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2.6.29.6

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

*

* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.

* <http://www.hypermall.com/>

* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY

* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)

* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos

* and spelling mistakes.

* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on

* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is

* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)

*

* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.

*

* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997

*

* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.

* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;

* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver

* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists

* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

*

* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:

* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers

* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create

* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)

* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire

* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then

* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.

* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large

* buffers. This is done by 2 things:

* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer

* combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to

* recycle large data buffers

* 2) skb_clone of received buffers

* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation

* details.

*

*

*

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*

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- *
- * M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
- *
- *
- */

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1.5 busybox 1.18 :4

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```
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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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=====

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.

jseward@bzip.org

bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

1.6 cksum.c 1.1.1.1

1.6.1 Available under license :

```
/* $OpenBSD: in_cksum.c,v 1.3 1997/02/24 14:06:35 niklas Exp $ */
/* $NetBSD: in_cksum.c,v 1.11 1996/04/08 19:55:37 jonathan Exp $ */

/*
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 *
 * @(#)in_cksum.c 8.1 (Berkeley) 6/10/93
 */
```

1.7 ConvertUTF 1.0

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```
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```

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1.8 cramfs 1.1

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```
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 * cramfsck - check a cramfs file system
 *
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 *
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 *
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 *
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 * along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software
 * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
 *
 * 1999/12/03: Linus Torvalds (cramfs tester and unarchive program)
 * 2000/06/03: Daniel Quinlan (CRC and length checking program)
 * 2000/06/04: Daniel Quinlan (merged programs, added options, support
 *                for special files, preserve permissions and
 *                ownership, cramfs superbblock v2, bogus mode
 *                test, pathname length test, etc.)
 * 2000/06/06: Daniel Quinlan (support for holes, pretty-printing,
```

- * symlink size test)
- * 2000/07/11: Daniel Quinlan (file length tests, start at offset 0 or 512,
- * fsck-compatible exit codes)
- * 2000/07/15: Daniel Quinlan (initial support for block devices)
- * 2002/01/10: Daniel Quinlan (additional checks, test more return codes,
- * use read if mmap fails, standardize messages)
- */

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Version 2, June 1991

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Ty Coon, President of Vice

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```
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 *  
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 */
```

1.9 curl 7.28.0

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=====

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a problem for you, consider using OpenSSL instead. Also note that GnuTLS itself depends on and uses other libs (libgcrypt and libgpg-error) and they too are LGPL- or GPL-licensed.

yassl <http://www.yassl.com/>

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zlib http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_license.html

(Used for compressed Transfer-Encoding support) Uses an MIT-style license that shouldn't collide with any other library.

krb4

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MIT Kerberos <http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/www/dist/>

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fbopenssl

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1.10 curl 7.21.0

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/*****

*

* This example source code introduces a c library buffered I/O interface to
* URL reads it supports fopen(), fread(), fgetc(), feof(), fclose(),
* rewind(). Supported functions have identical prototypes to their normal c
* lib namesakes and are preceded by url_ .

*

* Using this code you can replace your program's fopen() with url_fopen()
* and fread() with url_fread() and it become possible to read remote streams
* instead of (only) local files. Local files (ie those that can be directly
* fopened) will drop back to using the underlying clib implementations

*

* See the main() function at the bottom that shows an app that retrieves from a
* specified url using fgetc() and fread() and saves as two output files.

*

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*

* Re-implemented by Vincent Sanders <vince@kyllicki.org> with extensive
* reference to original curl example code

*

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*
* This example requires libcurl 7.9.7 or later.
*/
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```

1.11 dnsmasq 2.47

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```
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```

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From: Simon Kelley <simon@thekelleys.org.uk>

Sent: 18 September 2013 14:08

To: Damian Le Gresley (damlegre)

Subject: Re: dnsmasq licencing

Damian,

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BTW, what's a "small cell product"?

Cheers,

Simon.

On 18/09/13 14:03, Damian Le Gresley (damlegre) wrote:

> Dear Simon,

>

> We would like to use your dnsmasq application in one of our Small Cell
> products but it is not clear to us whether the GPLv2 or GPLv3 licencing
> terms stated in the two COPYING files are disjunctive or conjunctive.
> i.e. Can we choose whether to use it under GPLv2 licencing only, or are
> parts of it also licenced under GPLv3 and hence we must respect the most
> restrictive licence.

