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Contents

1.1 dpkg 1.19.7ubuntu3
  1.1.1 Available under license
1.2 cracklib 2.9.6-3.2
  1.2.1 Available under license
1.3 netbase 6.1
  1.3.1 Available under license
1.4 glibc 2.31
  1.4.1 Available under license
1.5 libpwquality 1.4.2-1build1
  1.5.1 Available under license
1.6 libpcre 10.34-7
  1.6.1 Available under license
1.7 cron 3.0pl1 136ubuntu1
  1.7.1 Available under license
1.8 libtasn 4.16.0 2
  1.8.1 Available under license
1.9 libunistring 0.9.10 2
  1.9.1 Available under license
1.10 db-util 5.3.21~exp1ubuntu2
  1.10.1 Available under license
1.11 vsftpd 3.0.3-12
  1.11.1 Available under license
1.12 libsemanage 3.0 1build2
  1.12.1 Available under license
1.13 sed 4.7 1
  1.13.1 Available under license
1.14 dash 0.5.10.2 6
  1.14.1 Available under license
1.15 tdb 1.45.5
  1.15.1 Available under license
1.16 libpcre 2:8.39-12
  1.16.1 Available under license
1.17 tcp-wrappers 7.6.q-30
  1.17.1 Available under license
1.18 libcap 2.32-1
  1.18.1 Available under license
1.19 cpp 10.3.0-1ubuntu1~20.04
  1.19.1 Available under license
1.20 db5.3-util 5.3.28+dfsg1-0.6ubuntu2
  1.20.1 Available under license
1.21 acl 2.2.53 6
  1.21.1 Available under license
1.22 init-system-helpers 1.57
  1.22.1 Available under license
1.23 perl 5.30.0-9ubuntu0.2
  1.23.1 Available under license
1.24 mawk 1.3.4.20200120 2
  1.24.1 Available under license
1.25 libwrap 7.6.q-30
  1.25.1 Available under license
1.26 base-files 11ubuntu5.4
  1.26.1 Available under license
1.27 p11-kit 0.23.20-1ubuntu0.1
  1.27.1 Available under license
1.28 glibc 2.31-0ubuntu9.2
  1.28.1 Available under license
1.29 adduser 3.118ubuntu2
  1.29.1 Available under license
1.30 pcre2 10.34-7
  1.30.1 Available under license
1.31 bzip2 1.0.8 2
  1.31.1 Available under license
1.32 pam 1.3.1-5ubuntu4.3
  1.32.1 Available under license
1.33 berkeley-db 5.3.28+dfsg1-0.6ubuntu2
1.33.1 Available under license
1.34 shadow 4.8.1-1ubuntu5.20.04.1
   1.34.1 Available under license
1.35 hostname 3.23
   1.35.1 Available under license
1.36 iconv 2.31
   1.36.1 Available under license
1.37 vixie-cron 3.0pl1-136ubuntu1
   1.37.1 Available under license
1.38 ubuntu-keyring 2020.02.11.4
   1.38.1 Available under license
1.39 bash 5.0 6ubuntu1.1
   1.39.1 Available under license
1.40 libxcrypt 4.4.10-10ubuntu4
   1.40.1 Available under license
1.41 zstd 1.4.4+dfsg-3ubuntu0.1
   1.41.1 Available under license
1.42 gnuts 3.6.13-2ubuntu1.6
   1.42.1 Available under license
1.43 audit 2.8.5-2ubuntu6
   1.43.1 Available under license
1.44 systemd 245.4-4ubuntu3.13
   1.44.1 Available under license
1.45 debianutils 4.9.1
   1.45.1 Available under license
1.46 diffutils 3.7-3
   1.46.1 Available under license
1.47 fdisk 2.34.0
   1.47.1 Available under license
1.48 selinux 3.0-1build2
   1.48.1 Available under license
1.49 base-passwd 3.5.47
   1.49.1 Available under license
1.50 apt 2.0.6
   1.50.1 Available under license
1.51 nettle 3.5.1+really3.5.1-2ubuntu0.2
   1.51.1 Available under license
1.52 file 5.38-4
   1.52.1 Available under license
1.53 tar 1.30+dfsg 7ubuntu0.20.04.1
   1.53.1 Available under license
1.54 sysv-init 2.96-2.1ubuntu1
   1.54.1 Available under license
1.55 lz4 1.9.2 2ubuntu0.20.04.1
   1.55.1 Available under license
1.56 libseccomp2 2.5.1-1ubuntu1~2
   1.56.1 Available under license
1.57 lsb 11.1.0ubuntu2
   1.57.1 Available under license
1.58 libgcrypt 1.8.5 5ubuntu1.1
   1.58.1 Available under license
1.59 openssl 1.1.1f-1ubuntu2.12
   1.59.1 Available under license
1.60 util-linux 2.34 0.1ubuntu9.1
   1.60.1 Available under license
1.61 libidn 2.2.0 2
   1.61.1 Available under license
1.62 sensible-utils 0.0.12+nmu1
   1.62.1 Available under license
1.63 xz 5.2.4 1ubuntu1
   1.63.1 Available under license
1.64 libffi 3.3 4
   1.64.1 Available under license
1.65 coreutils 8.30 3ubuntu2
   1.65.1 Available under license
1.66 cdebconf 0.251ubuntu1
   1.66.1 Available under license
1.67 libgpg-error 1.37 1
   1.67.1 Available under license
1.68 grep 3.4 1
   1.68.1 Available under license
1.69 ncurses 6.2-0ubuntu2
   1.69.1 Available under license
1.70 gmp 6.2.0+dfsg-4
   1.70.1 Available under license
1.71 findutils 4.7.0 1ubuntu1
   1.71.1 Available under license
1.72 procps 3.3.16-1ubuntu2.3
1.72.1 Available under license
1.73 libc 2.31-0ubuntu9.2
   1.73.1 Available under license
1.74 scowl 2018.04.16 1
   1.74.1 Available under license
1.75 gzip 1.10 0ubuntu4
   1.75.1 Available under license
1.76 libsepol 3.0 1
   1.76.1 Available under license
1.77 e2fsprogs 1.45.5 2ubuntu1
   1.77.1 Available under license
1.78 openssl 1.1.1f 1ubuntu2.11
   1.78.1 Available under license
1.79 libudev 245.4-4
   1.79.1 Available under license
1.80 readline 8.0-4
   1.80.1 Available under license
1.81 gnupg 2.2.19 3ubuntu2.1
   1.81.1 Available under license
1.82 zlib 1.2.11.dfsg-2ubuntu1.2
   1.82.1 Available under license
1.83 debconf 1.5.73
   1.83.1 Available under license
1.84 attr 2.4.48-5
   1.84.1 Available under license
1.85 libcap-ng 0.7.9 2.1build1
   1.85.1 Available under license
1.86 db-defaults 5.3.21~exp1ubuntu2
   1.86.1 Available under license
1.87 libcrypt 4.4.10-10ubuntu4
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
The hypothetical commands `show w` and `show c` should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `show w` and `show c`; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items--whatever suits your program.

