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1.1 zlib 1.2.8

1.1.1 Available under license:

/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017

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*/

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1.2 ipsec-tools 0.8.1
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/*$NetBSD: debug.h,v 1.5 2008/12/23 14:03:12 tteras Exp $*/

/* Id: debug.h,v 1.3 2004/06/11 16:00:16 ludvigm Exp */

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The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work
for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source
form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official
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(kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system
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produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

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work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to
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This code is derived from section 17.1 of Applied Cryptography, second edition, which describes a stream cipher allegedly compatible with RSA Labs "RC4" cipher (the actual description of which is a trade secret). The same algorithm is used as a stream cipher called "arcfour" in Tatu Ylonen's ssh package.

Here the stream cipher has been modified always to include the time when initializing the state. That makes it impossible to regenerate the same random sequence twice, so this can't be used for encryption, but will generate good random numbers.

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Equivalent code is available from RSA Data Security, Inc. This code has been tested against that, and is equivalent, except that you don't need to include two pages of legalese with every copy.

To compute the message digest of a chunk of bytes, declare an MD5Context structure, pass it to MD5Init, call MD5Update as
needed on buffers full of bytes, and then call MD5Final, which will fill a supplied 16-byte array with the digest.

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Here the stream cipher has been modified always to include the time when initializing the state. That makes it impossible to regenerate the same random sequence twice, so this can't be used for encryption, but will generate good random numbers.

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1.13 linux-kernel 4.1.8

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/* nicstar.c  v0.22  Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
 * nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
 *
 * Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
 * http://www.hypermall.com/
 * 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
 *    interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
 * 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
 * and spelling mistakes.
 * 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
 *    loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
 *    re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
 *
 * Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
 *
 * R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
 *
 * Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICSTAR PCI ATM controller.
 * PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
 * see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
 * expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
 * (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
 *
 * Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
 * IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
 * as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
 * the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
 * Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
 * SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
 * copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
 * Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
 * buffers. This is done by 2 things:
 * 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
 *    combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
 *    recycle large data buffers
 * 2) skb_clone of received buffers
 * See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
 * details.
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M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

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for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

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for their continuing work on the DVB driver

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for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

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for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
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for the nxt2004 frontend driver

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for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a
single nxt200x frontend driver.

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1.16 ppp-mod-pptp 0.8.5
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1.20 firmware 1-1

1.21 ldconfig 2.19-1

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@page
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 */

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 *
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 *
 */

#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <getopt.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <dirent.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <syslog.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <string.h>

#define PATH_SIZE 512

#ifndef strlcpy
#define strlcpy(d,s,l) (strncpy(d,s,l), (d)[(l)-1] = '\0')
#endif

#ifndef strlcat
#define strlcat(d,s,l) strncat(d,s,(l)-strlen(d)-1)
#endif

static int verbose;
static int dry_run;

static void log_message(int priority, const char *format, ...)
{
    va_list args;
    va_start(args, format);
    vsyslog(priority, format, args);
    va_end(args);
}

#undef err
#define err(format, arg...)                         \
    do {                                    \
        log_message(LOG_ERR ,"%s: " format ,__FUNCTION__ ,## arg); \
    } while (0)

#undef info
#define info(format, arg...)                            \
    do {                                    \
        log_message(LOG_INFO ,"%s: " format ,__FUNCTION__ ,## arg); \
    } while (0)

#ifdef DEBUG
#undef dbg
#define dbg(format, arg...)                         \
    do {                                    \
        log_message(LOG_DEBUG ,"%s: " format ,__FUNCTION__ ,## arg); \
    } while (0)
#else
#define dbg(...) do {} while(0)
#endif
static void trigger_uevent(const char *devpath)
{
    char filename[PATH_SIZE];
    int fd;

    strlcpy(filename, "/sys", sizeof(filename));
    strlcat(filename, devpath, sizeof(filename));
    strlcat(filename, "/uevent", sizeof(filename));

    if (verbose)
        printf("%s\n", devpath);

    if (dry_run)
        return;

    fd = open(filename, O_WRONLY);
    if (fd < 0) {
        dbg("error on opening %s: %s\n", filename, strerror(errno));
        return;
    }

    if (write(fd, "add", 3) < 0)
        info("error on triggering %s: %s\n", filename, strerror(errno));

    close(fd);
}

static int sysfs_resolve_link(char *devpath, size_t size)
{
    char link_path[PATH_SIZE];
    char link_target[PATH_SIZE];
    int len;
    int i;
    int back;

    strlcpy(link_path, "/sys", sizeof(link_path));
    strlcat(link_path, devpath, sizeof(link_path));
    len = readlink(link_path, link_target, sizeof(link_target));
    if (len <= 0)
        return -1;
    link_target[len] = '\0';
    dbg("path link '%s' points to '%s'\n", devpath, link_target);

    for (back = 0; strncmp(&link_target[back * 3], "./", 3) == 0; back++)
        ;
    dbg("base '%s', tail '%s', back %i\n", devpath, &link_target[back * 3], back);
for (i = 0; i <= back; i++) {
    char *pos = strrchr(devpath, '/');

    if (pos == NULL)
        return -1;
    pos[0] = '\0';
}?
    dbg("after moving back '%s', devpath");
    strlcat(devpath, "/", size);
    strlcat(devpath, &link_target[back * 3], size);
    return 0;
}

static bool device_has_attribute(const char *path, const char *attr, mode_t mode) {
    char filename[PATH_SIZE];
    struct stat statbuf;

    strlcpy(filename, path, sizeof(filename));
    strlcat(filename, attr, sizeof(filename));

    if (stat(filename, &statbuf) < 0)
        return false;
    if (!(statbuf.st_mode & mode))
        return false;

    return true;
}

static int device_list_insert(const char *path) {
    char devpath[PATH_SIZE];
    struct stat statbuf;

    dbg("add '%s' . path");

    /* we only have a device, if we have a dev and an uevent file */
    if (!device_has_attribute(path, "/dev", S_IRUSR) ||
        !device_has_attribute(path, "/uevent", S_IWUSR))
        return -1;

    strlcpy(devpath, &path[4], sizeof(devpath));

    /* resolve possible link to real target */
    if (lstat(path, &statbuf) < 0)
        return -1;
if (S_ISLNK(statbuf.st_mode))
if (sysfs_resolve_link(devpath, sizeof(devpath)) != 0)
    return -1;

trigger_uevent(devpath);
return 0;
}

static void scan_subdir(const char *base, const char *subdir,
    bool insert, int depth)
{
    DIR *dir;
    struct dirent *dent;

dir = opendir(base);
if (dir == NULL)
    return;
for (dent = readdir(dir); dent != NULL; dent = readdir(dir)) {
    char dirname[PATH_SIZE];
    if (dent->d_name[0] == '.
        continue;
    strlcpy(dirname, base, sizeof(dirname));
    strlcat(dirname, "/", sizeof(dirname));
    strlcat(dirname, dent->d_name, sizeof(dirname));
    if (insert) {
        int err;
        err = device_list_insert(dirname);
        if (err)
            continue;
    }
    if (subdir)
        strlcat(dirname, subdir, sizeof(base));
    if (depth)
        scan_subdir(dirname, NULL, true, depth - 1);
    }
closedir(dir);
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[], char *envp[])
{
struct stat statbuf;
int option;

openlog("udevtrigger", LOG_PID | LOG_CONS, LOG_DAEMON);

while (1) {
    option = getopt(argc, argv, "vnh");
    if (option == -1)
        break;

    switch (option) {
    case 'v':
        verbose = 1;
        break;
    case 'n':
        dry_run = 1;
        break;
    case 'h':
        printf("Usage: udevtrigger OPTIONS\n"
               "  -v                     print the list of devices while running\n"
               "  -n                     do not actually trigger the events\n"
               "  -h                     print this text\n"
               "\n");
        goto exit;
    default:
        goto exit;
    }

    /* if we have /sys/subsystem, forget all the old stuff */
    scan_subdir("/sys/bus", "/devices", false, 1);
    scan_subdir("/sys/class", NULL, false, 1);

    /* scan "block" if it isn't a "class" */
    if (stat("/sys/class/block", &statbuf) != 0)
        scan_subdir("/sys/block", NULL, true, 1);

    exit:

closelog();
return 0;
}
/*
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1.26 libdaemon 0.14

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BUILD= license_db.html

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(This file is under construction.)

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+++++++++++++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.
Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.
The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means
all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated
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in the event an application does not supply such function or
table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of
its purpose remains meaningful.

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a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any
application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.
If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the
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will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at
least three years, to give the same user the materials
specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more
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components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on
which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
the executable.

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@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
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@end enumerate

@ifex
@end iftex
@end ifinfo
@end page
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1.30 libnetfilter-conntrack 1.0.4

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1.31 glibc 2.19

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a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that
uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the
user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified
executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood
that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the
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to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the
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copy of the library already present on the user's computer system,
rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2)
will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at
least three years, to give the same user the materials
specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more
than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above
specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
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   b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
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Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

-------------------
Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1dc0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux

-------------------
Create 2st primary partition
1beb87248e05d6e4e626749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk label type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD

Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59e341afe0443f196a1 bs.d.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disk label type: bsd
Partitions: 4

Slice Start End Sectors Size Type Fsize Bsize Cpg
  c 4096 20479 16384 8M unused 0 0 0
d 0 16064 16065 7.9M unused 0 0 0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

-------------------
b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bs.d.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.
Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
Partitions: 4

Slice Start   End Sectors  Size    Type        Fsize Bsize Cpg
a    4096  6144    2049    1M  4.2BSD       0     0   0
b    6144 20479   16384    8M unused       0     0   0
c    4096 20479  16064   7.9M unused       0     0   0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

-------------------
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):

0  unused           5  4.1BSD           9  4.4LFS           d  boot
1  swap             6  Eighth Edition   a  unknown           e  ADOS
2  Version 6        7  4.2BSD           b  HPFS             f  HFS
3  Version 7        8  MS-DOS           c  ISO-9660        10  AdvFS
4  System V

Command (m for help):
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1.35 msmtp 1.6.1-3

1.35.1 Available under license:

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.40 libsmartcols 2.25.2-4
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Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout-------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

-------------------

Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace12978d00d1d16e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout-------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device   Boot Start   End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1   2048 4095  2048  1M 83 Linux

-------------------
Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device   Boot Start   End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1   2048 4095  2048  1M 83 Linux
<removed>2   4096 20479 16384  8M a5 FreeBSD

-------------------
Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afe0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start   End Sectors Size Type Fsize Bsize Cpg
Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

-------------------

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start   End Sectors  Size Type     Fsize Bsize Cpg
a   4096  6144    2049    1M 4.2BSD       0     0   0
c   4096 20479   16384    8M unused       0     0   0
d   0 16064   16065  7.9M unused       0     0   0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

-------------------

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.
Command (m for help):
0 unused      5 4.1BSD      9 4.4LFS      d boot
1 swap        6 Eighth Edition a unknown e ADOS
2 Version 6   7 4.2BSD      b HPFS       f HFS
3 Version 7   8 MS-DOS      c ISO-9660   10 AdvFS
4 System V

Command (m for help):  
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1.41 pcre 8.35
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included in the distribution is a set of C++ wrapper functions, and a 
just-in-time compiler that can be used to optimize pattern matching. These 
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THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

Written by: Philip Hazel
Email local part: ph10
Email domain: cam.ac.uk

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1.43 libjson-script 2015-06-14-d1c66ef1131d14f0ed197b368d03f71b964e45f8

1.44 6rd 2-1

1.45 blkid 2.25.2-4

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Initialize empty image
f1c9645db14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2ecf9 bsd.img

---layout---------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

-------------------
Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5e45d26 bsd.img

---layout---------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device  Boot  Start  End  Sectors  Size  Id  Type
<removed>1  2048  4095  2048  1M  83  Linux

------------------
Create 2st primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbd.img

---layout---------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD

-------------------

Create default BSD
2e1cee529ch59c9341afef0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout---------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>. Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them. Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start End Sectors Size Type Fsize Bsize Cpg
c 4096 20479 16384 8M unused 0 0 0
d 0 16064 16065 7.9M unused 0 0 0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start   End Sectors  Size Type    Fsize Bsize Cpg
  a   4096   6144    2048    1M 4.2BSD 0   0  0
  c   4096  20479   16384    8M unused    0    0  0
  d    0  16064   16065  7.9M unused    0    0  0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):

0    unused  5   4.1BSD  9   4.4LFS  d   boot
1   swap  6   Eighth Edition  a   unknown  e   ADOS
2  Version 6  7   4.2BSD  b   HPFS  f   HFS
3  Version 7  8   MS-DOS  c   ISO-9660  10  AdvFS
4   System V

Command (m for help):
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1.46 pamkrb 4.7

1.46.1 Available under license:

/*
 * Standard structure for PAM data.
 *
 * The PAM utility functions often need an initial argument that encapsulates
 * the PAM handle, some configuration information, and possibly a Kerberos
 * context. This header provides a standard structure definition.
 *
 * The individual PAM modules should provide a definition of the pam_config
 * struct appropriate to that module. None of the PAM utility functions need
 * to know what that configuration struct looks like.
 *
 * The canonical version of this file is maintained in the rra-c-util package,
 * which can be found at <http://www.eyrie.org/~eagle/software/rra-c-util/>.
 *
 * Written by Russ Allbery <eagle@eyrie.org>
 *
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tests/data/generate-krb5-conf tests/data/valgrind.supp
tests/docs/pod-spelling-t tests/docs/pod-t tests/fakepam/config.c
tests/fakepam/data.c tests/fakepam/general.c tests/fakepam/internal.h
tests/fakepam/kuserok.c tests/fakepam/logging.c tests/fakepam/pam.h
tests/fakepam/script.c tests/fakepam/script.h tests/pam-util/args-t.c
tests/pam-util/fakepam-t.c tests/pam-util/logging-t.c
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portable/pam.h portable/pam_syslog.c portable/pam_vsyslog.c
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portable/strlcpy.c portable/strndup.c portable/system.h
tests/pam-util/vector-t.c tests/portable/asprintf-t.c
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++++++++++++++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff
Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases
for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs
(which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for
making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means
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   d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

   (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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   b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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   d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must
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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the
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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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   a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

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make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that
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TERMS AND CONDITIONS

0. Definitions.

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To "modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work
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A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based
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To "propagate" a work means to do anything with it that, without
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To "convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other
departies to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through
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to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible
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extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the
work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If
the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a
menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source.

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

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You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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  b) The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to "keep intact all notices".

  c) You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.

  d) If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

  a) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.
b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

e) Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

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"Installation Information" for a User Product means any methods,
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suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object
code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because
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The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a
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the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a
network may be denied when the modification itself materially and
adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and
protocols for communication across the network.

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This code is derived from section 17.1 of Applied Cryptography, second edition, which describes a stream cipher allegedly compatible with RSA Labs "RC4" cipher (the actual description of which is a trade secret). The same algorithm is used as a stream cipher called "arcfour" in Tatu Ylonen's ssh package.

Here the stream cipher has been modified always to include the time when initializing the state. That makes it impossible to regenerate the same random sequence twice, so this can't be used for encryption, but will generate good random numbers.

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--

This code implements the MD5 message-digest algorithm. The algorithm is due to Ron Rivest. This code was written by Colin Plumb in 1993, no copyright is claimed. This code is in the public domain; do with it what you wish.

Equivalent code is available from RSA Data Security, Inc. This code has been tested against that, and is equivalent, except that you don't need to include two pages of legalese.
To compute the message digest of a chunk of bytes, declare an MD5Context structure, pass it to MD5Init, call MD5Update as needed on buffers full of bytes, and then call MD5Final, which will fill a supplied 16-byte array with the digest.

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1.54 wwan 2014-07-17-1

1.55 python 2.7.12
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# Module Name: dbShelve.py
#
# Description: A reimplementation of the standard shelve.py that
# forces the use of cPickle, and DB.
#
# Creation Date: 11/3/97 3:39:04PM
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unicodedata -- Provides access to the Unicode 5.1 data base.

Data was extracted from the Unicode 5.1 UnicodeData.txt file.

Written by Marc-Andre Lemburg (mal@lemburg.com).
Modified for Python 2.0 by Fredrik Lundh (fredrik@pythonware.com)
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In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see http://www.zope.com). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see http://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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--
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/* Random objects */

/* ------------------------------------------------------------------
The code in this module was based on a download from:

It was modified in 2002 by Raymond Hettinger as follows:

* the principal computational lines untouched except for tabbing.

* renamed genrand_res53() to random_random() and wrapped
  in python calling/return code.

* genrand_int32() and the helper functions, init_genrand()
  and init_by_array(), were declared static, wrapped in
  Python calling/return code. also, their global data
  references were replaced with structure references.

* unused functions from the original were deleted.
  new, original C python code was added to implement the
  Random() interface.

The following are the verbatim comments from the original code:

A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.
Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using init_genrand(seed)
or init_by_array(init_key, key_length).

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----------------------------------------------------------------------- */
# subprocess - Subprocesses with accessible I/O streams
#
# For more information about this module, see PEP 324.
#
# This module should remain compatible with Python 2.2, see PEP 291.
#
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# ElementTree
# $Id: ElementInclude.py 1862 2004-06-18 07:31:02Z Fredrik $
# limited xinclude support for element trees
#
# history:
# 2003-08-15 fl   created
# 2003-11-14 fl   fixed default loader
#
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#
# fredrik@pythonware.com
# http://www.pythonware.com
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#
# Modifications and improvements for Python 2.0 by Jeremy Hylton and
# Mark Hammond
#
# Some fixes to try to have correct line number on almost all nodes
# (except Module, Discard and Stmt) added by Sylvain Thenault
#
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IA64/unix Foreign Function Interface

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Mersenne Twister

----------
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A C-program for MT19937, with initialization improved 2002/1/26.
Coded by Takuji Nishimura and Makoto Matsumoto.

Before using, initialize the state by using init_genrand(seed)
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MD5 message digest algorithm

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L. Peter Deutsch  
ghost@aladdin.com

Independent implementation of MD5 (RFC 1321).

This code implements the MD5 Algorithm defined in RFC 1321, whose text is available at  
  http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt

The code is derived from the text of the RFC, including the test suite (section A.5) but excluding the rest of Appendix A. It does not include any code or documentation that is identified in the RFC as being copyrighted.

The original and principal author of md5.h is L. Peter Deutsch <ghost@aladdin.com>. Other authors are noted in the change history that follows (in reverse chronological order):

2002-04-13 lpd Removed support for non-ANSI compilers; removed references to Ghostscript; clarified derivation from RFC 1321; now handles byte order either statically or dynamically.
1999-11-04 lpd Edited comments slightly for automatic TOC extraction.
1999-10-18 lpd Fixed typo in header comment (ansi2knr rather than md5); added conditionalization for C++ compilation from Martin Purschke <purschke@bnl.gov>.
1999-05-03 lpd Original version.

Asynchronous socket services
----------------------------------

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UUencode and UUdecode functions

-------------------------------

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Modified by Jack Jansen, CWI, July 1995:
- Use binascii module to do the actual line-by-line conversion
  between ascii and binary. This results in a 1000-fold speedup. The C
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- Arguments more compliant with python standard

XML Remote Procedure Calls

--------------------------

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test_epoll
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/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
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Jean-loup Gailly        Mark Adler
jloup@gzip.org          madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for
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*/

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Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

-------------------

Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux

-------------------

Create 2st primary partition
1beb87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8df51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD
Create default BSD  
2e1cee529cb59e9341afe0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout---------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>. 
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors  
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders  
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes  
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
Disklabel type: bsd  
partitions: 4  

Slice Start   End Sectors  Size Type     Fsize Bsize Cpg  
c      4096 20479   16384    8M unused       0     0   0  
d         0 16064   16065  7.9M unused       0     0   0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.  

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.  

Command (m for help):

b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout---------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.  
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.  
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors  
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders  
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes  
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes  
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Slice</th>
<th>Start</th>
<th>End</th>
<th>Sectors</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Fsize</th>
<th>Bsize</th>
<th>Cpg</th>
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<td>4096</td>
<td>6144</td>
<td>2049</td>
<td>1M</td>
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<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c</td>
<td>4096</td>
<td>20479</td>
<td>16384</td>
<td>8M</td>
<td>unused</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>16064</td>
<td>16065</td>
<td>7.9M</td>
<td>unused</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):

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1.57 cjson 0.1

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1.58 libeventlog 0.2.13

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Tue May 24 20:33:23 CEST 2005

The original source can always be found at:
http://www.balabit.hu/downloads/syslog-ng/1.9/src/

Upstream Author: Scheidler Balazs <bazsi@balabit.hu>

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1.59 system 1

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c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

d) Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in
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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General
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concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which
must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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1.63 libgcc 4.8-linaro-1
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package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

//
import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
 */
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

    private static final String NAME = "copyright";
    private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

    public String getName() {
        return NAME;
    }

    public boolean inField() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inConstructor() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inMethod() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inOverview() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inPackage() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inType() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean isInlineTag() {
        return false;
    }

    public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
        CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
        tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
    }
}
public String toString(Tag tag) {
    return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
        return null;
    } else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
            if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                haveValidTag = true;
            }
        }
        if (haveValidTag) {
            StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
            result.append("<dl>");
            for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
                if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                    result.append("<dt><i>Copyright © " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
                }
            }
            result.append("</dl>");
            return result.toString();
        } else {
            return null;
        }
    }
}

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straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is
included without limitation in the term "modification").

