td>
<td>20479</td>
<td>8192</td>
<td>a5</td>
<td>FreeBSD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Create default BSD
2e1ceed529cb59e9341afe843f196a1 bsd.img

---layout--------
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):
4 partitions:
# start   end     size    ftype [fsize bsize cpg]
c: 4096   20479  16384   unused  0     0
d: 0      16064  16065   unused  0     0

BSD disklabel command (m for help):
Command (m for help):

---layout--------
b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):
4 partitions:
#   start   end     size     fstype     [fsise bsize cpg]
  a:  4096  6144    2049  4.2BSD     0   0   0
  c:  4096 20479  16384  unused     0   0   0
  d:   0   16064  16065  unused     0   0   0

BSD disklabel command (m for help):
Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help):

BSD disklabel command (m for help):
0  unused       5  4.1BSD     9  4.4LFS       d  boot
1  swap         6  Eighth Edition a  unknown     e  ADOS
2  Version 6    7  4.2BSD      b  HPFS        f  HFS
3  Version 7    8  MS-DOS      c  ISO-9660    10  AdvFS
4  System V

BSD disklabel command (m for help):
size: 8388608, sector size: 512, PT: dos, offset: 446, id=0x8f8378c0
---
#1:  32  7648  0x83
#2:  7680  8704  0xa5
#5:  7936  4864  0x7 (freebsd)
#6: 12544  3584  0x7 (freebsd)

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Note:

- If you are happy with Vim, please express that by reading the rest of this file and consider helping needy children in Uganda.

- If you want to support further Vim development consider becoming a [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.

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Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given.
Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

*donate*

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Further more, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:
Kibaale Children’s Centre
p.o. box 1658
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money:*iccf-donations*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See [iccf] for the URL.
USA: The methods mentioned below can be used. Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt. For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly. Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship. Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy 10238-168 Street Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4 Canada Phone: 604-581-5353 If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse. This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland. Postbank, nr. 4548774 IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return. Check the ICCF web site for the latest information: http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift code and IBAN number. Any other method should work. Ask for information about sponsorship.

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For amounts above 400 Euro ($500) sending a check is preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:

- Postbank, account 4548774
Swift code: INGB NL 2A
IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74
under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse
  If that doesn't work:
  Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117
Swift code: RABO NL 2U
under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse

Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address below. Minimal amount: $70 (my bank does not accept smaller amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:
Bram Moolenaar
Finsterrueihof 1
8134 Adliswil
Switzerland

This address is expected to be valid for a long time.

vim:tw=78:ts=8:ft=help:norl:
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1.438 which 2.20

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