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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program `Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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1.2 cracklib 2.9.6-3.2
1.2.1 Available under license:

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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^L

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a
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table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of
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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at
least three years, to give the same user the materials
specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more
than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above
specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

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EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)

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Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16
Attachments: Message as HTML

looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=r=20
GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18
I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point, it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

-- Nathan
=20

------------------------------------------------------------------------
Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----
> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...]] On Behalf Of
> Mike Frysinger
> > Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM
> > To: cracklib-devel@li...
> > Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
> >=20
> > looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing
> > libraries under
> > GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists
> > -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML
On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:
> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

> the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20
> GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=
> change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

> unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=
> eir=20
> applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =
> a=20
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=
> =20
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
> =2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46

Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan
=20
Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57
> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> bit of
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine

Mike Frysinger
On Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM
To: Neulinger, Nathan
Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett
Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:
> > I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec
> > directly
> > and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this
> > point,
> > > it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what
> > it was
> > > released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
> > > clarification of the licensing that was already in place.
> > >
> > the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was
> > not
> > GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the
> > license
> > change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.
> > >
> > unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib
> > unless their
> > applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the
> > place of a
> > library to dictact to application writes what license they should
> > be using.
> > thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
> > -mike

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----
> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...]
To: cracklib-devel@li...
Cc: Alec Muffett
Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone’s best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code (where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct license in this situation.