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for
making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means
all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated
interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control
compilation and installation of the library.

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covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of
running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from
such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based
on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for
writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does
and what the program that uses the Library does.

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all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest
your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user’s computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact
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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
namespace java
{
namespace security
{
    class Permission;
    class PermissionCollection;
}
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
    Permission(::java::lang::String *);
    virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
    virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
    virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
    virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();
private:
    static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned((__alignof__( ::java::lang::Object))))) name;
public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

@endif // __java_security_Permission__
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
Copyright © 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.
@c man end
@end ignore
@node Copying
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
@unnumbered GNU General Public License
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@c This file is intended to be included in another file.
@display
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Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of
software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

@heading TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@enumerate 0
@item Definitions.

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A `covered work` means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

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To `convey` a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

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the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

@item Source Code.

The ``source code`` for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. ``Object code`` means any non-source form of a work.

A ``Standard Interface`` means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The ``System Libraries`` of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A ``Major Component``, in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The ``Corresponding Source`` for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

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@enumerate
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@item If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.
@end enumerate

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@enumerate a
@item Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

@item Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

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@item Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

@item Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of
the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

@end enumerate

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

A ``User Product'' is either (1) a ``consumer product'', which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, ``normally used'' refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.

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If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in ROM).

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or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

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/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects

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package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
 * This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
 * the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
 * and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The
 * actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
 * context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions
 * are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
 * something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning
 * within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no
 * actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission
 * or you don't.
 * 
 * <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This
 * checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
 * permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the
 * permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission
 * "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
 * file foo.
 * 
 * <p><code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their
 * state after creation.
 * 
 * @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
 * @see Permissions
 * @see PermissionCollection
 * @since 1.1
 * @status updated to 1.4
 */

public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
/**
 * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
 *
 * @serial the name of the permission
 */
private String name;

/**
 * Create an instance with the specified name.
 *
 * @param name the permission name
 */
public Permission(String name)
{
    this.name = name;
}

/**
 * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
 * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in
 * <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its
 * argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
 * or throws an exception if it fails.
 *
 * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
 * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
 * @see GuardedObject
 * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
 */
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
    SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
    if (sm != null)
        sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
 * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
 * specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
 *
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
 * than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
 * must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
 * the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 * @return a hash value
 */
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
 * Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>. 
 * @return the name
 */
public final String getName()
{
    return name;
}

/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();

/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
 * <code>implies</code>.
 *
* @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
* /
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
    return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
 * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
 * <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
 * + ')</code>.
 *
 * @return this object as a <code>String</code>
 * /
public String toString()
{
    CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

    string = string.append('(');
    string = string.append(getClass().getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getName());
    string = string.append(getActions());

    if (!(getActions().equals("")))
    {
        string = string.append(' ');
        string = string.append(getActions());
    }

    string = string.append(')');
    return string.toString();
} // class Permission

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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That's all there is to it!

<?dbhtml filename="appendix_gpl.html"?>

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Version 3, 29 June 2007
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<literal>show c</literal> should show the appropriate parts of
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" Automatically generated by Pod::Man 2.25 (Pod::Simple 3.16)

" Standard preamble:

=======================================================================
.de Sp " Vertical space (when we can't use .PP)
.if t .sp .5v
.if n .sp
..
.de Vb " Begin verbatim text
.ft CW
.nf
.ne \$1
..
.de Ve " End verbatim text
.ft R
.fi
..
" Set up some character translations and predefined strings. `-- will
" give an unbreakable dash, `PI will give pi, `L" will give a left
" double quote, and `R" will give a right double quote. `C+ will
" give a nicer C++. Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and
" therefore won't be available. `C- and `C' expand to `" in nroff,
" nothing in troff, for use with C<>.
.tr \(*W-.
.ds C+ C\v-.1v\h'-1p\v-2+\h'-1p+\v0\v'.1v\h'-1p'
.ie n \{
 . ds -- \(*W-.
 . ds PI pi
 . if \Cn\H=4u&\Cm=24u . ds -- \(*W\h'-12u\(*W\h'-12u\)\" diablo 10 pitch
 . if \Cn\H=4u&\Cm=20u . ds -- \(*W\h'-12u\(*W\h'-8u\)\" diablo 12 pitch
 . ds L" 
 . ds R" 
 . ds C" 
 . ds C' 
 'br\}
.cf \{
 . ds -- \(|em|]
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Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff’s Unicode transform.

If the F register is turned on, we’ll generate index entries on stderr for titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index entries marked with X<> in POD. Of course, you’ll have to process the output yourself in some meaningful fashion.

Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).

Fear. Run. Save yourself. No user-serviceable parts.

fudge factors for nroff and troff

f simple accents for nroff and troff
IX Title "GPL 7"
.TH GPL 7 "2014-04-01" gcc-4.8.3 "GNU"

For nroff, turn off justification. Always turn off hyphenation; it makes way too many mistakes in technical documents.

" corrections for vroff
.if v .ds ~ \k:h-(\n(wu*9/10-\*(#H)\s-2\u-u\s+2\h]|\n:u'
.if v .ds ^ \k:h-(\n(wu*10/11-\*(#H)\v-.4\m\v-.4\m\h]|\n:u'

V for low resolution devices (crt and lpr)
.if \n(H>23 .if \n(V>19 \n
" corrections for vroff
.if v .ds ~ \k:h-(\n(wu*9/10-\*(#H)\s-2\u-u\s+2\h]|\n:u'
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_SS "\`-1TERMS\`0 \`-1AND\`0 \`-1CONDITIONS\`0"

IX Subsection "TERMS AND CONDITIONS"

IP "0. Definitions."

IX Item "0. Definitions."

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&ls-1CORRECTIONls0.
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&ls-1INSls0 ls-1NOls0 ls-1EVENTls0 ls-1UNLESSls0 ls-1REQUIREDls0 ls-1BYls0 ls-1APPLICABLEls0 ls-1LAWls0 ls-1ORls0 ls-1AGREEDls0 ls-1TOls0 ls-1INls0 ls-1WRITINGls0
&ls-1Ils0 ls-1ANYls0 ls-1COPYRIGHTls0 ls-1HOLDERls0, ls-1ORls0 ls-1ANYls0 ls-1OTHERls0 ls-1PARTYls0 ls-1WHOls0 ls-1MODIFIESls0 ls-1AND/ORls0
&ls-1CONVEYSls0 ls-1THEls0 ls-1PROGRAMls0 ls-1ASls0 ls-1PERMITTEDls0 ls-1ABOVEls0, ls-1BEls0 ls-1LIABLEls0 ls-1TOls0 ls-1YOUls0 ls-1FORls0 ls-1DAMAGESls0,
&ls-1INCLUDINGls0 ls-1ANYls0 ls-1GENERALls0, ls-1SPECIALls0, ls-1INCIDENTALls0 ls-1ORls0 ls-1CONSEQUENTIALls0 ls-1DAMAGESls0
&ls-1ARISINGls0 ls-1OUTls0 ls-1OFls0 ls-1THEls0 ls-1USEls0 ls-1ORls0 ls-1INABILITYls0 ls-1TOls0 ls-1USEls0 ls-1THEls0 ls-1PROGRAMls0 ls-1INCLUDINGls0 ls-1BUTls0
&ls-1NOTls0 ls-1LIMITEDls0 ls-1TOls0 ls-1LOSSls0 ls-1OFls0 ls-1DATAls0 ls-1ORls0 ls-1DATAls0 ls-1BEINGls0 ls-1RENDEREDls0 ls-1INACCURATEls0 ls-1ORls0
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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The "Compilation Process" transforms code entirely represented in non-intermediate languages designed for human-written code, and/or in Java Virtual Machine byte code, into Target Code. Thus, for example, use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered part of the Compilation Process, since the Compilation Process can be understood as starting with the output of the generators or preprocessors.

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<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd"><html
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<title>License</title><meta name="generator" content="DocBook XSL-NS Stylesheets V1.78.1" />
<meta name="keywords" content="ISO C++, library" />
<meta name="keywords" content="ISO C++, runtime, library" />
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<link rel="up" href="/Chapter1.Status.html" title="Chapter1.Status" />
<link rel="next" href="/bugs.html" title="Bugs" />
<body><div class="navheader"><table width="100%" summary="Navigation header"><tr><th width="20%" align="left"><a accesskey="p" href="/status.html">Prev</a></th><th width="60%" align="center">Chapter1.Status</th><td width="20%" align="right"><a accesskey="n" href="/bugs.html">Next</a></td></tr></table><hr /></div><div class="section"><div class="titlepage"><div><div><h2 class="title" style="clear: both"><a id="manual.intro.status.license.gpl"></a>License</h2></div></div></div><p>There are two licenses affecting GNU libstdc++: one for the code, and one for the documentation.</p><div class="section"><div class="titlepage"><div><div><h3 class="title"><a id="manual.intro.status.license.gpl.gpl"></a>The Code: GPL</h3></div></div></div><p>The source code is distributed under the <a class="link" href="/appendix_gpl.html" title="AppendixD. GNU General Public License version 3">GNU General Public License version 3</a>, with the addition under section 7 of an exception described in the <a class="link" href="/manual.intro.status.license.gpl.html" title="AppendixD. GNU General Public License version 3">GCC Runtime Library Exception, version 3.1</a>, as follows (or see the file COPYING.RUNTIME):
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Version 3.1, March 2009

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use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered.
Part of the Compilation Process, since the Compilation Process can be...
understood as starting with the output of the generators or preprocessors. 

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#
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#
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.
#
# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
#   Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted. You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved. So:
#
#   update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years). On the other hand:
#
#   update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run. There's already a separate procedure for that.

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0

    def report(self, filename, string):
        if filename:
            string = filename + ': ' + string
        sys.stderr.write(string + '
')
        self.num_errors += 1

    def ok(self):
        return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
    def __init__(self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
        self.own_files = set()

        self.skip_files |= set(['
            # Skip licence files.
            'COPYING',
            'COPYING.LIB',
            'COPYING3',
            'COPYING3.LIB',
            'LICENSE',
            'fdl.texi',
            'gpl_v3.texi',
            'fdl-1.3.xml',
            'gpl-3.0.xml',

            # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
            'aclocal.m4',
            'configure',
            'config-guess',
            'config.sub',
            'depcomp',
            'install-sh',
            'libtool.m4',
            'ltmain.sh',
            'lt options.m4',
            'lt sugar.m4',

        'aclocal.m4',
            'configure',
            'config-guess',
            'config-sub',
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            'config-sub',
            'depcomp',
            'install-sh',
            'libtool.m4',
            'ltmain.sh',
            'lt options.m4',
            'lt sugar.m4',

def get_line_filter(self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile(r'	')
    return None

def skip_file(self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True
    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext(os.path.join(dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True
    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists(base + '.am'):
            return True
    # Skip files produced by autogen
    if (os.path.exists(base + '.def')
        and os.path.exists(base + '.tpl')):
        return True
    # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
    if filename == 'configure':
        if os.path.exists(base + '.ac'):
return True
if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
    return True
return False

def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True
    # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True
    return False

def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years. Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = '[0-9]([-0-9,.\s]+and[\s]+)*[0-9]'

        # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
        name = '\w,.-'

        # Matches one year.
        self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

        # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
        self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '|' + name)

        # Matches a full copyright notice:
        self.copyright_re = re.compile (
            # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
            '\([Cc]\)opyright'
            '\([Cc]\)opyright|\([Cc]\)opyrights+\{\([Cc]\)\}\)
            '\([Cc]\)opyright|\([Cc]\)opyrights+\%s'
            '\([Cc]\)opyrights+copy,'
            '\([Cc]\)opyrights+@copyright\{ \}
            '@sets+copyright\[w-]+')

        # 2: the years. Include the whitespace in the year, so that
        # we can remove any excess.
'(\s*\(?\s*\)\s*\)?)'

# 3: 'by ', if used
'(by\s+)'?

# 4: the copyright holder. Don't allow multiple consecutive
# spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
# (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
'(\s+name + (?:\s?\s+name + )*?)'

# A regexp for notices that might have slipped by. Just matching
# 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
# HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
self.other_copyright_re = re.compile('copyright.*[0-9][0-9]', re.IGNORECASE)

self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')

self.holders = {'@copying': '@copying' }
self.holder_prefixes = set()

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
self.use_quilt = False

# If set, force all notices to include this year.
self.max_year = None

# Goes after the year(s). Could be ',', .
self.separator = ','

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')  
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add(holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (',', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__ (self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__ (self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year
def parse_year (self, string):
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
        elif len (string) == 4:
            return year
    raise self.BadYear (string)

def year_range (self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
    assert len (year_list) > 0
    return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith ('@value '):
        return years
    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)
    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
        max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)
    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
def update_copyright(self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join(dir, filename)

    intro = match.group(1)
    if intro.startswith('@set '):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end(2):].strip()
        if after_years != ':
            self.errors.report(pathname,
                'trailing characters in @set: '
                + after_years)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    else:
        # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
        while not self.is_complete(match):
            try:
                next_line = file.next()
            except StopIteration:
                break
            # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
            # assume that what we've got is complete.
            continuation = self.strip_continuation(next_line)
            if not self.continuation_re.match(continuation):
                break
            # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
            orig_line += next_line
            line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
            next_line = None

        # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
        match = self.copyright_re.match(line, match.start())
        assert match

        holder = match.group(4)

        # Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
        if filter.by_package_author(dir, filename):
            assert holder not in self.holders
        elif not holder:
self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
return (False, orig_line, next_line)

elif holder not in self.holders:
    self.errors.report (pathname,
    'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

else:
    # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
    # author.
    canon_form = self.holders[holder]
    if not canon_form:
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
    line = (line[:match.start (4)]
    + canon_form
    + line[match.end (4):])

    # Remove any 'by'
    line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

    # Update the copyright years.
    years = match.group (2).strip()
    try:
        canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
    except self.BadYear as e:
        self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    line = (line[:match.start (2)]
    + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
    + line[match.end (2):])

    # Use the standard (C) form.
    if intro.endswith ('right'):
        intro += ' (C)'
    elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
        intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
    line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

    # Strip trailing whitespace
    line = line.rstrip() + '

    return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
    # Looks like something we tried to create before.
    try:
        os.remove (pathname)
    except OSError:
        pass
    return

lines = []
changed = False
line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
    prev = None
    for line in file:
        next_line = None
        # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
        if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
            match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
            if match:
                res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter, file, line, match)
                (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                changed = changed or this_changed
        # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
        elif self.other_copyright_re.search (line):
            self.errors.report (pathname, 'unrecognised copyright: %s' % line.strip())
            lines.append (line)
        line = next_line

# If something changed, write the new file out.
if changed and self.errors.ok():
    tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
    with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
        for line in lines:
            file.write (line)
        if self.use_quilt:
            subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
        os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
    del subdirs[i]

# Handle the files in this directory.
for filename in filenames:
    if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
        sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s\n' % os.path.join (dir, filename))
    else:
        self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()
        self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
        self.dirs = []
        self.default_dirs = []
        self.chosen_dirs = []
        self.option_handlers = dict()
        self.option_help = []

        self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
        self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                        self.o_quilt)
        self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                        self.o_this_year)

    def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
        self.option_help.append ((name, help))
        self.option_handlers[name] = handler

    def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
        self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

    def o_help (self, option = None):
        sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n' % sys.argv[0])
        format = '%-15s %s\n'
        for (what, help) in self.option_help:
            sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
        sys.stdout.write ('\nDirectories:\n')

        format = '%-25s'
        i = 0
        for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
            i += 1
            if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
                sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
else:
    sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
    sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[1:] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
        else:
            self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
    if self.errors.ok():
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.o_help()
        else:
            for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
                canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, '')
                count = 0
                for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                    if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                        count += 1
                        self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
                if count == 0:
                    self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: ' + chosen_dir)
                sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#--------------------------------------------------------------

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)
    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
with open (pathname) as file:
    # Skip files imported from gettext.
    if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
        return True

return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set (
            # Not part of GCC
            'math-68881.h',
        )

        self.skip_dirs |= set (
            # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
            'ada',

            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        )

        self.skip_extensions |= set (
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        )

        self.fossilised_files |= set (
            # Old news won't be updated.
            'ONEWS',
        )

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set (
            # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',
            '.cc',
            '.h',
            '.hs',
        )
def skip_file(self, dir, filename):
    # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
    # and isn't updated.
    if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename(dir) == 'g++.niklas':
        return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file(self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        ])

class LibGCCFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set([
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
        ])

class LibJavaFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',

            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
        ])

def get_line_filter(self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
        return re.compile('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
    if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
        return re.compile('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter(self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set([#
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        ])

class LibStdCxxFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_files |= set([#
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
        ])

        self.skip_dirs |= set([#
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',

            # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
            'data',

            # Contains imported images
            'images',
        ])

        self.own_files |= set([#
            # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
            'spine.xml',
        ])

    def get_line_filter(self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
            return re.compile('// (C) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter(self, dir, filename)
class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
    def __init__(self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__(self, errors)

        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'

        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

        self.add_external_author ('ARM')
        self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
        self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
        self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
        self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
        self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
        self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
        self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
        self.add_external_author ('Information Technology Industry Council.')
        self.add_external_author ('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
        self.add_external_author ('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
        self.add_external_author ('National Research Council of Canada.')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
        self.add_external_author ('Peter Dimov')
        self.add_external_author ('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('Silicon Graphics')
        self.add_external_author ('Stephen L. Moshier')
        self.add_external_author ('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_external_author ('The Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_external_author ('Unicode, Inc.')
        self.add_external_author ('University of Toronto.')</class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
    def __init__(self):
        CmdLine.__init__(self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())

        # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir('config', ConfigFilter())
# contrib isn't really part of GCC.
self.add_dir('fixincludes')
self.add_dir('gcc', GCCFilter())
self.add_dir(os.path.join('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir('gnattools')
self.add_dir('include')
self.add_dir('libada')
self.add_dir('libatomic')
self.add_dir('libbacktrace')
self.add_dir('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
self.add_dir('libdecnumber')
# libffi is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
self.add_dir('libgfortran')
self.add_dir('libgomp')
self.add_dir('libiberty')
self.add_dir('libitm')
self.add_dir('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
self.add_dir(os.path.join('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
self.add_dir(os.path.join('libmudflap', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir('libobjc')
self.add_dir('libquadmath')
# libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir('libssp')
self.add_dir(os.path.join('libstdc++-v3', 'LibStdCxxFilter'))
self.add_dir('lto-plugin')
# zlib is imported from upstream.

self.default_dirs = ['gcc',
'libada',
'libatomic',
'libbacktrace',
'libcpp',
'libdecnumber',
'libgcc',
'libgfortran',
'libgomp',
'libiberty',
'libitm',
'libmudflap',
'libobjc',
'libstdc++-v3',
]

GCCCmdLine().main()
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Directory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mach_override</td>
<td>lib/interception/mach_override</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@ignore</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@c Set file name and title for man page.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@setfilename gfdl</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@settitle GNU Free Documentation License</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@c man begin SEEALSO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gpl(7), fsf-funding(7).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@c man end</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@c man begin COPYRIGHT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>@uref{<a href="http://fsf.org/%7D">http://fsf.org/}</a></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.
HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Criddig (Regis.Criddig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code. Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port. Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.

Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.

Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied Linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks(ace@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.

Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson (brent@jas.sd.ssd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).

Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).

Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port. David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements. Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)
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/**
 * This interface provides information about a permission that can be granted. Note that this is <em>not</em> the same as the class <code>java.security.Permission</code>.  
 *  
 * @version 0.0  
 *  
 * @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)  
 */
public interface Permission  
{
  /**
   * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code> (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
   *
   * @param perm The permission to check for equality
   *
   * @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
   */
  boolean equals (Object perm);

  /**
   * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
   *
   * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
   */
}
/
String toString();
}
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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using underscores, we are using prefix `.s to identify labels that should be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */
#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
  #define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This is how to output an assembler line
   that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE)  
    fprintf (FILE, "\t.space HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED\"n\", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
   to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  
    ( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)),
      assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
      fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
   to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  
    ( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
      assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
      fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT)  
    ( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
      assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
      fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
   that says to advance the location counter
to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG)  
    if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))
/* This is how to store into the string BUF
the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER)
    sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */
#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0

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#define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface
#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
namespace gnu
{
namespace javax
{
namespace sound
{
    class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
}
}
}

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{

    AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);

public:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;

private:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;

public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

1.64 usb-modeswitch 2014-08-26

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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========

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If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
Copyright (C) 19yy <name of author>

This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this
when it starts in an interactive mode:

Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19yy name of author
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type 'show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type 'show c' for details.