>

> I found your post from back in 2007 where you were asking for opinions
> on what should be done:

> <http://lists.thekelleys.org.uk/pipermail/dnsmasq-discuss/2007q3/001566.html>

>

> I cannot find the conclusion of this discussion but I think you chose
> option 3 (disjunctive licence) as your CHANGELOG has the comment “Added
> GPL version 3 as a licence option”; hence we can choose to only apply
> the GPLv2 licence.

>

> I welcome your clarification.

>

> Best regards,
>
> Damian
>
> <http://www.cisco.com/web/europe/images/email/signature/logo02.jpg>
>
> *Damian Le Gresley*
> Senior Software Engineering Manager
> Small Cells Technology Group

1.12 ethtool 6.0

1.12.1 Available under license :

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1.13 gmp 4.2.1

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1.14 iniparser 2.17

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1.16 iptables 1.4.3.2

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1.17 lksctp-tools 1.0.10

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it

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*/

1.20 minixml 2.7

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September 18, 2010

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1.21 mtd-utils 20090606

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1.22 netplug 1.2.9

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1.23 ntp 4.2.4p3

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Replied: Fri, 16 Feb 2001 14:12:54 -0500

Replied: "Darren Reed <darrenr@reed.wattle.id.au> "

Received: from [139.134.6.79] by whimsy.udel.edu id aa15476;
16 Feb 2001 04:21 EST

Received: from CPE-61-9-164-106.vic.bigpond.net.au
([139.134.4.52]) by mailin6.bigpond.com (Netscape Messaging
Server 4.15) with SMTP id G8UFIB00.4QI for

<stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>; Fri, 16 Feb 2001 19:25:23 +1000
Received: from CPE-61-9-164-110.vic.bigpond.net.au ([61.9.164.110]) by mail5.bigpond.com (Claudes-Retiring-MailRouter V2.9c 9/11963672); 16 Feb 2001 19:20:45
Received: (from root@localhost)
by CPE-61-9-164-106.vic.bigpond.net.au (8.11.0/8.11.0) id f1G92GC29158
for <stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>; Fri, 16 Feb 2001 20:02:16 +1100
From: Darren Reed <darrenr@reed.wattle.id.au>
Message-Id: <200102160901.UAA23657@avalon.reed.wattle.id.au>
Subject: Re: arlib?
In-Reply-To: <901.982219274@whimsy.udel.edu> from Harlan Stenn at "Feb 15, 1 01:41:14 am"
To: Harlan Stenn <stenn@whimsy.udel.edu>
Date: Fri, 16 Feb 2001 20:01:46 +1100
X-Mailer: ELM [version 2.4ME+ PL37 (25)]
MIME-Version: 1.0
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit

In some email I received from Harlan Stenn, sie wrote:

> Darren,
>
> I'm looking for an async resolver library that I can use with NTP.
>
> I noticed your code in the contrib/ subdir of later bind8 distribution
> and I noticed the Copyright notice in arlib.c:
>
> * arlib.c (C)copyright 1993 Darren Reed. All rights reserved.
> * This file may not be distributed without the author's permission in any
> * shape or form. The author takes no responsibility for any damage or loss
> * of property which results from the use of this software.
>
> so I thought I'd ask your permission to distribute your files if I can
> figure out how to make it all work with ntpd.

<http://coombs.anu.edu.au/~avalon/arlib.tar.gz>

a few bug fixes (inc. buffer overflow :) and stuff in there.

But otherwise, go for it.

Darren

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```
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```

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```
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`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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October 1996

April 1997

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jpg "Clone me," says Dolly sheepishly

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4. [5]Michael Barone <michael.barone@lmco.com> GPSVME fixes
5. [6]Jean-Francois Boudreault <Jean-Francois.Boudreault@viagenie.qc.ca> IPv6 support

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11. [12]Steve Clift <clift@ml.csiro.au> OMEGA clock driver
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 37. [40]Derek Mulcahy <derek@toybox.demon.co.uk> and [41]Damon Hart-Davis <d@hd.org> ARCRON MSF clock driver
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 43. [47]Ray Schnitzler <schnitz@unipress.com> Unixware1 port
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 45. [49]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
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 47. [51]Kenneth Stone <ken@sdd.hp.com> HP-UX port
 48. [52]Ajit Thyagarajan <ajit@ee.udel.edu>IP multicast/anycast support
 49. [53]Tomoaki TSURUOKA <tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp>TRAK clock driver
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-

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1.24 openssl 1.0.1i

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1.29 zlib 1.1.3

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1.30 zlib 1.2.3

1.30.1 Available under license :

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