Devin

--
If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32
On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:
> > Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> > maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> > decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> > much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> > bit of
> > additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> > by me.
> >
> > I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?
> >
> > What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
> > linked with any code, not just GPL...
> 
> My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately, GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the
GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML
On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:
> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:
> >> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> >> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> >> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> >> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> >> bit of
> >> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> >> by me.
> >>
> >> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?
> >>
> >> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
> >> linked with any code, not just GPL....
> >>
> >> My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable
> >> timeframe.
> >>
> >> I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,
> >> GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the
> >> GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the
> >> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages
> >> which are included in Fedora. FWTW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.
> >>
> >> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.
>
> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make the change now?
- mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18
>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.
yes, go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML
On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:
> >> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.
> >>
> > looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we
> > make the change now ?
> >
> > yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...

-mike

----------
BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.
----------

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the
interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with
the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed
as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address
that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please
use nneul@neulinger.org.

-------------------------------------
From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct  1 12:26:03 2007
Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft
SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
> Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500
> Received: from scansrv2srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu with Microsoft
> SMTPSVC (6.0.3790.3959)
>    Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500
> Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
> Received: from smtp1srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)
>    by scanin-ips.cc.umr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
> Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])
>    by smtp1srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id l91Gxtpr020623
> for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500
> Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])
>    by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311
> for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)
> Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])
>    by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)
> id 11cOcX-0004Qt-6L
> for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000
> Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)
> In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
> References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>
> <EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCCD74E235CFF4F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>
> <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
> Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed
> Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFEBE6E9F@crypticide.com>
> Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
> From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>
> Subject: Re: cracklib license
> Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100
> To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>
> X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)
> X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]
> Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com
> X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]
> Status: RO
> Content-Length: 585
> Lines: 21
>
> > ---------- Forwarded message ----------
> > From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>
> > Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM
> > Subject: RE: cracklib license
> > To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk
> >
> > Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly
> > that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that
> > email
> > in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained
> would be
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

1.3 netbase 6.1
1.3.1 Available under license:
This package was created by Peter Tobias tobias@et-inf.fho-emden.de on
<ajt@debian.org> until 2001.
It is currently maintained by Marco d'Itri <md@linux.it>.

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1.4 glibc 2.31
1.4.1 Available under license:
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@c Version 2.1, February 1999

@c This file is intended to be included within another document,
c hence no sectioning command or @node.

@display
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@enumerate 0
@item
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@enumerate a
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@end enumerate

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@item
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@item
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@subheading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@page

@subheading How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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@example
one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.

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@end example

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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@example
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signature of Ty Coon, 1 April 1990
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Read the comments at the top of the Makefile, then edit the area marked 'configurable stuff'.
Edit config.h. The stuff I expect you to change is down a bit from the top of the file, but it's clearly marked. Also look at pathnames.h.

You don't have to create the /var/cron or /var/cron/tabs directories, since both the daemon and the `crontab' program will do this the first time they run if they don't exist. You do need to have a /var, though -- just "mkdir /var" if you don't have one, or you can "mkdir /usr/var; ln -s /usr/var /var" if you expect your /var to have a lot of stuff in it.

You will also need /usr/local/etc and /usr/local/bin directories unless you change the Makefile. These will have to be created by hand, but if you are a long-time Usenet user you probably have them already. /usr/local/man is where I keep my man pages, but I have the source for `man' and you probably do not. Therefore you may have to put the man pages into /usr/man/man1, which will be hard since there will be name collisions. (Note that the man command was originally written by Bill Joy before he left Berkeley, and it contains no AT&T code, so it is in UUNET's archive of freely-distributable BSD code.)

LINUX note: /usr/include/paths.h on some linux systems shows _PATH_SENDMAIL to be /usr/bin/sendmail even though sendmail is installed in /usr/lib. you should check this out.

say:
make all

su and say:
make install

Note that if I can get you to "su and say" something just by asking, you have a very serious security problem on your system and you should look into it.

Edit your /usr/lib/crontab file into little pieces -- see the CONVERSION file for help on this.

Use the `crontab' command to install all the little pieces you just created. Some examples (see below before trying any of these!)

crontab -u uucp -r /usr/lib/uucp/crontab.src
crontab -u news -r /usr/lib/news/crontab.src
crontab -u root -r /usr/adm/crontab.src

Notes on above examples: (1) the .src files are copied at the time the command is issued; changing the source files later will have no effect until they are reinstalled with another `crontab -r' command. (2) The crontab command will affect the crontab of the person using the command unless `-u USER' is given; `-u' only works for root. When using most `-u' commands
under most BSD's, `crontab` will still think of you as yourself even though you may think of yourself as root -- so use `-u` liberally. (3) the `-r` option stands for `replace`; check the man page for crontab(1) for other possibilities.