The hypothetical commands 'show w' and 'show c' should show the appropriate
parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may
be called something other than 'show w' and 'show c'; they could even be
mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your
school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if
necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into
proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may
consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the
library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Library General
Public License instead of this License.

1.69 libmnl 1.0.3
1.69.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

Preamble

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When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

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We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original
Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.
Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that
you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.
Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application
to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library 'Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.70 libffi 3.0.13
1.70.1 Available under license:

#!/bin/sh

# Script to translate LDFLAGS into a form suitable for use with libtool.

# Copyright (C) 2005 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
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# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or
# (at your option) any later version.
#
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those...
products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

0. Definitions.

"This License" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License.

"Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

"The Program" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this License. Each licensee is addressed as "you". "Licensees" and "recipients" may be individuals or organizations.

To "modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a "modified version" of the earlier work or a work "based on" the earlier work.

A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

To "propagate" a work means to do anything with it that, without permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with or without modification), making available to the public, and in some countries other activities as well.

To "convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

An interactive user interface displays "Appropriate Legal Notices" to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible
feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells
the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent
that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work
under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the
interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a
menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.


The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work
for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source
form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official
standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of
interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that
is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other
than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of
packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major
Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that
Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an
implementation is available to the public in source code form. A
"Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component
(kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system
(if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to
produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all
the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable
work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to
control those activities. However, it does not include the work's
System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free
programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but
which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source
includes interface definition files associated with source files for
the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically
linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require,
such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those
subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users
can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding
Source.

The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that
same work.
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## 1.76 libtree 1.0.0

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Found in path(s):
* /opt/cola/permits/1257742428_1643005427.02/0/libtree-1-0-0-tar-gz/libtree-1.0.0/setup.py

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Metadata-Version: 1.1
Name: libtree
Version: 1.0.0
Summary: Postgres-based library to handle and persist wide trees
Home-page: https://github.com/conceptsandtraining/libtree
Author: Fabian Kochem
1.77 chat 2.4.5

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1.80 ppp 2.4.5

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* Updated to ppp-2.4.1 by Bernhard Kaindl
* Updated to ppp-2.4.2 by David Woodhouse 2004.
* - disconnect method added
* - remove_options() abuse removed.
*
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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/Makefile.linux
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/radattr.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/common.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/debug.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/discovery.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/if.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/rp-pppoe/Makefile.linux
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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/clientid.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/config.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/dict.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/includes.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/ip_util.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/lock.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/options.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/pathnames.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/radiusclient.h
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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/includes.h
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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/pathnames.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/radiusclient.h
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ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/includes.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/ip_util.c
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/pathnames.h
ppp-2.4.5/pppd/plugins/radius/radiusclient.h
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[...] Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.

Samba utility functions

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session.c - PPP session control.

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* for Linux using kernel pppol2tp support.
* * Requires kernel pppol2tp driver which is integrated into the kernel
* from 2.6.23 onwards. For earlier kernels, a version can be obtained
* from the OpenL2TP project at
* http://www.sourceforge.net/projects/openl2tp/
* Original by Martijn van Oosterhout <kleptog@svana.org>
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The following people have worked to translate sudo into other
languages:

Blittermann, Mario
Bogusz, Jakub
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1.84 libpam 1.1.8
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/* mkhomedir_helper - helper for pam_mkhomedir module

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Originally written by Jason Gunthorpe <jgg@debian.org> Feb 1999
Structure taken from pam_lastlogin by Andrew Morgan
 <morgan@parc.power.net> 1996
*/
/* By Tim Baverstock <warwick@mmm.co.uk>, Multi Media Machine Ltd.
* 5 March 1997
* * Stuff stolen from pam_rootok and pam_listfile
* *
* Changes by Tomas Mraz <tmraz@redhat.com> 5 January 2005, 26 January 2006
* Audit option added for Tomas patch by Sebastien Tricaud <toady@gscore.org> 13 January 2005
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* PAM module that sets the login uid introduced in kernel 2.6.11
*/

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A module for Linux-PAM that will set the default namespace after establishing a session via PAM.

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1.88 liblocaldb 1

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import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.util.param.Tag;

/**
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
 */
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

    private static final String NAME = "copyright"
    private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:

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    /**
     * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
     */
    public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

        private static final String NAME = "copyright"
        private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:"


public String getName() {
    return NAME;
}

public boolean inField() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inConstructor() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inMethod() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inOverview() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inPackage() {
    return true;
}

public boolean inType() {
    return true;
}

public boolean isInlineTag() {
    return false;
}

public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
    CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
    tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
}

public String toString(Tag tag) {
    return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
        return null;
    } else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
            haveValidTag = true;
        }
    }
}
if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
    haveValidTag = true;
}

if (haveValidTag) {
    StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
    result.append("<dl>");
    for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
        if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
            result.append("<dt><i>Copyright © " + tags[i].text() + "&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;<i>&#169; " + tags[i].text() + "&nbsp;&nbsp;&nbsp;</i></dt>");
        }
    }
    result.append("</dl>");
    return result.toString();
} else {
    return null;
}
}

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That's all there is to it!

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*. c++ -*.-

 ifndef __java_security_Permission__
 define __java_security_Permission__

 #pragma interface

 #include <java/lang/Object.h>
 extern "Java"
 {
  namespace java
   {
    namespace security
     {
      class Permission;
      class PermissionCollection;
     }
   }
 }
class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
    Permission(::java::lang::String *);
    virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
    virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
    virtual jboolean equals(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
    virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
    virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();

private:
    static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
    ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__(::java::lang::Object)))) name;

public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

@endif // __java_security_Permission__
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
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@heading TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@enumerate 0
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@item Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

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@end c man

/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects

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exception statement from your version. */

package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
 * This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
 * the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
 * and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The
 * actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
 * context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions
 * are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
 * something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning
 * within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no
 * actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission
 * or you don't.
 * *
 * <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This
 * checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
 * permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the
 * permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission
 * "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
 * file foo.
 */
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable {

    private static final long serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674L;

    /**
     * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
     *
     * @serial the name of the permission
     */
    private String name;

    /**
     * Create an instance with the specified name.
     *
     * @param name the permission name
     */
    public Permission(String name) {
        this.name = name;
    }

    /**
     * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
     * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in
     * <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its
     * argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
     * or throws an exception if it fails.
     *
     * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
     * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
     * @see GuardedObject
     * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
     */
    public void checkGuard(Object obj) {
    }
SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
if (sm != null)
    sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
* This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
* specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
* @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
* @return true if perm is implied by this
*/
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
* Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
* than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
* @param obj the object to compare to
*/
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
* This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
* must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
* the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
* @return a hash value
*/
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
* Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
* @return the name
*/
public final String getName()
{
    return name;
}

/**
* This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
* as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
* example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
* <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
* "read,write".
*
* @return the action list for this `<code>Permission</code>`
*/
public abstract String getActions();

/**
 * This method returns an empty `<code>PermissionCollection</code>` object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or `<code>null</code>` if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
 * `<code>implies</code>`.
 *
 * @return a new `<code>PermissionCollection</code>`
 */
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
    return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a `<code>String</code>` representation of this
 * `<code>Permission</code>` object. This is in the format:
 * `<code>('(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
 * + ')')</code>`.
 *
 * @return this object as a `<code>String</code>`
 */
public String toString()
{
    CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

    string = string.append('(');
    string = string.append(getClass().getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getActions());
    string = string.append(')');

    if (!getActions().equals(""))
    {
        string = string.append(' ');
        string = string.append(getActions());
    }

    string = string.append(')');
    return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission

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Automatically generated by Pod::Man 2.25 (Pod::Simple 3.16)

Standard preamble:

Set up some character translations and predefined strings. \*(-- will give an unbreakable dash, \*(PI will give pi, \*(L" will give a left double quote, and \*(R" will give a right double quote. \*(C+ will give a nicer C++. Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and therefore won't be available. \*(C" and \*(C' expand to `` in nroff, nothing in troff, for use with C<>.

\tr \n/(W-
\ds C+ C1\v\'-1\v'\'-1p\'-2+\v'\'-1p'+\s0\v',1\v'\'-1p'
\ie n \{
  \ds -- /(W-
. ds PI pi
.if \(\text{H} = 4u\)&(1m=24u) .ds -- \(*W\h'\-12u\)(*W\h'\-12u'\-\)
diablo 10 pitch
.if \(\text{H} = 4u\)\&(1m=20u) .ds -- \(*W\h'\-12u\)(*W\h'\-8u'\-\)
diablo 12 pitch
. ds L" "
. ds R" "
. ds C" "
. ds C' "'
\{br\}
.\{\}
. ds -- \|\(em|}
. ds PI \(*p
. ds L" "
. ds R" "
\{br\}
\. Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff's Unicode transform.
.ie \n(.g .ds Aq \(aq
.ie \n(.ds Aq '\
.\. If the F register is turned on, we'll generate index entries on stderr for
\. titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index
\. entries marked with X<> in POD. Of course, you'll have to process the
\. output yourself in some meaningful fashion.
.ie \nF \\n. de IX
. tm Index:\$1\t\n%	"\$2"
.. \. nr % 0
. \. F
\. \}
. el \}
. de IX
.. \}
\. \}
.\. Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).
.\. Fear. Run. Save yourself. No user-serviceable parts.
.\. fudge factors for nroff and troff
.if n \\n. ds #H 0
. ds #V .8m
. ds #F .3m
. ds #Fm
. ds #] \#P
\. \}
.if t \\n. ds #H ((1u-\(\text{n}(\text{fu}%2u))*.13m)
. ds #V .6m
. ds #F 0
. ds #[ \&
. ds ] \&
. \}
. \}
. . " simple accents for nroff and troff
. \}
. . if n \{
. . ds \ ` 
. . ds \ \
. . ds ^ 
. . ds , 
. . ds ~ 
. . ds / 
. . \}
. . if t \{
. . ds ` \k:\h'-(\n(wu*8/10-*)(#H)\v'-(#V\h'.2m+\v'(#F,\h']\n:u'\v'(#V'
. . ds : \k:\h'-(\n(wu*8/10-*)(#H)+.1m+\v'(#F,\h']\n:u'\v'(#V'
. . ds o \k:\h'-(\n(wu+w(\de'u-*)(#H)2u\v'-3n\v'(#H(\de\v',.3n\h']\n:u'\v'(#]
. . ds d- \h'-(#H\pD'h-\w-\u'\v'-.25m\f2(\hy\fP\v'.25m\h'-(#H'
. . ds D- D\k:\h'-\w'D'u\v'-1.1m\v'(\hy'\v'.11m\h']\n:u'
. . ds th'-(#V\h'.3m'\s+1s'\v'-.3m\h'-(wTu*2/3)\s-1o'ss'\v'(#]
. . ds Th'-(#s+2s-2h'-wTu*3/5\v'-.3m'o\v'.3m'\v'(#]
. . ds ae ah'-(w'a'u*4/10)e'
. . ds AaAh'-(w'Aa'u*4/10)E'
. . " corrections for vroff
. . if v . ds - \k:\h'-\n(wu*9/10-*)(#H)\s-2u-\d\s+2h']\n:u'
. . if v . ds ^ \k:\h'-\n(wu*11-*)(#H)'\v'-4m\v'w'4m\h']\n:u'
. . " for low resolution devices (crt and lpr)
. . if \n(H>23 . if \n(V>19 \n \n . ds : e
. ds 8 ss
. ds o a
. ds d- dh'-1\(ga
. ds D- Dh'-1\(hy
. ds th 'obp'
. ds Th 'oLP'
. ds ae ae
. ds Ae AE
. \}
. \}
. \}
. \}
. \}
. \}
. . rm #[ #] #H #V #F C
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IP "1. Source Code." 4
. IX Item "1. Source Code."
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&

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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^L

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subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of
the Library into a program that is not a library.

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derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form
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medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
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distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
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Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a
work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
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contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.
6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.
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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library 'Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!
GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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#!/usr/bin/python
#
# Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.

# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
# Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted. You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved. So:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years). On the other hand:
#
#    update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run. There's already a separate procedure for that.

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0

    def report(self, filename, string):
        if filename:
            string = filename + ': ' + string
        sys.stderr.write(string + '
')
        self.num_errors += 1

    def ok(self):
        return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
    def __init__(self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
self.own_files = set()

self.skip_files |= set ( [
    # Skip licence files.
    'COPYING',
    'COPYING.LIB',
    'COPYING3',
    'COPYING3.LIB',
    'LICENSE',
    'fdl.texi',
    'gpl_v3.texi',
    'fdl-1.3.xml',
    'gpl-3.0.xml',

    # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
    'aclocal.m4',
    'compile',
    'config.guess',
    'config.sub',
    'depcomp',
    'install-sh',
    'libtool.m4',
    'ltmain.sh',
    'ltoptions.m4',
    'ltversion.m4',
    'lt~obsolete.m4',
    'missing',
    'mkdep',
    'mkinstalledirs',
    'move-if-change',
    'shlibpath.m4',
    'symlink-tree',
    'ylwrap',

    # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
    'gnu.texi',
    'funding.texi',
    'appendix_free.xml',

    # Skip imported texinfo files.
    'texinfo.tex',
    ] )

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
return re.compile ('\t')

return None

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True

    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True

    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
            return True

    # Skip files produced by autogen
    if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
        and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
            return True

    # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
    if filename == 'configure':
        if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
            return True
        if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
            return True

    return False

def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True

    # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True
    return False

def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors
range = '\[0-9\][-0-9,.s]\[s+\&s+\][0-9]'

name = '\[\w.,-\]'

self.year_re = re.compile ('\[0-9\]+')

self.continuation_re = re.compile ranges + '|' + name

self.copyright_re = re.compile ('(\[Cc\]opyright '|\[Cc\]opyright\s+\(\[Cc\]\) |\[Cc\]opyright\s+%s |\[Cc\]opyright\s+© |\[Cc\]opyright\s+@copyright{} |@set\s+copyright\[\w-\]+)'

# 2: the years.  Include the whitespace in the year, so that
# we can remove any excess.
'(\s*\(?:' + ranges + '.?\)'
'[@value\{[^{}]*\}]\s*)'

# 3: 'by ', if used
'(by\s+)?'

# 4: the copyright holder.  Don't allow multiple consecutive
# spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
# (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
'(\l + name + '(?\s?" + name + ')\))?'

self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*\[0-9\][0-9]', re.IGNORECASE)

self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')

self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }

self.holder_prefixes = set()

# A regexp for notices that might have slipped by.  Just matching
# 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
# HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
self.other_copyright_re = re.compile ('copyright.*\[0-9\][0-9]', re.IGNORECASE)

self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')

self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }

self.holder_prefixes = set()

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
self.use_quilt = False
# If set, force all notices to include this year.
self.max_year = None

# Goes after the year(s). Could be ', '.
self.separator = ' ':

def add_package_author(self, holder, canon_form = None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (' ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author(self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__(self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__(self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year(self, string):
    year = int (string)
    if len (string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
        elif len (string) == 4:
            return year
        raise self.BadYear (string)

    def year_range(self, years):
        year_list = [self.parse_year (year)
                     for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]
        assert len (year_list) > 0
        return (min (year_list), max (year_list))

    def set_use_quilt(self, use_quilt):
        self.use_quilt = use_quilt

    def include_year(self, year):
        assert not self.max_year
        self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years(self, dir, filename, filter, years):
# Leave texinfo variables alone.
if years.startswith('@value'):
    return years

(min_year, max_year) = self.year_range(years)

# Update the upper bound, if enabled.
if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file(dir, filename):
    max_year = max(max_year, self.max_year)

# Use a range.
if min_year == max_year:
    return '%d' % min_year
else:
    return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation(self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match(line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete(self, match):
    holder = match.group(4)
    return (holder
        and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
            or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright(self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join(dir, filename)

    intro = match.group(1)
    if intro.startswith('@set'):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end(2):].strip()
        if after_years != ':
            self.errors.report(pathname, 'trailing characters in @set: ' + after_years)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    else:
        # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
        while not self.is_complete(match):
            try:
                next_line = file.next()
except StopIteration:
    break

# If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
# assume that what we've got is complete.
continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
    break

# Merge the lines for matching purposes.
orig_line += next_line
line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
next_line = None

# Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
assert match
holder = match.group (4)

# Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
    assert holder not in self.holders

elif not holder:
    self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

elif holder not in self.holders:
    self.errors.report (pathname, 'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

else:
    # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
    # author.
canon_form = self.holders[holder]
    if not canon_form:
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
    line = (line[:match.start (4)]
            + canon_form
            + line[match.end (4):])

    # Remove any 'by'
    line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]
# Update the copyright years.
years = match.group (2).strip()
try:
    canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
except self.BadYear as e:
    self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
return (False, orig_line, next_line)

line = (line[:match.start (2)]
    + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
    + line[match.end (2):])

# Use the standard (C) form.
if intro.endswith ('right'):
    intro += ' (C)'
elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
    intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

# Strip trailing whitespace
line = line.rstrip() + '\n'

return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove (pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return
    lines = []
    changed = False
    line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
    with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
        prev = None
        for line in file:
            while line:
                next_line = None
                # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
                if not (line_filter and line_filter.match (line)):
                    match = self.copyright_re.search (line)
                    if match:
                        res = self.update_copyright (dir, filename, filter,
    file, line, match)
(this_changed, line, next_line) = res
changed = changed or this_changed

# Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
elif self.other_copyright_re.search(line):
    self.errors.report (pathname,
        'unrecognised copyright: %s'
        % line.strip())
lines.append (line)
line = next_line

# If something changed, write the new file out.
if changed and self.errors.ok():
    tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
    with open (tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
        for line in lines:
            file.write (line)
    if self.use_quilt:
        subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
    os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
            if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                del subdirs[i]

        # Handle the files in this directory.
        for filename in filenames:
            if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s
' % os.path.join (dir, filename))
            else:
                self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()
        self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
        self.dirs = []
        self.default_dirs = []
        self.chosen_dirs = []
        self.option_handlers = dict()
        self.option_help = []

        self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
        self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them','
self.o_quilt
self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
    self.o_this_year)

def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
    self.option_help.append ((name, help))
    self.option_handlers[name] = handler

def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter ()):  
    self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

def o_help (self, option = None):
    sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...

    Options:
        ' % sys.argv[0])
    format = '%-15s %s
    for (what, help) in self.option_help:
        sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
    sys.stdout.write ('
Directories:
')
    format = '%-25s'
    i = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
        else:
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[1] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
        else:
            self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
if self.errors.ok ():
    if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
    if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.o_help()
else:
    for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
        canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, '')
        count = 0
        for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
            if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                count += 1
                self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
        if count == 0:
            self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: '
                                + chosen_dir)
            sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#----------------------------------------------------------------------------
class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)
    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
            with open (pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
            return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)
        self.skip_files |= set (
            # Not part of GCC
            'math-68881.h',
            )
        self.skip_dirs |= set (
            # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
            'ada',
            
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
            )
self.skip_extensions |= set([
    # Maintained by the translation project.
    '.po',

    # Automatically-generated.
    '.pot',
])

self.fossilised_files |= set([
    # Old news won't be updated.
    'ONEWS',
])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set([
            # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',
            '.cc',
            '.h',
            '.hs',
            '.f',
            '.f90',
            '.go',
            '.inc',
            '.java',
        ])

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
        # and isn't updated.
        if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
            return True
        return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
        ])

        self.fossilised_files |= set([
            # Old news won't be updated.
            'ONEWS',
        ])
class LibGCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
        ])

class LibJavaFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',

            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
            'libltdl',
        ])

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
        return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
    if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
        return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        ])

class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)
self.skip_files |= set(['
    # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
    'intro.xml',
])

self.skip_dirs |= set(['
    # Contains automatically-generated sources.
    'html',

    # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
    'data',

    # Contains imported images
    'images',
])

self.own_files |= set(['
    # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
    'spine.xml',
])

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
        return re.compile ('// \(C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)

        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

        self.add_external_author ('ARM')
        self.add_external_author ('AdaCore')
        self.add_external_author ('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
        self.add_external_author ('Cavium Networks.')
        self.add_external_author ('Faraday Technology Corp.')
        self.add_external_author ('Florida State University')
        self.add_external_author ('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
        self.add_external_author ('Hewlett-Packard Company')
class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
    def __init__(self):
        CmdLine.__init__(self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libdeccnumber')
        # libffi is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
        self.add_dir ('libgomp')
        self.add_dir ('libiberty')
        self.add_dir ('libitm')
        self.add_dir ('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('libmudflap', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
There are two licenses affecting GNU libstdc++: one for the code, and one for the documentation.

