



Report generated: June 2025  
Catalyst 9000 Compact Switch 12 port PoE+, 240W

# Life Cycle Assessment Summary: C9200CX-12P-2X2G

## Goal and Scope

This summary presents the GHG emissions associated with the production, transport, use phase and end-of-life (EOL) of Cisco’s C9200CX-12P-2X2G switch. It is based on the *Life Cycle Assessment Report: Cisco Switch C9200CX-12P-2X2G*, which is in alignment with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) Standards 14040 and 14044 on LCA (ISO, 2006) and can be found in the [Environmental Sustainability section of cisco.com](#). The underlying report and this summary have not been critically reviewed and are therefore not ISO-conformant.

**Table 1:** C9200CX-12P-2X2G Technical Specifications

Technical Data	C9200CX-12P-2X2G
Product weight	2.99 kg
Modeled product power <sup>1</sup>	39.2 W
Dimensions (H * W * D)	1.73 x 10.6 x 9.6 in.

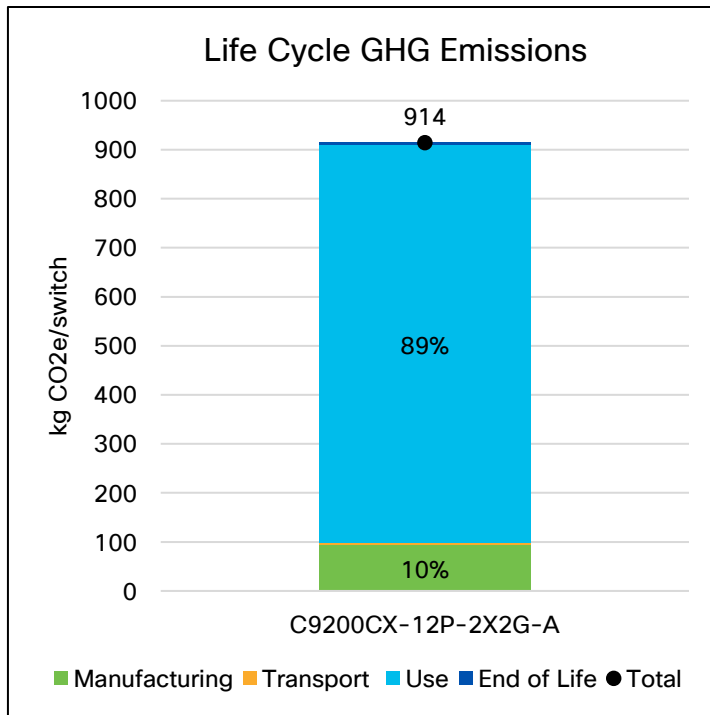
**Note:** <sup>1</sup>Modeled product power is estimated based on product function and assumed product use.

## System Boundary

The model’s system boundary was from cradle-to-grave for the life cycle inventory (LCI) and impact assessment and included raw material extraction and refinement, material transport, component manufacturing, assembly, testing, delivery, use phase and EOL. The product is disposed of at its EOL assuming a 5 year lifespan. The study assumes most electronics production occurs in Asia and all material inputs were matched to datasets that are either global averages or Chinese datasets. Manufacturing was modeled specifically for China, the use phase was assumed to take place in the United States and EOL was assumed as a global average.

## Results

The GHG emissions (according to IPCC AR6 GWP 100, excluding biogenic carbon) per C9200CX-12P-2X2G switch were 914 kg CO<sub>2</sub>e. The GHG emissions were categorized into different life cycle stages covering manufacturing, transport, use phase and EOL. Both the manufacturing phase (10%) and use phase (89%) drive the overall impact, contributing 99% of the total for the switch. Within the manufacturing phase, the electro-mechanical components such as the power supply unit and cables were the most significant drivers, contributing to 48% of the impact for this phase. The key electrical components, such as PCBs and ICs, were the next largest driver of the manufacturing phase, contributing to 37% of the impact within manufacturing.



Life Cycle Phase	GHG Emissions (kg CO <sub>2</sub> e)
Manufacturing	93
Transport	5
Use	811
End of Life	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>914</b>

**Note:** Figures may not total 100 percent due to rounding of underlying data.

## Limitations

There are a few key data limitations associated with electrical components and the use of secondary data for assembly and testing. Within the BOM, electrical components were matched to the components available in the LCA for Experts (formerly GaBi) and ecoinvent databases, which were not always an exact match. Proxied components were scaled by length and width or mass to reflect the number and type of components in the product under study.

Manufacturing burdens of the assembly and testing of the product were proxied using secondary datasets from ecoinvent. A limitation of the proxies is that they do not track operation improvements or changes over time.

**Disclaimer:** Data and other information in this report are estimates and indicative only, based on assumptions and approximations, for particular products and points in time. They are neither predictions, commitments or guarantees of actual outcomes nor intended for purposes other than identifying opportunities to improve the environmental performance of products at various points in their life cycle. Cisco and WSP continue to refine the methodology, modelling, and assumptions. Data and other information are therefore subject to change and uncertainties that are difficult to predict.

Cisco and WSP are not responsible for any errors or omissions in connection with the data and other information in this report. They are generated and provided "as is", with no guarantee of completeness, accuracy, or timeliness. They are made available without warranty of any kind, express or implied. In no event will Cisco and WSP, its affiliates, partners, agents, or employees be liable for any decision made or action taken in reliance on the Data and other information in this report, or for any consequential, special, or similar damages, even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

Further information on Cisco's approach to Life Cycle Assessments (LCAs) is available at Cisco's Purpose Reporting Hub, at [https://www.cisco.com/c/m/en\\_us/about/csr/esg-hub.html](https://www.cisco.com/c/m/en_us/about/csr/esg-hub.html)