Kill your existing cron daemon -- do `ps aux` and look for /etc/cron.

Edit your /etc/rc or /etc/rc.local, looking for the line that starts up /etc/cron. Comment it out and add a line to start the new cron daemon -- usually /usr/local/etc/cron, unless you changed it in the Makefile.

Start up this cron daemon yourself as root. Just type /usr/local/etc/cron (or whatever); no `&` is needed since the daemon forks itself and the process you executed returns immediately.

ATT notes: for those people unfortunate enough to be stuck on a AT&T UNIX, you will need the public-domain "libndir", found in the B News source and in any comp.sources.unix archive. You will also need to hack the code some.

Vixie Cron V3.0
December 27, 1993
[V2.2 was some time in 1992]
[V2.1 was May 29, 1991]
[V2.0 was July 5, 1990]
[V2.0-beta was December 9, 1988]
[V1.0 was May 6, 1987]
Paul Vixie

This is a version of 'cron' that is known to run on BSD 4.2 systems. It is functionally based on the SysV cron, which means that each user can have their own crontab file (all crontab files are stored in a read-protected directory, usually /var/cron/tabs). No direct support is provided for 'at'; you can continue to run 'atrun' from the crontab as you have been doing. If you don't have atrun (i.e., System V) you are in trouble.

A message is logged each time a command is executed; also, the files "allow" and "deny" in /var/cron can be used to control access to the "crontab" command (which installs crontabs). It hasn't been tested on SysV, although some effort has gone into making the port an easy one.

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To use this: Sorry, folks, there is no cutey 'Configure' script. You'll have to go edit a couple of files... So, here's the checklist:

Read all the FEATURES, INSTALL, and CONVERSION files
Edit config.h
Edit Makefile
(both of these files have instructions inside; note that some things in config.h are definable in Makefile and are therefore surrounded by ifndef...#endif)
'make'
'su' and 'make install'
(you may have to install the man pages by hand)
kill your existing cron process
(actually you can run your existing cron if you want, but why?)
built new crontabs using /usr/lib/{crontab,crontab.local}
(either put them all in "root"'s crontab, or divide it up and rip out all the 'su' commands, collapse the lengthy lists into ranges with steps -- basically, this step is as much work as you want to make it)
start up the new cron
(must be done as root)
watch it. test it with 'crontab -r' and watch the daemon track your changes.
if you like it, change your /etc/[rc,rc.local] to use it instead of the old one.

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   */

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  3.0pl1.orig/do_command.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1223164981_1635867556.65/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-bz2/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-
  3.0pl1.orig/env.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1223164981_1635867556.65/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-bz2/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-
  3.0pl1.orig/misc.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1223164981_1635867556.65/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-bz2/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-
  3.0pl1.orig/job.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1223164981_1635867556.65/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-bz2/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-
  3.0pl1.orig/entry.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1223164981_1635867556.65/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-bz2/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-
  3.0pl1.orig/cron.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1223164981_1635867556.65/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-bz2/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-
  3.0pl1.orig/config.h
* /opt/cola/permits/1223164981_1635867556.65/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-bz2/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-
  3.0pl1.orig/database.c
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  3.0pl1.orig/crontab.c
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* /opt/cola/permits/1223164981_1635867556.65/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-bz2/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-
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1.9 libunistring 0.9.10 2

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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That's all there is to it!
1.13 sed 4.7 1

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1.14 dash 0.5.10.2 6

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1.15 tdb 1.45.5
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1.16 libpcre 2:8.39-12
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This package was put together by me, Mark Baker <mmbaker@iee.org> from the
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1.17 tcp-wrappers 7.6.q-30

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1.18 libcap 2.32-1

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1.19 cpp 10.3.0-1ubuntu1~20.04

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distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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### 1.22 init-system-helpers 1.57

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1.24 mawk 1.3.4.20200120 2

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Current maintainer: Thomas Dickey <dickey@invisible-island.net>

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1.27 p11-kit 0.23.20-1ubuntu0.1

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1.28 glibc 2.31-0ubuntu9.2

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Julian Seward, jseward@acm.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.8 of 13 July 2019

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Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software—to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Library General Public License, applies to some specially designated Free Software Foundation software, and to any other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for your libraries, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This
license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data
prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification").