There is a license section in the FAQ regarding common questions. If you have more questions, ask the FSF or the gcc mailing list.

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Version 3.1.31 March 2009

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts
as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the
version number 2.1.]
@end display

@appendixsubsec Preamble

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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid
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with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling
it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the
library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal
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To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

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We call this license the \texttt{Lesser} General Public License because it does \texttt{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers \texttt{Less} of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free
programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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@iftex
@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
@end ifinfo

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@end enumerate

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#define __java_security_acl_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>

extern "Java"
{
namespace java
{
namespace security
{
namespace acl
{
class Permission;
}
}
}
}

class java::security::acl::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{
public:
  virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
  virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
  static ::java::lang::Class class$;
}; __attribute__ ((java_interface));

#endif // __java_security_acl_Permission__

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HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research
projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation
and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for
the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the
garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined
and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U.,
the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for
C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant
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/**
 * This interface provides information about a permission that can be granted. Note that this is not the same as the class <code>java.security.Permission</code>.
 */
@version 0.0

@author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
 *
public interface Permission
{
/**
 * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code> (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
* @param perm The permission to check for equality
*
* @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
*/

boolean equals (Object perm);

/**
 * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
 *
 * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
 */

String toString();

} }

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */
/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using
underscores, we are using prefix "."s to identify labels that should
be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This is how to output an assembler line
that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE)  
fprintf (FILE, "\t.space HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)),
    assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
    fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
    assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
    fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT) 
#endif
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
    that says to advance the location counter
to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG)
  if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */
#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER)
  sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */
#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0

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// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
#define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
namespace gnu
{
namespace javax
{
namespace sound
{
    class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
}
}
}

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{
    AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);

public:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;

private:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;

public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
1.94 uqmi 12/3/2014

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1.96 tcpdump 4.9.2

1.96.1 Available under license:
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1.97 6in4 21-2
1.98 conntrack-tools 0.9.12

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1.99 libusb 1.0.19

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1.113 libldap 186

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copy of the library already present on the user's computer system,
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will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
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1.117 swap-utils 2.25.2

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 */

bsd.lo: bsd.c ../../../config.h
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/stdio.h
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/features.h
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/cdefs.h
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/wordsize.h
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/gnu/stubs.h
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/libio.h
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/_G_config.h
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/wchar.h
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/stdlib.h
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/waitflags.h
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/waitstatus.h
/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-
openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/endian.h

Open Source Used In Cisco RV16x RV26x Routers 1.0.01.07-09 1764
../include/bitops.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/param.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/linux/param.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm/param.h:

../include/blkdev.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/sys/ioctl.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/ioctls.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm/ioctls.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm-generic/ioctls.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm-generic/ioctl.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/asm/unistd.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/env.h:

/home/shiva/mar15/sdk-openwrt/staging_dir/toolchain-arm_v7-a_gcc-4.5-linaro_glibc-2.14.1_eabi/lib/gcc/arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/4.5.4/../../arm-openwrt-linux-gnueabi/sys-include/bits/environments.h:
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

/* Align/Truncate a string in a given screen width
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/* Written by P'draig Brady. */
# bsd.lo - a libtool object file
# Generated by libtool (GNU libtool) 2.4
#
# Please DO NOT delete this file!
# It is necessary for linking the library.

# Name of the PIC object.
pic_object='.libs/bsd.o'

# Name of the non-PIC object
non_pic_object='bsd.o'

/*
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   */
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*/

Initialize empty image
f1c9645d8c5f6ddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266c26f05567c18f2e9 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout----------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux

Create 2st primary partition
1beb87248e05d6e4e62b749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8affe5188a045db233418dd73f3e bsd.img
---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device Boot Start End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1 2048 4095 2048 1M 83 Linux
<removed>2 4096 20479 16384 8M a5 FreeBSD

-------------------
Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afe0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start End Sectors Size Type Fsize Bsize Cpg
c 4096 20479 16384 8M unused 0 0 0
d 0 16064 16065 7.9M unused 0 0 0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
-------------------
b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img

---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed> 2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start  End Sectors  Size Type  Fsize Bsize Cpg
a 4096 6144  2049  1M 4.2BSD   0  0  0

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
-------------------
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):
0 unused  5 4.1BSD 9 4.4LFS d boot
1 swap  6 Eighth Edition a unknown e ADOS
2 Version 6 7 4.2BSD b HPFS f HFS
3 Version 7 8 MS-DOS c ISO-9660 10 AdvFS
4 System V

Command (m for help):
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../Documentation/licenses/COPYING.BSD-3 file.
/* tailf.c -- tail a log file and then follow it
* Created: Tue Jan  9 15:49:21 1996 by faith@acm.org
* Copyright 1996, 2003 Rickard E. Faith (faith@acm.org)
*
* Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a
* copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"),
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*
* less -F and tail -f cause a disk access every five seconds. This
* program avoids this problem by waiting for the file size to change.
* Hence, the file is not accessed, and the access time does not need to be
* flushed back to disk. This is sort of a "stealth" tail.
*/

1.118 ddns-scripts 1.0.0
1.118.1 Available under license :

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under
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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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Initialize empty image
f1c9645dbc14efddc7d8a322685f26eb bsd.img
Create new DOS partition table
57e721e38d1266e2df055067c18f2cf9 bsd.img

---layout--------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>
Create 1st primary partition
ada64ace122978d00d1d1c0e5ee45d26 bsd.img

---layout---------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device   Boot Start   End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1  2048  4095  2048  1M 83 Linux

-------------------
Create 2nd primary partition
1bebf87248e05d6e4e626749da65d023 bsd.img
Set 2nd partition type
2d8e8dff51a88a045db233418dd73fbe bsd.img

---layout---------
Disk <removed>: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: <removed>

Device   Boot Start   End Sectors Size Id Type
<removed>1  2048  4095  2048  1M 83 Linux
<removed>2  4096 20479 16384  8M a5 FreeBSD

-------------------
Create default BSD
2e1cee529cb59c9341afe0443f196a1 bsd.img

---layout---------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.  
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.
Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start   End Sectors  Size Type     Fsize Bsize Cpg
  c  4096  20479   16384    8M unused       0     0   0
  d   0  16064   16065   7.9M unused       0     0   0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):

-------------------
b5c121c2091b2ff26b880551feac7112 bsd.img
---layout--------
Welcome to fdisk <removed>.
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help): Disk <removed>2: 10 MiB, 10485760 bytes, 20480 sectors
Geometry: 255 heads, 63 sectors/track, 1 cylinders
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: bsd
partitions: 4

Slice Start   End Sectors  Size Type     Fsize Bsize Cpg
  a  4096  6144    2049   1M 4.2BSD       0     0   0
  c  4096  20479   16384    8M unused       0     0   0
  d   0  16064   16065   7.9M unused       0     0   0

Partition table entries are not in disk order.

Command (m for help): Leaving nested disklabel.

Command (m for help):
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them. Be careful before using the write command.

Command (m for help): Entering nested BSD disklabel.

Command (m for help):
0  unused           5  4.1BSD           9  4.4LFS           d  boot
1  swap             6  Eighth Edition  a  unknown          e  ADOS
2  Version 6        7  4.2BSD           b  HPFS             f  HFS
3  Version 7        8  MS-DOS           c  ISO-9660          10  AdvFS
4  System V

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1.120 busybox 1.23.2
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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.
jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006
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**1.121 nbvpn 1.0.1***

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**************************************************************************/
/*
* File: nbvpn_relay.c
*
* Description: NBVPN user space application for netbios broadcast relay
*
* Authors: Sridhar Pothuganti <sridhar.pothuganti@nxp.com>
*
* History
* Version Date Author Change Description
* 1.0 19/07/2015 Sridhar Pothuganti Initial Development
*
**************************************************************************/

/*
Part of the code taken from https://github.com/nomeata/udp-broadcast-relay/ which is based on GPLv2
*/

/*
**************************************************************************
udp-broadcast-relay
Relays UDP broadcasts to other networks, forging
the sender address.

Copyright (c) 2003 Joachim Breitner <mail@joachim-breitner.de>

Based upon:
udp_broadcast_fw ; Forwards UDP broadcast packets to all local
interfaces as though they originated from sender

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******************************************************************

Thanks:

Arny <cs6171@scitsc.wlv.ac.uk>
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http://www.netfor2.com/ip.htm
- IP/UDP packet formatting info

*/

1.122 libxml 2.9.2

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1.124 block-mount 2015-05-24-09027fc86babc3986027a0e677aca1b6999a9e1

4

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 */

/*
 * An utility to delete UBI devices (detach MTD devices from UBI).
 *
 * Author: Artem Bityutskiy
 */

#define PROGRAM_NAME    "ubidetach"
#define VERSION	"owrt-fstools"

#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <getopt.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "libubi-tiny.h"
#define DEFAULT_CTRL_DEV "/dev/ubi_ctrl"
static int ubi_write(char *node, int fd, const void *buf, int len)
{
int ret;
while (len) {
ret = write(fd, buf, len);
if (ret < 0) {
if (errno == EINTR) {
fprintf(stderr, "do not interrupt me!");
continue;
}
fprintf(stderr, "cannot write %d bytes to volume \"%s\"", len, node);
return -1;
}
if (ret == 0) {
fprintf(stderr, "cannot write %d bytes to volume \"%s\"", len, node);
return -1;
}
len -= ret;
buf += ret;
}
return 0;
}
static int update_volume(libubi_t libubi, struct ubi_vol_info *vol_info, char *node, char *img, int skip)
{
int err, fd, ifd;
long long bytes;
char *buf;
struct stat st;
buf = malloc(vol_info->leb_size);
if (!buf) {
fprintf(stderr, "cannot allocate %d bytes of memory", vol_info->leb_size);
return -1;
}
err = stat(img, &st);
if (err < 0) {
fprintf(stderr, "stat failed on \"%s\"", img);
goto out_free;

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bytes = st.st_size - skip;

if (bytes > vol_info->rsvd_bytes) {
    fprintf(stderr, "\"%s\" (size %lld) will not fit volume \"%s\" (size %lld)\",
            img, bytes, node, vol_info->rsvd_bytes);
    goto out_free;
}

fd = open(node, O_RDWR);
if (fd == -1) {
    fprintf(stderr, "cannot open UBI volume \"%s\"\", node);
    goto out_free;
}

ifd = open(img, O_RDONLY);
if (ifd == -1) {
    fprintf(stderr, "cannot open \"%s\"\", img);
    goto out_close1;
}

if (skip && lseek(ifd, skip, SEEK_CUR) == -1) {
    fprintf(stderr, "lseek input by %d failed\n", skip);
    goto out_close;
}

err = ubi_update_start(libubi, fd, bytes);
if (err) {
    fprintf(stderr, "cannot start volume \"%s\" update\", node);
    goto out_close;
}

while (bytes) {
    ssize_t ret;
    int to_copy = vol_info->leb_size;
    if (to_copy > bytes)
        to_copy = bytes;

    ret = read(ifd, buf, to_copy);
    if (ret <= 0) {
        if (errno == EINTR) {
            fprintf(stderr, "do not interrupt me!\n");
            continue;
        } else {
            fprintf(stderr, "cannot read %d bytes from \"%s\"\",
                    to_copy, img);
            goto out_close;
        }
    } else {...}
err = ubi_write(node, fd, buf, ret);
if (err)
    goto out_close;
bytes -= ret;
}
close(ifd);
close(fd);
free(buf);
return 0;

out_close:
close(ifd);
out_close1:
close(fd);
out_free:
free(buf);
return -1;
}

int ubiattach(libubi_t libubi, char *mtd)
{
    struct ubi_attach_request req = {
        .dev_num = UBI_DEV_NUM_AUTO,
        .mtd_num = -1,
        .vid_hdr_offset = 0,
        .max_beb_per1024 = 0,
        .mtd_dev_node = mtd,
    };
    int err = ubi_attach(libubi, DEFAULT_CTRL_DEV, &req);

    if (err) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot attach \"%s\"", mtd);
        return err;
    }

    return 0;
}

int ubidetach(libubi_t libubi, char *mtd)
{
    return ubi_detach(libubi, DEFAULT_CTRL_DEV, mtd);
}

int ubirsvol(libubi_t libubi, char *node, char *name, int bytes)
struct ubi_dev_info dev_info;
struct ubi_vol_info vol_info;
int err = ubi_get_dev_info(libubi, node, &dev_info);

if (err) {
fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about UBI device \"%s\"
node);
return -1;
}
err = ubi_get_vol_info1_nm(libubi, dev_info.dev_num, name, &vol_info);
if (err) {
fprintf(stderr, "cannot find UBI volume \"%s\", name);
return -1;
}

err = ubi_rsvol(libubi, node, vol_info.vol_id, bytes);
if (err) {
fprintf(stderr, "cannot UBI resize volume");
return -1;
}

return 0;
}

int ubirmvol(libubi_t libubi, char *node, char *name)
{
struct ubi_dev_info dev_info;
struct ubi_vol_info vol_info;
int err = ubi_get_dev_info(libubi, node, &dev_info);

if (err) {
fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about UBI device \"%s\",
node);
return -1;
}
err = ubi_get_vol_info1_nm(libubi, dev_info.dev_num, name, &vol_info);
if (err) {
fprintf(stderr, "cannot find UBI volume \"%s\", name);
return -1;
}

err = ubi_rmvol(libubi, node, vol_info.vol_id);
if (err) {
fprintf(stderr, "cannot UBI remove volume");
return -1;
}
return 0;
}

int ubimkvol(libubi_t libubi, char *node, char *name, int maxavs)
{
    struct ubi_dev_info dev_info;
    struct ubi_vol_info vol_info;
    struct ubi_mkvol_request req;
    int err = ubi_get_dev_info(libubi, node, &dev_info);

    if (err) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about UBI device \"%s\"", node);
        return -1;
    }

    if (dev_info.avail_bytes == 0) {
        fprintf(stderr, "UBI device does not have free logical eraseblocks");
        return -1;
    }

    if (maxavs)
        printf("Set volume size to %lld\n", dev_info.avail_bytes);

    req.vol_id = UBI_VOL_NUM_AUTO;
    req.alignment = 1;
    req.bytes = dev_info.avail_bytes;
    req.vol_type = UBI_DYNAMIC_VOLUME;
    req.name = name;

    err = ubi_mkvol(libubi, node, &req);
    if (err < 0) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot UBI create volume");
        return -1;
    }

    /* Print information about the created device */
    err = ubi_get_vol_info1(libubi, dev_info.dev_num, req.vol_id, &vol_info);
    if (err) {
        fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about newly created UBI volume");
        return -1;
    }

    printf("Volume ID %d, size %d LEBs (", vol_info.vol_id, vol_info.rsvd_lebs);
    ubiutils_print_bytes(vol_info.rsvd_bytes, 0);
    printf("), LEB size ");
    ubiutils_print_bytes(vol_info.leb_size, 1);
printf("", %s, name "/%s\", alignment %d\n",
req.vol_type == UBI_DYNAMIC_VOLUME ? "dynamic" : "static",
vol_info.name, vol_info.alignment);

return 0;
}

int ubiupdatevol(ubi_t libubi, char *node, char *file)
{
struct ubi_vol_info vol_info;
int err = ubi_get_vol_info(libubi, node, &vol_info);

if (err) {
fprintf(stderr, "cannot get information about UBI volume "/%s/"",
node);
return -1;
}

return update_volume(libubi, &vol_info, node, file, 0);
}

int ubitruncatevol(ubi_t libubi, char *node)
{
int err, fd;

fd = open(node, O_RDWR);
if (fd == -1) {
fprintf(stderr, "cannot open "/%s/"", node);
return -1;
}

err = ubi_update_start(libubi, fd, 0);
if (err) {
fprintf(stderr, "cannot truncate volume "/%s/"", node);
close(fd);
return -1;
}

close(fd);
return 0;
}/*
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*/

#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <getopt.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <libubox/ulog.h>
#include "libubi/libubi-tiny.h"

static int print_usage(void)
{
    printf("ubi info\n");
    printf("ubi detach kernel|rootfs\n");
    printf("ubi kernel <image.kernel.ubi>\n");
    printf("ubi rootfs <image.rootfs.ubi>\n");
    printf("ubi overlay <image.rootfs-overlay.ubi>\n");

    return -1;
}

static int mtd_find_index(char *name)
{
    FILE *fp = fopen("/proc/mtd", "r");
    char line[256];
    char *index = NULL;

    if (!fp)
        return -1;

    while (!index && fgets(line, sizeof(line), fp)) {
        if (strstr(line, name)) {
            char *eol = strstr(line, ":");
            if (!eol)
                continue;

            *eol = '\0';
        }
    }

    return index;
}
index = &line[3];
}
}

fclose(fp);

if (!index)
    return -1;

return atoi(index);
}

static int mtd_find(char *name, char *ret)
{
    int index = mtd_find_index(name);
    if (index < 0)
        return -1;

    sprintf(ret, "/dev/mtd%d", index);

    return 0;
}

static int ubi_find(libubi_t libubi, char *name, char *ret)
{
    int index = mtd_find_index(name);
    int ubi = 0;

    while (ubi_dev_present(libubi, ubi))
    {
        struct ubi_dev_info info;

        if (ubi_get_dev_info1(libubi, ubi++, &info))
            continue;

        if (info.mtd_num != index)
            continue;

        sprintf(ret, "/dev/ubi%d", info.dev_num);

        return 0;
    }

    return -1;
}

static int volume_find(libubi_t libubi, char *name, char *ret)
{

int index = mtd_find_index(name);
struct ubi_vol_info vol;
int ubi = 0;

if (index < 0)
    return -1;

if (mtd_num2ubi_dev(libubi, index, &ubi)) {
    ULOG_ERR("failed to get ubi node for %s\n", name);
    return -1;
}

if (ubi_get_vol_info1_nm(libubi, ubi, name, &vol)) {
    ULOG_ERR("failed to get ubi volume info for %s\n", name);
    return -1;
}

sprintf(ret, "/dev/ubi%d_%d", ubi, vol.vol_id);

return 0;
}

static int main_detach(char *type)
{
    libubi_t libubi;
    char mtd[64];
    int err;

    if (!strcmp(type, "kernel"))
        err = mtd_find("kernel_ubi", mtd);
    else if (!strcmp(type, "rootfs"))
        err = mtd_find("rootfs_ubi", mtd);
    else
        return print_usage();

    if (err) {
        ULOG_ERR("MTD partition '%s_ubi' not found\n", type);
        return -1;
    }

    libubi = libubi_open();
    if (!libubi) {
        ULOG_ERR("cannot open libubi");
        return -1;
    }

    err = ubidetach(libubi, mtd);
    if (err) {

static int main_image(char *partition, char *image, char *overlay)
{
    libubi_t libubi;
    struct stat s;
    int err;
    char mtd[64];
    char _part[64];
    char node[64];
    char volume[64];
    char _data[64];
    char *data = NULL;

    if (stat(image, &s)) {
        ULOG_ERR("image not found %s\n", image);
        return -1;
    }

    if (!strcmp(partition, "kernel"))
    err = mtd_find("kernel", _part);
    else
    err = mtd_find("rootfs", _part);

    if (overlay && !mtd_find(overlay, _data))
    data = _data;

    libubi = libubi_open();
    if (!libubi) {
        ULOG_ERR("cannot open libubi");
        return -1;
    }

    if (!strcmp(partition, "kernel"))
    err = mtd_find("kernel_ubi", mtd);
    else
    err = mtd_find("rootfs_ubi", mtd);
    if (err) {
        ULOG_ERR("MTD partition '%s_ubi' not found\n", partition);
        return -1;
    }

    if (!strcmp(partition, "kernel"))
err = ubi_find(libubi, "kernel_ubi", node);
else
err = ubi_find(libubi, "rootfs_ubi", node);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("UBI volume '%s' not found\n", partition);
return -1;
}

err = ubidetach(libubi, mtd);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("cannot detach \"%s\"", mtd);
return -1;
}

err = ubiattach(libubi, mtd);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("cannot attach \"%s\"", mtd);
return -1;
}

if (data) {
err = ubirmvol(libubi, node, overlay);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("cannot remove \"%s\"", node);
return -1;
}
}

if (volume_find(libubi, partition, volume) < 0) {
ULOG_ERR("UBI volume '%s' not found\n", partition);
return -1;
}

err = ubirsvol(libubi, node, partition, s.st_size);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("cannot resize \"%s\"", partition);
return -1;
}

err = ubiupdatevol(libubi, volume, image);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("cannot update \"%s\"", volume);
return -1;
}

if (overlay) {
err = ubimkvol(libubi, node, overlay, 1);
if (err) {
ULOG_ERR("cannot make "\"%s\"", overlay);
return -1;
}

libubi_close(libubi);

return err;
}

static int main_info(void)
{
struct ubi_info info;
libubi_t libubi;
int i;

libubi = libubi_open();
if (!libubi) {
ULOG_ERR("cannot open libubi");
return -1;
}

if (ubi_get_info(libubi, &info)) {
ULOG_ERR("failed to get info
");
return -1;
}

for (i = info.lowest_dev_num; i <= info.highest_dev_num; i++) {
struct ubi_dev_info dinfo;
char ubi[64];
int j;

sprintf(ubi, "/dev/ubi%d", i);
if (ubi_get_dev_info(libubi, ubi, &dinfo)) continue;
printf("device - %s
 size: %lldBytes
 bad blocks: %d
", &ubi[5], dinfo.total_bytes, dinfo.bad_count);
for (j = dinfo.lowest_vol_id; j <= dinfo.highest_vol_id; j++) {
struct ubi_vol_info vinfo;

sprintf(ubi, "/dev/ubi%d_%d", i, j);
if (ubi_get_vol_info(libubi, ubi, &vinfo)) continue;
printf(" volume - %s
 name: %s
 size: %lld
", &ubi[5], vinfo.name);
printf("tsize: %lld\n", vinfo.data_bytes);
}
}
libubi_close(libubi);

return 0;
}

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
if (argc > 1 && !strcmp(argv[1], "info"))
return main_info();

if (argc < 3)
return print_usage();

if (!strcmp(argv[1], "kernel")) {
return main_image("kernel", argv[2], NULL);
} else if (!strcmp(argv[1], "rootfs")) {
return main_image("rootfs", argv[2], NULL);
} else if (!strcmp(argv[1], "overlay")) {
return main_image("rootfs", argv[2], "rootfs_data");
} else if (!strcmp(argv[1], "detach")) {
return main_detach(argv[2]);
}

return -1;
}

---

1.125 libnetfilter-cttimeout 1.0.0

1.125.1 Available under license :

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package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
 */
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

    private static final String NAME = "copyright";
    private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

    public String getName() {
        return NAME;
    }

    public boolean inField() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inConstructor() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inMethod() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inOverview() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inPackage() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inType() {
        return true;
    }
}
public boolean isInlineTag() {
return false;
}
public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
}
public String toString(Tag tag) {
return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}
public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
if (tags.length == 0) {
return null;
}
else {
boolean haveValidTag = false;
for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
haveValidTag = true;
}
}
if (haveValidTag) {
StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
result.append("<dl>");
for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
result.append("<dt><i>Copyright &#169; " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
}
}
result.append("</dl>");
return result.toString();
}
else {
return null;
}
}
}
}
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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should
namespace security
{
    class Permission;
    class PermissionCollection;
    
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
    Permission(::java::lang::String *);
    virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
    virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
    virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
    virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
    virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();

private:
    static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
    ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__( ::java::lang::Object)))) name;

public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

{-#endif // __java_security_Permission__
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
  gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT

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@end ignore
@c node Copying
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
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@center Version 3, 29 June 2007

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@heading TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@enumerate 0
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@end enumerate

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to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively
state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least
the `copyright` line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@example
@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short
notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

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}@c man end

/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects

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exception statement from your version. */

package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
 * This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
 * the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
 * and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The
 * actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
 * context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions
 * are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
 * something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning
 * within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no
 * actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission
 * or you don't.
 */
* The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This
* checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
* permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the
* permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission
* "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
* file foo.
* 
* <p><code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their
* state after creation.
* 
* @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
* @see Permissions
* @see PermissionCollection
* @since 1.1
* @status updated to 1.4
*/
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
{
/**
 * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
 * 
 * @serial the name of the permission
 */
private String name;

/**
 * Create an instance with the specified name.
 * 
 * @param name the permission name
 */
public Permission(String name)
{
    this.name = name;
}

/**
 * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
 * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in
 * <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its
 * argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
 * or throws an exception if it fails.
 *
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
    SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
    if (sm != null)
        sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
* This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
* specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
*
* @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
* @return true if perm is implied by this
*/
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
* Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
* than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
*
* @param obj the object to compare to
* @return a hash value
*/
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
* This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
* must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
* the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
*
* @return a hash value
*/
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
* Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.  
* @return the name
*/
public final String getName()
{
    return name;
}
/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 *
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();

/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
 * <code>implies</code>.
 *
 * @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
 */
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
    return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
 * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
 * <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
 * + ')'</code>.
 *
 * @return this object as a <code>String</code>
 */
public String toString()
{
    CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