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no
charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a
table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses
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is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that,
in the event an application does not supply such function or
table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of
its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any
application-supplied function or table used by this function must
be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square
root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If
identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library,
and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in
themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those
sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you
distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based
on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of
this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the
entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote
it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest
your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to
exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or
collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library
with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of
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the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public
License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do
this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so
that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2,
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these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for
that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies
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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is
safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

This library is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU Library General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.37 vixie-cron 3.0pl1-136ubuntu1

1.37.1 Available under license:

No license file was found, but licenses were detected in source scan.

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" All rights reserved.
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"@
"bitstring.35.1 (Berkeley) 12/13/89
""

Found in path(s):
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/bitstring.3
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* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/Makefile
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/*
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 *
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 *
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get me blamed for your possible bugs), don't alter or remove this
notice. May be sold if buildable source is provided to buyer. No
warrantee of any kind, express or implied, is included with this
software; use at your own risk, responsibility for damages (if any) to
anyone resulting from the use of this software rests entirely with the
user.
 *
 * Send bug reports, bug fixes, enhancements, requests, flames, etc., and
 * I'll try to keep a version up to date. I can be reached as follows:
 * Paul Vixie <paul@vix.com> uunet!decwrl!vixie!paul
 */

Found in path(s):
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/database.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/misc.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/job.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/compat.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/do_command.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/user.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/config.h
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/entry.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/cron.h
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/crontab.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/env.c
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0pl1-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/cron.c

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 * All rights reserved
 *
 * Distribute freely, except: don't remove my name from the source or
documentation (don't take credit for my work), mark your changes (don't
get me blamed for your possible bugs), don't alter or remove this
notice. May be sold if buildable source is provided to buyer. No
warrantee of any kind, express or implied, is included with this
software; use at your own risk, responsibility for damages (if any) to
anyone resulting from the use of this software rests entirely with the
user.
 *
 * Send bug reports, bug fixes, enhancements, requests, flames, etc., and
Read the comments at the top of the Makefile, then edit the area marked 'configurable stuff'.

Edit config.h. The stuff I expect you to change is down a bit from the top of the file, but it's clearly marked. Also look at pathnames.h.

You don't have to create the /var/cron or /var/cron/tabs directories, since both the daemon and the `crontab' program will do this the first time they run if they don't exist. You do need to have a /var, though -- just "mkdir /var" if you don't have one, or you can "mkdir /usr/var; ln -s /usr/var /var" if you expect your /var to have a lot of stuff in it.

You will also need /usr/local/etc and /usr/local/bin directories unless you change the Makefile. These will have to be created by hand, but if you are a long-time Usenet user you probably have them already. /usr/local/man is where I keep my man pages, but I have the source for `man' and you probably do not. Therefore you may have to put the man pages into /usr/man/man1, which will be hard since there will be name collisions. (Note that the man command was originally written by Bill Joy before he left Berkeley, and it contains no AT&T code, so it is in UUNET's archive of freely-distributable BSD code.)

LINUX note: /usr/include/paths.h on some linux systems shows _PATH_SENDMAIL to be /usr/bin/sendmail even though sendmail is installed in /usr/lib. You should check this out.

say:
make all

su and say:
make install

Note that if I can get you to "su and say" something just by asking, you have a very serious security problem on your system and you should look into it.

Edit your /usr/lib/crontab file into little pieces -- see the CONVERSION file for help on this.

Use the `crontab' command to install all the little pieces you just created.
Some examples (see below before trying any of these!)

crontab -u uucp -r /usr/lib/uucp/crontab.src
Open Source Used In CNAAP Standard FTP docker (Container) 1.0  397

crontab -u news -r /usr/lib/news/crontab.src
crontab -u root -r /usr/adm/crontab.src

Notes on above examples: (1) the .src files are copied at the time the command is issued; changing the source files later will have no effect until they are reinstalled with another `crontab -r' command. (2) The crontab command will affect the crontab of the person using the command unless `-u USER' is given; `-u' only works for root. When using most `su' commands under most BSD's, `crontab' will still think of you as yourself even though you may think of yourself as root -- so use `-u' liberally. (3) the `-r' option stands for `replace'; check the man page for crontab(1) for other possibilities.

Kill your existing cron daemon -- do `ps aux' and look for /etc/cron.

Edit your /etc/rc or /etc/rc.local, looking for the line that starts up /etc/cron. Comment it out and add a line to start the new cron daemon -- usually /usr/local/etc/cron, unless you changed it in the Makefile.

Start up this cron daemon yourself as root. Just type /usr/local/etc/cron (or whatever); no `&' is needed since the daemon forks itself and the process you executed returns immediately.

ATT notes: for those people unfortunate enough to be stuck on a AT&T UNIX, you will need the public-domain "libndir", found in the B News source and in any comp.sources.unix archive. You will also need to hack the code some.

Found in path(s):
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0p1l-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0pl1.orig/INSTALL
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" * All rights reserved
 */
" * Distribute freely, except: don't remove my name from the source or
 */
" * documentation (don't take credit for my work), mark your changes (don't
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" * get me blamed for your possible bugs), don't alter or remove this
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" * notice. May be sold if buildable source is provided to buyer. No
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" * warrantee of any kind, express or implied, is included with this
 */
" * software; use at your own risk, responsibility for damages (if any) to
 */
" * anyone resulting from the use of this software rests entirely with the
 */
" * user.
 */
" * Send bug reports, bug fixes, enhancements, requests, flames, etc., and
 */
" * I'll try to keep a version up to date. I can be reached as follows:
 */
" * Paul Vixie <paul@vix.com> uunet!decwrl!vixie!paul
 */
" */
Found in path(s):
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/crontab.1

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* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/compat.h
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/pathnames.h
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.49/0/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/externs.h

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$Id: cron.8,v 2.2 1993/12/28 08:34:43 vixie Exp $
/*

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 *
* @(#)bitstring.h 5.2 (Berkeley) 4/4/90
 */

Found in path(s):
* /opt/cola/permits/1029757352_1619638247.490/cron-3-0p11-orig-tar-gz/cron-3.0p11.orig/cron.8
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 */
Vixie Cron V3.0
December 27, 1993
[V2.2 was some time in 1992]
[V2.1 was May 29, 1991]
[V2.0 was July 5, 1990]
[V2.0-beta was December 9, 1988]
[V1.0 was May 6, 1987]
Paul Vixie

This is a version of 'cron' that is known to run on BSD 4.[23] systems. It
is functionally based on the SysV cron, which means that each user can have
their own crontab file (all crontab files are stored in a read-protected
directory, usually /var/cron/tabs). No direct support is provided for
'at'; you can continue to run 'atrun' from the crontab as you have been
doing. If you don't have atrun (i.e., System V) you are in trouble.

A messages is logged each time a command is executed; also, the files
"allow" and "deny" in /var/cron can be used to control access to the
"crontab" command (which installs crontabs). It hasn't been tested on
SysV, although some effort has gone into making the port an easy one.

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To use this: Sorry, folks, there is no cutesy 'Configure' script. You'll have to go edit a couple of files... So, here's the checklist:

Read all the FEATURES, INSTALL, and CONVERSION files
Edit config.h
Edit Makefile
(both of these files have instructions inside; note that
some things in config.h are definable in Makefile and are therefore surrounded by #ifndef...#endif)
'make'
'su' and 'make install'
(you may have to install the man pages by hand)
killed your existing cron process
(actually you can run your existing cron if you want, but why?)
build new crontabs using /usr/lib/{crontab,crontab.local}
(either put them all in "root"'s crontab, or divide it up
and rip out all the 'su' commands, collapse the lengthy
lists into ranges with steps -- basically, this step is as much work as you want to make it)
start up the new cron
(must be done as root)
watch it. test it with 'crontab -r' and watch the daemon track your changes.
if you like it, change your /etc/{rc,rc.local} to use it instead of the old one.