    string = string.append('(');
    string = string.append(getClass().getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    if (!(getActions().equals("")))
    {
        string = string.append('"');
        string = string.append(getActions());
        string = string.append('"');
    }
    string = string.append(')');
    return string.toString();
}
```go
string = string.append(')');
return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission
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Version 2.1, February 1999

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
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functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
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with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that
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the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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.if t .sp .5v
.if n .sp
..
.de Vb " Begin verbatim text
.ft CW
.nf
.ne \$1
..
.de Ve " End verbatim text
.ft R
.fi
..
\" Set up some character translations and predefined strings. \"(-- will
\" give an unbreakable dash, \"(PI will give pi, \"(L" will give a left
\" double quote, and \"(R" will give a right double quote. \"(C+ will
\lambda" give a nicer C++. Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and
\lambda" therefore won't be available. \*(C' and \*(C' expand to " in nroff,
\lambda" nothing in troff, for use with C<+>.
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\lambda" If the F register is turned on, we'll generate index entries on stderr for
\lambda" titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index
\lambda" entries marked with X<> in POD. Of course, you'll have to process the
\lambda" output yourself in some meaningful fashion.
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.IP "b." 4
.IX Item "b."
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.IP "8. Termination." 4
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.IP "15. Disclaimer of Warranty." 4

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.IP "16. Limitation of Liability." 4

.IX Item "16. Limitation of Liability." 4

&ls-1THERE&s0 &ls-1IS&s0 &ls-1NO&s0 &ls-1WARRANTY&s0 &ls-1FOR&s0 &ls-1THE&s0 &ls-1EXTENT&s0 &ls-1PERMITTED&s0 &ls-1BY&s0 &ls-1APPLICABLE&s0 &ls-1WHEN&s0 &ls-1OTHERWISE&s0 &ls-1STATED&s0 &ls-1IN&s0 &ls-1WRITING&s0 &ls-1HOLDERS&s0 &ls-1AND/OR&s0 &ls-1OTHER&s0 &ls-1PARTIES&s0 &ls-1PROVIDE&s0 &ls-1IN&s0 &ls-1PROGRAM&s0 &ls-1AS&s0 &ls-WITH&s0 &ls-1YOU&s0 &ls-1SHOULD&s0 &ls-1THE&s0 &ls-1IMPLIED&s0 &ls-1IMPLIED&s0 &ls-1WARRANTIES&s0 &ls-1OF&s0 &ls-1IF&s0 &ls-1QUALITY&s0 &ls-1AND&s0 &ls-1TO&s0 &ls-1PARTICULAR&s0 &ls-1PURPOSE&s0 &ls-1IRISK&s0 &ls-1AS&s0 &ls-1ONE&s0 &ls-1IMPLIED&s0 &ls-1IMPLIED&s0 &ls-1WARRANTIES&s0 &ls-1OF&s0 &ls-1TO&s0 &ls-1PARTIES&s0 &ls-1HE&s0 &ls-1IN&s0 &ls-1COPYRIGHT&s0 &ls-1HOLDER&s0 &ls-1OR&s0 &ls-1ANY&s0 &ls-1OTHER&s0 &ls-1PARTIES&s0 &ls-1WHO&s0 &ls-1CONVEYS&s0 &ls-1THE&s0 &ls-1TO&s0 &ls-1ABOVE&s0 &ls-1LIABLE&s0 &ls-1TO&s0 &ls-1YOU&s0 &ls-1IF&s0 &ls-1QUALITY&s0 &ls-1AND/OR&s0 &ls-1UNLESS&s0 &ls-1REQUIRED&s0 &ls-1BY&s0 &ls-1APPLICABLE&s0 &ls-1LAW&s0 &ls-1OR&s0 &ls-1AGREED&s0 &ls-1WITH&s0 &ls-1YOU&s0 &ls-1ONE&s0 &ls-1PROGRAM&s0 &ls-1IS&s0 &ls-1WITH&s0 &ls-1YOU&s0 &ls-1PARTIES&s0 &ls-1WHO&s0 &ls-1ONE&s0 &ls-1IMPOSSIBILITY&s0 &ls-1BE&s0 &ls-1RENDERED&s0 &ls-1INCURABLE&s0 &ls-1SUSTAINED&s0 &ls-1BY&s0 &ls-1YOU&s0 &ls-1OR&s0 &ls-1THIRD&s0 &ls-1PARTIES&s0 &ls-1A&s0 &ls-1FAILURE&s0 &ls-1OF&s0 &ls-1THE&s0 &ls-1PROGRAM&s0 &ls-1OPERATE&s0 &ls-1WITH&s0 &ls-1ANY&s0 &ls-1OTHER&s0 &ls-1PROGRAM&s0 &ls-1OF&s0 &ls-1ONE&s0 &ls-1HOLDERS&s0 &ls-1OR&s0 &ls-1OTHER&s0 &ls-1ONE&s0 &ls-1SUCH&s0 &ls-1ADvised&s0 &ls-1OF&s0 &ls-1IMPOSSIBILITY&s0 &ls-1OF&s0 &ls-1SUCH&s0 &ls-1DAMAGES&s0.

.IP "17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16." 4

.IX Item "17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16." 4

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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^L

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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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This GCC Runtime Library Exception ("Exception") is an additional permission under section 7 of the GNU General Public License, version 3 ("GPLv3"). It applies to a given file (the "Runtime Library") that bears a notice placed by the copyright holder of the file stating that the file is governed by GPLv3 along with this Exception.

When you use GCC to compile a program, GCC may combine portions of certain GCC header files and runtime libraries with the compiled program. The purpose of this Exception is to allow combination of non-GPL (including proprietary) programs to use, in this way, the header files and runtime libraries covered by this Exception.

0. Definitions.

A file is an "Independent Module" if it either requires the Runtime Library for execution after a Compilation Process, or makes use of an interface provided by the Runtime Library, but is not otherwise based on the Runtime Library.

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"Target Code" refers to output from any compiler for a real or virtual target processor architecture, in executable form or suitable for input to an assembler, loader, linker and/or execution phase. Notwithstanding that, Target Code does not include data in any format that is used as a compiler intermediate representation, or used for producing a compiler intermediate representation.

The "Compilation Process" transforms code entirely represented in non-intermediate languages designed for human-written code, and/or in Java Virtual Machine byte code, into Target Code. Thus, for example, use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered part of the Compilation Process, since the Compilation Process can be understood as starting with the output of the generators or preprocessors.

A Compilation Process is "Eligible" if it is done using GCC, alone or with other GPL-compatible software, or if it is done without using any work based on GCC. For example, using non-GPL-compatible Software to optimize any GCC intermediate representations would not qualify as an Eligible Compilation Process.

1. Grant of Additional Permission.

You have permission to propagate a work of Target Code formed by combining the Runtime Library with Independent Modules, even if such propagation would otherwise violate the terms of GPLv3, provided that all Target Code was generated by Eligible Compilation Processes. You may then convey such a combination under terms of your choice, consistent with the licensing of the Independent Modules.

2. No Weakening of GCC Copyleft.

The availability of this Exception does not imply any general presumption that third-party software is unaffected by the copyleft requirements of the license of GCC.

#!/usr/bin/python
#
# Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.
#
# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
# Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted. You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved. So:
#
#   update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years). On the other hand:
#
#   update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
#
# would run the script on just libjava/.
#
# Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
# this script is run. There's already a separate procedure for that.

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:  
    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0

    def report(self, filename, string):
        if filename:
            string = filename + ': ' + string
        sys.stderr.write(string + '
')
        self.num_errors += 1

    def ok(self):
        return self.num_errors == 0
class GenericFilter:
    def __init__(self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
        self.own_files = set()

        self.skip_files |= set([
            # Skip licence files.
            'COPYING',
            'COPYING.LIB',
            'COPYING3',
            'COPYING3.LIB',
            'LICENSE',
            'fdl.texi',
            'gpl_v3.texi',
            'fdl-1.3.xml',
            'gpl-3.0.xml',

            # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
            'aclocal.m4',
            'compile',
            'config.guess',
            'config.sub',
            'decomp',
            'install-sh',
            'libtool.m4',
            'ltmain.sh',
            'ltoptions.m4',
            'lt~obsolete.m4',
            'missing',
            'mkdep',
            'mkinstalldirs',
            'move-if-change',
            'shlibpath.m4',
            'symlink-tree',
            'ylwrap',

            # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
            'gnu.texi',
            'funding.texi',
            'appendix_free.xml',

            # Skip imported texinfo files.
def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('\t')
    return None

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True
    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True
    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
            return True
        # Skip files produced by autogen
        if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
            and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
            return True
        # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
        if filename == 'configure':
            if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
                return True
            if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
                return True
    return False

def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True
    # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True
    return False
def by_package_author(self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__(self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years. Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = '[0-9](?:[-0-9,.\s]\s+and\s+)*[0-9]'

        # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
        name = '\w,.-'

        # Matches one year.
        self.year_re = re.compile('[0-9]+')

        # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
        self.continuation_re = re.compile(ranges + '|' + name)

        # Matches a full copyright notice:
        self.copyright_re = re.compile(r'
            ([Cc]opyright\s+\(\[Cc\]\))\s*
            (?<=[Cc]opyright\s+copy\s+)|
            \[(Cc)opyright(\s+\(Cc\))\]
            \[(Cc)opyright(\s+\%)\]
            \[(Cc)opyright(\s+\&copy;)|
            \[(Cc)opyright(\s+\@copyright\})\]
            \[@set(\s+copyright[\w-]+)\]
            (\s*\[\w-]\\s+)?
            (\s+)\s+
            (by|\s+by|\s+\@value\{[^{}]*\})\s+
            (\s+by|\s+\@value\{[^{}]*\})
            (\s+by|\s+\@value\{[^{}]*\})\s+\w+

            # 2: the years. Include the whitespace in the year, so that
            # we can remove any excess.
            (\s+\[\w-\]\\s+)?

            # 3: 'by ', if used
            (by\s+)?

            # 4: the copyright holder. Don't allow multiple consecutive
            # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
            # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
            (\s+by|\s+\@value\{[^{}]*\})\s+

            # A regexp for notices that might have slipped by. Just matching
            # 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*\[0-9\]' falls foul of
            # HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
            self.other_copyright_re = re.compile('copyright\.*\[0-9]\[0-9\]',
                re.IGNORECASE)
def add_package_author(self, holder, canon_form=None):
    if not canon_form:
        canon_form = holder
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form
    index = holder.find (', ')
    while index >= 0:
        self.holder_prefixes.add(holder[:index])
        index = holder.find (', ', index + 1)

def add_external_author(self, holder):
    self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__(self, year):
        self.year = year
    def __str__(self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year
    def parse_year(self, string):
        year = int(string)
        if len(string) == 2:
            if year > 70:
                return year + 1900
            elif len(string) == 4:
                return year
            raise self.BadYear(string)
        def year_range(self, years):
            year_list = [self.parse_year(re.findall(years))
                for year in self.year_re.findall(years)]
            assert len(year_list) > 0
            return (min(year_list), max(year_list))

    def set_use_quilt(self, use_quilt):
self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year(self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years(self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith('@value'):
        return years
    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range(years)
    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file(dir, filename):
        max_year = max(max_year, self.max_year)
    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation(self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match(line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete(self, match):
    holder = match.group(4)
    return (holder
        and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
            or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright(self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join(dir, filename)

    intro = match.group(1)
    if intro.startswith('@set'):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end(2):].strip()
        if after_years != '':
            self.errors.report(pathname,
                'trailing characters in @set: '}
+ after_years)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

else:
    # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
    while not self.is_complete (match):
        try:
            next_line = file.next()
        except StopIteration:
            break

        # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
        # assume that what we've got is complete.
        continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
        if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
            break

        # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
        orig_line += next_line
        line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
        next_line = None

        # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
        match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
        assert match

        holder = match.group (4)

    # Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
    if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
        assert holder not in self.holders

    elif not holder:
        self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    elif holder not in self.holders:
        self.errors.report (pathname, 'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    else:
        # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
        # author.
        canon_form = self.holders[holder]
        if not canon_form:
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)

        # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
line = (line[:match.start (4)]
        + canon_form
        + line[match.end (4):])

# Remove any 'by'
line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

# Update the copyright years.
years = match.group (2).strip()
try:
canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
except self.BadYear as e:
    self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
return (False, orig_line, next_line)

line = (line[:match.start (2)]
        + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
        + line[match.end (2):])

# Use the standard (C) form.
if intro.endswith ('right'):
    intro += ' (C)'
elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
    intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

# Strip trailing whitespace
line = line.rstrip() + '
'

return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove (pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
    return

lines = []
changed = False
line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
    prev = None
    for line in file:
        while line:
next_line = None

# Leave filtered-out lines alone.
if not (line_filter and line_filter.match(line)):
    match = self.copyright_re.search(line)
    if match:
        res = self.update_copyright(dir, filename, filter,
                                    file, line, match)
        (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
        changed = changed or this_changed

# Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
elif self.other_copyright_re.search(line):
    self.errors.report(pathname,
                       'unrecognised copyright: %s
                       % line.strip())
    lines.append(line)
    line = next_line

    # If something changed, write the new file out.
    if changed and self.errors.ok():
        tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
        with open(tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
            for line in lines:
                file.write(line)
        if self.use_quilt:
            subprocess.call(
                             ['quilt', 'add', pathname])
        os.rename(tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree(self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk(tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange(len(subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
            if filter.skip_dir(dir, subdirs[i]):
                del subdirs[i]

        # Handle the files in this directory.
        for filename in filenames:
            if filter.skip_file(dir, filename):
                sys.stdout.write('Skipping %s

                % os.path.join(dir, filename))
            else:
                self.process_file(dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__(self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()
        self.copyright = copyright(self.errors)
        self.dirs = []
self.default_dirs = []
self.chosen_dirs = []
self.option_handlers = dict()
self.option_help = []

self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                self.o_quilt)
self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                self.o_this_year)

def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
    self.option_help.append ((name, help))
    self.option_handlers[name] = handler

def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
    self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

def o_help (self, option = None):
    sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...\n\n' % sys.argv[0])
    'Options:\n' % sys.argv[0])
    format = '%-15s %s
'
    for (what, help) in self.option_help:
        sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
    sys.stdout.write ('\nDirectories:\n')
    format = '%-25s
'
    i = 0
    for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
        i += 1
        if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
            sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
        else:
            sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
    sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[1] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
else:
    self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)

if self.errors.ok():
    if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
    if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.o_help()
    else:
        for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
            canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, '')
            count = 0
            for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                    count += 1
                    self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
            if count == 0:
                self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: ' + chosen_dir)
            sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#....................................................................................

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
            with open (pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
            return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set (
            # Not part of GCC
            ['math-68881.h',
        ])

    def _skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
            with open (pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
            return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

    #....................................................................................
self.skip_dirs |= set([
    # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
    'ada',

    # Handled separately.
    'testsuite',
])

self.skip_extensions |= set([
    # Maintained by the translation project.
    '.po',

    # Automatically-generated.
    '.pot',
])

self.fossilised_files |= set([
    # Old news won't be updated.
    'ONEWS',
])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set([
            # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',
            '.cc',
            '.h',
            '.hs',
            '.f',
            '.f90',
            '.go',
            '.inc',
            '.java',
        ])

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
    # and isn't updated.
    if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
        return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
GenericFilter.__init__(self)

self.skip_extensions |= set([
    # Maintained by the translation project.
    '.po',
    # Automatically-generated.
    '.pot',
])

class LibGCCFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set([
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
        ])
class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)
        self.skip_files |= set ("
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
        ")
        self.skip_dirs |= set ("
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',
            # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
            'data',
            # Contains imported images
            'images',
        ")
        self.own_files |= set ("
            # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
            'spine.xml',
        ")

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
            return re.compile ('// \(C\) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)
        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_external_author ('ARM')
class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
    def __init__ (self):
        CmdLine.__init__ (self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir ('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir ('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir ('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir (os.path.join ('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir ('gnattools')
        self.add_dir ('include')
        self.add_dir ('libada')
        self.add_dir ('libatomic')
        self.add_dir ('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir ('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libdecnumber')
        # libffi is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir ('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
        self.add_dir ('libgfortran')
        self.add_dir ('libgomp')
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and one for the documentation.

There is a license section in the FAQ regarding common questions. If you have more questions, ask the FSF or the gcc mailing list.

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Developed by:

LLVM Team

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

http://llvm.org

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@end enumerate

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```
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ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
End:
```

```
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1 [java/security/Permission] java/lang/Object java/security/Guard java/io/Serializable serialVersionUID

ConstantValue?(WQ~nameLjava/lang/String; <init>(Ljava/lang/String;) V

Code()

VLineNumberTable LocalVariableTable this java/security/Permission;

checkGuard(Ljava/lang/Object;) V

! java/lang/System" #getSecurityManager()Ljava/lang/SecurityManager;

'&java/lang/SecurityManager() checkPermission(Ljava/security/Permission;) V

objLjava/lang/Object; smLjava/lang/SecurityManager; implies(Ljava/security/Permission;) Z
equals(Ljava/lang/Object;) Z

hashCode() I

getName()Ljava/lang/String;

getActions new PermissionCollection&()Ljava/security/PermissionCollection; toString(); gnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder

r

:^J?

K3(Ljava/lang/String;); gnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;

H

N6SP

RTS java/lang/String01

: V95 stringL gnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;

SourceFilePermission.java!

F

**+[]

XM,, *Snop

q *+

. /012345/*6578,95S.Y <L+(=L+*AEIL+ =L+*LIL*MOQ+ =L+*MIL+=L+U*

*+7>GNSKWXZY

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_acl_Permission__
#define __java_security_acl_Permission__

#pragma interface

#endif __java_security_acl_Permission__

#include <java/lang/Object.h>

extern "Java"
{

namespace java
{

namespace security
{

namespace acl
{
class Permission;

public:
virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
static ::java::lang::Class class$;
} __attribute__ ((java_interface));
#endif // __java_security_acl_Permission__

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HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM. Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the
generic code are due to Walter Underwood.
Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.
AI Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) 
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Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and
Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.
Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and
Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.
Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.
Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and
Sony News specific code. AI Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and
Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks(agg@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to
a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to
nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the
code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the
current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn’t
made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)
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/**
 * This interface provides information about a permission that can be
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 * java.security.Permission.
 * @version 0.0
public interface Permission
{
/**
 * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code>
 * (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
 * @param perm The permission to check for equality
 * @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
 */
boolean equals (Object perm);
/**
 * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
 * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
 */
String toString();
}

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using underscores, we are using prefix `.': to identify labels that should be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS */
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) /*

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This is how to output an assembler line that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE) \fprintf (FILE, "\t.space "HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED"n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)),\)\assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),\fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED))

/* This says how to output an assembler line to define a local common symbol. */
#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) \
   ( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),\n   assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),\n   fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT)  \
   ( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),			\n   assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),		\n   fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line 
   that says to advance the location counter 
   to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG)  \
  if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), 	".align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF 
   the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where 
   PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class. 
   This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER)  \
   sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */
#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don’t split DBX symbols into continuations. */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0

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// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
#define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
 namespace gnu
 {
  namespace javax
  {
   namespace sound
   {
    class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
   }
  }
 }

class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{

 AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);
 public:
  static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
  static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
  static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
  static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
  static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;
 private:
static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;
public:
static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};
#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

1.128 boardinfo 1.0

1.129 bzip2 1.0.6
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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.
jseward@acm.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.2 of 30 December 2001

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usage: minibz2 [-d] [-{1,2,...9}] [[srcfilename] destfilename]
*/
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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1.132 802.1x 1-1

1.133 libthread-db 2.19-1
1.133.1 Available under license :

Jan 21, 2002

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package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;
import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;

/**
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
 */
public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

    private static final String NAME = "copyright";
    private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:";

    public String getName() {
        return NAME;
    }

    public boolean inField() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inConstructor() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inMethod() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inOverview() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inPackage() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inType() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean isInlineTag() {
        return false;
    }

    public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
        CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
        tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
    }
}
public String toString(Tag tag) {
    return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
}

public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
        return null;
    } else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
            if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                haveValidTag = true;
            }
        }
        if (haveValidTag) {
            StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
            result.append("<dl>");
            for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
                if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                    result.append("<dt><i>Copyright © " + tags[i].text() + "</i><dt>"");
                }
            }
            result.append("</dl>");
            return result.toString();
        } else {
            return null;
        }
    }
}

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<?dbhtml filename="appendix_gfdl.html"?>

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Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under
Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on
the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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library 'Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
#define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
    namespace java
    {
        namespace security
        {
            class Permission;
            class PermissionCollection;
        }
    }
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{  
  public:
    Permission(::java::lang::String *);
  virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
  virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
  virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
  virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
  virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
  virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
  virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
  virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();

  private:
    static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
    ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__( ::java::lang::Object)))) name;
  
  public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
  }

#ifdef __java_security_Permission__
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
Copyright @copyright{} 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
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@c man end
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
@unnumbered GNU General Public License
@center Version 3, 29 June 2007

@c This file is intended to be included in another file.

@display
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@end display

@end ignore
@end man
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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

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@enumerate 0
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/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects

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package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;

import java.io.Serializable;

/**
 * This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
 * the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
 * and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The
 * actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
 * context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions
 * are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
 * something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning
 * within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no
 * actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission
 * or you don't.
 *<p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This
 *checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
 *permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the
 *permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission
 *"Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
 *file foo.
 *<p><code>Permission</code>'s must be immutable - do not change their
 *state after creation.
 *
 * @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
 * @see Permissions
 * @see PermissionCollection
 * @since 1.1
 * @status updated to 1.4
 */
public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable
{
    private static final long serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674L;

    /**
     * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
     *
     * @serial the name of the permission
     */
    private String name;

    /**
     * Compatible with JDK 1.1+.
     */
    private static final long serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674L;

    /**
     * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
     *
     * @serial the name of the permission
     */
    private String name;
/**
 * Create an instance with the specified name.
 *
 * @param name the permission name
 */
public Permission(String name)
{
    this.name = name;
}

/**
 * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
 * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in
 * <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its
 * argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds
 * or throws an exception if it fails.
 *
 * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
 * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
 * @see GuardedObject
 * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
 */
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
    SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
    if (sm != null)
        sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
 * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the
 * specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
 *
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>implies</code>, rather
 * than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 *
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
* This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It
* must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be
* the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
*
* @return a hash value
* /
public abstract int hashCode();

/**
 * Get the name of this <code>Permission</code>.
 *
 * @return the name
 */
public final String getName()
{
    return name;
}

/**
 * This method returns the list of actions for this <code>Permission</code>
 * as a <code>String</code>. The string should be in canonical order, for
 * example, both <code>new FilePermission(f, "write,read")</code> and
 * <code>new FilePermission(f, "read,write")</code> have the action list
 * "read,write".
 *
 * @return the action list for this <code>Permission</code>
 */
public abstract String getActions();

/**
 * This method returns an empty <code>PermissionCollection</code> object
 * that can store permissions of this type, or <code>null</code> if no
 * such collection is defined. Subclasses must override this to provide
 * an appropriate collection when one is needed to accurately calculate
 * <code>implies</code>.
 *
 * @return a new <code>PermissionCollection</code>
 */
public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
    return null;
}

/**
 * This method returns a <code>String</code> representation of this
 * <code>Permission</code> object. This is in the format:
 * <code>'(' + getClass().getName() + ' ' + getName() + ' ' + getActions
 * + ')'</code>.

public String toString()
{
    CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

    string = string.append('(');
    string = string.append(getClass().getName());
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getName());

    if (!(getActions().equals("")))
    {
        string = string.append(' ');
        string = string.append(getActions());
    }

    string = string.append(')');
    return string.toString();
}
} // class Permission

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 Standard preamble:

 Set up some character translations and predefined strings. \(-- will give an unbreakable dash, \(PI will give pi, \(L will give a left double quote, and \(R will give a right double quote. \(C will give a nicer C++. Capital omega is used to do unbreakable dashes and therefore won't be available. \(C and \(C expand to ` in nroff, nothing in troff, for use with C<>.

 |W-.
 |W-1v\h'-1p\h'1p\s-2+h'-1p\s0v\v\h'-1p'
 |n \{
 . ds C+ CV'-.1v\h'-1p\s-2+h'-1p\s0v\v\h'-1p'
 |e n \{
 . ds -- \(*W-.
 . ds PI pi
 . if \(n(\H=4u)&(1m=24u) .ds -- \(*W\h'-12u\(*W\h'-12u\h'1p\h'-1p\v\h'-1p)
'br\}
el\{
  ds -- \|{em|}
  ds PI \"p
  ds L" "
  ds R" "
'br\}
\" Escape single quotes in literal strings from groff's Unicode transform.
.ie \n(.g .ds Aq \(aq
.el ds Aq '
\"
\" If the F register is turned on, we'll generate index entries on stderr for
\" titles (.TH), headers (.SH), subsections (.SS), items (.Ip), and index