$Id: README,v 2.3 1993/12/28 08:34:43 vixie Exp $

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1.39 bash 5.0 6ubuntu1.1

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/* checkTag : validation tool for libzstd
 * command :
 * $ ./checkTag tag
 * checkTag validates tags of following format : v[0-9].[0-9].[0-9][any]
 * The tag is then compared to zstd version number.
 * They are compatible if first 3 digits are identical.
 * Anything beyond that is free, and doesn't impact validation.
 * Example : tag v1.8.1.2 is compatible with version 1.8.1
 * When tag and version are not compatible, program exits with error code 1.
 * When they are compatible, it exists with a code 0.
 * checkTag is intended to be used in automated testing environment.
 */

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1.45 debianutils 4.9.1
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1.53 tar 1.30+dfsg 7ubuntu0.20.04.1

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1.56 libseccomp2 2.5.1-1ubuntu1~2

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Changes and bug fixes all over the place.

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ANY  g10 Code GmbH  2001-06-07
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Code marked with ChangeLog entries of g10 Code employees.

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GNUTLS Nikolaos Mavrogiannopoulos 2003-11-22
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Original code for cipher/rfc2268.c.

LIBGCRYPT The Written Word 2005-04-15
Assigns past and future changes. (new: src/libgcrypt.pc.in, src/Makefile.am, src/secmem.c, mpi/hppa1.1/mpi-h-mul3.S, mpi/hppa1.1/udiv-qrnd.S, mpi/hppa1.1/mpi-h-mul2.S, mpi/hppa1.1/mpi-h-mul1.S, mpi/Makefile.am, tests/prime.c, tests/register.c, tests/ac.c, tests/basic.c, tests/tsexp.c, tests/keygen.c, tests/pubkey.c, configure.ac, acinclude.m4)

LIBGCRYPT Brad Hards 2006-02-09
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(Added OFB mode. Changed cipher/cipher.c, test/basic.c doc/gcrypt.tex. added SHA-224, changed cipher/sha256.c, added HMAC tests.)

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LIBGCRYPT Ulrich Miller 2012-02-15
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<surname of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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- cipher/sha256-ssse3-amd64.S
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1.69 ncurses 6.2-0ubuntu2

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1.71 findutils 4.7.0 1ubuntu1
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1.73 libc 2.31-0ubuntu9.2

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1.74 scowl 2018.04.16 1

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It was downloaded from:
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Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
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1.77 e2fsprogs 1.45.5 2ubuntu1

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the static EXT2 file system consistency checker (e2fsck.static). The EXT2 utilities were written by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> and Remy Card <card@masi.ibp.fr>.

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#
# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared libraries.
#
# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.
#
# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#
Open Source Used In CNAAP Standard FTP docker (Container) 1.0 911
all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile
@echo "MKDIR pic"
@mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image::$(BSD_LIB)

$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJ)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LDFLAGS_SHLIB) $(OBJ))
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;'"/$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))

install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
@echo "INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \$(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDCONFIG)

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip:: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
$(RM) -rf $(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)

clean::
$(RM) -rf pic
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)

This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by
Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

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===================================================================
--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@
 Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)
 */
 /*
- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
+ trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes
-
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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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This package was added to the e2fsprogs debian source package by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> on Sat Mar 15 15:33:37 EST 2003

It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:
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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under..
copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification").

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

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   c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

   d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that,
in the event an application does not supply such function or
table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of
its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has
a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the
application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any
application-supplied function or table used by this function must
be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square
root function must still compute square roots.)

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identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library,
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it.

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exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or
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that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all
subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of
the Library into a program that is not a library.
4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or
derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form
under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany
it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which
must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a
medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy
from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the
source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to
distribute the source code, even though third parties are not
compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the
Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or
linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a
work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and
therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library
creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it
contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the
library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.
Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file
that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a
derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not.
Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be
linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The
threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data
structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline
functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object
file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative
work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the
Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may
distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6.
Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,
whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or
link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a
work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work
under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit
You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable “work that uses the Library”, as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major
components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

   a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

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have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

0. Definitions.

"This License" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License.

"Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

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The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

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additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts,
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A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent
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b) Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

c) Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

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e) Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.
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#+STARTUP: showall

* DNS resolver (dirmngr/dns.c)

dns.c - Recursive, Reentrant DNS Resolver.

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1.82 zlib 1.2.11.dfsg-2ubuntu1.2

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/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
   version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017

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Jean-loup Gailly        Mark Adler
jloup@gzip.org          madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).

*/

1.83 debconf 1.5.73

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1.84 attr 2.4.48-5

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That's all there is to it!