\" entries marked with X<> in POD. Of course, you'll have to process the
\" output yourself in some meaningful fashion.
.ie \nF \{
  de IX
  tm Index:\$1\t\n%	"\$2"
.. nr \% 0
  rr F
\}
.el \{
  de IX
.. \}
\"
\" Accent mark definitions (@(#)ms.acc 1.5 88/02/08 SMI; from UCB 4.2).
\" Fear. Run. Save yourself. No user-serviceable parts.
\" fudge factors for nroff and troff
.if n \{
  ds #H 0
  ds #V .8m
  ds #F .3m
  ds #[ \&I
  ds #] \&P
\}
.if t \{
  ds #H ((1u-(\\n(.fu%2u))*.13m)
  ds #V .6m
  ds #F 0
  ds #\&
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.IP "16. Limitation of Liability." 4

.IX Item "16. Limitation of Liability."
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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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<link rel="home" href="/index.html" title="The GNU C++ Library" />
<link rel="prev" href="/Chapter1.Status" title="Chapter1.Status" />
<link rel="up" href="/manual.intro.status.license" title="Chapter1.Status" />
</head>
<body class="navheader">
<table width="100%" summary="Navigation header">
<tr><th colspan="3" align="center">License</th></tr>
<tr><td width="20%" align="left"><a accesskey="p" href="/status.html">Prev</a></td><th width="60%" align="center">Chapter1.Status</th><td width="20%" align="right"><a accesskey="n" href="/bugs.html">Next</a></td></tr>
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<h2 class="title" style="clear: both"><a id="manual.intro.status.license"></a>License</h2>

There are two licenses affecting GNU libstdc++: one for the code, and one for the documentation.

There is a license section in the FAQ regarding common questions. If you have more questions, ask the FSF or the gcc mailing list.
The Code: GPL

The source code is distributed under the GNU General Public License version 3, with the addition under section 7 of an exception described in the GCC Runtime Library Exception, version 3.1 as follows (or see the file COPYING.RUNTIME):

GCCRUNTIMELIBRARYEXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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This GCC Runtime Library Exception ("Exception") is an additional permission under section 7 of the GNU General Public License, version 3 ("GPLv3"). It applies to a given file (the "Runtime Library") that bears an notice placed by the copyright holder of the file stating that the file is governed by GPLv3 along with this Exception.

When you use GCC to compile a program, GCC may combine portions of certain GCC header files and runtime libraries with the compiled program. The purpose of this Exception is to allow combination with non-GPL (including proprietary) programstouse, in this way, the header files and runtime libraries covered by this Exception.

0. Definitions.

A file is an "Independent Module" if it either requires the Runtime Library for execution after a compilation process, or makes use of an interface provided by the Runtime Library, but is not otherwise based on the Runtime Library.

"GCC" means a version of the GNU Compiler Collection, with or without modifications, governed by version 3 (or as specified later version) of the GNU General Public License (GPL) with the option of using any subsequent versions published by the FSF.

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"Target Code" refers to output from any compiler for a real or virtual target processor architecture, in executable form or suitable for input to an assembler, loader, linker and/or execution.
The "CompilationProcess" transforms code entirely represented in non-intermediatelanguages designed for human-writtencode, and/or in JavaVirtualMachine bytecode, into TargetCode. Thus, for example, use of source code generators and preprocessors need not be considered part of the CompilationProcess, since the CompilationProcess can be understood as starting with the output of the generators or preprocessors.

A CompilationProcess is "Eligible" if it is done using GCC, alone or with other GPL-compatiblesoftware, or if it is done without using any work based on GCC. For example, using non-GPL-compatible Software to optimize any GCC intermediaterepresentations would not qualify as an Eligible CompilationProcess.

1. Grant of Additional Permission.

You have permission to propagate a work of Target Code formed by combining the Runtime Library with Independent Modules, even if such propagation would otherwise violate the terms of GPLv3, provided that all Target Code was generated by Eligible CompilationProcesses. You may then convey such a combination under terms of your choice, consistent with the licensing of the Independent Modules.

2. No Weakening of GCC Copyleft.

The availability of this Exception does not imply any general presumption that third-party software is unaffected by the copyleft requirement of the license of GCC.

Hopefully that text is self-explanatory. If it isn't, you need to speak to your lawyer, or the Free Software Foundation.
If you plan on making copies of the documentation, please let us know. We can probably offer suggestions.

#!/usr/bin/python
#
# Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.
#
# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
#   Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
# that carries a non-FSF copyright.
#
# The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
# libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
# while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
# point in the past.
#
# Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
# to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
# want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.
#
# By default the script will update all directories for which the
# output has been vetted. You can instead pass the names of individual
# directories, including those that haven't been approved. So:
#
# update-copyright.pl --this-year
#
# is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
# all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
# new files have been added with old years). On the other hand:
#

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0

    def report(self, filename, string):
        if filename:
            string = filename + ':' + string
        sys.stderr.write(string + '
')
        self.num_errors += 1

    def ok(self):
        return self.num_errors == 0

class GenericFilter:
    def __init__(self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
        self.own_files = set()

        self.skip_files |= set(['
        # Skip licence files.
            'COPYING',
            'COPYING.LIB',
            'COPYING3',
            'COPYING3.LIB',
            'LICENSE',
            'fdl.texi',
            'gpl_v3.texi',
            'fdl-1.3.xml',
            'gpl-3.0.xml',

            # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
            'aclocal.m4',

            # Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
            # this script is run. There's already a separate procedure for that.

            update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava
            # would run the script on just libjava/.
            #
'compile',
'config.guess',
'config.sub',
'depcomp',
'install-sh',
'libtool.m4',
'ltmain.sh',
'ltversion.m4',
'lt--obsolete.m4',
'missing',
'mkdep',
'mkINSTALLdirs',
'move-if-change',
'shlibpath.m4',
'symlink-tree',
'ylwrap',

# Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
'gnu.texi',
'funding.texi',
'appendix_free.xml',

# Skip imported texinfo files.
'texinfo.tex',
})

def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith ('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile ('	')
    return None

def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True
    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext (os.path.join (dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True
    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists (base + '.am'):
            return True
# Skip files produced by autogen
if (os.path.exists (base + '.def')
    and os.path.exists (base + '.tpl')):
    return True

# Skip configure files produced by autoconf
if filename == 'configure':
    if os.path.exists (base + '.ac'):
        return True
    if os.path.exists (base + '.in'):
        return True
return False

def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file (self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True
    # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find ('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True
    return False

def by_package_author (self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

        # Characters in a range of years. Include '.' for typos.
        ranges = r'[0-9]+([-0-9,.\s]+and[-0-9,.\s]+)*[0-9]'

        # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
        name = r'\w.*\n
        # Matches one year.
        self.year_re = re.compile ('[0-9]+')

        # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
        self.continuation_re = re.compile (ranges + '\.' + name)

        # Matches a full copyright notice:
        self.copyright_re = re.compile (r'\bCopyright\s(C)\b')
# 2: the years. Include the whitespace in the year, so that
# we can remove any excess.
'\s*\(?:' + ranges + '\)\)?
'(by\s+)\)?

# 3: 'by ', if used
'(by\s+)\)?

# 4: the copyright holder. Don't allow multiple consecutive
# spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
# (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
'\(' + name + '\('?:\s?' + name + '\)*\)'?

# A regexp for notices that might have slipped by. Just matching
# 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
# HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
self.other_copyright_re = re.compile('copyright.*\[0-9\]\[0-9\]',
re.IGNORECASE)
self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ') 
self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' } 
self.holder_prefixes = set()

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.
self.use_quilt = False

# If set, force all notices to include this year.
self.max_year = None

# Goes after the year(s). Could be ',', '
self.separator = ','

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):
  if not canon_form:
    canon_form = holder
  self.holders[holder] = canon_form
  index = holder.find (' ')
  while index >= 0:
    self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])
    index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)

def add_external_author (self, holder):
self.holders[holder] = None

class BadYear():
    def __init__(self, year):
        self.year = year

    def __str__(self):
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year

def parse_year(self, string):
    year = int(string)
    if len(string) == 2:
        if year > 70:
            return year + 1900
        elif len(string) == 4:
            return year
        raise self.BadYear(string)
    else:
        return self.parse_year(string)

def year_range(self, years):
    year_list = [self.parse_year(year)
                 for year in self.year_re.findall(years)]
    assert len(year_list) > 0
    return (min(year_list), max(year_list))

def set_use_quilt(self, use_quilt):
    self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year(self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years(self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith('@value '):
        return years
    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range(years)

    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file(dir, filename):
        max_year = max(max_year, self.max_year)

    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)
def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
            and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
                 or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

    intro = match.group (1)
    if intro.startswith ('@set'):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
        if after_years != '':
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                                 'trailing characters in @set: ' + after_years)
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    else:
        # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
        while not self.is_complete (match):
            try:
                next_line = file.next()
            except StopIteration:
                break
            continuation = self.strip_continuation (next_line)
            if not self.continuation_re.match (continuation):
                break
            # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
            orig_line += next_line
            line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
            next_line = None

        # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
        match = self.copyright_re.match (line, match.start())
assert match

holder = match.group (4)

# Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
if filter.by_package_author (dir, filename):
    assert holder not in self.holders

elif not holder:
    self.errors.report (pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

elif holder not in self.holders:
    self.errors.report (pathname,
                        'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
    return (False, orig_line, next_line)

else:
    # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
    # author.
    canon_form = self.holders[holder]
    if not canon_form:
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
    line = (line[:match.start (4)]
            + canon_form
            + line[match.end (4):])

    # Remove any 'by'
    line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

    # Update the copyright years.
    years = match.group (2).strip()
    try:
        canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
    except self.BadYear as e:
        self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    line = (line[:match.start (2)]
            + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
            + line[match.end (2):])

    # Use the standard (C) form.
    if intro.endswith ('right'):
        intro += ' (C)
    elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
def process_file(self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join(dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove(pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return

    lines = []
    changed = False
    line_filter = filter.get_line_filter(dir, filename)
    with open(pathname, 'r') as file:
        prev = None
        for line in file:
            while line:
                next_line = None
                # Leave filtered-out lines alone.
                if not (line_filter and line_filter.match(line)):
                    match = self.copyright_re.search(line)
                    if match:
                        res = self.update_copyright(dir, filename, filter,
                                                     file, line, match)
                        (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
                        changed = changed or this_changed

                    # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
                    elif self.other_copyright_re.search(line):
                        self.errors.report(pathname,
                                           'unrecognised copyright: %s'
                                           % line.strip())
                        lines.append(line)
                        line = next_line

                # If something changed, write the new file out.
                if changed and self.errors.ok():
                    tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
                    with open(tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
                        for line in lines:
def write (line):
    if self.use_quilt:
        subprocess.call (['quilt', 'add', pathname])
    os.rename (tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree (self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk (tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange (len (subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
            if filter.skip_dir (dir, subdirs[i]):
                del subdirs[i]

        # Handle the files in this directory.
        for filename in filenames:
            if filter.skip_file (dir, filename):
                sys.stdout.write ('Skipping %s
' % os.path.join (dir, filename))
            else:
                self.process_file (dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__ (self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()
        self.copyright = copyright (self.errors)
        self.dirs = []
        self.default_dirs = []
        self.chosen_dirs = []
        self.option_handlers = dict()
        self.option_help = []

        self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
        self.add_option ('--quilt', '"quilt add" files before changing them',
                        self.o_quilt)
        self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice',
                         self.o_this_year)

    def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
        self.option_help.append ((name, help))
        self.option_handlers[name] = handler

    def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
        self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

    def o_help (self, option = None):
        sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...
' % sys.argv[0])
        format = '%-15s %s
'
        for (what, help) in self.option_help:
sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
sys.stdout.write ('\n')

format = '%-25s'
i = 0
for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
    i += 1
    if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
        sys.stdout.write (dir + '\n')
    else:
        sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
    self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
    self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
    for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
        if arg[1:] != '-':
            self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
        elif arg in self.option_handlers:
            self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
        else:
            self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
    if self.errors.ok():
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
        if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
            self.o_help()
        else:
            for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
                canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, '')
                count = 0
                for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
                    if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                        count += 1
                self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
                if count == 0:
                    self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: ' + chosen_dir)
                    sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#----------------------------------------------------------------------

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
    return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
            with open (pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
                return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Not part of GCC
            'math-68881.h',
        ])

        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
            'ada',
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
        ])

        self.skip_extensions |= set ([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',
            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        ])

        self.fossilised_files |= set ([
            # Old news won't be updated.
            'ONEWS',
        ])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
GenericFilter.__init__(self)

self.skip_extensions |= set([
    # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
    '.c',
    '.C',
    '.cc',
    '.h',
    '.hs',
    '.f',
    '.f90',
    '.go',
    '.inc',
    '.java',
])

def skip_file(self, dir, filename):
    # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
    # and isn't updated.
    if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename(dir) == 'g++.niklas':
        return True
    return GenericFilter.skip_file(self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set([
            # Maintained by the translation project.
            '.po',

            # Automatically-generated.
            '.pot',
        ])

class LibGCCFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set([
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
        ])

class LibJavaFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)
def get_line_filter(self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
        return re.compile ('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
    if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
        return re.compile ('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter(self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set (
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',
            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',
            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
            'libltdl',
        )

class LibStdCxxFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_files |= set (
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
        )

        self.skip_dirs |= set (
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',
            # The testsuite data files shouldn't be changed.
            'data',
            # Contains imported images
            'images',
        )
self.own_files |= set([
    # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
    'spine.xml',
])

def get_line_filter(self, dir, filename):
    if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
        return re.compile('// (C) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
    return GenericFilter.get_line_filter(self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright(Copyright):
    def __init__(self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__(self, errors)
        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author('ARM')
        self.add_package_author('AdaCore')
        self.add_package_author('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
        self.add_package_author('Cavium Networks.')
        self.add_package_author('Faraday Technology Corp.')
        self.add_package_author('Florida State University')
        self.add_package_author('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
        self.add_package_author('Hewlett-Packard Company')
        self.add_package_author('Information Technology Industry Council.')
        self.add_package_author('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
        self.add_package_author('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura')
        self.add_package_author('National Research Council of Canada')
        self.add_package_author('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
        self.add_package_author('Peter Dimov')
        self.add_package_author('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
        self.add_package_author('Regents of the University of California.')
        self.add_package_author('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
        self.add_package_author('Silicon Graphics')
        self.add_package_author('Stephen L. Moshier')
        self.add_package_author('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_package_author('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
        self.add_package_author('The Go Authors.')
        self.add_package_author('The Regents of the University of California.')
self.add_external_author('Unicode, Inc.
self.add_external_author('University of Toronto.

class GCCCmdLine (CmdLine):
def __init__(self):
    
    self.add_dir('.', TopLevelFilter())
    # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
    self.add_dir('config', ConfigFilter())
    # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
    self.add_dir('fixincludes')
    self.add_dir('gcc', GCCFilter())
    self.add_dir(os.path.join('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
    self.add_dir('gnattools')
    self.add_dir('include')
    self.add_dir('libada')
    self.add_dir('libatomic')
    self.add_dir('libbacktrace')
    self.add_dir('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
    self.add_dir('libdecnumber')
    # libffi is imported from upstream.
    self.add_dir('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
    self.add_dir('libgfortran')
    self.add_dir('libgomp')
    self.add_dir('libiberty')
    self.add_dir('libitm')
    self.add_dir('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
    self.add_dir(os.path.join('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
    self.add_dir('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
    self.add_dir(os.path.join('libmudflap', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
    self.add_dir('libobjc')
    self.add_dir('libquadmath')
    # libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
    self.add_dir('libssp')
    self.add_dir(os.path.join('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter()))
    self.add_dir('lto-plugin')
    # zlib is imported from upstream.

    self.default_dirs = [
'gcc',
'libada',
'libatomic',
'libbacktrace',
'libcpp',
'libdecnumber',
'libgcc',
'libgcc',
'libgfortran',
'libgomp',
'libiberty',
'libitm',
'libjava',
'libmudflap',
'libmudflap',
'libobjc',
'libquadmath',
'libssp',
'libstdc++-v3',
'lto-plugin',
'zlib']

self.add_dir('libobjc')
self.add_dir('libquadmath')
# libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir('libssp')
self.add_dir(os.path.join('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter()))
self.add_dir('lto-plugin')
# zlib is imported from upstream.
GCCCmdLine().main()
If+gnu/classpath/tools/taglets/CopyrightTaglet.java/lang/Object/com/sun/tools/doclets/TagletNAME.java/lang/String:
ConstantValuecopyrightHEADER
Copyright:<init>()VCode
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@end enumerate

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@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
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@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS
@end ifinfo

@page
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>:?@append"(C)Lgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
BCDgetClass()Ljava/lang/Class;
FHGjava/lang/Class45
:J?K3(Ljava/lang/String;)Lgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
H
N65P
RTSjava/lang/String01
:V95stringLgnu/java/lang/CPStringBuilder;
SourceFilePermission.java!
F
**+[]

XM,,*$nop
q **+
.-/012345/*6578.95S:<L+=(L+*AEIL+ =L+*LIL.*MOQ+ =L+*MIL+)=L+U*
"+7>GNSKWXZY

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*. c++ -*

ifndef __java_security_acl_Permission__
define __java_security_acl_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
namespace java
{
namespace security
{
namespace acl
{
    class Permission;
}
}
}

class java::security::acl::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

public:
virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
static ::java::lang::Class class$;
} __attribute__ ((java_interface));

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage
collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in
README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research
projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation
and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for
the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the
garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined
and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U.,
the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for
C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.
The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.

Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.

Jesper Peterson (jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.

Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D. Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.

Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.

Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs (detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.

Alistair G. Crooks (agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.

Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.

David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.

Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.

Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.

Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn’t made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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/**
 * This interface provides information about a permission that can be granted. Note that this is \texttt{not} the same as the class \texttt{java.security.Permission}.
 * @version 0.0
 * @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
 */
public interface Permission {
/**
 * This method tests whether or not a specified \texttt{Permission} (passed as an \texttt{Object}) is the same as this permission.
 * @param perm The permission to check for equality
 */
boolean equals (Object perm);

/**
 * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>
 * representing this permission.
 */
String toString();
}

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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/* Definitions for BSD assembler syntax for Intel 386
   (actually AT&T syntax for insns and operands,
   adapted to BSD conventions for symbol names and debugging.)
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/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */
/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
#define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
#define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
#define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS */
#define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME) */

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This is how to output an assembler line that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE) 
fprintf (FILE, "\t.space "HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED"\n", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) 
( fputs (".comm ", (FILE)),
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED) 
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT) 
( fputs (".lcomm ", (FILE)),
 assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
 fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))
#endif
fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
that says to advance the location counter
to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG)
    if ((LOG)!==0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER)
    sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1

/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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#ifndef __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
 namespace gnu
 {
 namespace javax
 {
 namespace sound
 {
 class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
 }
 }
 }

 class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
 {
 AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);
 public:
 static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
 static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;
 private:
 static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;
 public:
 static ::java::lang::Class class$;
 });

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
1.134.1 libpthread 2.19

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package gnu.classpath.tools.taglets;

import java.util.Map;

import com.sun.tools.doclets.Taglet;

import com.sun.javadoc.Tag;
/**
 * A simple Taglet which handles Copyright information.
 */

public class CopyrightTaglet implements Taglet {

    private static final String NAME = "copyright";
    private static final String HEADER = "Copyright:"

    public String getName() {
        return NAME;
    }

    public boolean inField() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inConstructor() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inMethod() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inOverview() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inPackage() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean inType() {
        return true;
    }

    public boolean isInlineTag() {
        return false;
    }

    public static void register(Map tagletMap) {
        CopyrightTaglet copyrightTaglet = new CopyrightTaglet();
        tagletMap.put(copyrightTaglet.getName(), copyrightTaglet);
    }

    public String toString(Tag tag) {
        return toString(new Tag[] { tag });
    }
}
public String toString(Tag[] tags) {
    if (tags.length == 0) {
        return null;
    }
    else {
        boolean haveValidTag = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < tags.length && !haveValidTag; ++i) {
            if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                haveValidTag = true;
            }
        }
        if (haveValidTag) {
            StringBuffer result = new StringBuffer();
            result.append("<dl>");
            for (int i = 0; i < tags.length; i++) {
                if (tags[i].text().length() > 0) {
                    result.append("<dt><i>Copyright © " + tags[i].text() + "</i></dt>");
                }
            }
            result.append("</dl>");
            return result.toString();
        }
        else {
            return null;
        }
    }
}

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)
Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or
link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a
work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work
under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit
modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse
engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the
Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by
this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work
during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the
copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference
directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one
of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding
machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever
changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under
Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked
with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that
uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the
user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified
executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood
that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the
Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application
to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the
Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a
copy of the library already present on the user's computer system,
rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2)
will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least
three years, to give the same user the materials specified in
Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of
performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above
specified materials from the same place.
e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
That's all there is to it!

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __java_security_Permission__
#define __java_security_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
  namespace java
  {
    namespace security
    {
      class Permission;
      class PermissionCollection;
    }
  }
}

class java::security::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{
  public:
    Permission(::java::lang::String *);
    virtual void checkGuard(::java::lang::Object *);
    virtual jboolean implies(::java::security::Permission *) = 0;
    virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
    virtual jint hashCode() = 0;
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getName();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * getActions() = 0;
    virtual ::java::security::PermissionCollection * newPermissionCollection();
    virtual ::java::lang::String * toString();
  private:
    static const jlong serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674LL;
    ::java::lang::String * __attribute__((aligned(__alignof__(::java::lang::Object)))) name;
  public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
  
#endif // __java_security_Permission__

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@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
Open Source Used In Cisco RV16x RV26x Routers 1.0.01.07-09 2331

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

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The “Corresponding Source” for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally available free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

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@item
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@enumerate a
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@item
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@item
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@item
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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it 
under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for details.
@end smallexample

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/* Permission.java -- The superclass for all permission objects

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package java.security;

import gnu.java.lang.CPStringBuilder;
import java.io.Serializable;

/**
 * This class is the abstract superclass of all classes that implement
 * the concept of a permission. A permission consists of a permission name
 * and optionally a list of actions that relate to the permission. The
 * actual meaning of the name of the permission is defined only in the
 * context of a subclass. It may name a resource to which access permissions
 * are granted (for example, the name of a file) or it might represent
 * something else entirely. Similarly, the action list only has meaning
 * within the context of a subclass. Some permission names may have no
 * actions associated with them. That is, you either have the permission
 * or you don't.
 *
 * <p>The most important method in this class is <code>implies</code>. This
 * checks whether if one has this permission, then the specified
 * permission is also implied. As a conceptual example, consider the
 * permissions "Read All Files" and "Read File foo". The permission
 * "Read All Files" implies that the caller has permission to read the
 * file foo.
 *
 * <p><code>Permission</code>’s must be immutable - do not change their
 * state after creation.
 *
 * @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
 * @see Permissions
 * @see PermissionCollection
 * @since 1.1
 * @status updated to 1.4
 */

public abstract class Permission implements Guard, Serializable 
{
 /**
 * Compatible with JDK 1.1+. 
 */
 private static final long serialVersionUID = -5636570222231596674L;

 /**
 * This is the name assigned to this permission object.
 */
 private String name;

 /**
 * Create an instance with the specified name.
 */
* @param name the permission name
*
public Permission(String name)
{
    this.name = name;
}

/**
 * This method implements the <code>Guard</code> interface for this class.
 * It calls the <code>checkPermission</code> method in <code>SecurityManager</code> with this <code>Permission</code> as its argument. This method returns silently if the security check succeeds or throws an exception if it fails.
 *
 * @param obj the <code>Object</code> being guarded - ignored by this class
 * @throws SecurityException if the security check fails
 * @see GuardedObject
 * @see SecurityManager#checkPermission(Permission)
 */
public void checkGuard(Object obj)
{
    SecurityManager sm = System.getSecurityManager();
    if (sm != null)
        sm.checkPermission(this);
}

/**
 * This method tests whether this <code>Permission</code> implies that the specified <code>Permission</code> is also granted.
 *
 * @param perm the <code>Permission</code> to test against
 * @return true if perm is implied by this
 */
public abstract boolean implies(Permission perm);

/**
 * Check to see if this object equals obj. Use <code>equals</code>, rather than <code>equals</code>, when making access control decisions.
 *
 * @param obj the object to compare to
 */
public abstract boolean equals(Object obj);

/**
 * This method returns a hash code for this <code>Permission</code>. It must satisfy the contract of <code>Object.hashCode</code>: it must be the same for all objects that equals considers to be the same.
 *
public abstract int hashCode();

public final String getName()
{
    return name;
}

public abstract String getActions();

public PermissionCollection newPermissionCollection()
{
    return null;
}

public String toString()
{ 
CPStringBuilder string = new CPStringBuilder();

string = string.append('(');
string = string.append(getClass().getName());
string = string.append(' ');
string = string.append(getName());

if (!(getActions().equals("")))
{
    string = string.append(' ');
    string = string.append(getActions());
}

string = string.append(')');
return string.toString();
} // class Permission

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**SEE ALSO**

`gfdl`(7), `sf-funding`(7).

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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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#!/usr/bin/python
#...

# Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
#
# This script is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
# it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3, or (at your option)
# any later version.

# This script adjusts the copyright notices at the top of source files
# so that they have the form:
#
# Copyright XXXX-YYYY Free Software Foundation, Inc.
It doesn't change code that is known to be maintained elsewhere or
that carries a non-FSF copyright.

The script also doesn't change testsuite files, except those in
libstdc++-v3. This is because libstdc++-v3 has a conformance testsuite,
while most tests in other directories are just things that failed at some
point in the past.

Pass --this-year to the script if you want it to add the current year
to all applicable notices. Pass --quilt if you are using quilt and
want files to be added to the quilt before being changed.

By default the script will update all directories for which the
output has been vetted. You can instead pass the names of individual
directories, including those that haven't been approved. So:

    update-copyright.pl --this-year

is the command that would be used at the beginning of a year to update
all copyright notices (and possibly at other times to check whether
new files have been added with old years). On the other hand:

    update-copyright.pl --this-year libjava

would run the script on just libjava/.

Note that things like --version output strings must be updated before
this script is run. There's already a separate procedure for that.

import os
import re
import sys
import time
import subprocess

class Errors:
    def __init__(self):
        self.num_errors = 0

    def report(self, filename, string):
        if filename:
            string = filename + ': ' + string
        sys.stderr.write(string + '
')
        self.num_errors += 1

    def ok(self):
        return self.num_errors == 0
class GenericFilter:
    def __init__(self):
        self.skip_files = set()
        self.skip_dirs = set()
        self.skip_extensions = set()
        self.fossilised_files = set()
        self.own_files = set()

        self.skip_files |= set(['
            # Skip licence files.
            'COPYING',
            'COPYING.LIB',
            'COPYING3',
            'COPYING3.LIB',
            'LICENSE',
            'fdl.texi',
            'gpl_v3.texi',
            'fdl-1.3.xml',
            'gpl-3.0.xml',

            # Skip auto- and libtool-related files
            'aclocal.m4',
            'compile',
            'config.guess',
            'config.sub',
            'decomp',
            'install-sh',
            'libtool.m4',
            'ltmain.sh',
            'ltoptions.m4',
            'ltversion.m4',
            'lt~obsolete.m4',
            'missing',
            'mkdep',
            'mkinstalldirs',
            'move-if-change',
            'shlibpath.m4',
            'symlink-tree',
            'y1wrap',

            # Skip FSF mission statement, etc.
            'gnu.texi',
            'funding.texi',
            'appendix_free.xml',

            # Skip imported texinfo files.
        '])
def get_line_filter(self, dir, filename):
    if filename.startswith('ChangeLog'):
        # Ignore references to copyright in changelog entries.
        return re.compile('\\t')
    return None

def skip_file(self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.skip_files:
        return True
    (base, extension) = os.path.splitext(os.path.join(dir, filename))
    if extension in self.skip_extensions:
        return True
    if extension == '.in':
        # Skip .in files produced by automake.
        if os.path.exists(base + '.am'):
            return True
    # Skip files produced by autogen
    if (os.path.exists(base + '.def')
        and os.path.exists(base + '.tpl')):
        return True
    # Skip configure files produced by autoconf
    if filename == 'configure':
        if os.path.exists(base + '.ac'):
            return True
        if os.path.exists(base + '.in'):
            return True
    return False

def skip_dir(self, dir, subdir):
    return subdir in self.skip_dirs

def is_fossilised_file(self, dir, filename):
    if filename in self.fossilised_files:
        return True
    # Only touch current current ChangeLogs.
    if filename != 'ChangeLog' and filename.find('ChangeLog') >= 0:
        return True
    return False
def by_package_author(self, dir, filename):
    return filename in self.own_files

class Copyright:
    def __init__(self, errors):
        self.errors = errors

    # Characters in a range of years.  Include '.' for typos.
    ranges = '[0-9][\-0-9,\s\+\-]*[0-9]'

    # Non-whitespace characters in a copyright holder's name.
    name = '[^\w-]'

    # Matches one year.
    self.year_re = re.compile('[0-9]+')

    # Matches part of a year or copyright holder.
    self.continuation_re = re.compile(ranges + '|' + name)

    # Matches a full copyright notice:
    self.copyright_re = re.compile(
        # 1: 'Copyright (C)', etc.
        '([Cc]opyright\s+\([^Cc]\)])\s*
        '[Cc]opyright\s+%s
        '[Cc]opyright\s+&copy\s*
        '[Cc]opyright\s+@copyright{}'
        '@set\s+copyright\[\w-\]+')

    # 2: the years.  Include the whitespace in the year, so that
    # we can remove any excess.
    '\s*([?:\+ ranges + '.?]
    '|@ value\{[^\{]*\}s*')

    # 3: 'by ', if used
    '(by\s+)?'

    # 4: the copyright holder.  Don't allow multiple consecutive
    # spaces, so that right-margin gloss doesn't get caught
    # (e.g. gnat_ugn.texi).
    '([^\s\+]+ name + (?:\s? + name + ')*)?')

    # A regexp for notices that might have slipped by.  Just matching
    # 'copyright' is too noisy, and 'copyright.*[0-9]' falls foul of
    # HTML header markers, so check for 'copyright' and two digits.
    self.other_copyright_re = re.compile('copyright.*[0-9][0-9].*
    re.IGNORECASE)
self.comment_re = re.compile('#+|[*]+|;+|%+|//+|@c |dnl ')  

self.holders = { '@copying': '@copying' }  
self.holder_prefixes = set()  

# True to 'quilt add' files before changing them.  
self.use_quilt = False  

# If set, force all notices to include this year.  
self.max_year = None  

# Goes after the year(s). Could be ',', '.  
self.separator = ''  

def add_package_author (self, holder, canon_form = None):  
    if not canon_form:  
        canon_form = holder  
    self.holders[holder] = canon_form  
    index = holder.find (' ')  
    while index >= 0:  
        self.holder_prefixes.add (holder[:index])  
        index = holder.find (' ', index + 1)  

def add_external_author (self, holder):  
    self.holders[holder] = None  

class BadYear():  
    def __init__ (self, year):  
        self.year = year  
    
    def __str__ (self):  
        return 'unrecognised year: ' + self.year  

def parse_year (self, string):  
    year = int (string)  
    if len (string) == 2:  
        if year > 70:  
            return year + 1900  
        elif len (string) == 4:  
            return year  
        raise self.BadYear (string)  

def year_range (self, years):  
    year_list = [self.parse_year (year)  
                 for year in self.year_re.findall (years)]  
    assert len (year_list) > 0  
    return (min (year_list), max (year_list))  

def set_use_quilt (self, use_quilt):
self.use_quilt = use_quilt

def include_year (self, year):
    assert not self.max_year
    self.max_year = year

def canonicalise_years (self, dir, filename, filter, years):
    # Leave texinfo variables alone.
    if years.startswith ('@value'):
        return years

    (min_year, max_year) = self.year_range (years)

    # Update the upper bound, if enabled.
    if self.max_year and not filter.is_fossilised_file (dir, filename):
        max_year = max (max_year, self.max_year)

    # Use a range.
    if min_year == max_year:
        return '%d' % min_year
    else:
        return '%d-%d' % (min_year, max_year)

def strip_continuation (self, line):
    line = line.lstrip()
    match = self.comment_re.match (line)
    if match:
        line = line[match.end():].lstrip()
    return line

def is_complete (self, match):
    holder = match.group (4)
    return (holder
            and (holder not in self.holder_prefixes
                 or holder in self.holders))

def update_copyright (self, dir, filename, filter, file, line, match):
    orig_line = line
    next_line = None
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)

    intro = match.group (1)
    if intro.startswith ('@set'):
        # Texinfo year variables should always be on one line
        after_years = line[match.end (2):].strip()
        if after_years != ':
            self.errors.report (pathname,
                'trailing characters in @set: ' )
else:
    # If it looks like the copyright is incomplete, add the next line.
    while not self.is_complete(match):
        try:
            next_line = file.next()
        except StopIteration:
            break
        # If the next line doesn't look like a proper continuation,
        # assume that what we've got is complete.
        continuation = self.strip_continuation(next_line)
        if not self.continuation_re.match(continuation):
            break
        # Merge the lines for matching purposes.
        orig_line += next_line
        line = line.rstrip() + ' ' + continuation
        next_line = None
        # Rematch with the longer line, at the original position.
        match = self.copyright_re.match(line, match.start())
        assert match
        holder = match.group(4)

    # Use the filter to test cases where markup is getting in the way.
    if filter.by_package_author(dir, filename):
        assert holder not in self.holders
    elif not holder:
        self.errors.report(pathname, 'missing copyright holder')
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    elif holder not in self.holders:
        self.errors.report(pathname, 'unrecognised copyright holder: ' + holder)
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)
    else:
        # See whether the copyright is associated with the package
        # author.
        canon_form = self.holders[holder]
        if not canon_form:
            return (False, orig_line, next_line)

        # Make sure the author is given in a consistent way.
line = (line[:match.start (4)]
        + canon_form
        + line[match.end (4):])

    # Remove any 'by'
    line = line[:match.start (3)] + line[match.end (3):]

    # Update the copyright years.
    years = match.group (2).strip()
    try:
        canon_form = self.canonicalise_years (dir, filename, filter, years)
    except self.BadYear as e:
        self.errors.report (pathname, str (e))
        return (False, orig_line, next_line)

    line = (line[:match.start (2)]
            + ' ' + canon_form + self.separator
            + line[match.end (2):])

    # Use the standard (C) form.
    if intro.endswith ('right'):
        intro += ' (C)'
    elif intro.endswith ('(c)'):
        intro = intro[:-3] + '(C)'
    line = line[:match.start (1)] + intro + line[match.end (1):]

    # Strip trailing whitespace
    line = line.rstrip() + '

    return (line != orig_line, line, next_line)

def process_file (self, dir, filename, filter):
    pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
    if filename.endswith ('.tmp'):
        # Looks like something we tried to create before.
        try:
            os.remove (pathname)
        except OSError:
            pass
        return

    lines = []
    changed = False
    line_filter = filter.get_line_filter (dir, filename)
    with open (pathname, 'r') as file:
        prev = None
        for line in file:
            while line:
next_line = None
# Leave filtered-out lines alone.
if not (line_filter and line_filter.match(line)):
    match = self.copyright_re.search(line)
    if match:
        res = self.update_copyright(dir, filename, filter,
            file, line, match)
        (this_changed, line, next_line) = res
        changed = changed or this_changed

    # Check for copyright lines that might have slipped by.
    elif self.other_copyright_re.search(line):
        self.errors.report(pathname,
            'unrecognised copyright: %s'
            % line.strip())
        lines.append(line)
        line = next_line

# If something changed, write the new file out.
if changed and self.errors.ok():
    tmp_pathname = pathname + '.tmp'
    with open(tmp_pathname, 'w') as file:
        for line in lines:
            file.write(line)
    if self.use_quilt:
        subprocess.call(['quilt', 'add', pathname])
    os.rename(tmp_pathname, pathname)

def process_tree(self, tree, filter):
    for (dir, subdirs, filenames) in os.walk(tree):
        # Don't recurse through directories that should be skipped.
        for i in xrange(len(subdirs) - 1, -1, -1):
            if filter.skip_dir(dir, subdirs[i]):
                del subdirs[i]

        # Handle the files in this directory.
        for filename in filenames:
            if filter.skip_file(dir, filename):
                sys.stdout.write('Skipping %s
' % os.path.join(dir, filename))
            else:
                self.process_file(dir, filename, filter)

class CmdLine:
    def __init__(self, copyright = Copyright):
        self.errors = Errors()
        self.copyright = copyright(self.errors)
        self.dirs = []
self.default_dirs = []
self.chosen_dirs = []
self.option_handlers = dict()
self.option_help = []

self.add_option ('--help', 'Print this help', self.o_help)
self.add_option ('--quilt', ""quilt add" files before changing them",
  self.o_quilt)
self.add_option ('--this-year', 'Add the current year to every notice",
  self.o_this_year)

def add_option (self, name, help, handler):
  self.option_help.append ((name, help))
  self.option_handlers[name] = handler

def add_dir (self, dir, filter = GenericFilter()):
  self.dirs.append ((dir, filter))

def o_help (self, option = None):
  sys.stdout.write ('Usage: %s [options] dir1 dir2...

' % sys.argv[0])
  format = '%-15s %s
'
  for (what, help) in self.option_help:
    sys.stdout.write (format % (what, help))
  sys.stdout.write ('Directories:
')
  format = '%-25s'
  i = 0
  for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
    i += 1
    if i % 3 == 0 or i == len (self.dirs):
      sys.stdout.write (dir + 'n')
    else:
      sys.stdout.write (format % dir)
  sys.exit (0)

def o_quilt (self, option):
  self.copyright.set_use_quilt (True)

def o_this_year (self, option):
  self.copyright.include_year (time.localtime().tm_year)

def main (self):
  for arg in sys.argv[1:]:
    if arg[1] !='':
      self.chosen_dirs.append (arg)
    elif arg in self.option_handlers:
      self.option_handlers[arg] (arg)
else:
    self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised option: ' + arg)
if self.errors.ok():
    if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.chosen_dirs = self.default_dirs
    if len (self.chosen_dirs) == 0:
        self.o_help()
else:
    for chosen_dir in self.chosen_dirs:
        canon_dir = os.path.join (chosen_dir, '')
        count = 0
        for (dir, filter) in self.dirs:
            if (dir + os.sep).startswith (canon_dir):
                count += 1
                self.copyright.process_tree (dir, filter)
        if count == 0:
            self.errors.report (None, 'unrecognised directory: ' + chosen_dir)
        sys.exit (0 if self.errors.ok() else 1)

#----------------------------------------------------------------------------------

class TopLevelFilter (GenericFilter):
    def skip_dir (self, dir, subdir):
        return True

class ConfigFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)
    
    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        if filename.endswith ('.m4'):
            pathname = os.path.join (dir, filename)
            with open (pathname) as file:
                # Skip files imported from gettext.
                if file.readline().find ('gettext-') >= 0:
                    return True
            return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class GCCFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_files |= set (
            # Not part of GCC
            'math-68881.h',
            )
self.skip_dirs |= set([
    # Better not create a merge nightmare for the GNAT folks.
    'ada',

    # Handled separately.
    'testsuite',
])

self.skip_extensions |= set([
    # Maintained by the translation project.
    '.po',

    # Automatically-generated.
    '.pot',
])

self.fossilised_files |= set([
    # Old news won't be updated.
    'ONEWS',
])

class TestsuiteFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)

        self.skip_extensions |= set([
            # Don't change the tests, which could be woend by anyone.
            '.c',
            '.C',
            '.cc',
            '.h',
            '.hs',
            '.f',
            '.f90',
            '.go',
            '.inc',
            '.java',
        ])

    def skip_file (self, dir, filename):
        # g++.niklas/README contains historical copyright information
        # and isn't updated.
        if filename == 'README' and os.path.basename (dir) == 'g++.niklas':
            return True
        return GenericFilter.skip_file (self, dir, filename)

class LibCppFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)
GenericFilter.__init__(self)

self.skip_extensions |= set(
    # Maintained by the translation project.
    '.po',

    # Automatically-generated.
    '.pot',
)

class LibGCCFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set(
            # Imported from GLIBC.
            'soft-fp',
        )

class LibJavaFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set(
            # Handled separately.
            'testsuite',

            # Not really part of the library
            'contrib',

            # Imported from upstream
            'classpath',
            'libltdl',
        )

    def get_line_filter(self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'NameDecoder.h':
            return re.compile('.*NAME_COPYRIGHT')
        if filename == 'ICC_Profile.h':
            return re.compile('.*icSigCopyrightTag')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter(self, dir, filename)

class LibMudflapFilter(GenericFilter):
    def __init__(self):
        GenericFilter.__init__(self)

        self.skip_dirs |= set(
            # Handled separately.
        )
class LibStdCxxFilter (GenericFilter):
    def __init__ (self):
        GenericFilter.__init__ (self)
        self.skip_files |= set ([
            # Contains no copyright of its own, but quotes the GPL.
            'intro.xml',
        ])
        self.skip_dirs |= set ([
            # Contains automatically-generated sources.
            'html',
            # The testsuite data files shouldn’t be changed.
            'data',
            # Contains imported images
            'images',
        ])
        self.own_files |= set ([
            # Contains markup around the copyright owner.
            'spine.xml',
        ])

    def get_line_filter (self, dir, filename):
        if filename == 'boost_concept_check.h':
            return re.compile ('// (C) Copyright Jeremy Siek')
        return GenericFilter.get_line_filter (self, dir, filename)

class GCCCopyright (Copyright):
    def __init__ (self, errors):
        Copyright.__init__ (self, errors)
        canon_fsf = 'Free Software Foundation, Inc.'
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('The Free Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)
        self.add_package_author ('Software Foundation, Inc.', canon_fsf)

        self.add_external_author ('ARM')
self.add_external_author('AdaCore')
self.add_external_author('Ami Tavory and Vladimir Dreizin, IBM-HRL.')
self.add_external_author('Cavium Networks.')
self.add_external_author('Faraday Technology Corp.')
self.add_external_author('Florida State University')
self.add_external_author('Greg Colvin and Beman Dawes.')
self.add_external_author('Hewlett-Packard Company')
self.add_external_author('Information Technology Industry Council.')
self.add_external_author('James Theiler, Brian Gough')
self.add_external_author('Makoto Matsumoto and Takuji Nishimura,')
self.add_external_author('National Research Council of Canada.')
self.add_external_author('Peter Dimov and Multi Media Ltd.')
self.add_external_author('Peter Dimov')
self.add_external_author('Pipeline Associates, Inc.')
self.add_external_author('Regents of the University of California.')
self.add_external_author('Silicon Graphics Computer Systems, Inc.')
self.add_external_author('Stephen L. Moshier')
self.add_external_author('Sun Microsystems, Inc. All rights reserved.')
self.add_external_author('The Go Authors. All rights reserved.')
self.add_external_author('The Go Authors.')
self.add_external_author('The Regents of the University of California.')
self.add_external_author('Unicode, Inc.')
self.add_external_author('University of Toronto.')

class GCCCmdLine(CmdLine):
    def __init__(self):
        CmdLine.__init__(self, GCCCopyright)

        self.add_dir('.', TopLevelFilter())
        # boehm-gc is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir('config', ConfigFilter())
        # contrib isn't really part of GCC.
        self.add_dir('fixincludes')
        self.add_dir('gcc', GCCFilter())
        self.add_dir(os.path.join('gcc', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
        self.add_dir('gnattools')
        self.add_dir('include')
        self.add_dir('libada')
        self.add_dir('libatomic')
        self.add_dir('libbacktrace')
        self.add_dir('libcpp', LibCppFilter())
        self.add_dir('libdecnumber')
        # libffi is imported from upstream.
        self.add_dir('libgcc', LibGCCFilter())
        self.add_dir('libgfortran')
        self.add_dir('libgomp')
self.add_dir('libiberty')
self.add_dir('libitm')
self.add_dir('libjava', LibJavaFilter())
self.add_dir(os.path.join('libjava', 'testsuite'), TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir('libmudflap', LibMudflapFilter())
self.add_dir(os.path.join('libmudflap', 'testsuite'),
            TestsuiteFilter())
self.add_dir('libobjc')
self.add_dir('libquadmath')
# libsanitiser is imported from upstream.
self.add_dir('libssp')
self.add_dir('libstdc++-v3', LibStdCxxFilter())
self.add_dir('lto-plugin')
# zlib is imported from upstream.

self.default_dirs = [
    'gcc',
    'libada',
    'libatomic',
    'libbacktrace',
    'libcpp',
    'libdecnumber',
    'libgcc',
    'libgfortran',
    'libgomp',
    'libitm',
    'libmudflap',
    'libobjc',
    'libstdc++-v3',
]

GCCCmdLine().main()

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Local Variables:
ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
End:

java/security/acl/Permission
java/lang/Object
equals(Ljava/lang/Object;)Z
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F
***+[]^

XM,!*nop
q *+
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"+7>GNSKWXYZ

// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*.- c++ -*.-
#ifndef __java_security_acl_Permission__
#define __java_security_acl_Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Object.h>
extern "Java"
{
 namespace java
 {
 namespace security
 {
 namespace acl
 {
  class Permission;
 }
 }
 }
}

class java::security::acl::Permission : public ::java::lang::Object
{

 public:
  virtual jboolean equals(::java::lang::Object *) = 0;
  virtual ::java::lang::String * toString() = 0;
  static ::java::lang::Class class$;
 } __attribute__ ((java_interface));

#endif // __java_security_acl_Permission__

This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.
Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM. Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood. Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code. Jesper Peterson (jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port. Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D. Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports. Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code. Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied Linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs (detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks (agc@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports. Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk). Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task). Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port. David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements. Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC. Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code. Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn’t made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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/**
 * This interface provides information about a permission that can be granted. Note that this is <em>not</em> the same as the class <code>java.security.Permission</code>.
 * @version 0.0
 * @author Aaron M. Renn (arenn@urbanophile.com)
 */
public interface Permission {
    /**
     * This method tests whether or not a specified <code>Permission</code> (passed as an <code>Object</code>) is the same as this permission.
     * @param perm The permission to check for equality
     * @return <code>true</code> if the specified permission is the same as this one, <code>false</code> otherwise
     */
    boolean equals (Object perm);

    /**
     * This method returns this <code>Permission</code> as a <code>String</code>.
     * @return A <code>String</code> representing this permission.
     */
    String toString();
}

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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/* Definitions for BSD assembler syntax for Intel 386 (actually AT&T syntax for insns and operands, adapted to BSD conventions for symbol names and debugging.)
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/* Use the Sequent Symmetry assembler syntax. */

/* Define the syntax of pseudo-ops, labels and comments. */

/* Prefix for internally generated assembler labels. If we aren't using underscores, we are using prefix `.'s to identify labels that should be ignored, as in `i386/gas.h' --karl@cs.umb.edu */

#define LPREFIX "L"

/* Assembler pseudos to introduce constants of various size. */

#define ASM_BYTE "\t.byte\t"
define ASM_SHORT "\t.word\t"
define ASM_LONG "\t.long\t"
define ASM_QUAD "\t.quad\t" /* Should not be used for 32bit compilation. */

/* This was suggested, but it shouldn't be right for DBX output. -- RMS */
define ASM_OUTPUT_SOURCE_FILENAME(FILE, NAME)

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This is how to output an assembler line that says to advance the location counter by SIZE bytes. */

define ASM_OUTPUT_SKIP(FILE,SIZE) \
fprintf (FILE, "\t.space "HOST_WIDE_INT_PRINT_UNSIGNED"u", (SIZE))

/* Define the syntax of labels and symbol definitions/declarations. */

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a global common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_COMMON(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  
  ( fputs ("\t.comm ", (FILE)),
   assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
   fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

/* This says how to output an assembler line
to define a local common symbol. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ROUNDED)  
  ( fputs ("\t.lcomm ", (FILE)),
   assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
   fprintf ((FILE), ",%u\n", (int)(ROUNDED)))

#ifdef HAVE_GAS_LCOMM_WITH_ALIGNMENT
#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGNED_LOCAL(FILE, NAME, SIZE, ALIGNMENT)  
  ( fputs ("\t.lcomm ", (FILE)),
   assemble_name ((FILE), (NAME)),
   fprintf ((FILE), ",%u,%u\n", (int)(SIZE), (int)(ALIGNMENT) / BITS_PER_UNIT))
#endif

/* This is how to output an assembler line
that says to advance the location counter
to a multiple of 2**LOG bytes. */

#define ASM_OUTPUT_ALIGN(FILE,LOG)  
  if ((LOG)!=0) fprintf ((FILE), "\t.align %d\n", (LOG))

/* This is how to store into the string BUF
the symbol_ref name of an internal numbered label where
PREFIX is the class of label and NUM is the number within the class.
This is suitable for output with `assemble_name'. */

#define ASM_GENERATE_INTERNAL_LABEL(BUF,PREFIX,NUMBER)  
  sprintf ((BUF), "*%s%ld", (PREFIX), (long)(NUMBER))

/* The prefix to add to user-visible assembler symbols. */

#define USER_LABEL_PREFIX "_"

/* Sequent has some changes in the format of DBX symbols. */
#define DBX_NO_XREFS 1
/* Don't split DBX symbols into continuations. */
#define DBX_CONTIN_LENGTH 0

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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// DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE - it is machine generated -*- c++ -*-

#ifndef __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__
define __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

#pragma interface

#include <java/lang/Enum.h>
#include <gcj/array.h>

extern "Java"
{
 namespace gnu
 {
 namespace javax
 {
 namespace sound
 {
  class AudioSecurityManager$Permission;
 }
 }
 }
}
class gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission : public ::java::lang::Enum
{

    AudioSecurityManager$Permission(::java::lang::String *, jint);

    public:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * values();
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * valueOf(::java::lang::String *);
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * PLAY;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * RECORD;
    static ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * ALL;

    private:
    static JArray< ::gnu::javax::sound::AudioSecurityManager$Permission * > * ENUM$VALUES;

    public:
    static ::java::lang::Class class$;
};

#endif // __gnu_javax_sound_AudioSecurityManager$Permission__

1.135 jsonfilter 2014-06-19

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Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for
gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of
the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c,
input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various
enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several
processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format
backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff
and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and
verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming,
converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added
support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a
coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a
sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host
ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other
reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of
the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan.
Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of
Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of
Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS
back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support
that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS
code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors
(tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format
(obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions.
Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for
some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog
targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and
simplified the configuration of which versions accept which
pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's
opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while
synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many
bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in
relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT
syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k,
i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael
Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support,
and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases
for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of
Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete
Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner
of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of
Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small
bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon
University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus
Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000
series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30
(tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error
checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using
patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If
you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of
a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or
link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a
work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work
under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit
modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse
engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the
Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by
this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work
during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the
copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference
directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one
of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding
machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever
changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under
Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked
with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that
uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the
user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified
executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood
that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the
Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application
to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the
Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a
copy of the library already present on the user's computer system,
rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2)
will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if
the user installs one, as long as the modified version is
interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is
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Preamble

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards
changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion
of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and
distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1
above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

   a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

   b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices
      stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

   c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no
      charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

   d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a
      table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses
      the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility
      is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that,
      in the event an application does not supply such function or
      table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of
      its purpose remains meaningful.

      (For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
      a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
      application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any
      application-supplied function or table used by this function must
      be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square
      root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If
identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library,
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themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those
sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you
distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based
on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of
this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the
entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote
Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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@endif
@end ifinfo
@end appendixsubsec

@page
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1.149 krb5-libs 1.8

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```
cmd/krb5/irop/irop.c
cmd/krb5/irop/irop_hdr.h
cmd/krb5/kadmin/server/iropd_svc.c
cmd/krb5/kproplog/kproplog.c
cmd/krb5/slave/kropd_rpc.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_krb5/et/kdb5_err.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/spnego_mech.c
lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm_host_srv_names.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_hdr.h
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/libgss/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_canon_name.c
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lib/libgss/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_name.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_status.c
lib/libgss/g_dup_name.c
lib/libgss/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_export_name.c
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lib/libgss/g_imp_name.c
lib/libgss/g_imp_sec_context.c
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lib/libgss/g_initialize.c
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lib/libgss/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_inquire_names.c
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lib/libgss/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_name.c
lib/libgss/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/libgss/g_seal.c
lib/libgss/g_sign.c
lib/libgss/g_store_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_unseal.c
lib/libgss/g_userok.c
lib/libgss/g_verify.c
lib/libgss/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
uts/common/gssapi/include/gssapi_err_generic.h
uts/common/gssapi/include/mechglueP.h

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lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including
the following new or changed files:

include/iprop_hdr.h
kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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1.152 cmm 2.01.8
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You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

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1.153 libcli 1.9.4
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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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 */

/*
 * Rijndael is a 128/192/256-bit block cipher that accepts key sizes of
 * 128, 192, or 256 bits, designed by Joan Daemen and Vincent Rijmen. See
 */

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=====

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 * 
 * curve25519-donna: Curve25519 elliptic curve, public key function 
 * 
 * Open Source Used In Cisco RV16x RV26x Routers 1.0.01.07-09 2747
* http://code.google.com/p/curve25519-donna/

* Adam Langley <agl@imperialviolet.org>

* Derived from public domain C code by Daniel J. Bernstein <djb@cr.yp.to>

* More information about curve25519 can be found here
  * http://cr.yp.to/ecdh.html

* djb's sample implementation of curve25519 is written in a special assembly
  * language called qhasm and uses the floating point registers.

* This is, almost, a clean room reimplementation from the curve25519 paper. It
  * uses many of the tricks described therein. Only the crecip function is taken
  * from the sample implementation.

*/

1.157 binutils 2.24

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

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1.161 base-files 157-r46692